"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

VOL. LXI...NO. 19,805. * * * * NEW YORK, MONDAY, APRIL 15, 1912.—EIGHTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. { Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

THE WEATHER.

Showers and warmer to-day; showers to-morrow, cooler at night; moderate winds.

☞For full weather report see Page 17.

AFT TO FIGHT ON; URE OF VICTORY

Be Nominated, as Before, ays McKinley, Without Either Illinois or Pennsylvania.

LEAD IN CONVENTION

nounces Roosevelt's Policies Socialistic, and Says It's Time the Party Calls a Halt.

LANDSLIDE IN PENNSYLVANIA

Roosevelt Gets 53 of the 64 Delegates Elected in Primaries and Will Also Have 12 at Large.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—"President Taft is in the fight to stay. He will be the nominee of the Republican Convention at Chicago," declared the President's campaign manager, Representative McKinley, to-day, in commenting on the result of the Pennsylvania primaries yesterday. And he added:

"It must not be forgotten that he was nominated four years ago without the votes of the States of Illinois, Pennsylvania, New York, and Wisconsin. In this contest he is already assured of an overwhelming majority of the delegates from Indiana and New York and of a large number of delegates in Pennsylvania, none of whom voted for him in 1908."

The defeat of the Taft men in the Pennsylvania primaries yesterday was the one topic of conversation in Washington to-day. Such an overwhelming victory had not been expected by the Roosevelt men, who, in spite of their assertions to the contrary, did not even expect a majority, to say nothing of a landslide. Although Mr. McKinley claims 21 delegates for the President, the Taft publicity bureau admits that Roosevelt has 64 out of Pennsylvania's 76. The Roosevelt men claim 67, and believe they will have 70.

The latest figures from Pennsylvania give Roosevelt 65, including the 12 to be elected at the State Convention, which the Roosevelt forces will control, and Taft 11 delegates.

The effect upon other States, particularly Ohio and Massachusetts, is the problem that engrosses both camps. Massachusetts holds her primaries on April 30 and Ohio holds hers on May 21.

But what chiefly disturbs the Taft men is that they have come to understand the real intent of Roosevelt's policy in instituting contests in so many States. Hitherto they have regarded his course as inexplicable, in view of the fact that the National Committee would be sure to side with the Administration and dismiss the contests. Now they understand that in starting these contests Roosevelt was playing for the National Committee, and that Illinois, Wisconsin, North Dakota, Maine, and now Pennsylvania have made it by no means certain that the committee will not want to hedge, at least to the extent of deciding some of the contests Roosevelt's way. Since yesterday the attitude of the committee has become uncertain. This, it is now evident, is what Roosevelt has been playing for all along. There are already 164 contests.

McKinley Assails Roosevelt.

The Taft men here are thoroughly aroused. Mr. McKinley to-night issued one of the most savage statements that has yet appeared on either side. It is as follows:

"The outcome of the Pennsylvania primaries is plainly indicative of the fact that National issues are playing only a small part in some States in the campaign for the Republican nomination for President.

"Instead of constructive statesmanship being put forth in an effort to solve the problems before the country and as a bid for votes on the ground of merit, a Nation-wide campaign of willful and malicious misrepresentation, villification, and assault on the President of the United States has been substituted. Such a campaign, amounting in fact to a conspiracy, not only to humiliate the President personally, but to commit the Republican Party to rank Socialism, has not only been countenanced, but conducted by former President Theodore Roosevelt.

"The time has arrived to call a halt on such proceedings.

"President Taft, always mindful of the decencies of human conduct, believing that friendship is a sacred thing and that, like truth, it has been maintained even at a personal sacrifice, and also believing that the American people expect the occupant of the highest office in the gift of the Nation, as well as those who have formerly occupied it, to respect the dignity of that office, has, during the course of this campaign, patiently submitted to misrepresentation, villification, and insult without reply.

"The result is that his opponent has thrown all restraint to the winds. Senator Joseph M. Dixon, the National campaign manager of former President Roosevelt, has been permitted, without rebuke from his candidate, to insult the President of the United States. He has not only been permitted to charge the President with being 'a receiver of stolen goods' without protest, but former President Roosevelt has repeated the charge on the stump.

Calls Attacks Malicious.

"The time has now come when the American people will no longer sit idly by and see this unfair and malicious persecution and villification continued by a man, and by the friends of a man, who has already served two terms in the White House by the votes of the Republican Party, and who now, not only in violation of the unwritten law of the Republic, but in violation of his own solemn promise to the Nation, voluntarily given on the night of Nov. 8, 1904, is seeking a third term on a National platform so unrepublican in nature that he dare not discuss it himself as is shown by his recent hes in Illinois, Pennsylvania, and Hampshire.

e fact that this candidate is now ng to wear the mantle of Abraham n is evidence that the acme of gogism in this country has been ed.

ose States which have yet to elect tes to the Republican National Con n in Chicago might just as well now that the Republic as well Republican Party has been placed pardy by the issues raised by Theodore Roosevelt. They must realize that unwritten law of the Republic that n shall be President three terms unsurmountable obstacle to the suc of any party in any National elec m this country. They must realize the proposal of the recall of judges judicial decisions is not only un ican but rank Socialism. The duty

Continued on Page 2.

TROOPS AT CONVENTION HALL

Cook County Democrats Prepare for Trouble To-day.

CHICAGO, April 14.—An eleventh-hour victory for control of to-morrow's Democratic Convention was scored by the Sullivan forces over the Hearst-Harrison faction to-night when an injunction was issued by Judge M. L. McKinley of the Superior Court, restraining the carrying out of County Judge John E. Owen's order, which placed a Republican in the position of Temporary Chairman of the convention.

It was rumored to-night that Judge Owens might refuse to recognize Judge McKinley's injunction order and that the fight to-morrow morning would be even more intense than had been anticipated. It was said that Judge Owens would obey only a State Supreme Court order, and would insist upon Anthony Czarnecki, Republican member of the Election Board, acting as temporary Chairman of the Convention.

Armed men were facing each other as the hour for the opening of the convention drew near. In the armory of the Seventh Regiment, I. N. G., where the convention is to be held, 120 guardsmen slept to-night. Outside was a cordon of city police to be reinforced later by hundreds of other police and as many more Special Deputy Sheriffs. Chief of Police McWeeny and Sheriff Michael Zimmer will command the Sheriffs and police in person.

Mayor Harrison became angered when he learned of the presence of the National Guardsmen at the armory, and in addition to sending a telegram to Gov. Deneen demanding that the militia be kept away from the convention hall he asked Major Moriarty, commander of the Seventh Regiment, to refrain from any interference with the police arrangements. The Mayor declared that the presence of the guardsmen at the armory to protect State property was but a subterfuge.

Maj. Moriarty answered the Mayor by declaring that he would have a squad of men on duty in the armory under the regimental Adjutant, Capt. Thomas T. Octigan, with orders to protect Government and State property.

I. W. W. TO STRIKE BACK.

Say They Will Send Great Forces Into Los Angeles and Other Cities.

John Walsh, Organizer of the Greater New York District Committee of the Haywood branch of the Industrial Workers of the World, announced yesterday that the organization was preparing to send committees, in many instances of 1,000 men each, into cities throughout the United States where Vigilance Committees had been active in driving I. W. W. organizers out of town. He said that 600 men already were on their way to Spokane, Wash., and that similar committees would be sent to Fresno, Oakland, Los Angeles, and San Diego, Cal.; to Missoula, Mont.; Kansas City, Vancouver, and Aberdeen, Wash. Jack Mosby, a son of the famous Confederate leader, will lead the Los Angeles committee, said Walsh.

He announced also that the I. W. W. was planning a strike of 60,000 textile workers in New England and 30,000 in New Jersey as a protest against the "suppression of free speech," as Walsh characterized the refusal of the Garfield, N. J., authorities to allow strikers to meet there.

An appeal will be made to Gov. Wilson first, and if he fail to act the strike will be started. Walsh said the I. W. W. also demanded that its organizers who have been jailed in New Jersey and New England be liberated.

TALE OF A LAW MADE IN JAIL.

Jersey Inspectors Investigate Strange Stories of Laxities.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., April 14.—The Board of Inspectors in charge of the State prison, which has been investigating alleged irregularities at the institution in the sending out of communications from prisoners without the usual supervision and the smuggling of money with which the convicts enjoyed privileges contrary to the rules, is trying to trace a story that a bill for the Legislature was framed by a convict forger, with the connivance of former Headkeeper George O. Osborne, by which it was intended to reduce prison sentences by one-third. This bill has already become a law, and allows the Prison Inspectors, upon application of a convict who has served two-thirds of his sentence and who has a good record, to go free on parole.

The law, it is asserted, was designed especially for the Paterson murderers, Death, McAllister, and Campbell, who got thirty-year sentences for killing Jennie Bosschieter. The fourth Paterson man involved in the murder was George J. Kerr, who received a fifteen-year sentence and who was released at the expiration of his term last February with time allowance for good behavior. It was originally intended, it is said, that the bill should become effective at the time of Kerr's release, so that all four convicts could be released together, but that this plan miscarried.

As the result of the investigation the law which was passed last week over Gov. Wilson's veto may be repealed when the Legislature meets on Tuesday.

KILLED IN STREET DUEL.

Men Quarrel and Then Fire at Each Other Until One Drops.

Two men stepped from the Café Gambrinus, at 170 Thompson Street, about 8:30 o'clock last night, and engaged in a heated argument on the sidewalk outside the place. Suddenly the men drew revolvers and stepping back from each other so that about five feet separated them, they began to shoot.

Persons in the street dashed for cover, dodging into doorways and scurrying around the corner into West Houston Street. From the weapons of the two men sounded report after report until in all seven shots had been fired. At the last of them one of the men dropped to the sidewalk. The other rushed into the café.

Policeman McCune heard the reports of the shots and ran up. He heard of the duel and ran into the café after the man who had escaped. The frightened proprietor and others in the place said the man had run right through the café and out a rear door. McCune went the same way, but found no trace of the man.

Friends meantime had lifted the man from the sidewalk and carried him into a drugstore near by. Dr. Nicholson came from St. Vincent's Hospital. He found the man dead. One bullet had hit him under the heart. He was identified as John Alphano of 172 Thompson Street. He had been seen in the café early in the evening with the man with whom he quarreled, but none of Alphano's friends would admit knowing who the other man was.

DALZELL DEFEATED.

M. Clyde Kelly Wins Primaries Fight for Congress.

PITTSBURGH, April 14.—It is practically certain late to-night that John Dalzell has been defeated by M. Clyde Kelly for renomination in the Thirteenth Congressional District.

STRONG WARNING SENT TO MEXICO

American Life and Property Must Be Protected, We Tell Madero and Orozco.

VIRTUALLY AN ULTIMATUM

Maltreatment of Our Citizens Will Be Resented and Mexico Held Responsible.

OROZCO ACCUSED OF MURDER

Fountain's Execution So Termed in Instructions to Ambassador Wilson —Rebels' Agents Here Say Fountain Was a Mexican.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—The murder of American citizens in Mexico, even those taken as prisoners of war, must stop. Warning, couched in strong diplomatic language and equivalent to an ultimatum, was served to-day upon Mexico that the Government and people of that country will be held responsible strictly for the protection of American life and property.

This applies both to the Mexican Government and the revolutionary forces under Gen. Pascaal Orozco. Both sides are warned that the execution of Americans taken prisoner is regarded by the United States Government as "practical murder" and that retaliation by the Mexican Government upon Americans captured from the rebel ranks will not be tolerated.

This warning, the strongest yet given to the Mexican Government and the rebel leaders, was sent at 3 o'clock this afternoon in the form of a lengthy telegram to the American Asbassador at the City of Mexico, and in a separate despatch to the American Consul at Ciudad Juarez, with instructions to forward it immediately to Marion Letcher, the American Consul at Chihuahua. The cablegram is signed by Huntington Wilson, as Acting Secretary of State, and was sent by direction of President Taft. The dispatch sent to the American Ambassador at the City of Mexico contains instructions that it be delivered to the Minister of Foreign Affairs of the Madero Government. The other copy of the warning, sent to Consul Letcher, is to be used in serving formal notice on Gen. Pascaal Orozco, that the "practical murder" of American citizens in Mexico by the rebel forces must cease.

The action taken to-day means that the American Government will not tolerate the execution of Americans taken prisoners, either by the Madero forces from rebel ranks or by the Orozco forces from the Federal ranks; that such prisoners, wearing uniforms, must be treated humanely and according to the rules of war and international war. The dispatch from Huntington Wilson to Consul Letcher directs him to inform Gen. Orozco that this Government insists that the rebels must recognize the Consular officers of this Government and communications sent through them from the American Government to the rebel leaders. This is the result of the public statement issued by Gen. Orozco on April 12, in which he declared he will no longer recognize Marion Letcher as American Consul at Chihuahua.

The Government of the United States must insist and demand that American citizens who may be taken prisoners, whether by one party or the other, as participants in the present insurrectionary disturbances, shall be dealt with in accordance with the broad principles of equitable justice and humanity, as well as in accordance with the principles of international law which may be involved, and to which the people of Mexico have given their assent and adherence in numerous international engagements. This Government must hold the Mexican people strictly responsible for any departure from such principles.

Notwithstanding press reports that certain Mexican officers have announced a contrary policy, the Government of the United States has every confidence in the disposition of the Government in Mexico in the premises, and must request that appropriate instructions be immediately issued to the proper military officers and officials in the sense indicated.

"Letcher reports receiving a letter from Orozco which states that in view of nonrecognition of belligerency on the part of the United States, the insurrectionary heads would refuse to recognize consular representatives of the United States, and that henceforth he should not address the military leader of the insurrection on behalf of this Government.

"The department is sending Letcher a copy of the above quoted instructions, is directing him to deliver a copy to Orozco, with a statement that it sets forth the attitude which must be assumed by this Government, and directing him to make further representation as follows:

The Government and people of the United States have viewed with grave concern the practical murder under the positive order of one of your chief lieutenants of an American citizen who is reported to have been taken prisoner during or at the end of a regular engagement, the prisoner said to have been dressed in regular uniform and obviously one of the regular forces of the established Government of Mexico. The Government of the United States must insist, in so far as the treatment of American citizens taken prisoners by whatever force is concerned, that the rules and principles accepted by civilized nations as controlling their actions in time of war shall be followed and observed, and the Government of the United States must give notice that any deviation from such a course and, indeed, any maltreatment of any American citizen will be deeply resented by the American Government and people and must be fully answered for by the Mexican people, thus tending to difficulties and obligations which is to the interest of all true Mexican patriots, as it is the desire of the United States, to avoid.

"You will also call this to the attention of the Minister of Foreign Affairs and will at the same time point out that the press reports received here state that Gen. Villa has threatened that if Orozco murders American citizens taken prisoners from the Federals he will retaliate by murdering American citizens taken prisoners from the rebels. You will, while pointing out the utter inhumanity of such action, call attention to the fact that retaliation, if it be invoked by the Federal forces, should certainly never be used against American citizens.

"HUNTINGTON WILSON."

The Official Warning.

The instructions to Mr. Wilson and Mr. Letcher are in these terms:

"You will immediately communicate the following to the Minister for Foreign affairs:

The enormous destruction, constantly increasing, of valuable American properties, in the course of the present unfortunate disturbances; the taking of American life, contrary to the principles governing such matters among all civilized nations; the increasing dangers to which all American citizens in Mexico are subjected, and the seemingly possible indefinite continuance of this unfortunate situation, compel the Government of the United States to give notice that it expects and must demand that American life

Continued on Page 3.

THE SUNDAY TIMES

Publishes every Sunday a Pictorial Section with excellent reproductions of photographs of current news events and a magazine dealing with topics of live interest. Give your orders early for

THE SUNDAY TIMES.

CHURCH FLOOR FELL; TWO DEAD, 50 HURT

Buried 300 in Accident at Cornerstone Ceremony in Harrington Park, N. J.

UNDER TONS OF LUMBER

Preacher Had Just Begun His Sermon When the Floor Was Rent in Twain.

Special to The New York Times.

HARRINGTON PARK, N. J., April 14.—Three hundred persons who gathered in the half-finished Church of Our Lady of Victory at 4 o'clock this afternoon were piled up several deep when the floor suddenly gave way under them. Two were crushed to death and fifty were more or less seriously injured.

THE DEAD.

OTTIGON, Mrs. NICHOLAS, Fourth Avenue, Westwood; 43 years old.

ELKHARDT, Mrs. FRITZ, Hillsdale; 27 years old

The Injured.

The injured whose names were obtainable follow:

BEST, Father DION, Englewood; feet crushed.

CASSIDY, Mrs. MARY, Tenafly; broken leg and lacerations.

CLARK, WILLIAM J., Hackensack; injured eye.

CONKLIN, Miss L., nurse, Alpine, N. Y.; internal injuries.

CORWIN, EDNA, Harrington Park; cuts and bruises.

COUSINS, Mrs. WILLIAM, Westwood, N. J.; bodily injuries.

DUNPHY, GEORGE, Harrington Park; eye and leg injured.

DRYER, Miss MADGE, New York City, niece of Mr. Dunphy; internal injuries.

ENGEL, JAMES, Hillsdale; face bruised.

FOOLEN, MARTIN J., contractor, Hackensack; ear nearly torn off.

HOULIHAN, JOSEPH, Hillsdale; broken leg.

JONES, Mrs. WILLIAM C., Harrington Park; internal injuries.

JONES, Mrs. WILLIAM, Harrington Park; cut on head.

LADMUND, Mrs. CONRAD, Jr., Hillsdale; both ankles broken.

LANPHAN, Miss Irene, Westwood, N. J.; left knee broken.

LANPHAN, Mrs. FRANK, New York City, sister-in-law of Miss Irene Lanphan; internal injuries.

McCOY, FRANK, Dumont; both legs broken.

McLAIN, Mrs. NORWOOD, lacerations and sprained ankles.

McGLOIR, Miss LORETTA, 20 years, Haworth; internal injuries.

O'CONNOR, JOHN P., Councilman, Old Tappan; legs broken; taken to Englewood Hospital.

PICKEREG, Mrs. MARY, 62 years, Englewood; broken ankle.

QUINTAN, Mrs. JAMES, Old Tappan; broken ankle.

RHODES, Mrs. R., Westwood; dislocated ankle.

ROSS, JOHN, Westwood; cuts and bruises.

SALEY, Miss CATHERINE, Tenafly; broken leg and bruises.

SARJHAUS, Miss, 15 years, Old Tappan; leg broken.

SCHMIDT, HARRY, New York City; left foot dislocated.

SEVIAR, GEORGE J., Harrington Park; arm broken, face lacerated.

STEINHOFF, HERMAN C., Haworth; internal injuries.

STEINHOFF, Mrs. HERMAN C., Haworth; internal injuries.

WALTERS, Mrs. E. W., Harrington Park; internal injuries; left ankle broken.

WALLACE, Mrs., mother of George J. Seviar, Harrington Park; internal injuries.

WEINER, Mrs. W. H., Closter, N. J.; eyes injured.

Dr. Ward and Dr. Richardson, both of Closter, attended about twenty who suffered minor injuries but did not get their names.

The crowd had gathered chiefly from neighboring parishes in New Jersey for the purpose of laying the cornerstone. After this ceremony fifteen priests led a procession around the structure and blessed the foundation. Entering the church, the priests gathered before a cross, about five feet high and formed of two rough boards, which marked the chancel. Most of those who had witnessed the ceremony followed them into the church.

Father Borgan of Plainfield began to preach. He had hardly completed his first sentence when there was a puff of dust along the wall on each side and the floor was rent its entire length, so that it fell into two equal parts.

The broken ends of the two sections fell to the dirt basement, ten feet below, and the 300 persons were wedged in a narrow compass between the broken sections.

Tons of Lumber Slid Over On Them.

Piled along each side of the church were several thousand feet of three-inch yellow pine lumber, to be used in finishing the flooring and interior of the church. When the floor caved in at the centre the piles of lumber, which stood five feet high, toppled over and slid upon the struggling heap which filled up the break from the basement almost to the floor level. This weight, added to the weight of the bodies on the top layers, was fatal to two of the women at the bottom of the mass.

The crash and the screams of the injured were heard by those waiting outside the church. Those who ran in by the front entrance found that it was impossible by that method to reach those who were imprisoned, as they were under several tons of lumber, and were impeded by the struggles of others in their efforts to escape.

Rescuers finally got to work from each end of the basement, dragging forth those

Continued on Page 3.

RUTLAND R. R. TO MONTREAL. Sleepers lv. Grand Central daily 7:35 P. M. Particulars 1216 Broadway. 'Phone 6310 Mad.—Adv.

NEW LINER TITANIC HITS AN ICEBERG; SINKING BY THE BOW AT MIDNIGHT; WOMEN PUT OFF IN LIFE BOATS; LAST WIRELESS AT 12:27 A. M. BLURRED

LATEST NEWS FROM THE SINKING SHIP.

CAPE RACE, N. F., Sunday night, April 14.—At 10:25 o'clock to-night the White Star line steamship Titanic called "C. Q. D." to the Marconic wireless station here, and reported having struck an iceberg. The steamer said that immediate assistance was required.

Half an hour afterward another message came reporting that they were sinking by the head and that women were being put off in the lifeboats.

The weather was calm and clear, the Titanic's wireless operator reported, and gave the position of the vessel as 41.46 north latitude and 50.14 west longitude.

The Marconi station at Cape Race notified the Allan liner Virginian, the captain of which immediately advised that he was proceeding for the scene of the disaster.

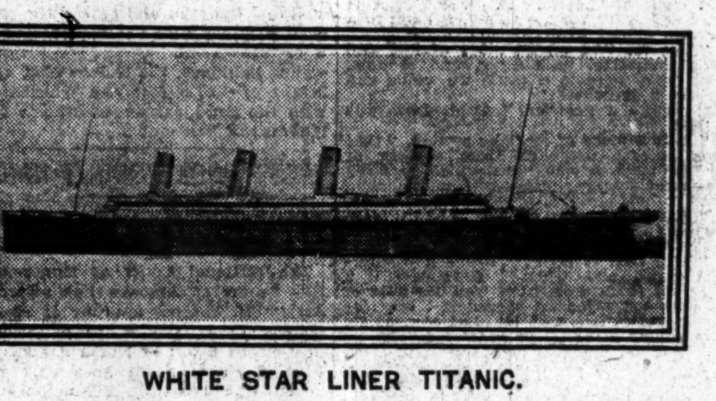
The Virginian at midnight was about 170 miles distant from the Titanic and expected to reach that vessel about 10 A. M. Monday.

2 A. M., Monday.—The Olympic at an early hour this, Monday, morning, was in latitude 40.32 north and longitude 61.18 west. She was in direct communication with the Titanic, and is now making all haste toward her.

The steamship Baltic also reported herself as about 200 miles east of the Titanic, and was making all possible sped toward her.

The last signals from the Titanic were heard by the Virginian at 12:27 A. M.

The wireless operator on the Virginian says these signals were blurred and ended adruptly.



WHITE STAR LINER TITANIC.

Largest Steamship in the World, Which Has Hit an Iceberg on Her First Voyage Here.

Allan Liner Virginian Now Speeding Toward the Big Ship.

BALTIC TO THE RESCUE, TOO

The Olympic Also Rushing To Give Aid—Other Ships Within Call.

CARMANIA DODGED BERGS

Reports French Liner Niagara Injured and Several Ships Caught.

BIG TITANIC'S FIRST TRIP

Bringing Many Prominent Americans, and Was Due in New York To-morrow.

MISHAP AT VERY START

Narrowly Escaped Collision with the American Liner New York When Leaving Port.

Special to The New York Times.

HALIFAX, N. S., April 14.—A wireless dispatch received to-night by the Allan line officials here from Capt. Gambell of the steamer Virginian, states that the White Star liner Titanic struck an iceberg off the Newfoundland Coast and flashed out wireless calls for immediate assistance.

The Virginian put on full speed and headed for the Titanic.

No particulars have been received as to the extent of the damage sustained by Titanic.

The Virginian sailed from Halifax at midnight on Saturday night, and would probably be 300 miles off this coast when she picked up the calls from the Titanic for assistance.

The Allan liner has only about 200 passengers on board and would have ample accommodations for a large number of persons in case a transfer from the Titanic was necessary. The Virginian is a mail steamer, and so she is not likely to take the Titanic in tow.

MONTREAL, April 14.—The new White Star liner Titanic is reported in advices received here late to-night to have struck an iceberg.

The news was received at the Allan line offices here in a wireless message from the Captain of the steamer Virginian of that line.

It was stated that the Virginian had been in wireless communication with the Titantic, that she had reported being in collision with an iceberg and asked for assistance.

The Virginian reported that she was on her way to the Titanic.

The Virginian sailed from Halifax this morning, and at the time the wireless was sent she is reckoned to have been about abeam of Cape Race. She has 200 passengers on board, but can accommodate 900 more of the Titanic's passengers should their removal be necessary.

The message from the Virginian's Captain was sent by wireless to Cape Race, and thence by cable to Halifax, and then by wire to Montreal.

The Allan Line officials here expect to hear further news at any moment.

OTHER SHIPS WITHIN CALL.

Many Near the Titanic's Course—Prominent Persons Aboard.

The White Star liner Titanic, the largest ship in the world, which sailed from Southampton on last Wednesday, is on her maiden voyage to New York and has onboard a large list of passengers, among whom are Major Archibald Butt, President Taft's military aid; Mr. and Mrs. John Jacob Astor, Mr. and Mrs. Isidor Straus, Alfred G. Vanderbilt, J. E. Widener of Philadelphia, Robert W. Daniels, a Philadelphia banker; Mrs. J. Stuart White, the Countess Rothes, Mr. and Mrs. Henry B. Harris, Clarence Moore of Washington; F. D. Millet, the artist and President of the Consolidated American Academy of Rome; C. M. Hays, President of the Grand Trunk Railway; J. Bruce Ismay, President of the International Mercantile Marine, the corporation that owns the Titanic; Benjamin Guggenheim, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Widener, Mr. and Mrs. G. D. Widener, and W. T. Stead.

Other ships beside the Virginian may have received the Titanic's wireless for help. The Cincinnati of the Hamburg-

BLACK HAND KILLING ON SCHEDULE TIME

Grocer Gives Mock Farewell Dinner to Friends on Night of Threatened Murder.

IS CALLED FROM THE TABLE

Forgets Threats After Merrymaking, Enters Shop, and Is Shot Dead by Men Who Escape.

About a month ago, Filipo Lemano, a prosperous Italian grocer and wine merchant, who kept one store at 119 Harrison Street, Brooklyn, over which he lived, and operated several others in Brooklyn, received a Black Hand letter demanding $1,000. The grocer decided to ignore it.

Then, two weeks ago, there came another letter, and this one threatened that his home and store would be blown up if he failed to deposit $1,000 in a bread tin and leave it on the steps of his store. Again Lemano decided that he would not tell the police, though this letter left him somewhat worried.

When a few days ago he got a third letter warning him that his own death would follow his failure to leave the $1,000, Lemane called in his friends, Nicola Signocelli and Deluse Gricola, who live in the same house. They advised him to go to the police, but Lemano was unwilling to do so.

"They give me until 8 o'clock to-night," he told his friends yesterday morning. "Then if I have not left the money they will kill me. Let us, therefore, dine together to-night in my house. You are my good friends, and if they kill me they must fight all three of us. Will you do this?"

Signocelli and Gricola were born in the same town in Italy where Lemano had spent his boyhood. The men had come to this country years ago together. They promised that they would stand by the grocer.

With Mrs. Lemano and the two children the grocer and his friends enjoyed a fine dinner. They forgot all about the Black Hand letter and its threat, and the time passed until it was after 8 o'clock, and still no attempt had been made on Lemano's life. But then some one called from downstairs:

"Oh, Filipo. Come down a minute. I want to speak to you."

There was no thought of the Black Hand in Lemano's mind as he asked his friends to excuse him a moment and ran downstairs. An instant afterward Mrs. Lemano and the others were startled by the report of a revolver shot. Almost instantly there came a second, a third, and then a cry from Lemano.

At the first report Mrs. Lemano had started for the stairs. Her husband's friends started also, revolvers in their hands, but the wife was quicker than they. As she reached the foot of the stairs she saw three men run from the front door of the grocery store. In the doorway leading from the hall to the store lay the body of her husband.

He was wounded just over the heart, and as Mrs. Lemano leaned over him he whispered:

"Take care of the children. They have killed me."

Mrs. Lemano fell across her husband's body. His friends rushed into the street but the men whom Mrs. Lemano had seen rushing from the store were no longer in sight. Policeman Lloyd of the Amity Street Station had seen them, too, and he ran in the direction they had taken. But they turned a corner before he reached them, and when he got there they had disappeared.

Lloyd returned to the store and summoned Dr. Fischer from the Long Island College Hospital. The surgeon said that Lemano must have died immediately after he had whispered to his wife.

Detectives scoured the Italian section of Brooklyn last night, but they admitted that the task of finding Lemano's murderers was almost hopeless, and Mrs. Lemano could give no description at all of the men. Their one hope is that one of the men may be wounded. Lemano's fingers clutched his revolver, from which one shot had been fired. The police hope it found a mark in one of his murderers.

"DON'TS" FOR HUSBANDS.

Rockefeller Pastor Offers Ten as a Solution of the Divorce Evil.

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, April 14.—The Rev. Dr. W. W. Bustard, pastor of John D. Rockefeller's Euclid Avenue Baptist Church, in a prelude to his regular sermon last night gave these ten "Don'ts" for husbands as a solution of the divorce evil:

Don't forget your wife wants to be loved as much after marriage as before.

Don't arrange for your second marriage before your first wife is either dead or divorced.

Don't compel your wife to ask for a cent every time she needs one.

Don't expect your wife to work fourteen hours a day when you work only eight.

Don't carry all your religion in your wife's name.

Don't let your neighbors pity your children because you were their father.

Don't gossip—men should not encroach on a woman's privilege.

Don't try to run a 40 horse power automobile on a 4 horse power salary.

Don't live beyond your means, or according to your mean-ness.

Don't forget the best legacy you can leave your family is the memory of a good husband and a kind father.

"All the honeymooning of life ought not to end with the honeymoon," said Mr. Bustard, supplementing his "don'ts." "A man should always remember it is no sin to kiss his own wife. Love is not for courtship alone, but for life."

Mr. Bustard is to continue these admonitions with ten "don'ts" for wives.

STUDENTS PREFER DRY TIME.

Of 1,200 Canvassed at Cornell 65 Per Cent. Oppose Wine at Dinners.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., April 14.—According to a canvass of 1,200 students of Cornell University, conducted by the Somerset Y. A. Society, devoted to temperance, about 65 per cent. of the students are in favor of "dry" dinners, "dry" smokers, and other student functions.

The majority of those who were canvassed also expressed the sentiment that the alumni at their reunions should not set a bad example to the undergraduates in the way of drinking, and that the managers of the student publications should eliminate all liquor advertisements.

A pony glass of ANGOSTURA BITTERS before retiring for insomnia.—Adv.

American Line is due here to-morrow, and should be close enough to reach the Titanic in a few hours' steaming. The Cunarder Mauretania, the fastest vessel in the world, is also bound this way and should have been within the Titanic's wireless zone.

To the southeast of her and also bound westward at noon on Sunday was the Prinz Adelbert of the Hamburg-American Line, bound from Hamburg for Philadelphia. A little west of the Prinz Adelbert and to the southward was the Steiermark of the same line, bound here. Almost directly south of the latter was the Amerika was the Prinz Friedrich Wil- Plymouth. To the direct west of the Amerika was the rPinz Friedrich Wilhelm, the North German Lloyd liner, bound from this port to Plymouth In her vicinity and directly south was the White Star Line steamship Baltic.

The last report received in New York from the Titanic was at 2:15 A. M. yesterday. She was then 1,284 miles east of Sandy Hook, and in that message her commander said that he expected to reach New York in time to dock late to-morrow afternoon.

Since that message no word was received from the Titanic until the news from Montreal last night.

The Titanic undoubtedly ran into the same ice field off the Grand Banks that was reported by the Cunarder Carmania on her arrival yesterday. The ice was so thickly jammed that crevices between the pieces could not be seen, and great icebergs, to the number of at least twenty-five, were drifting about in the field. The French liner Niagara, which is due here to-day, encountered the ice, and in making her way through it had two holes stove below the water line. The steamers Kura and Lord Cromer, both of which have arrived in New York in the last few days, were damaged in making their way through the ice packs.

Last Wednesday when the Titanic left Southampton for New York a disaster was narrowly averted as the Titanic passed from her berth out into the open stream. The big liner sucked the water between herself and the quay to such a degree that the strain broke the hawsers with which the American liner New York was moored to the quayside. For a while it looked as if the two vessels would collide.

The New York drifted helplessly stern first toward the Titanic and had not the Titanic reversed her engines and come to a dead stop it is certain that the Titanic would not now be on her way to New York. Tugs that were near by steamed to the aid of the New York and pulled her back to the quay. As soon as the New York was made fast the Titanic got under way toward the open water.

At the piers of the White Star Line at the foot of Twentieth Street, North River, it was stated at 1:20 o'clock this morning that up to that time the line had not received any word from the Titanic beyond the information conveyed in press dispatches.

The Titanic is a luxuriously fitted out vessel. One may get an idea as to the immensity of the Titanic when it is known that in length she will stretch over four city blocks and would be considerably over 100 feet higher, standing on her end, than the highest building in New York.

The vessel has accommodations for 3,500 passengers and carries a crew of 860. She was built in the River Laffan at Belfast and was launched May 31 of last year. Among those who saw her take the water was J. Pierpont Morgan.

Capt. Smith, the commander of the Titanic, was in command of the Titanic's sister ship Olympic at the time of her collision with the cruiser Hawke in the Solent last September.

CARMANIA IN ICE FIELD.

Heard Niagara Calling for Help and Saw Other Ships Caught.

A great ice field in which there are many bergs, some of them mountain-like in size, and in which three ocean steamships are known to have been damaged, and at least one full-rigged ship and one fishing smack are imprisoned, has drifted into the westbound transatlantic track about 1,000 miles east of Sandy Hook. The Cunarder Carmania, in yesterday from Liverpool, ran into this ice field. Although the big vessel got out without damage, she nevertheless had a perilous time while in the field, and everybody breathed easier when the bergs had been left behind.

The French liner Niagara, from Havre, ran into the ice about the same time as the Carmania, but she did not have the good luck of the Cunarder. The Niagara, which is due to arrive here this morning, had two holes knocked in her bottom, and many of her plates dented and twisted. At one time her Captain considered his condition so serious that he wirelessed to the Carmania for help. The Carmania was on her way to render aid when a second message said the Niagara had been patched up and would be able to proceed without assistance.

For a week the ice field has covered the westbound track off the Grand Banks, and besides the Carmania and the Niagara, the steamers Excelsior, Kura, and Lord Cromer, which have arrived at New York, and the Armenian, which arrived at Boston, have reported battles with the ice. The Lord Cromer and the Kura were damaged below the water line. The Kura had about twenty-five of her plates ripped off, while the Lord Cromer had about the same number dented and otherwise damaged. The Armenian reported that the field was at least seventy miles long and half as many miles wide when she encountered it.

The Carmania had on board 1,400 passengers, of whom 400 were in the cabin. She entered the ice field last Thursday afternoon at about 1:30 o'clock. It was ice everywhere, according to the passengers, the great cakes being so closely jammed together that it was impossible to see a crevice between them. A heavy swell prevailed at the time, and the passengers described the upward and downward motion of the ice as both beautiful and weird. The sun was shining brightly and the glitter of the ice field made the spectacle all the more magnificent.

Picks Up Niagara's Call for Help.

For three hours the Carmania was in the sea of ice, and at times as far as the eye could see there was nothing but ice, with here and there a great berg to break the monotony of the picture. One berg was described as being like a great mountain of chalk, and one of the passengers said it looked to be about 40,000 tons in size. When Capt. Dow was asked about this he said the passenger had been far too conservative, and then added laughingly, "Forty million tons would be more like it."

It was about 3 P. M. when the Carmania passed the chalk-colored berg. She passed within a quarter of a mile of it, and the passengers all agreed they never had seen anything more beautiful. Another big berg stood out conspicuously in a fleet of twenty-five bergs because of the fact that its top was a perfect plateau that appeared to be as smooth as a billiard table.

The twenty-five big bergs were grouped in a comparatively small area, and all of them were in view from one side or the other of the liner all the time. Six were lined up in majestic fashion on the horizon. Many of them were only a few hundred yards away when the Carmania, proceeding at what the official log calls "dead slow," passed them.

Capt. Dow never left the bridge a second during the hours he was feeling his way through the ice, and the sirens of the liner were constantly sounding out the warning of the ship's progress for the benefit of other ships that might be in the same fix but not in view. It would have been easy for a ship as big as the Carmania to have been within hearing distance of the siren and yet have been hidden from view by one of the big bergs.

Miss Claudia Sturm, one of the Carmania's young women passengers, said yesterday that she had never seen anything so grand and inspiring as the great ice field and the big bergs that dotted it. "It was beautiful," she said, "but it was mighty scary. The heaving up and down of the ice because of the great swells was awe inspiring, and I was glad when we got back into clear water where there was no field ice and no bergs."

1,000 Passengers on Damaged Liner.

The Carmania still was in the ice pack when the wireless message from the Captain of the French liner Niagara was received. In that message the French skipper said that two holes had been stove in the Niagara below the water line. The Carmania, which had been compelled to change her course in order to get free of the ice field, was heading in the direction of the Niagara's position when the second message was received, saying that the liner would be able to continue without any assistance, and it is presumed that the crew was able to effect repairs without outside aid, although some of the passengers said that a message had been received to the effect that another liner was alongside the Niagara.

Capt. Dow after the Carmania docked met the reporters with a smile. "Really," he said. "I never saw so much ice and so little whisky and lime juice in al my life before. Had the ingredients been handy, there would have been a highball for every man in the world.

"I entered the ice field," the skipper went on, "on a southwest course, and when I saw the extent of the field I tried to find a northwest passage out of it. Failing to find one, I was compelled to follow a northeast course, in order to get clear of the ice. In other words, it was necessary for me to swing back to a certain extent over my course.

"The ice was on all sides of me, and was trembling, undulating, and rasping, and every once in a while we would run across a growler."

"What's a growler?" Capt. Dow was asked.

"It is a piece of ice," he replied, "that has become detached from a berg or larger piece of ice, and which, beating against the larger pieces, makes the sound that we call the ice growl."

"How about that plateau berg the passengers are telling about?" was another question put to the skipper.

"Yes, that is right. It was a wonderful sight, and when I first saw it I thought for a moment it was the hulk of a ship, but after we passed it I saw the green reflection, and that, of course, set my doubts at rest," he answered.

"In three hours," continued Capt. Dow, "on Thursday afternoon we passed twenty-five bergs. The passengers never saw anything like it before. On the bridge I am seventy feet above the water line, yet there were times when I could not see a thing but ice, and at no time did I see a piece of ice that was smaller than a lifeboat. We passed a full-rigged ship in the field. She was nodding in the swell, bobbing up and down, but apparently was in no danger."

Soon after the sailing ship was passed the Carmania passed a fishing smack, which, like the big sailer, was fast in the ice and curtseying with the swell. When the Carmania cleared the ice field she ran into a dense fog, and had to come almost to a dead stop. The fog soon lifted, however, and the liner headed full speed for New York, arriving off the Hook only a few hours behind her schedule.

The Niagara probably has 1,000 passengers on board. On her last voyage this way she brought 976. The Excelsior, which arrived from Rotterdam yesterday, reported an experience in the ice pack similar to that of the Carmania. She also reported seeing a sailing ship fast in the ice. This is believed to be the same ship sighted by the Carmania.

THE CARMANIA'S PASSENGERS.

Capt. Fermor-Hesketh, Whose Brother Disappeared, Among Them.

The Cunarder Carmania had among her passengers Mr. and Mrs. H. M. T. Beekman, Patrick Francis Murphy, Capt. and Mrs. T. Fermor-Hesketh, the Right Rev. Bishop I. B. Scott of the Methodist Episcopal Church, Sir Charles Ross, and Ronald Lambert Tree.

Capt. Fermor-Hesketh is a brother of Lieut. Fermor-Hesketh of the Royal Fusiliers, who disappeared in October, 1910, and not one word of whom has since been heard. Lieut. Hesketh was last seen on board a steamer bound from Holyhead to Kingstown, Ireland. Recently it was reported that he had been seen in Montana and an investigation was made. Capt. Fermor-Hesketh received a cablegram from his mother when he landed yesterday, telling him that the man in Montana was not his brother.

Capt. Fermor-Hesketh is a candidate for Parliament from the Heywood district of Lancashire. He says he believes a new election will be called on the Home Rule bill and that if it is the Unionists will succeed to power. With his wife, who was a Miss Breckinridge of San Francisco, he is on his way West to visit relatives.

Others on the Carmania were Capt. E. C. Bald, G. C. Black, Gilbert W. Ireland, Mr. and Mrs. H. P. Pennock, E. S. Powells, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. William M. Ramsdell, Ingersoll D. Townsend, Mr. and Mrs. A. Sturm, the Misses Sturm, and A. M. Tree.

LINERS THAT HAVE HIT BERGS.

Columbia and Kronprinz Wilhelm Were in Collisions on Way Here.

The last big passenger steamship to come into port after an encounter with an iceberg was the Anchor liner Columbia, from Glasgow. The collision between the steamship and the iceberg happened on Aug. 2, 1911, in a dense fog when the vessel was 150 miles north and 57 miles east of Cape Race. Tons of ice fell upon her forecastle and her stem was smashed into the water line and the upper part of her bow plates was driven back ten feet. Mrs. Elizabeth Ogilvie, a passenger, was knocked down and had an ankle broken. Several members of the crew received minor injuries.

The North German Lloyd liner Kronprinz Wilhelm collided with an iceberg on July 8, 1907, while plowing her way through the darkness of the early morning. The vessel showed the marks of the collision on her arrival here two days later. Her bow was dented and along her starboard side were the marks made by the mass of ice that scraped her length, taking off the paint. The collision took place off the Banks and the Kronprinz Wilhelm was making nearly 16 knots. It is probable that this reduced speed did much to avert a more serious accident.

On her Western trip from Rotterdam the steamship Volturno had a narrow escape from the ice in May, 1909. While off Newfoundland the horizon from the deck of the steamship was bounded on all sides by ice, and as she entered into the field she was "pinched" by the moving ice. Great pieces went grinding along her sides and there was much excitement on board. On May 9 an iceberg was reported off the starboard bow. Hardly had this berg passed astern than another came down upon her. The skipper managed to keep her from colliding with the great masses of ice that went past, some so close that great chunks of ice fell upon the Volturno's deck. The vessel came to a stop in the fog and when this lifted she lay in a narrow strip of water, inclosed in a horseshoe mass of ice.

LOST IN RUNAWAY BALLOON.

Pilot Thrown Out, the Gas Bag Flies Away with Passenger.

VOSSONAY, Switzerland, April 14.—The Swiss Aero Club's balloon St. Gothard is somewhere above the clouds with one man aboard who had never before made an ascent.

The balloon was returning from a flight to-day with a pilot and three passengers. During an attempt to land the basket was blown against a rock by a heavy gust and the pilot and two of the passengers, together with twelve sacks of sand, were thrown out.

Thus lightened, the balloon shot up to a height of 15,000 feet and whirled away with the third passenger, who is totally ignorant of ballooning.

FIRST EAGLE SCOUT NAMED.

Honor Goes to Arthur Eldred of Rockville Centre, L. I.

The National Court of Honor of the Boy Scouts of America has awarded to Arthur R. Eldred, a scout of Rockville Centre, L. I., the honor of being the first Eagle Scout in North America. The title of Eagle Scout goes only to the youth who has won distinction in the three intermediate stages of scoutcraft, as a tenderfoot, second class scout, and first class scout.

Eldred wears twenty-one badges for excellency in as many useful activities. His specialties are handicraft, poultry farming, painting, horsemanship, dairying, bicycling, cooking, chemistry, electricity, gardening, pathfinding, and swimming. His left coat sleeve is so covered with medals that there is scarcely room for another one. He is, the judges decided, a 100 per cent. scout.

LAWYERS TO TALK RECALL.

Leading Attorneys from Forty States Will Exchange Views in Chicago.

CHICAGO, April 14.—Representatives of the Bar Associations of forty States will meet in Chicago April 26 and 27 at the annual convention of the Illinois Bar Association, to discuss judicial recall and reform in court procedure.

For the purpose of learning the exact sentiment of lawyers and jurists from all parts of the country on the judicial recall question, officials of the Illinois organization sent out invitations to attend this meeting to leading members of State Bar Associations in each State in the Union. To date acceptances have been received from members of forty State associations.

ROOSEVELT TO HAVE 65 IN PENNSYLVANIA

53 Delegates Elected, and He Will Have the 12 Chosen by the State Convention.

LEAVES TAFT ONLY ELEVEN

Means End of Penrose as State Leader, Politicians Say—Dalzell May Be Beaten.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, April 14.—Col. Theodore Roosevelt's victory in yesterday's primaries was even more sweeping than indicated in late returns last night. All the districts have now been heard from and the full count gives the former President fifty-three of the sixty-four delegates elected to the Republican National Convention and more than enough delegates to the State Convention to assure control. This means that the twelve delegates at large from Pennsylvania will also go to Chicago instructed for the Colonel, thus making his total sertngth in this State 65.

Of the eleven Taft delegates elected, seven are from Philadelphia and two from Lancaster County, which forms the Ninth Congress District; one from the Twentieth and one from the Twenty-fourth District. But the President may lose three of these, as William S. Vare, Recorder of Deeds of Philadelphia, and Hugh Black, Receiver of Taxes, who were elected delegates from the First District, and Henry C. Ransley, elected a delegate in the Third District, though favorable to Taft before the primaries, were uninstructed. They all said to-day that the sentiment of the people seemed to be for Roosevelt and that he would be the Presidential nominee.

Roosevelt Men Surprised.

Politicians look upon the triumph of Col. Roosevelt with astonishment. His supporters were without a State organization or without an organization in many of the thirty-two Congress districts.

The regular Republican organization headed by United States Senator Boies Penrose, which has withstood the fury of many a political storm, received a crushing defeat in the loss of control of the State Convention. It is the first time in the present generation that it has lost control of that body.

The significance of the Roosevelt victory can be realized when it is remembered that the delegates in control of the State Convention have the power to select the State Chairman, and under the party rules the delegation to the National Convention elects the National Committeeman. At present Senator Penrose holds both places.

It was said, however, by a prominent member of the State Committee to-night that some of the Roosevelt delegates elected to the State Convention are regular organization men, who, while voting for Roosevelt delegates, will still stand by the State organization. But the stand of Vare, Black, and Ransley seems to refute this report.

Some of the leaders of the Republican organization refrained from personally entering the primary as candidates for National delegates, as it had been expected they would be selected as delegates at large. Among those understood to have been looked upon as the likely delegates were Senators Penrose and Oliver, Gov. Tener, Secretary of State Robert McAfee, and State Senator James P. McNichol, the leader of the party organization in Philadelphia.

Light Vote Polled.

The vote polled was light. In some districts it did not go much over 50 per cent. of the total vote cast at the last general election. Col. Roosevelt received his heaviest vote from the reform element of the State represented by the Keystone party, which since it was organized about two years ago has opposed the regular Republicans at every election and succeeded in electing a reform Mayor in Philadelphia last year.

Another element of strength of the Roosevelt forces was the 170,000 idle anthracite miners in the northeastern counties of the State, where the former President ran strong.

In Philadelphia President Taft's adherents captured three of the six districts and split the delegation in another, giving the President seven delegates to Roosevelt's five. The delegates favoring Taft were not instructed. Among those who escaped the Roosevelt storm were John Wanamaker and E. T. Stotesbury, who were elected as Taft delegates in the Second District. Edgar Fahs Smith, Provost of the University of Pennsylvania, a Taft delegate, went down to defeat, but William Draper Lewis, dean of the law department of the university, was a Roosevelt winner.

In Allegheny County, which includes Pittsburgh, Col. Roosevelt captured all the eight delegates in the four districts. Among them is William Flinn, who has fought the regular State organization for years.

In the Congress district where Gifford Pinchot has his home, the Roosevelt National delegates won, but Mr. Pinchot's home county, Pike, sent a Taft delegate to the State Convention.

In addition to the naming of the twelve delegates at large to Chicago, the Republican State Convention will select thirty-eight Presidential electors, four candidates for Congressmen at large, and candidates for State Treasurer and Auditor General, all to be voted for at the November election.

Gov. Woodrow Wilson of New Jersey, who had no organized opposition, will have 74 of the 76 delegates from Pennsylvania in the Democratic National Convention. He carried all but the 28th District, which elected two Clark delegates to the Democratic National Convention. At present there are two Democratic State organizations in Pennsylvania, and each has indorsed the New Jersey Governor for President. A few scattered delegates to the State Convention who favor Champ Clark were elected.

Figures at hand indicate that the "reorganized" Democratic faction headed by George W. Guthrie of Pittsburgh and Congressman A. Mitchell Palmer, had elected a majority of their delegates ine opposition to the regular organization headed by James M. Guffey of Pittsburgh. Each faction has sent out a call for a State Convention at Harrisburg on the same day.

FIGHT CLOSE IN IOWA.

741 Delegates for Taft, 716 for Cummins, 24 for Roosevelt.

DES MOINES, Iowa, April 14.—Every county in Iowa has held a Republican convention and selected delegates to the State Convention to be held at Cedar Rapids on April 24. Last night both Taft and Cummins supporters were claiming control of the State Convention.

The discrepancy in the figures of the campaign managers rests chiefly upon differences of opinion as to delegates from five counties. Mills and Page Counties elected twenty-four delegates said to favor Roosevelt. These are claimed by both Cummins and Taft men. Three other counties that failed to instruct delegates are claimed by both sides.

According to figures compiled by disinterested parties, President Taft has 741 delegates to the State Convention, Senator Cummins 716, and Col. Roosevelt 24. Seven hundred and forty-one delegates will control the convention, it is said. Both sides admit the convention will be closely divided, and that the actions of the uninstructed delegates will have an important bearing.

BLACKJACKED IN BROADWAY.

John R. Hall Lay Half an Hour in Street After Being Robbed.

John R. Hall, who sells motion picture reels and lives at 509 West 111th Street, approached Policeman Livingston of the West 125th Street Station at Broadway and 122d Street about 11:30 o'clock last night and told him he had been held up, blackjacked, and robbed. He said he left the Subway at 116th Street just before 11 o'clock and started up Broadway to call on a friend near 120th Street.

Between 119th and 120th Streets two men halted him and asked the time. As he drew out his watch one of the men hit him with a blackjack and knocked him senseless. When he regained his wits half an hour later the men were gone, and with them his watch, worth $100, and at least $18. Livingston called Dr. Johnson, who took Mr. Hall to the J. Hood Wright Hospital and dressed a cut on his head. He gave a good description of the hold-up men and detectives are looking for them.

TAFT TO FIGHT ON; SURE OF VICTORY

Continued from Page 1.

of Republicans toward such a platform and toward a candidate for the nomination on such a platform is therefore, plain.

"Including Pennsylvania, which according to latest advices, has given President Taft at least 21 votes in the National Convention, the President has to-day 864 delegates instructed for or pledged to his renomination. He needs only 176 more delegates to insure his renomination. He is already assured of 382 more delegates, making his support in the Chicago Convention 746 delegates, or more than 200 majority."

Mr. McKinley's statement closes with the announcement, already quoted, that President Taft is in the fight to stay.

An Avalanche, Says Dixon.

Senator Dixon, campaign manager for Col. Roosevelt, issued this statement:

"In the week just ended the Republican Party has made its voice heard emphatically on the question of its choice for Presidential candidate in the approaching campaign and the verdict has been overwhelmingly for Col. Roosevelt and against Mr. Taft. The avalanche victory for Col. Roosevelt in Pennsylvania yesterday spoke the final word and made the repudiation of the Taft candidacy complete.

"Up to the beginning of April, although the form of electing delegates to the National Convention at Chicago had been gone through with in several States, there had been practically no expression from States in which the Republican Party is a real factor in campaigns. The Taft managers had been able to make the appearance of having a considerable number of delegates through the well-known plan of holding snap, hand-picked conventions in the Southern States, where the pie-counter habitues are always with the administration and where no Republican electoral vote has been cast since the days of reconstruction.

"But with this month the scene of action shifted to the Northern States, where the real strength of the Republican Party lies, and whence have come the electoral votes that have maintained its supremacy for sixty years. Fourteen of these States have now selected, in whole or in part, their delegates to the Republican National Convention. Four of them—North Dakota, Wisconsin, Illinois, and Pennsylvania—have acted by Presidential preference primaries. These four States send an aggregate of 170 delegates to the National Convention. Of that number all but ten or eleven are against Mr. Taft. These four great States, which together cast 85 votes in the Electoral College, have repudiated Mr. Taft's candidacy by more than 14 to 1 of their delegates to the National Convention.

Bosses for Taft, He Charges.

"North Dakota and Wisconsin give him not a single delegate. In Illinois he secured only two, those from the district controlled by the notorious Senator Lorimer, whose machine furnished the chief element of support to the Taft candidacy in the Illinois primaries. In Pennsylvania, another machine-ridden State, the utmost endeavors of Senator Penrose and his bosses in behalf of Mr. Taft could give him only nine or ten delegates. Through the medium of the Presidential preference primary the Republican voters of Pennsylvania utterly smashed the armor-clad Penrose machine and sent the Taft candidacy down in crushing defeat.

"The other ten States in which the Republican Party is an important factor that have chosen delegates to the Chicago Convention are Colorado, Indiana, Iowa, Maine, Michigan, Missouri, New Mexico, New York, Oklahoma, and Vermont. In all of these States the selection of delegates was either by the old caucus and convention system or by conventions the delegates to which were chosen at what Mr. Taft has contemptuously described as 'soap-box' primaries. Mr. Taft, in his speech at Boston, expressed a vigorous disapproval of the 'soap-box' primaries, a disapproval which has been strongly emphasized by the Roosevelt forces throughout the country, but it was through these 'soap-box' primaries that Mr. Taft's managers have been able to make practically all of the meagre showing they have secured in the column of delegates from Republican States.

"Immediately after the farcical primaries in New York the Taft managers claimed almost the entire delegation of ninety, conceding only seven Roosevelt delegates. The hollowness of their claim was demonstrated to the whole country when William Barnes, Jr., boss of the New York machine, rejected the abject personal pleadings of Mr. Taft and refused to have the State Convention pass a resolution instructing the New York delegates to vote for Mr. Taft. As a matter of fact, the New York delegation is divided into three approximate groups, one of which is for Roosevelt, one for Taft, and the third waiting for developments to determine which way to jump.

"The Taft managers had loudly declaimed that New England was a Taft stronghold. Nothing has more strikingly demonstrated the force of the Roosevelt sentiment in the country and the lack of foundation for the Taft claims than the action of Maine in sending a solid delegation of twelve Roosevelt men to the Chicago Convention. In Vermont, after desperate efforts, the Taft people failed to secure a single instructed delegate. Two delegates elected in the Second District were instructed for Col. Roosevelt. The two from the First District and the four at large were uninstructed. At least two of them are Roosevelt men.

"Col. Roosevelt has nearly four times as many instructed uncontested delegates from the Republican North as Mr. Taft has. Of the whole 392, Mr. Taft has only a little more than one-eighth instructed and uncontested, and yet the Taft managers have the effrontery to claim that a candidate who is already repudiated more than 7 to 1 by his party is 'entitled to renomination.'"

During the coming week delegates will be chosen in Connecticut, Hawaii, Delaware, Nebraska, and Oregon. The Hawaiian Territorial Convention will choose six delegates to-morrow. On Tuesday the Connecticut and Delaware State Conventions will meet, while the Congressional District Conventions of Connecticut will be held on Wednesday. The Republican State Convention of Illinois is scheduled for Friday, when the primaries will likewise be held in Nebraska and Oregon. It is anticipated that the result will be about an even division of the 52 delegates to be chosen in these conventions and primaries. The Taft forces are counting upon Connecticut, Delaware, and the Hawaiian conventions; the Roosevelt forces upon the Nebraska and Oregon primaries and the delegates at large from the Illinois convention.

WHAT THE PAPERS SAY.

Jumping to Conclusions Hastily.

From The Herald.

Under such conditions of stress do we live that sudden and unexpected happenings are liable to warp judgment and distort relative importance. There is too much tendency to leap at conclusions and draw extreme deductions.

There will be great danger to-day of the business interests of the country becoming stampeded because of the Pennsylvania primaries of Saturday. The Colonel has carried the State against President Taft, but that does not mean that the Colonel is likely to get the Republican nomination for President or that he could be elected in case he got the nomination. It is important to consider what happened in Pennsylvania in its relation to the whole situation. Mr. Taft to gain a majority of the delegates at Chicago has only to get 195 delegates. The Colonel must get 371. He will only accept the nomination "if it's tendered to him," bear that in mind.

To the Friends of Established Government.

From The Sun.

The recent gains of Col. Roosevelt in the contest for delegates carry a lesson not the less worth considering seriously and attentively because it is so obvious. Illinois and Pennsylvania mean that the gravest danger which has confronted the Nation since the civil war for disruption is not yet finally averted. Such notable successes as were won last week for the third term candidate and pledge breaker by his political managers in several States, while leaving President Taft still far in the lead for the nomination, indicate the existence of conditions, political or psychological as we may choose to regard them, as menacing in their way as is the attitude of the ambitious politician who is now carrying around the firebrand. The situation does not suggest discouragement or compromise, but it is sufficiently impressive to indicate renewed activity and resolute purpose on the part of all those of our fellow citizens of the Republican faith who desire that the Government and the institutions which we possess shall be safeguarded against the fatal beginnings of revolution.

"Mr. Taft Passes."

From The Press.

On top of all the other Republican States which have violently repudiated Mr. Taft's appeal for delegates wherever the members of this party have had a chance to execute their will the addition of the great State of Pennsylvania makes an appalling record for the President's candidacy.

No longer can there remain in the mind of any one a vestige of doubt that, with his claims rejected utterly by Republican State after Republican State, to contemplate Mr. Taft as the nominee of his party for President is preposterous. It makes no difference whether he goes before the extremely radical party in North Dakota, the reasonably Progressive party in Illinois, or the normally conservative party in Pennsylvania, always the result is the same—slaughter.

In the view of all Republicans who wish to save their party from defeat Mr. Taft now passes. After him—what? More than ever, we say, a compromise candidate who would not be butchered at the polls as Mr. Taft would be butchered by the Roosevelt men, as Col. Roosevelt would be butchered by the Taft men.

"More Good Work for Roosevelt."

From The World.

By the rout of the Taft forces in Illinois and his sweeping victory in Pennsylvania, Mr. Roosevelt last week made rapid gains at the President's expense. But barely half the delegates to the Chicago Convention have so far been chosen, and in Illinois and Pennsylvania the Roosevelt people have worked hardest, spent their money most freely, and have been most confident of success.

Mr. Roosevelt will not be nominated at Chicago for a third term. The Republican Party will not deliberately seek to commit political suicide in order to gratify his personal ambition as a candidate. To deny Mr. Taft the renomination that he seeks would be not only to repudiate the Administration but to proclaim in the plaiest terms that the party while in power had been false to its trust and was undeserving of public confidence.

But in smashing the Lorimer machine in Illinois and the Penrose machine in Pennsylvania, Mr. Roosevelt has rendered a great service to those States and to the country. The two United States Senators, one from Chicago and one from Philadelphia, stood for the worst kind of politics. The best work Mr. Roosevelt has done is the breaking of the power of these two bosses.

"Pennsylvania's Vote."

From The Tribune.

The result of Pennsylvania's primary undoubtedly took the country by surprise, the extent of the popular revolt against the Republican machine having been even less fully appreciated than was the spread of dissatisfaction with the system which Lorimer represented in Illinois. It is again to be deeply regretted that President Taft should have suffered from an undiscriminating eagerness to vent a grudge against a domineering and misrepresentative State organization.

The Pennsylvania Republican machine, which inherited the stigma of despotism, has not been liberalized in conformity with the growing public demand, but has failed conspicuously to respond to the best sentiment in the party. Thousands of Republicans took advantage of this opportunity to express their resentment at its offensive methods and record. But they were unfortunately misled into visiting on the President's cause the retribution which should have been reserved for their own State leaders and institutions. Mr. Taft has suffered unjustly both in Illinois and Pennsylvania for the sins of others. Wherever it is presented on its own merits his candidacy will continue to command the party's respect and support.

A Protest Against Bossism.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., April 14.—The Press will say to-morrow:

The result of the State primaries on Saturday shows a desire for a change in the management of the Republican Party in Pennsylvania. It will be regarded throughout the country as a great Roosevelt victory, and will probably have a greater effect on the sentiment of the country as to who should be the standard bearer of the Republican Party to be nominated at Chicago than the number of Roosevelt delegates would alone indicate.

The victory clearly signifies that the people are against bossism and that leadership which they think is allied with corporate interests. The verdict of the voters can be regarded as not necessarily an approval of the policies advocated by Roosevelt, but a protest against the kind of leadership that they have had in recent years. The people of Philadelphia and the State want leadership that they regard as more alive to their interests and less active in behalf of special interests and special privileges.

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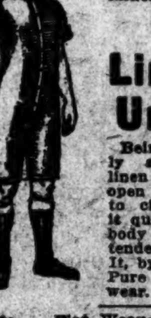

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BIG WHITE LIGHT WILL GUIDE INBOUND SHIPS

New Beacon Light to Stream Out To-night from a Tower on Richmond Heights.

CAN BE SEEN 35 MILES AT SEA

Its Fixed Ray of 300,000 Candle Power Will Show Navigators the Way Into Ambrose Channel.

On Richmond Heights, S. I., there will blaze to-night for the first time a great light that can be seen for thirty-five miles at sea. The light will be in the new lighthouse that the Government has built to guide ocean steamships that enter New York Harbor via the Ambrose Channel route. The light tower is made of red brick and rests on a base of white limestone. Occupying, as it does, one of the most commanding locations on Staten Island, it can be seen at sea for miles by day, and so will be a guide by day as well as by night.

The tower rises to a height of 100 feet, and, taking in the elevation of the site, the light is 231 feet above mean low water. The light is a fixed white ray of 300,000 candle power, supplied by incandescent oil vapor, while the lens is what is known as the second order range lens. The most complete pumping outfit ever installed in a lighthouse will be used to pump the oil to the lamp. The sun sets at 6:39 o'clock to-day, and it will be a few minutes after that when the new light will shine forth for the first time.

The new lighthouse is about eighteen miles north of the Ambrose Lightship, but the light from the shore will be visible farther out than that on the ship. It will be under the supervision of the naval officer whose district includes the New York and New Jersey shores. Owing to the fact that the new light is fixed, it will be easily distinguished at sea from the famous light of the Highlands of Navesink, which flashes out its great white ray at intervals of every few seconds.

The Richmond Heights light is destined to take its place among the famous beacons of the world, such as the Eddystone Lighthouse, on the Eddystone Rocks, about fourteen miles from Plymouth, England; the two great lighthouses on the Lizard Head, in Cornwall, England, which are visible for twenty miles at sea; the Heaux de Brehat Lighthouse, off the coast of Brittany, and the famous lights of the Virginia Capes, at the entrance to Hampton Roads.

Modern lighthouses date from the construction of the original Eddystone Lighthouse by John Smeaton in 1756-1759. In 1877 a new Eddystone Lighthouse was erected to take the place of Smeaton's building, the latter not being high enough to keep the seas from sweeping over the light during storms.

Under the jurisdiction of the United States Lighthouse Board there are now nearly 4,000 lighthouses. These figures include lights in rivers and on the Great Lakes, as well as those along the coast.

BABY KILLED BY HURLED ROCK

Fight with Italians Ends in a Chase and Rescue by Police.

On Ocean Avenue, between Liberty and Belmont Avenues, Ozone Park, a number of Italian workingmen were rolling wooden balls on an improvised clay court yesterday afternoon. They were playing a kind of bowling game, and the object of the game was to roll a croquet ball as near as possible to a smaller ball on the court. The man who got nearest the mark collected the pennies from the others.

The game had reached a critical stage when Frank C. Baker, a steamfitter, of 1,326 Wyckoff Avenue, Ozone Park, approached the players. He was looking straight ahead and was walking on the clay court alongside the sidewalk. His foot struck one of the wooden balls and sent it rolling far from its position.

Immediately one Italian, the man who had rolled the ball, shouted a threat. His comrades joined him and soon Baker was being pummeled right and left for daring to kick the ball. He tried to defend himself, but when a bottle whizzed by his head he took to his heels. When he had outdistanced the nearest Italian by twenty or thirty feet he picked up a stone weighing about a pound and hurled it wildly at his nearest assailant.

He missed the Italian by twenty feet, but the stone, according to the police, struck little two-year-old James Delane, an Italian baby, who was in the arms of his mother, Mrs. Jennie Delane, of Lawn Avenue. Mother and baby were knocked down. Blood flowed from the baby's head and the mother fainted.

Baker, not knowing what he had done, continued to run with the mob after him. At Ocean and Liberty Avenues, he sought refuge under the grandstand of the Ozone Park Baseball Club.

The Italians, who had by this time been joined by a number of Italian women, stopped at the grand stand and deliberated on further action. They were in the act of making a rush for Baker when Policemen Brady and Kiefer, from the Ozone Park Police Station, arrived. The Italians told the policemen that they must have their victim. He had broken up their game, they said, and had killed a baby with a rock.

Brady and Kiefer crawled under the grand stand and succeeded in getting Baker to surrender without protest. Outside the crowd was hurling threats at Baker, and Brady thought it best to crawl out first and protect his prisoner. When Baker came out the crowd rushed at him. They were kept at bay with difficulty, and to make sure that there would be no rush, Brady and Kiefer drew their revolvers and marched Baker to the police station. His face and head showed cuts made by the fist blows of his assailants. He was charged with homicide, but refused to make any statement.

Dr. John Tierney of St. Mary's Hospital was summoned. He found that the baby had died instantly. He attended the mother, who swooned a second time when the doctor told her that her baby was dead. Coroner Gustave J. Schaefer said last night that he would make an investigation.

ROOSEVELT JOYOUS OVER PENNSYLVANIA

He and Taft Now Have 150 Delegates Each, He Says, and He'll Compromise on T. R.

H. W. TAFT IN LIARS' CLUB

Finds Sentiment Growing in His Favor and Thinks He May Be Able to Split New York Delegation.

Special to The New York Times.

OYSTER BAY, N. Y., April 14.—To say that Col. Roosevelt was immensely pleased with the result of the Pennsylvania primaries would be to state the case too mildly. He was elated, yet did his best to conceal his elation. Still, the subject was uppermost in his mind all day, and he returned to it again and again with evident relish.

The Colonel was full of confidence when he got back this morning from his tour of the New England States. The reception he had in New Hampshire and, following that, the good news that reached him from Pennsylvania, had raised his spirits to the highest pitch.

"We hit them middling hard in Pennsylvania," was the way he referred to his victory at the primaries there. "The vote was particularly gratifying because of the emphatic expression of the people against the bosses. It was hardly a victory for Mr. Penrose, was it?"

"And does that mean you are in the fight until November?" the Colonel was asked.

"Well," he replied, "I wouldn't exactly go so far as to say that."

Compromise on but Roosevelt Only.

He made it very evident, however, that he expects to win at Chicago, now that the tide is turning his way, for in referring again to the matter of compromise he declared:

"Third candidate? Compromise? The only things I will compromise on will be on myself and my platform."

All day long the Colonel was receiving and opening dispatches from Pennsylvania. He smacked his lips and smiled broadly over each and every one of them. One was from Senator Flinn of Pittsburgh, who assured the Colonel that he had won at least 52 of the 64 delegates elected on Saturday, and also had won two-thirds of the delegates to the State Convention, thus assuring to him the twelve delegates at large.

"That means sixty-four of the seventy-six delegates from Pennsylvania, according to Flinn," the Colonel said.

Col. Roosevelt made it evident that he feels the undercurrent for his nomination is daily growing stronger. He is confident that it will cause many of the Southern delegates now claimed for Mr. Taft to get on the Roosevelt wagon. He believes also that if he is able to go to the Chicago Convention with half of the delegates from the country behind him he will get the support of at least forty of the delegates from New York State. There are now ten New York State delegates who will stand by him in any event, he is positive, and ten more are ready to get in line. His strength when the Chicago Convention convenes will decide at least twenty more, he thinks. Col. Roosevelt pointed out that twenty delegates from Mississippi were claimed for Taft, although they had been elected for him.

Finds Sentiment Growing for Him.

"It is the Taft men who must send the contesting delegation from that State," he said. From Missouri at least two-thirds of the delegates were assured to him, and in that State his figures are Taft 6, Roosevelt 22. In Vermont, he declared, the two delegates instructed so far were for him, and he was confident of getting at least three more. In Indiana, the Colonel predicted, the table as printed now will be reversed in his favor. Had the voters of Indiana, Michigan, and Kentucky been given a chance to express their preference at a primary such as that held in Illinois he declares that his victory would have been sweeping.

"There are other examples, too," said the Colonel. "The sentiment in Massachusetts is much more favorable to me than any of my opponents will admit, and I'm going to get delegates there."

Colonel Roosevelt read with much apparent enjoyment stories coming from Albany that the New York State Bar Association, hearing that there is a growing sentiment in favor of the recall of Judges and judicial decisions by popular vote, had adopted resolutions condemning such a system.

"They have got to come to it," he declared with a smile. Then he reached a paragraph in the newspaper story in which ex-Judge Parker was quoted as referring to him as a "great leader of men." "I love this delphic reference of Parker to me," he said with a chuckle.

Pressed for some further expression, he said: "They have heard a lot about it from me on the stump, and they are going to hear a lot more, and I'll have a good deal more to say about the bosses, too."

The next two weeks are to be busy ones for Col. Roosevelt. With but a few hours rest after his New England trip, from which he returned to Oyster Bay at 10 o'clock this morning, he will sally forth again on Monday afternoon at 4 o'clock from the Pennsylvania Station to spend his time until one week from Thursday in campaigning in Nebraska and other Western States. He said to-night that he hoped to get as far as Sioux City, S. D., and Little Rock, Ark., and on the return hoped to stop in North Carolina. Then after a rest of one day at Sagamore Hill he will start out again, this time going to Boston and perhaps other cities in Massachusetts.

One of the many telegrams which the Colonel received to-day and which afforded him much pleasure was from Father Curran of Wilkesbarre, Penn., offering his heartiest congratulations.

Puts Henry W. Taft in Ananias Club.

Met this evening as he was returning from a stroll in the woods, Col. Roosevelt turned from the topic of delegates long enough to admit Henry W. Taft, brother of President Taft, to membership in the Ananias Club. Mr. Taft had been reported as saying Saturday he had been informed that nearly $1,000,000 had been spent in the promotion of Col. Roosevelt's candidacy, and that Senator Flinn of Pittsburgh had thrown $250,000 into the Pennsylvania campaign.

"I don't believe he could have been correctly quoted," the Colonel declared: "but if he was it represents a deliberate falsehood on his part." And Mr. Roosevelt emphasized this with a swish of the alpenstock he carried.

Ridiculing the statistics published in the newspapers in which it is declared that 337 of the delegates already elected are for the renomination of President Taft, Col. Roosevelt declared to-night that, as a matter of fact, the instructed delegates to date are split about evenly between Taft and himself.

"I should say that about 150 each is the way it stands," he asserted. "I have been considering the advisability of preparing a formal statement on this point, but I do not want to do so hastily."

MAY HAVE TWO FROM KINGS.

Delegate Pforr Will Vote as His Constituents Tell Him To.

Controller William A. Prendergast may not be the only Roosevelt delegate to the Republican National Convention from Kings County. With the exception of Mr. Prendergast, the delegation from Brooklyn has been looked upon as being solid for President Taft. Yesterday, however, Rhinehard H. Pforr, who has been elected a delegate from the Ninth Congressional District, said that he was undecided as to how he would vote in the convention, whether for Taft or Roosevelt. He said yesterday: "In a few days I shall send postal cards to the Republican voters of the district and learn their sentiments. Whichever way they decide I shall vote in the convention."

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FLOOD ENGULFS TOWN.

River Sweeps Tallulah, La., Soon After Break in Levee.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ORLEANS, La., April 14.—The town of Tallulah, with a population of 1,200, within an hour this afternoon went under three feet of water from a break in the Salem Landing levee which is fifteen miles away from the place. The water was sighted a mile way from the town at noon. By 1 o'clock the water was in the outskirts of the town, and by 2 o'clock it was three feet deep. It is rising rapidly.

The Vicksburg, Shreveport & Pacific Railroad runs through the section on a high embankment, and was still able to operate trains to-night. Refugees came out of Tallulah by the train load.

Hundreds of negroes are standing on the levees awaiting the arrival of rescuers, or else are perched on house tops waving at every train.

At Rayville to-day, in the path of the water, men worked feverishly, throwing up a levee around the residence and business districts. The levee now is three feet high, and must be raised two feet more for absolute safety.

In the Salem Landing neighborhood motor boats, rafts, skiffs, and canoes were pressed into service in the search for marooned residents. Government steamboats also did what they could. Refugees are being taken to Vicksburg, where the Government is distributing rations.

Thirty-two miles of levees below New Orleans, in the rice plantation, truck farming, and orange grove district, called the "lower coast," must be raised from two to three feet. Gangs worked all day.

At one or two of the lower docks in this city the water is "slopping" through cracks whenever a steamboat passes. These docks are being topped with bags.

Some uneasiness is felt here for the safety of the town of Lake Providence, sixteen miles north of Alsatia, where a break in the Mississippi River occurred Friday. A report reached here last night that a weak spot had developed in the levee known as the McGuire stretch, one mile south of Lake Providence. The town was entirely cut off from wire communication at 9 o'clock last night.

With all trains annulled on the Iron Mountain Railroad, and the fear of steamboat men to approach the levees, the means of escape for the town's 2,500 inhabitants in case of a break would be a serious problem.

CHURCH FLOOR FELL; 2 DEAD, FIFTY HURT

Continued from Page 1.

who lay in the V-shaped trench, which extended from one end of the church to the other. The priests who had been standing at the rear of the church were able, with some assistance, to scramble clear of the tangle of lumber and human bodies, and they turned in to help out the others. Even after the lumber had been lifted off the work of rescue was slow. Nearly every one in the heap was entangled with the others, so that great care had to be taken to prevent breaking arms and legs.

As fast as the injured were extricated they were carried to the basement windows and lifted to the outside. The first woman to be rescued was Mrs. William Cousins, who was later found to be seriously injured.

Church Yard Like a Battlefield.

The open ground about the church began to take on the appearance of a battlefield after the rescue work was well under way. The injured lay in groups, attended by those who had escaped and by the residents of Harrington Park, who were soon gathered about the church. Blankets were brought out from houses. Wounds were hastily bandaged and brandy administered to the injured until physicians arrived from neighboring villages.

One of the most dramatic moments was that when Frank M. Steinhoff, one of the crowd, who had been standing outside, ran up to the entrance of the church after hearing the crash. He saw his wife and his two sisters, Mary and Catherine, clinging to the sill of one of the windows, with their shoe tips resting on the top of the broken floor. Shouting for them to hold on till he came to them, he ran outside and put a ladder up to the window, carrying them safely down to the ground. Later he learned that his father and mother, Mr. and Mrs. Herman Steinhoff, both had been seriously hurt.

When most of the others had been lifted out the two dead women were found. Lying between them was Mrs. E. W. Walters of Harrington Park, who was suffering from a sprained ankle and internal injuries. The bodies of the two dead women were badly crushed, but death is thought to have been caused by suffocation.

Contractors Said Church Was Safe.

A boy who was standing inside the church when the floor fell managed to save himself by clutching a rail which ran along the wall and dragging himself along till he came to a window, out which he managed to scramble. A number of other boys witnessed the accident from the choir loft, which they had climbed up to by a ladder of crosspieces just before the services began.

The contractors who put up the church are Naugle & Wisner of Park Ridge. It is a $10,000 wooden building, 40 by 60 feet, with only the frame and flooring completed so far. The floor, which caved in, was upheld by temporary supports.

George Naugle of the contracting firm said that the floor was sustained by ten joists, each made by nailing together three pieces of 2 by 6 inches. The floor was braced by a beam running lengthwise under the middle of the floor and connected by the corners by four other beams.

It was stated that Father J. J. Delehanty, in charge of the Church of Our Lady of Victory, had received assurances from the contractors that the building was safe enough for services to be held in it.

"When I said that the floor was safe enough with its temporary support," said Mr. Nuagle, "I meant that it would be safe for a few people, who might come in and inspect it. I did not know that it was intended to hold services and have the building crowded.

Feared Creating a Panic.

"I was in the building at the time putting paper over the windows to keep out the draft. I had no idea, however, that the people were coming in till they began to follow the priests, and then I could not have warned them and ordered them out without creating a panic."

Father Delehanty said last night that he did not care to debate the question of responsibility with the contractor, but that he certainly understood the church to be safe or no service would have been held in it.

County Physician Samuel E. Armstrong and Detective Cook of the office of Wendell Wright, Prosecutor for the County of Bergen, made an investigation of the accident. No arrests have been made.

I. S. Lawrence of Brooklyn, a building contractor, came over with a party of a dozen from Brooklyn to attend the laying of the cornerstone. He says that he saw the insecurity of the temporary supports of the floor and urged the members of his party not to go inside the church. Several of them went in, however, and two were painfully hurt.

A niche was left in the concrete foundation of the church, and in this the cornerstone was inserted yesterday, instead of being laid in the ordinary manner. The church was erected to take care of the Roman Catholics of Harrington Park, which is in the parish of Westwood.

The priests who took part in the ceremony were Father Bogan of Plainfield, Father Cunneely of Hackensack, Father Flanagan, and Father McDermott of Kingsland, Father Grady of Rutherford, Father Best, Father Peter, and Father McDonald of Englewood; Father Anselm of Bergenfield, Father McLaughlin of Union Hill, and Father Delehanty of Westwood.

STOCKTON WRITES ON IN THE SPIRIT LAND

Prof. Hyslop Hears That He Is Trying to Continue His Work Through Miss De Camp.

TESTED THROUGH A MEDIUM

Experiments Described Are Declared to Show New and Greater Influence of the Dead on the Living.

Prof. James H. Hyslop, head of the American Society for Psychical Research, will publish in the journal of that society for April an extensive and detailed account of his experiments with Miss Etta de Camp and Mrs. Chenoworth, a medium, which he holds, tends to establish the fact that the spirit of Frank R. Stockton, the American novelist, who died in 1902, has written and is attempting to write more stories through Miss de Camp, who was not many years ago a business woman and never familiar with Stockton's work. These experiments which have been carried on for almost three years are brought down to March of this year, this report being the first scientific analysis by Prof. Hyslop of the new control which he says "suggests a far wider influence of the dead on the living than is usually recognized."

"And, though," he continues, "we cannot urge this influence scientifically as yet, such cases propose the problem for us, and we should be in a situation to investigate the very many claims or appearances of it, whether they be genuine or not, whether they be evidences of the supernormal or are explicable only by as yet wholly non-understood functions of the subconscious."

The influence of the dead novelist was exerted and the writing under this supposed influence was all done in 1909 and 1910, and some accounts of it have already appeared. But during this year Prof. Hyslop arranged to bring Miss de Camp into communication with Mrs. Chenoworth, the medium, and to put to the test his hypothesis that the spirit of Stockton was trying to write through Miss de Camp.

For this purpose he brought Miss de Camp to this city from her home in Schenectady and registered her at a hotel under an assumed name and without giving any hint to Mrs. Chenoworth that she was to be present at the séances. After detailing the safeguards he threw around the séances where Miss de Camp was present, Prof. Hyslop tells what happened at three sittings, and how the name of Francis Richard Stockton was written by Mrs. Chenoworth while in a trance. Following is a portion of the report of the most important sitting, which took place on Feb. 28, 1912, at which were present Miss de Camp, Prof. Hyslop, and Mrs. Chenoworth, the medium's remarks being printed without quotation marks, Prof. Hyslop's remarks being included in parentheses, and the brackets inclosing explanations:

Do you remember the heaps of paper I saw yesterday?

(Yes.)

Do you remember the man writing on them?

(I know who it was I think.)

Do you know what his hand is like?

(In a minute.) [Talking too fast.] (All right.)

Why it is a medium sized hand and rather long fingers. He has a ring and that is on his finger. I think it is on the finger of the hand doing something on the paper. He has very straightforward eyes. (Slow.) [Said sharply.] They look right up at you • • [Note undecipherable] suddenly. They seem to look through you, not because they are dark, for they are not dark, but because they are honest. That is all I got to say. [Pause.]

Do you know something?

(A little, I think.)

Perhaps you don't know this. Tones effect me as much as physical touch, see?

(Yes.)

When you said "Slow" in a different tone it was so quick I thought you hit me right on the forehead. Isn't that funny?

(Yes.)

[Pause] What made that man project himself?

(What man?)

The story writer.

(I wanted him for a purpose.)

Did you ask him to come?

(In my mind I did.)

[Pause] That's all right then, isn't it?

(Yes.)

[Pause] I was afraid it was a fugitive thing, you know.

(Yes.)

Where is the girl? [Miss De Camp.]

(She is here.)

She is not in the usual place. (No.) Do you know why?

(Tell me.)

He goes out of sight back of me somewhere. It is not in the parlor, is it?

(No.)

Well he is back of me somewhere. [Pause and reached for pencil.]

After a long communication through the medium on the difficulty of establishing communication and proving an identity, Prof. Hyslop gives this further record of the séance:

[Suddenly the pencil began to scrawl and there was much difficulty in holding it. This lasted for some part of a minute, and then it began slowly to try to write.]

• • [possibly "So"] F n ["n" not read, as I assumed it a scrawl and hoped it would be cleared up] rances.

("Frances.")

K [read "R."] Frank yes. [Pause.]

(By all means finish the rest.)

S [not read, as it was not clear enough to be sure.] Stockston.

(Good. What is the middle name; neither of us knows it, and it will be most excellent to get it.)

R [Pause] o [so read] no, no, not yet. I always wrote it the other way. [Pause.] • • [Pencil fell and was reinserted.] [Long pause.] R [mere scrawl] but apparently an "R" and so read obert. [Pause and pencil fell.]

[Change of control.]

He is much better pleased than he was. He did not intend [not read] to • • intend to be bulldozed into giving evidence, and he just insisted, insisted on telling [not read] you • • telling you so for himself, he would I let no one say it for him and now that h • • it is over he says you are not such a bad lot after all, and he may help you some more some day.

(All right.)

He is quite an independent gentleman after all and has his own ideas and says keep them guessing, that's all you have to do, but you will hear [not read and hand tapped till read] from him again, I think.

(Yes, if I call for him, can he come?)

• • [scrawls while I was speaking.] Oh, yes, if you, if you don't put the twisters [not read] on • • twisters [not read] t w • • [read.] He always wrote inspirationally, anyway, and so it is easy for him not to do so. I told him to go on; you would not eat him, and so he made his venture [not read] venture into the ring. He says science is a big fraud anyway.

(Good.)

The next séance on March 4, 1912, began with automatic writing and the middle name of Stockton, Richard, was produced which earlier had been written "Robert." And the spirit, thought to be Stockton, continued:

I am grateful for this brief time to-day. I have been most curious about the power of suggestion and that is the way I have worked at the writing, not the way it is done here. There is no trance there. I suppose you know that [groan and rolling of head] already and because of the hand [so read, though possibly intended for "normal"] • • • because of the normal condition sustained and used by the lady [Miss De Camp] I can do better work. That is I suggest only and the operation of the suggestion is carried on by the natural impulse of the lady herself. Do you catch my meaning?

(Yes, perfectly.)

[Indian gibberish.] [Pause.] I will not • • • will work as fast or as well for my kind of work if the trance [not read] trance were induced.

(I understand and shall tell her of that fact.)

Yes, for she sometimes thinks it would be better the other way. To get her consciousness out of the way, but tell her I need it and can use her active brain better than a sleeping one.

(Good, I understand.)

The result is what I am after. I do not care a fig for the process.

(I understand.)

I am glad of the chance to talk with you a little while, and I know she went home with many new ideas in her head, but I hope she will proceed just as we [not read] we have been doing, and I will complete the long story which I have already begun. Perhaps you know about this and perhaps not.

(No, I think it has not been mentioned by her to me.)

It is all right either way, but she will have something to show you soon, and if I can get at [read "a"] some points there and give them here she and you will feel glad.

(Indeed we shall.)

I am not one of those people who desire to wander anywhere and everywhere that a medium [not read] medium works, and I tell you frankly that I probably should not, would not have come here except for the expectancy of her and you.

(I understand.)

I wanted to make her mind easy, for I can do something there which is of use to her. I can tell all the stories I want over here and do not need to write them through her, except that the power to do so fascinates me. I fear I am not the sort you like to use in your work. Would I not be accused [not read] accused of making up stories if I told you exactly how the people over here appear to me?

(Yes, no doubt our sceptic would think so, but all the common ideas you express here and through your friend will be good evidence.)

Still harping on the evidence.

(Yes, I am awfully wicked.)

It is your password to the kingdom, I think.

(Yes, likely.)

From what followed it would appear that the control contemplated a change in the style of his post-mortem literature and wished to prepare skeptics for noticeable differences.

Well, let it go. I quarrel no [read "in" and hand paused till I read it "no"] more with you about it. I see you cannot be swerved from your court records and I must play the part of a prisoner and culprit who cannot escape until he proves he is not himself or that he was not where he thought he was or some such business [not read] business. I know little of courts and less of exact science. My forte is exaggeration.

(I understand.)

[Pause.] I will try and do better at a later time and also will try and take away any nervousness which I sometimes produce just when I wish to work. She will know what I mean by that.

(Yes, that's good.)

And then also I wish her to care less about the criticism of the family.

(Good.)

They have a way of passing [read "posing"] passing judgment on everything with only one standard, as if a man might not change his style now and then and not be accused [read "classed"] accused of falling away from his pattern [not read] pattern. You can help her more than all the rest by your confidence and assurance that I may vary in expression without in the least losing power.

(Yes, I shall.)

I am not half through with her and I have written her some personal things practically saying that. You know about the personal messages, do you not?

(Only a few of them.)

They were written often in answer to her questions and sometimes spontaneously and sometimes had nothing to do with the subject of writing stories, but of the events in the past and the life I am now living. She will know that. I have never said much about my present life, but have told her of a few people whom I have met. I seldom go to her alone, for her guides are there and they keep her in condition for the work.

(I understand.)

[Gibberish "cia mou"] I have wanted to talk about the other young woman who talks with her about the work, the one who is interested and believes, not the one who has so much to say. She will know [read "now"] [gibberish] She will know the one I mean.

(Yes, say all you desire.)

If I can I will. I begin to feel your kindness and to appreciate it. It was rather a sudden and unexpected descent ["descent" and read "desert" to have it corrected] descent I made upon my little friend, but she will not be sorry for giving me the time I know. I ought [read "brought" and "might" doubtfully] not • • • ought not to try to write at night, but sometimes I feel just like it.

(I understand.)

[Gibberish and pause.] E [read "I"] E is all right.

(Yes we found that out afterward.)

Good. I knew you would. I have had [read "not"] had a great desire to travel sometimes and have unconsciously impressed it on her, but I will be more careful now.

(I understand.)

I am failing now, but I am grateful and write my word of greeting. I know N. Y. [Pauses and difficulty in writing last few words] all right. What a city of constriction [so read, tho I might have known from the usual way of making "u" like "i" that it was "construction"] construction. It looks all building and no [Pause and groans] human atmosphere around it from here.

(I understand.)

But the capital is fine, the capital is fine in April. I recall it all with joy. I was not a systematic machine writer, but I see I may have to learn something yet. My wife, you did not know her. I left her to mourn for me. Did you know that?

(No, I did not know that.)

S [probably a scrawl, as I had to change the sheet] yes, yes, my faithful one. I go. I go. F. R. S.

The series of experiments of which Prof. Hyslop gives further account in his article which is called "A Complicated Group of Experiences and Experiments," include a communication between Miss De Camp and George F. Duysters, now dead, who a few years ago discovered Miss De Camp's powers and related them to Prof. Hyslop. Most notable of these Prof. Hyslop considers a drawing made by Miss De Camp through the control of Duysters, although Miss De Camp never had the ability to sketch. The drawing, which is reproduced in the journal, is of the scene of a picnic which Duysters drew in outline before he died, and which was filled out and completed by Miss De Camp and has been found true in every respect.

Aviator Atwood Hurt in Auto.

NEWTON, Mass., April 14.—Harry N. Atwood, an aviator; his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Atwood, and Miss Hilda M. Norman, a Lasell student, were all slightly injured to-night when an automobile came in collision with a street car of the Newton & Boston Street Railway on Auburn Street. The aviator was driving, and ran into the electric car as it was crossing the street in front of him. There were no passengers in the street car.

STRONG WARNING SENT TO MEXICO

Continued from Page 1.

and property within the Republic of Mexico be justly and adequately protected, and that this Government must hold Mexico and the Mexican people responsible for all wanton or illegal acts sacrificing or endangering American life or damaging American property interests there situated.

Meanwhile it should be apparent to all sections of the Mexican people that those who spread baseless rumors or provoke just resentment by attacks upon Americans or other foreign persons or property are working against the best interests and the honor of their country, for which the United States is known to hold, and in the present grave situation is manifesting the greatest and most sincere friendship, and are seeking for their selfish ends to burden the future of their countrymen with heavy obligations of enormous damages for their wrongful acts.

How strongly the Government of the United States deprecates even the very few cases of participation by its citizens in the present insurrectionary disturbances is well known to the people of Mexico, and was shown by the President's proclamation of March 2, and the various other acts of this Government looking to the same end.

Besides a copy of the foregoing correspondence to be shown to Gen. Orozco the instructions to the American Consul at Chihuahua, Marion Letcher, include the following:

"You will immediately informally and unofficially present this matter to Orozco according to above instructions, and you will at the same time point out that, being an American Consul charged with the protection of American citizens and interests in Mexico, and holding an exequatur from the Mexican Government as representing the Mexican people, you are instructed by your Government informally to say that you must continue to exercise your functions and to make representations whenever occasion demands.

"HUNTINGTON WILSON."

Established 1788

In Thousands of Homes—
for Social and Medicinal Use

the only whiskey ever used is the uniformly fine, pure, mellow

Carstairs
Rye

It has a record of 123 years of absolute reliability. It is in a class by itself. You are always right if you specify Carstairs to your dealer or at club, cafe, hotel or restaurant.

An inimitable blend of superfine ryes. In the numbered label bottles.

The Numbered Label Shows Our Bottling

EUROPE
Special Sailings
FOR
London
Paris
Hamburg
MAY 7
JUNE 6
See "Above the Ship"
Page 11.

ADVERTISEMENT.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CONDITIONS of the bequest notice is given that the Leavenworth Scholarship at Yale College, open for competition to all young men of the name Leavenworth, will be vacant at the close of the present academic year. Applications may be made to W. H. Sallimon, Bureau of Appointments, Yale University, New Haven, Conn.

Dogma and Stigma

¶ Dogma is positive opinion without proof, and we put the Stigma of Dogma on that sort of opinion. The opinion affected by certain people who state that ready-to-wear clothes don't fit is a Dogma. It is an opinion without proof. Thousands of well dressed New Yorkers wear ready-to-wear Saks clothes that fit. The "made-to-order" Dogma does not fit at all, and it is out at the elbows, too. It is decrepit and worn thin for lack of nourishment. Saks ready-to-wear clothes fit as well as any made-to-order clothes, and are superior on the score of tailoring, too. In fact, Saks clothes are made-to-order, for that matter. All that the made-to-order phrase implies is individual attention to each customer. That is the time-honored defense of the dogmatist—yet that is exactly what we give to every wearer of Saks clothes!

¶ Let's get together on this point. You yourself may be obsessed with the "made-to-order" dogma. That is your privilege. Give us ours. We are speaking impersonally, of course, but we know whereof we speak. We know that no made-to-order tailor can give a man more individual attention than we do. We know that very few made-to-order tailors are equipped to give as much. The fact is, the man who purchases Saks clothes gets fitted without all the usual fussing, fuming, fretting, finicking and folderol incidental to a made-to-order garment.

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street

Men's Panamas at 4.50
values 6.00, 7.50 and 8.00

sale of fine Panama Hats ready for immediate service or to be blocked to your requirements

¶ Panama Hats in April implies that leave-taking of Spring, known colloquially as "What's your hurry, here's your hat." But the wide-awake man will read between the lines of this announcement that we have persuaded our importer into a big price concession by taking a consignment of Panamas ahead of time and thus opening up the season early. That's the fact of the matter, too.

¶ Guayaquil, Ecuador, is to the genuine Panama what the Mayflower is to an American with a family tree. It is the birthplace of all good Panamas, and if you will always remember that, you will not go wrong. The Ecuadorian Panama is the only Panama that runs clean and clear enough to render bleaching unnecessary, and that is some consideration when you reflect that bleaching takes the sap out of anything and puts a time limit on its usefulness.

¶ Half of the Panamas in this sale are blocked into six of the newest Spring styles. Half of them are just bodies, without shape, waiting to be disciplined into whatever shape you prefer, though we charge nothing for blocking. Values that are like a remittance from home!

Men's Washable and Silk Scarfs 28c
regularly 50c

Washable scarfs are the Summer awnings of the neckwear family.

¶ If we are a little early with these washable scarfs, it is because it is part of our business to lead the way. There are 3600 washable scarfs that are regular half dollar value and will launder without shrinking or fading. The maker is anxious to crowd Summer out of retirement and willingly paid a premium for our assistance—and yours. Also included in this sale are 4800 silk bat-wings and four-in-hands, but let us not stint the description for the sake of a paragraph or two.

3600 Washable Four-in-Hands in light and dark grounds. Made of mercerized cotton and silk and linen, with Russian cords in contrasting colors.

2400 Fancy Bat-Wings, in plain and striped effects as well as in those odd effects where the wings and the knot sail under different colors.

2400 All-Silk Four-in-Hands, in plain colors and striped effects, including an exclusive shape known as the Baby Four.

Broadway Saks & Company at 34th Street

¶ Lithography was invented in 1796 by Aloys Senefelder. Because he guarded the new art with secrecy little progress was made. The result was, he received a Woodrow Wilson pension from the King of Bavaria.

After 116 years, Lithography has come into its own—at least in our plant. We're particularly proud of some jobs that we've just completed. Samples to those interested.

CORLIES, MACY & CO.
Printers and Lithographers,
441 Pearl St. Phone, Worth 3792
Send for Monthly Magazine.

The First Factory

DO you realize when you leave home for your business that you are leaving a factory behind you? That raw materials are being converted there into finished products, flour into pastry, cloth into clothes? That your wife competes with the other men's wives in the dressing of her children, in the dainties on her table, in her tastily arranged living room?

And she reads her own trade journal. There she studies the market for the purchase of her raw products, and learns the alchemy of her cooking. A new recipe to her is a new steel process to you. New fabrics and patterns mean prettier house-dresses, neater school frocks, new curtains at the windows, and individuality and effectiveness in her appearance at the theatre.

She turns out comforts, necessities, luxuries, and lasting satisfactions for you, the chief consumer.

The trade journal becomes her clearing-house. She exchanges ideas there with other women. From it she learns to buy what they buy, to provide what they provide. She buys for herself—for the children—and for you.

Why not reach her through her Printers' Ink? Have you a new labor-saving device? The Ladies' Home Journal will put it in her kitchen. Have you a better lining? The Journal will sew it in her clothes. Have you good blankets or better sheeting? The Journal helps her make her beds.

Where is there a trade paper with this strength? The Ladies' Home Journal is trade journal to more than 1,750,000 women.

A book on the subject of advertising may be obtained gratis by those interested.

The Curtis Publishing Company
Chicago Philadelphia Boston
New York

The circulation of The Ladies' Home Journal is more than 1,750,000 a month. That of The Saturday Evening Post is more than 1,900,000 a week. We have reached this commanding position in our field by the same merchandising methods we propose to you.

CENTEMERI GLOVES

Gun Metal "Tranchant"
Distinctly Out-of-the-Ordinary 1.65
"FLORINE QUALITY"
Gun Metal Color; White Sewing, White Embroidery and White Welts.

296 FIFTH AVE
ONE DOOR SOUTH OF
31ST STREET

CARPET CLEANSING
By Compressed Air in Fire-Proof Building
FIRE-PROOF STORAGE
For Household Goods.
T. M. STEWART
438-442 WEST 51ST ST.
Formerly 326 7th Ave. Founded in 1863.
RING UP 3567 COLUMBUS

THE TIMES'S WIRELESS AND CABLE DISPATCHES

MR. SIMS'S SATIRE HOAXES LONDON

Police and Reporters Astir Over Genius with a Stolen Brain and Tiger That Might Have Talked,

BUT FOR WOMAN'S REVENGE

Killed Surgeon, Saved Baby's Vocal Cords, and Discovered the Whole Secret—Sims, Run Down, Owns Up.

LONDON, April 14.—The calm of the English Sabbath has been disturbed by a sensational story appearing in to-day's Referee, from the pen of George R. Sims, who during a long journalistic career has published to the world the inner histories of many crimes, which otherwise would have forever remained mysteries to the general public.

This story, which is as remarkable as any Mr. Sims has told in even the most thrilling of the melodramas he has written during the past twenty-five years, reads as follows:

"The London and New York police are engaged in investigating one of the most astounding and sensational criminal romances of modern or any other times. Briefly, here is the story:

"'Some few years ago Joseph Warschawski, (for obvious reasons I do not give his real name,) a youth of humble origin but brilliant intellectual attainments, mysteriously disappeared from London. His father, a working furrier in the East End of London, alarmed by his son's long absence from home and silence, communicated with the police.

"'Four years ago Joseph Warschawski was found quite by accident in a wretched east side tenement in New York. He was then a semi-imbecile and quite unable to give any information as to what had happened to him since his disappearance. One thing certain is that he could not have arrived at New York in that condition, as he would have been rejected as an undesirable alien.

"'Six months ago a famous New York surgeon, whose remarkable operations had from time to time staggered humanity, died. He was killed in his own laboratory, while attempting to place in the throat of a tiger cub the vocal cords of a new-born baby, who had just died. He was confident that he would be able to make the tiger talk. The mother of the baby, discovering what was happening, rushed into the laboratory and seizing a surgical knife stabbed the doctor to the heart.

"When the doctor's executors went over his papers they found a document in a sealed envelope which was of such a character that they felt obliged to place it in the hands of the New York police. The envelope was labeled "The Case of Joseph Warschawski."

A "Horrible" Confession.

"In this document the doctor confessed that while in London he had heard of the brilliant intellectual attainments of a poor young Polish Jew whose father was an East End workman. He made the acquaintance of the young fellow and invited him to some rooms he was then occupying near St. Thomas Hospital. There he administered a potion to the young man, which caused him temporarily to lose his memory, and with it the knowledge of his own identity.

"He then took passage for himself and his victim on the next steamer leaving Liverpool, and brought him safely to New York.

"The doctor's design from the first had been a daring one. He was a widower, with a son who, after giving the most brilliant promise, had been suddenly stricken with brain trouble and was rapidly approaching a condition of imbecility.

"A few days after the doctor's arrival he performed an extraordinary operation with the assistance of a colleague and two nurses, who were employed by him and were pledged to secrecy. The two young men, Joseph Warschawski, the brilliant genius, and the doctor's son, a partial imbecile, were placed under an anaesthetic, and then, by a remarkable surgical performance, the brilliant brain of Joseph Warschawski was transferred to the head of the doctor's son and the diseased brain of the doctor's son was transferred to the head of Joseph Warschawski.

"Both young men recovered from the operations, but the doctor's son rose from his bed a brilliant genius, and Joseph Warschawski was turned out into the streets of New York a partial imbecile.

"This story the police of New York and London are now investigating.

"The reason that no communication has so far been made to the press is that the doctor's son has become an eminent novelist and dramatist. At the present time he is in London. Two of his plays have already been produced with the greatest literary and artistic success, and a well-known London manager has just entered into a contract with him for a third, which is declared by those who have read it to be the master effort of the century.

"It is the reputation of this man of letters that causes the sensation on the part of the police authorities. It is a serious matter for the police to denounce publicly a man of European fame as a receiver of a stolen brain, especially as the author-dramatist is himself absolutely ignorant of the circumstances in which the stolen property come into his possession.

"But justice demands that something be done for the poor imbecile in New York who was so cruelly robbed of the mental endowment that would have brought him not only worldwide fame, but vast wealth. It is understood that the London authorities will do nothing until the Home Secretary, after consultation with the Attorney General, has given a decision in the strange case of Joseph Warschawski."

Forced to Admit the Hoax.

It was impossible, of course, for such a story to escape attention, and all day the police authorities have been bombarded by persons anxious for further particulars of the case. Mr. Sims went to Brighton with the object of enjoying a week-end rest, but he spent the enticing day in trying to avoid many persistent inquirers, who dogged his footsteps everywhere. He was glad to escape this evening to London, only to be confronted at the railway station by a small army of reporters, all primed with questions ready to fire at the veteran journalist.

In this respect it must be admitted that the hoax (for it was a hoax) reacted on Sims and somewhat took the edge off his enjoyment of it.

In explanation, Mr. Sims coolly observed that he had become rather envious of the monopoly which America has enjoyed in sensational stories of the description he recently read in a New York telegram announcing that an American millionaire had undergone an operation, whereby he had a portion of a child's brain grafted on to his.

This fired Mr. Sims's ambition to show Americans that London could turn out as good a story and with the above result.

HISSES FOR BUSONI OPERA.

Hamburg Audience Gives a Mixed Reception to First Production.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

BERLIN, April 14.—Signor Ferruccio Busoni, the well-known Italian pianist and composer, produced his first opera, "Die Brauthwahl," in the Hamburg Municipal Opera House last night and had a very mixed reception, catcalls and hisses at one time drowning the applause to such an extent that the composer found it expedient to remain behind the curtain.

The story of the opera is reminiscent of "The Tales of Hoffman." The critics think this piece suffers chiefly from an inferior plot. The music is for the most part acclaimed as tuneful and artistic and technically masterful.

UNITE TO FIGHT STANDARD.

German Oil Producers in League to Oppose American Company.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

BERLIN, April 14.—The "Protective League" of independent petroleum interests was organized in Berlin yesterday for the primary purpose of combating the "monopolistic practices" of the Standard Oil Company's German branch and of "advising the German Government what steps ought to be taken from time to time to fight the Standard Oil Company with legal measures." The President of the league is Walter Krauss, member of a Hamburg oil importing firm, and one of the Vice Presidents is Dr. Paul Schwarz, editor of Petroleum, a trade journal, which for years has led the German fight against Rockefeller's campaign for the conquest of the Fatherland.

HANGED AFTER 50 MURDERS.

Luzon Bandit Pretended to Have Superhuman Powers.

MANILA, April 14.—Felipe Salvador, the Luzon bandit chief, who had a record of fifty murders, was hanged this morning at Bilibid. Ten relatives and friends witnessed his execution.

Salvador was the leader of a band in Central Luzon more than ten years, but was captured in July, 1910. He pretended that he had superhuman powers, including the power of resurrection. He played on the religious fanaticism of the people, his followers being drawn from the most ignorant class.

KAISER'S TALK RAISES A TEMPEST AT HOME

Reported Praise of Italians a "Terrible Slander" on Germany, Says Berlin Post.

DEMANDS OFFICIAL DENIAL

Cologne Newspaper Calls Incident Example of Foreigners' Liberties and Cites "Garrulous Americans."

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

BERLIN, April 14.—The German press waited two days in vain for official denial of the statement that the Kaiser told the Italian Deputy, Cermenti, that he could conquer half of Europe if he had a people like the Italians.

Meantime a tempest of indignation is raging in the journalistic teapot. Die Post says:

"The German nation must demand an official denial of the words placed in the Kaiser's mouth, for if the utterance is true, it would be a most terrible slander and a crying ingratitude toward the nation, which showed only a few months ago how joyfully it was prepared to spill its blood on all battlefields whither the will of the Kaiser and national necessity might lead it."

The Cologne Volks-Zeitung declares the incident is a fresh example of the undue liberties taken by foreigners who are honored by an audience with the Kaiser, and especially by "garrulous Americans and Frenchmen."

FRENCH SMACK FOR WINE.

German Champagne Makers Send Product to Rheims for "Treatment."

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

BERLIN, April 14.—The manufacturers of the most popular brand of so-called "German champagne" have hit on a novel plan of sending their product in casks to Rheims, France, and having it "treated" by the world-famed process in vogue there before bringing it back to Germany in bottles for consumption.

The firm has bought a factory at Rheims for the purpose, and engaged a large staff of natives. It is explained that Germans, notwithstanding long instruction at the hands of French preceptors, have not acquired the knack of giving to "German champagne" the smack of the article as produced on the other side.

The German article now sells at $1.75 to $2.25 a quart, as compared with $3 and $4 demanded for French champagne, but even the native product is now likely to go up in price as a result of the duty which the French customs authorities will impose on the casked shipments, which are to be "remade" at Rheims.

REPORT 400 ARABS SLAIN.

Dispatches to Paris Say Italians Lost Heavily in a Coast Fight.

PARIS, April 14.—According to dispatches published here, an Italian force in attempting to make a landing on the coast of Tripoli came into conflict with the Arabs. After severe figting the Arabs retreated, leaving 400 dead. The Italians also lost heavily.

CONSTANTINOPLE, April 14.—The projected steps with reference to mediation by the powers with the object of settling the Turco-Italian war will be made by the Ambassadors separately on Wednesday.

Gunboats After Jolo Pirates.

MANILA, April 15.—A pirate raid is reported from Jolo, where a Japanese pearl fishing boat was found adrift and looted. The crew of the pearler are missing and are believed to be murdered. The Mataja Lighthouse has also been attacked and robbed, presumably by the same band. Gunboats have been sent to investigate.

The Newest Style from London

This new whipcord cloth-top Button Boot is the latest style which the high-class boot makers of London are showing. It will appeal to those desiring a smart and exclusive novelty.

Whipcord cloth-top Button Boot, with patent leather vamp

Hanan & Son
Six Broadway Stores
Broadway, corner 31st St. | Broadway, cor. Canal St.
Broadway, corner 38th St. | Broadway, cor. Fulton St.
1095 Broadway, near 23d St. | 297 B'way, near Duane St.
In Brooklyn at 390 Fulton Street

ESTD 1843

W. & J. SLOANE

SUMMER RUGS AND MATTINGS FOR TOWN AND COUNTRY HOUSES

Of particular interest at this season is our large and varied display of Summer Rugs.

In the deservedly popular Rag Rugs, we are presenting many delicate tones of blue, green, pink, lavender and French grey; Cretonne and Chintz effects and mottled grounds with striped borders, at prices from $1.10 to $25.00.

Our Old-fashioned, Hand-braided Rag Rugs—oval in shape—are excellent reproductions of those used by our forefathers in front of doorways and fireplaces. These rugs with their quaint and antiquated color combinations, when used with Colonial furniture, complete the effect so much desired. Prices $9.00 to $32.00.

For Porch or Bungalow use, we are showing Crex Grass Rugs, Mourzouk Fibre Rugs, Algerian Fibre Rugs, Dutch Fibre Rugs, French Fibre Rugs (oval) and Rush Rugs (oval). Prices from $1.25 to $38.50.

In Japan and China Matting, we offer many exclusive novelties of our own importation, goods which have passed government inspection, insuring the finest qualities. Prices 25c. to 65c. per yard.

Our perfectly appointed new building affords superb facilites for the display of floor coverings.

New Address
Fifth Avenue and Forty-seventh Street

Smith Gray & Co.
Foremost Clothiers Since 1845

Smith Gray & Co. clothes first, last and always are quality clothes, the fabrics, tailoring and styles being in every essential detail counterparts of the garments of the finer custom tailors.

The showing of dress, business, motoring and showerproof Spring Coats at 30.00, 35.00 and 40.00 is most convincing proof of this assertion.

The English, German and Belgian worsted velour and special weave serge suits in exclusive designs at 30.00, 35.00 and 40.00 are additional proof that these ready-for-service Smith Gray & Co. clothes are the equal in every respect to custom tailored garments of nearly double the cost.

Special Suits
Spring Suits, values to 22.50...... 15.00
Spring Suits, values to 25.00...... 17.50
Spring Suits, values to 30.00...... 21.00

Special Overcoats
Spring Coats, values to 22.50...... 15.50
Spring Coats silk lined, standard 25.00 values.................. 18.50
22.50 Rubberized English Slip-on Rainproof Raglans, silk lined.... 13.50

$30 Blue Serge Suits to your measure, $20
This is a finely woven, pliable, dressy serge, that will give you most excellent service—more than twenty models from which to choose—but the quantity is limited and the offering is only temporary.

Motor Clothes for Owners and Chauffeurs.

Smith Gray & Co.
Two Brooklyn Stores:
Fulton St. at Flatbush Av.
Broadway at Bedford Av.
Two New York Stores:
Broadway at Warren St. Across from City Hall.
5th Av., Bet. 27th & 28th Sts

"The Collection of An Amateur."
At the American Art Galleries
Madison Square South, New York
ON FREE VIEW 9 A. M. TO 6 P. M.
SPECIAL EVENING VIEW
To-morrow (Tuesday) from 8 to 10 o'clock
The Important
Buchanan Collection
which is rich in the works of the
Barbizon Masters
and their contemporaries.
Also Objects of Art and Furnishings
Including a Steinway Baby Grand Piano
TO BE SOLD AT UNRESTRICTED PUBLIC SALE BY ORDER OF THE TITLE GUARANTEE AND TRUST CO., Executor,
Joseph H. Fargis, Attorney.
At the American Art Galleries
Wednesday and Thursday Afternoons of This Week
at 2:30 o'clock, and
In the Grand Ball Room of
THE PLAZA
(FIFTH AVENUE 58TH TO 59TH STREET)
Thursday Evening of This Week at 8
The Sale will be conducted by MR. THOMAS E. KIRBY, of the
AMERICAN ART ASSOCIATION, Managers,
6 East 23d Street, Madison Square South, New York.

NEW JERSEY CENTRAL
THE FASTEST LINE TO Philadelphia
ONE HOUR & 50 MINUTES
YOUR WATCH IS YOUR TIME TABLE
EVERY HOUR ON THE HOUR
THE ONLY DOWN TOWN ROAD
Running fast hourly trains—from Jersey City to Philadelphia without CHANGE or TRANSFER. LEAVE LIBERTY ST., 7 A. M. to 10 P. M., and at midnight with sleepers. West 23d St. 10 minutes of the hour.
The Scenic Route. Dining Car Service De Luxe at Dining Hours.
Baggage carried with passenger if delivered at either terminal in reasonable time.
Hard Coal—No Smoke—No Tunnels.

The Provident Loan Society
OF NEW YORK

Loans from $1 to $1000 upon pledge of personal property.

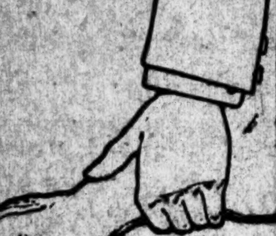
INTEREST RATES
One per cent. (1%) per month or fraction thereof.
One-half per cent. (½%) charged upon loans repaid within two weeks from date of making.

OFFICES
MANHATTAN AND BRONX
Fourth Avenue cor. 25th Street
Eldridge Street cor. Rivington Street
Seventh Ave. bet. 48th and 49th Sts.
Lexington Ave. Cor. 124th Street
Grand Street cor. Clinton Street
Courtlandt Ave. Cor. 148th Street
BROOKLYN
Graham Avenue cor. Debevoise St.
Pitkin Avenue cor. Rockaway Ave.

THE TIMES'S DAILY TRANSATLANTIC WIRELESS AND CABLE DISPATCHES

The Coward Shoe

"REG. U. S. PAT. OFF."



Restful Help

for the sagging ligaments of a weakened arch is given by the COWARD ARCH SUPPORT SHOE, whether sitting, standing or walking. The peculiar construction relieves painful conditions, and restores the arch structure to its rightful position.

Coward Arch Support Shoe and Coward Extension Heel, have been made by James S. Coward, in his Custom Dept. for over 30 years.

SOLD NOWHERE ELSE

JAMES S. COWARD

264-274 Greenwich St., N. Y.

(NEAR WARREN STREET)

Mail Orders Filled | Send for Catalogue

TO JUDGMENT CREDITORS OF

Interurban Street Ry. Co. New York City Ry. Co. and Metropolitan Street Ry. Co.

When the property of these roads went into the hands of receivers, the U. S. Circuit Court announced in more than one opinion that creditors who might have claims against the road, whether in suit or not, could not under equity practice participate in the proceeds of any property which might come into the hands of receivers unless they filed their claims with the Special Master and made proof of the same. At the same time it was stated that, if he preferred, any creditor might prove his claim in the court, State or Federal, instead of before the Master, and that a transcript of judgment would be accepted as sufficient proof of the claim. The Special Master advertised for claims, stating that they must be filed before January 15, 1908. In conformity with subsequent orders of the Circuit Court, claims were received as late as March 1st, 1910. Although more than two years was thus allowed to creditors in which to file their claims, it appears that in numerous instances attorneys for creditors failed to file such claims, owing to their own ignorance or carelessness. In order that no person holding a valid claim which has been reduced to judgment should, because of his lawyer's negligence, be deprived of the opportunity to share in whatever property there may be in receivers' hands, the Special Master by authority of the Court hereby gives notice that all such claims (which have not been already filed) may be filed with him at his office, Room 34, Cotton Exchange Building, Hanover Square, New York City, at any time prior to 4 P. M. on Tuesday, April 30th, 1912.

New York, March 28, 1912.

WILLIAM L. TURNER,
Special Master.

Chauffeur's Outfit Special at $43.50

Suit, Overcoat and Cap to Match

This most unusual offer is worth the attention of every car owner at this particular time, when the Spring and Summer change is being considered.

The suit, consisting of a Norfolk jacket and trousers of smart appearance, is light and cool enough for Summer; while the overcoat, a big, roomy, great-coat model, is just the thing for changeable Spring days and chill Summer nights.

The entire outfit—suit, coat and cap—is made of fine, durable whipcord in two shades of gray or tan, and we offer it special at $43.50. Your inspection, or that of your chauffeur, is most cordially invited.

We also display
An Outfit of Imported English Whipcord at $55
Other Outfits at $75.00 and $125.00

And, of course, other Motorwearables for Owners and Drivers

Brill Brothers

BROADWAY AT 49TH STREET
ON SALE AT THIS STORE ONLY

J. M. Gidding & Co.

OUTER APPAREL, MILLINERY, FURS
FOR WOMEN, MISSES and JUNIORS

It is not necessary to wade through a "medley" of mediocre things before getting to what the fastidious woman *really* wants—

HERE are assembled under one roof—six entire floors—Outer-garments and Millinery that have no counterpart—*anywhere.*

The Late Styles—many that but recently have been brought over from abroad—will be featured, beginning today, at our usual *sensible* prices.

Fifth Avenue at 46th Street

AMERICAN PASTOR IN LONDON PULPIT

First Sermon by the Rev. Dr. Broughton to His English Congregation.

NO EXPERIMENT, HE SAYS

Speaks of the Need for a Christian Ministry to the Rich and of Moral Legislation.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, April 14.—The Rev. Dr. Len Broughton, the new American pastor of Christ Church in Westminster Road, made his first appearance in the pulpit as the successor to the Rev. F. B. Meyer to-day.

Dr. Broughton opened his ministry in the presence of a large congregation, and explained the task which he had set himself in taking up an English pastorate.

An occasional touch of humor marked his discourse, as, for instance, when, having remarked that he regarded the cable announcing the call to that church as a joke, he added: "Perhaps the time may come when the officers of this church will wish it had been."

He explained that he was not undertaking the work in that pulpit as an experiment, as the fact that he was an American, and the congregation English, would be no bar to their working together for the advancement of the common cause of Christ.

Dr. Broughton declared that he would not be in that pulpit if he did not realize the need there was in this country for a great Christian ministry to the rich. He foreshadowed the establishment of a distinctly Christian hospital and a training school for Christian and professional nurses. Such a hospital was, he said, needed to-day not only for Christian ministry to the poor, but equally for those who were able to pay, and especially for the large class of people who were not able to pay.

With regard to politics, he should be neither Conservative nor Liberal, but should stand for moral legislation without regard to party.

CANADA LIFTS LABOR TAX.

Railroad Workers from Here Will Not Be Assessed $25 This Year.

FORT WILLIAM, Ontario, April 14.—Ports of entry along the international boundary have been notified by the Immigration Department that with few exceptions the usual $25 "good and welfare toll" required of those coming from the United States to work in Canada will not be required this year so far as railroad construction workers are concerned.

The conditions attaching to the lifting of the tax are that the entrant shall be in good physical condition, shall possess a ticket to his destination, and shall have a paper promising him work, or express his intention of engaging therein.

A large number of workers are wanted on the transcontinental lines this Summer, and it is expected that many will come from the lake ports to Fort William with the opening of navigation.

HOWLS GREET SUFFRAGISTS.

Scoffing Crowds Balk Their Speakers at Hyde Park Demonstration.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, April 14.—The suffrage demonstration organized in Hyde Park this afternoon to protest against the alleged forcible feeding of suffragettes now in prison for window smashing produced very noisy scenes.

There were three platforms, and in each crowd there was a strongly opposing element. Speeches were made with difficulty. Only at rare moments were the speakers allowed to proceed.

Sylvia Pankhurst spoke from two platforms, but cries of "Where's Christabel?" and the singing of songs in chorus made her task a hard one.

Her appeal for "a woman who is dying of torture, and who is at this moment facing death," met with howls and hisses.

On the second platform Miss Pankhurst had less opposition, and was able at times to deliver her speech with something approaching smoothness.

KAN-SU TO FIGHT REPUBLIC.

Mohammedans Threaten to Organize Army of 500,000 Men.

LONDON, April 14.—The Mohammedans at Lanchow-fu, Province of Kan-su, have decided to organize a force of 500,000 to resist the efforts of the republic, which they believe contemplates their extermination.

PEKING, April 14.—A manifesto, issued by the President of the republic, urges the fives races to amalgamate through intermarriage.

Gen. Sheng Yun, ex-Governor of Shensi, who last month began a march on Peking with a large number of troops, is irreconcilable but is unable to continue the struggle, his Mohammedan allies having accepted Yuan Shi-Kai's terms. It is reported that these include monetary compensations.

Pending the pacification of the troops in the south, Gen. Huang-Sing, Commander in Chief of Nanking, will continue to exercise, under the direction of the President, control over affairs in his districts, including civil, military, and diplomatic matters in the city.

A dispatch from Sian-fu says that refugees from Kan-su have arrived safely and are proceeding to the coast. Among the refugees are four Americans. The other foreigners are remaining in Kan-su.

VENEZUELA WARM TO SECRETARY KNOX

Spontaneous Popular Welcome He Received Caused Him to Exclaim.

AIR RANG WITH CHEERS

And Every Hat Came Off When "The Star-Spangled Banner" Was Played.

Correspondence of The Associated Press.

PUERTO CABELLO, Venezuela, March 25.—Conspicuous among the features of Secretary Knox's visit to Venezuela was the spontaneous friendliness of the populace. Thousands surged about the Secretary's carriage waving their hats, cheering and laughing, more like an American crowd than had been met with before in the Knox itinerary. Silence fell when he opened his mouth, and when he had concluded an address of which not one in a thousand had understood a word the air rang with cheers. But when compliments were paid in Spanish to the United States smiles lighted the faces of the throng. It did not take the natives long to learn the music of the "Star Spangled Banner," and invariably as the first bar sounded off came the hats, and this means something under a tropical sun.

Mr. Knox was delighted over the popular reception, and at the close of his set speech at the dinner given him by the President in the Palace of Miraflores the night preceding his departure, he exclaimed with frankness and feeling:

"I had not supposed that there was so great and generous hospitality in Venezuela."

An affair not on the official programme and to which Mr. Knox and Mrs. Knox, who shared the honors at all times with the Secretary, were not invited, was a bull fight. Those Americans who from curiosity looked in at the slaughter were greeted even more boisterously than were the matadores, and were quite prepared for the honor when the favorite of the bull ringside, after throwing his cloak into their box, announced that he was about to dispatch his four-legged foe "for the honor of the United States and our distinguished guests." A moment later he was tossed on the horns of the beast and all but gave up his life.

On the trip to-day from Caracas to this city where the Secretary rejoined the cruiser Washington, Mr. Knox was accompanied by President Gomez, Gen. Matos and many other officials. A stop was made at Maracay, where the President has a great estate.

The spirit of the festivities was the sympathy between the United States and Venezuela growing out of their struggles for independence and on every occasion the names of Washington and Bolivar were linked.

Silence of a century was broken to-day by the guns of Castillo de la Cabrera, commanding the eastern extremity of beautiful Lake Valencia in honor of the American visitors.

The fortifications were built of stone in the eighteenth century to protect Spanish settlers from the Indians. In the war of Venezuelan independence, the works were taken by the revolutionists, but because of their historic associations the conquerors decreed that their guns should not speak again.

The vow was broken by common consent, according to Matos, who called upon the Secretary of State to look into the faces of the crowd that surged about him and judge for himself whether the smiles and cheers were from the heart or prearranged.

SERVICES AT GRANT COFFIN.

Prayers for the Dead General Said in Governors Island Chapel.

The Sunday morning service in the Chapel of St. Cornelius the Centurion on Governors Island, in the nave of which rests the coffin containing the body of Major Gen. Frederick Dent Grant, was held as usual yesterday. During the service a nearly life-size painting of the Crucifixion was unveiled and blessed by the Rev. Edmund Banks, the Chaplain of Governors Island.

After the service in the chapel, and following the unveiling and blessing of the painting, there was a short service by the flag-covered coffin, in which the choir assisted. It was not a funeral service, but a prayer for the dead General. Chaplain Smith said that Gen. Grant had always taken an interest in the chapel, and when on duty in New York was seldom absent from his pew at the Sunday morning services.

The painting unveiled yesterday is by Isydoras Stoll, a Polish artist, who has been in America about five years. His conception of the Crucifixion differs from many in that it shows less of the suffering of the human Christ and more of the Godman. The picture is the gift of Chaplain Smith.

The body of Gen. Grant lies at the foot of the chapel nave. Eight men of the Twenty-ninth Infantry have taken up their quarters in the chapel basement, and will stand guard while the body remains in the chapel. Neither Gen. Grant nor Mrs. Grant ever actually joined the Episcopal Church, although both were regular in their attendance and much interested in St. Cornelius Chapel.

GRANT'S DAUGHTER COMING.

Princess Cantacuzene Sails from Bremen To-morrow for New York.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

BERLIN, April 14.—Princess Cantacuzene, formerly Miss Julia Dent Grant, arrives from St. Petersburg to-morrow and sails on the North German Lloyd steamship Kaiser Wilhelm II. for New York on Tuesday.

The Princess was aware of her father's illness, and had completed arrangements to hurry to his bedside when the news of his death came.

BOAT CAPSIZES, FORTY LOST.

Passengers Were Disembarking at Amoy When Disaster Happened.

AMOY, April 14.—A boat into which the passengers of the British steamer Seang Chun were disembarking capsized today, and forty persons, mostly women, were drowned.

The Seang Chun had just arrived here from Singapore.

Newspaper Club's Dinner.

The fourth annual dinner of the Daily Newspaper Club is to be held at the Waldorf on Wednesday evening, April 24. The Rev. John Haynes Holmes will deliver the invocation. There will be addresses by Charles H. Grasty, President of The Baltimore Sun; H. N. McKinney of N. W. Ayer & Son, J. P. Fallow of Adams, Meldrum & Anderson Company, and Herbert S. Houston, Vice President of Doubleday, Page & Co. The Daily Newspaper Club is a National association of newspapers organized for the promotion of daily newspaper advertising.

Used Piano Opportunities

Whether because of an improvement in general business or because of the merits of Sterling Pianos and Playerpianos becoming more widely appreciated than is the usual course of a constantly growing business, or because of a combination of these reasons, it is nevertheless a fact that during the months of January, February and March we have taken more pianos in exchange than during any other three months in our history.

Another interesting fact is that the registrations on our prospect books—for the next two months, when there is always a great deal of moving and changing of residences, and our busiest season next to the holidays—indicate that we will take in more instruments in exchange for

Sterling Pianos Playerpianos

than the same season in any other year of the fifty since the Sterling Company was established.

While it is true that most of the used Pianos to be taken by us during April and May will be leisurely put in order in the Summer for the Autumn business, we have actually become worried to know how to find room to properly store our used pianos so as to dispose of them in the usual course of business.

In fact, it is impossible to provide space for them—we must sell them quickly, and have marked thirty-four of them at prices that we believe no one who is looking for an absolute bargain in a piano can afford to overlook. We will also give you terms for payment that will be cheaper than renting.

From $40 to $235

J. & C. Fischer	$65	Jacob Brothers	$145
Arlington	$85	Ludwig	$150
Raven	$90	Horace Waters	$150
Pitt Brothers	$90	James & Holstrom	$150
McEwen	$95	Sterling (Cabinet Player)	$150
Steger	$100	Goetz & Co.	$155
Marryatt	$100	Chickering (Grand)	$160
Kring	$100	Estey	$160
Hallett & Davis	$115	Kring	$165
Tway	$115	Kranich & Bach	$165
Harmony	$125	Horace Waters	$175
Shoninger	$125	Mendelssohn	$175
Christie	$130	Sterling	$190
Pianola	$135	Huntington	$190
Hazelton	$140	Steinway	$220
Apollo (Cabinet Player)	$40	Kimball	$225
Aeolian (Organ)	$50	Sterling	$235

Open Evenings by Appointment

The Sterling Piano Co.

Manufacturers
Sterling Building
518-520 Fulton St., Corner Hanover Place, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Three Stirring Events Top This Morning's News From GIMBELS

No. 1—

Sale of the Stock of William S. Kinsey & Co.

"The Fifth Avenue Linen Store"
240 Fifth Avenue, New York

Including Fine Linens, Handkerchiefs, Women's Neckwear and Men's and Women's Hosiery

Mostly at Half or Less Than Half Of Kinsey's Former Prices Main Floor

No. 2—

An Unprecedented Sale of 3700 NEW Silk Dresses

For Women and Young Women
The $19.75 and $24.50 Dresses, Third Floor
The $5, $6.75, $12.50, $14.75 Dresses, Subway Balcony

As Fresh as the Flowers of Spring
Third Floor and Subway Balcony

No. 3—

A Sale of the Famous "Hartford-Saxony" Rugs

(In Discontinued Patterns)

At Much Below Regular Prices
Sixth Floor

And This News— For Good Measure

Women's $1.50 to $2.50 Nightgowns
At $1, $1.35 and $1.50 Second Floor

A 20 Per Cent. Reduction
On All Open-Stock Patterns
In Dinner China and Table Glassware
Fifth Floor

Imported White Novelty Cottons
95c a Yard, Regularly $2 to $4.50
Second Floor

Special Offer for This Week Only—
Men's Suits to Measure at $17.50
Subway Balcony

Home Dressmakers
Will Be Glad to Know
That Tomorrow Morning the
May Seris of Butterick Patterns,
The Delineator and Butterick Fashions
will be ready for your selection in our Patterns Section. Second Floor.

GIMBEL BROTHERS
BROADWAY NEW YORK THIRTY-THIRD ST

get that order now

Mr. Business Man, you can think right now of hundreds of instances where a Day Letter or a Night Letter would have saved the expense of a trip, captured a doubtful order, flashed an important inquiry and brought back the information on the jump.

Analyze your territory and you will find that Western Union Day Letters and Night Letters will add to your efficiency, multiply your customers and increase your sales.

THE WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH COMPANY

MISSIONARIES AIDING CAUSE OF JUDAISM

Rabbi Deutsch Tells Central Conference of Work Now Carried On Abroad.

DISCUSS CHRISTIAN SCIENCE

Rabbi Schulman Criticises Eddy Faith as Incompatible with Jewish Religion—Divorce Problems.

BALTIMORE, Md., April 14.—As an indication of the efforts to strengthen Judaism throughout the nations, Rabbi Gotthard Deutsch of the Hebrew Union College, Cincinnati, at to-day's session of the Central Conference of American Rabbis, pointed out that missionaries were being sent to foreign fields in an effort to induce Jews to hold fast to the tenets of the Jewish faith. Principally the address of Rabbi Deutsch deals with the difficulties which beset the way. He spoke of the adaptability of the Jewish character to that of the nation in which the Jew resides.

In a report by Rabbi E. N. Calish of Richmond, Va., Chairman of the Committe on the Religious Work in the United States, strong objection was made to college fraternities as subversive of discipline, study, and the democratic spirit that should pervade American educational institutions. For Jewish students it was recommended that organizations be formed for religious and intellectual purposes primarily, not for exclusively social activities, and that some one "on the order of a Young Men's Christian Association Secretary" be engaged to give his whole time to this work.

Rabbi Schulman praised the Government at Washington for what it had done on the Russian passport question, urged the teaching of the Jewish faith in the Hebrew language, pronounced Christian Science incompatible with the faith, and discussed the divorce problem. He said in part:

"It makes a tremendous difference whether the synagogue is being crushed by the arms of the destructive Russian bear or whether it is being inspired and protected by the contemplation of the flight of the majestic American eagle.

"As the religious leaders of the synagogue, we naturally take this opportunity to congratulate the National Government, Congress, and the President, and through them the American people, upon the clear and unmistakable enunciation of the principle that the United States cannot and will not allow any discrimination to be made by any Government in American citizenship, because of distinctions of race or creed. We congratulate them upon the act, which is now history, which was a splendid example of American idealism, and which told the Russian Government that the United States expected every Government to honor an American passport in the hands of any American citizen, irrespective of race or creed.

"One of the most important questions before the American people to-day is that of marriage and divorce. One of the most serious problems is that of the maintenance of the integrity and purity and spirit of self-sacrifice of the home, the family life, the cornerstone of our civilization. We have devoted papers and discussions to the questions of marriage and divorce. There are two extreme views with respect to divorce in the American world to-day. One is that no divorce, under any circumstances, should be given. And another makes divorce very easy, and thus we have a conflict of legislation in the various States.

"The synagogue ought to take stock of its own traditions—on the one and of its recognition of the indispensableness, in certain cases, of the possibility of divorce for the moral life of the Nation—and on the other hand, of its beautiful sentiment that inspired the Haggadah when it says that 'the altar weeps when two hearts are disunited by divorce,' thus bringing out that sanity and restraint which made, on the whole, for the happiness and virtue of Jewish homes.

"The synagogue ought also to encourage the State, in accordance with Jewish tradition, to legislate forbidding persons with certain diseases to enter the marriage relation, so that a certificate of health in certain cases, would be implied in the license for marriage, offered to the rabbi or the representative of any other church.

"If, as rumor has it, Jews, like others, are being influenced by the teachings of a denomination called the Church of Christian Science, it becomes our duty to investigate to what degree this is so. And for such purpose we have assigned papers and discussions on this theme.

"With any particular individual who through mental distress or physical suffering seeks what he considers remedies that are offered him by the practice of such a church, we should deal most tenderly. We should not estrange the brother. Heresy trials are contrary to the spirit of Judaism.

"But, on the other hand, when, as rumor has it, Jews formally enroll themselves as members of Christian Science churches and presumably subscribe to the tenets of Christian Science, some of which are opposed to the fundamental principles of Judaism, and when even officers of Jewish congregations find no inconsistency between membership in the synagogue and formal membership in the Christian Science Church, such persons should be told that such double allegiance is impossible, that membership in the synagogue is incompatible with formal membership in a Christian Science church, even as such membership would be incompatible with membership in any other Christian denomination.

BRONX DECALOGUE OF DON'TS

Borough President Miller Prepares One for His Subordinates.

Cyrus C. Miller, Borough President of the Bronx, has posted copies of a new decalogue in every department in the Bronx Borough Hall, at Third and Tremont Avenues. They are all "don'ts," and the Borough President has labeled them "Hints to heads of departments and other employes in the administration of the President of the Borough of the Bronx." This is the list:

1. Don't show anger.
2. Don't raise your voice.
3. Don't suspect people of intent to do wrong.
4. Don't tell people you suspect them of intent to do wrong.
5. Don't forget to try to deny a request, when you must deny it, in such a way that the petitioner is grateful.
6. Don't forget, when you find a citizen evading the law or playing a trick which must make you angry, if you have red blood, that self-restraint is a double victory—it saves your strength and disappoints him.
7. Don't forget that public officials are to help citizens, not to trouble them.
8. Don't forget that courtesy to fellow-employes makes for efficiency.
9. Don't forget that the Borough President will find it just as hard as any of you to live up to these hints.
10. Don't forget to read this every day.

To this list Mr. Miller affixed his official signature. He said the list was prompted by purely idealistic motives.

FIRE RAGES IN AUGUSTA, ME.

Starts in Hotel and Spreads to Theatre and Other Buildings.

AUGUSTA, Me., Monday, April 15.—A serious fire which started in the old City Hotel Building on Water Street just after midnight has spread to the Theatre Comique and other wooden buildings.

The flames were beyond control at 1 o'clock this morning.

CLOSE TO SLAYER OF LYNN MANUFACTURER

Police Say They Expect to Arrest To-day Man Who Murdered George E. Marsh.

CLUE IN NEW YORK STATE

Business Acquaintance Who Had Traveled Far to See His Victim Is Accused of Crime.

Special to The New York Times.

LYNN, Mass., April 14.—George E. Marsh, whose bullet-ridden body was found near the Point-of-Pines Boulevard, Friday morning, was shot to death in the vicinity of Mariana Street around midnight that morning, according to a new theory to-night based upon the testimony of six different persons who heard shots at that time. The street is near the Goodwill Soap factory, of which Marsh was the official head, and he may have met his death there or in a neighboring house.

It can be definitely stated that the Lynn police have narrowed their search down to two men and the evidence against one is so strong that to-night three inspectors left hastily to search for this man. The man whom the police are most anxious to talk with just now is the one seen near the mysterious runabout, and the same man who loitered near the Marsh home for several days previous to the murder and has since disappeared.

He is said to be a relative of Miss Orpha Marsh of Stockton, Cal., a niece of George E. Marsh. George E. Marsh was executor of estate of Orpha Marsh and an examination of the murdered man's papers shows that the two had not agreed. Money was said not to be sent as often as Miss Marsh believed was her due and she had written about coming to Lynn.

Instead of coming on herself, a relative from Stockton visited Lynn in her interests and, it is supposed, saw Mr. Marsh.

Inspectors Stacey R. Burckes and William F. Murray have gone to Maine and Inspector William H. Kane's destination is New York State. Chief Burckes refused to-night to tell what cities the men will visit, but declared that he has what he believes to be positive information as to the identity of the man. He added that if an arrest did not result within the next twenty-four hours he would be greatly disappointed. Where this arrest is likely to be made, the Chief declined to say, but he admitted that he looked for it to be made by members of his own department.

The police to-night have settled on one theory and have practically abandoned investigation on all other lines. They believe Marsh was murdered by a man with whom he was well acquainted, a man who traveled far to see him, lay in wait for an opportune moment, and on Thursday night induced his victim to enter an automobile for a ride.

The detailed information in the hands of the police which has led them to settle upon this theory, Chief Burckes refused to make public, but he declared that matters had been thoroughly investigated and that he was satisfied of the correctness of the theory.

A Boston taxicab driver is a very important witness who was found to-day. Coming along the Lynn Boulevard on what he admits was a joy ride early Friday morning, he saw a runabout stopped beside the road where later in the day the body of Mr. Marsh was found. The chauffeur saw that the car light was out and slowed up his machine, thinking that he might give assistance.

The runabout was empty, but between it and the fence stood a man staring straight into the glaring headlights of the taxicab. It was the face of a man about 40 years, smooth shaven, with a stern jaw. Taken altogether it was a strong face, says the chauffeur, and the expression on it was not soon forgotten.

The chauffeur shouted out to know if any assistance was wanted, and when no answer was returned let his machine go on its way, but he says he remembers that face, and is willing to meet any man who may be accused of the crime.

The headlights of the taxi also picked up the rear light of the runabout, and the chauffeur remembers that the number was in five figures, and that the first figure was 1.

The theory that Mr. Marsh was slain while riding along the boulevard is given a setback by the statements of those residents of Marianna Street, who tell of hearing shots fired early Friday morning. The Marianna Street residents live several hundred yards from the soap factory and about the same distance from the Chestnut Street homes of Caleb Marsh, brother of the victim, and Arthur Marsh, his nephew. The Marianna Street residents who told to-night of having heard shots early Friday morning are Miss Hannah Roome, who lives at 53 Marianna Street; James O. Shanks, a city department employe, who lives at 11 Marianna Street; John H. Cash, an employe of the General Electric Company, whose home is at 52 Marianna Street; Mary E. Ray of 10 Marianna Street, and Mrs. Sila Bath of 22 Marianna Street. Mrs. Shanks, her husband says, also heard the shots. All place the time as between 12 and 12:30 o'clock.

Developments may show that instead of being slain while in the factory or in the park, Mr. Marsh met his death while in some house.

FOR ANY ONE BUT HARMON.

So Bryan Starts for Ohio to Campaign for Gov. Wilson.

William J. Bryan made it clear yesterday afternoon in an interview at the Waldorf-Astoria, where he had remained as a guest following the Jefferson dinner of the National Democratic Club on Saturday night, that he was going to carry his fight for a progressive candidate into the enemy's country, and that he was fixed in his determination to oppose the nomination for President of Gov. Harmon of Ohio. Mr. Bryan left at 5 o'clock for Ravenna, Ohio, where he is to speak to-night in favor of Gov. Woodrow Wilson.

"The fact that I am going to speak in favor of Gov. Wilson," explained Mr. Bryan, "is not significant, nor should it be taken as an indication that I am committed to him as opposed to any other bona fide progressive candidate. The only candidates in the field in the Ohio primaries are Gov. Harmon and Gov. Wilson, and I am determined not to allow the opportunity to pass to express my disapproval of Gov. Harmon and the reactionary element in the party which he avowedly represents."

Mr. Bryan declared himself as delighted with the reception which had been accorded to him at the Jefferson dinner Saturday night.

"The evidences of party harmony on all sides gave me deep, personal satisfaction," he said, "as did also the enthusiasm with which the declarations in favor of progressive Democracy by several of the speakers, including Gov. Wilson, were received. Only the most selfish servants of the interests can be blind to the fact that progressive political ideas are growing in favor throughout the country, and I am delighted to find that representative Democrats are practically unanimous in the opinion that the party of Jefferson shall not lead a retreat.

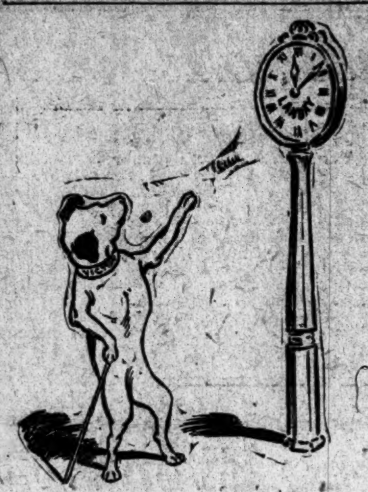
"It is the growth of progressive political ideas that is to-day rending apart the Republican Party, which for years has been the servant of privilege. If the people are aroused to such an extent that they are willing to forget party lines, it would be political suicide for the Democratic Party to sell itself to Wall Street. I am confident that next November will witness the greatest political revolution in the history of the country.

"If the Democratic Party remain true to its traditions it will once again be put in control of the destinies of the Republic. It is no time to falter in our course, and I do not believe that we are going to falter. The rank and file of the party will prevent that, and the new leaders who have come to the front during the past two years will demonstrate their fitness and their loyalty to their trust by uniting to prevent any betrayal of the party into the hands of the money power which has fought us so consistently and for so many years."

Mr. Bryan smilingly declined to name the new party leaders whom he believed to be progressives or to give a list of progressive candidates who might be acceptable.

"I am not committed to any one candidate," was all that he would say. "There are a large number to choose from, and they have all demonstrated their fitness. All that I can say I have said many times before."

Gov. Wilson, who was also registered as a guest at the Waldorf-Astoria, left early in the afternoon on an extended trip through the South. So far as could be learned he did not hold any conference with Mr. Bryan, although he paid a brief visit to the room of the Nebraskan shortly before leaving. Gov. Wilson was not with Mr. Bryan for more than five minutes, and it was explained later that his visit was merely one of courtesy.



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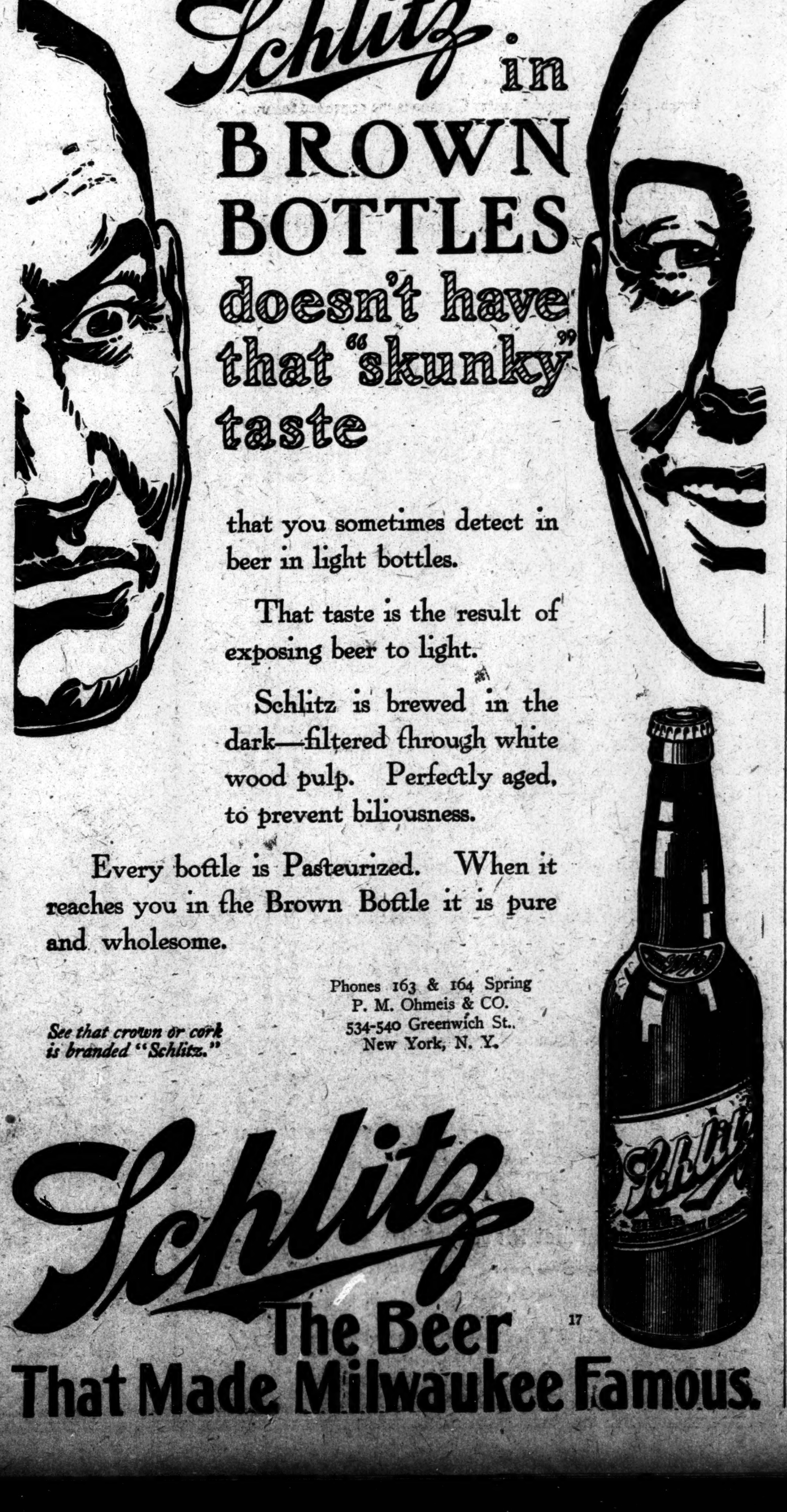

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The Beer
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17

Smith Gray & Co.

But four times a year can we make an announcement like this

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Here are four thousand Summer Shirts made up by one of the foremost shirt makers of Troy from the season's accumulations of short lengths, which, through special arrangement, come to us four times a year.

The fabrics are the choicest patterns of the season—the very best selling designs this very successful maker had, as evidenced by these short lengths.

The quality of the fabrics is the same as that regularly used by the better makers in their 1.50 shirts, and, in some instances, those of higher price.

The full cut, perfect fitting models, the fine finish in every detail, the excellent tailoring and the fine laundering are all the same as those with which you have heretofore identified 1.50 and 2.00 quality in shirts by the better makers.

You may make your selection from plain negligee and pleated bosom models in upwards of a hundred popular correct and exclusive designs—in all sizes from 13½ to 18, in all sleeve lengths.

'Tis an opportunity of which the wise will avail themselves to secure their whole Summer supply.

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Two Brooklyn Stores:
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direct attention to their exceptional facilities for the

DRY AIR COLD STORAGE OF

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Special Concessions in Prices for Altering or Repairing Furs during the Spring and Summer. Lace Curtains Cleaned at Moderate Cost and stored free of charge.

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FURNITURE SLIP COVERS

for which a large variety of Cretonnes, Cotton Damasks and Linens is shown to select from.

AWNINGS FOR WINDOWS AND PORCHES

of the best quality awning stripes, also novelties in tinted duck with stenciled designs to conform with the architecture of houses.

WINDOW SHADES

of King's Scotch Holland with Hartshorn's Tin or Wood Spring Rollers. Samples and Estimates Promptly Submitted.

West 23d and 22d Streets

B. Altman & Co.

HAVE IN STOCK AT MODERATE PRICES

CHOICE DRESS SILKS

SUCH AS CRÊPE DE CHINE, CRÊPE METEOR, POMPADOUR CHIFFONS, CHINA SILKS AND LIBERTY SATINS, ESPECIALLY SUITABLE FOR MISSES' AND GIRLS' AFTERNOON AND EVENING FROCKS.

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York.

DR. DOTY'S NEW WORK DISEASE PREVENTION

Former Health Officer Maps Out a Field as a Consulting Sanitarian.

BUSY IN LABOR SETTLEMENT

Declares There Is Need for the Service in Every Mining and Manufacturing Town.

With the difference that hereafter it will be carried on under private instead of public auspices, the work of Dr. Alvah H. Doty is to continue from now on along the lines pursued before Gov. Dix ended his sixteen years of service to the people of New York as the Health Officer of their chief port. Dr. Doty has picked out a set of offices in lower Manhattan, and has chosen the title of "Consulting Sanitarian." In that capacity he has already served one client, a mining operator, who called upon him to eradicate an epidemic of smallpox among his employes. The smallpox was driven out of camp before it had attacked more than one man beyond the victim who brought it in.

Dr. Doty has made an alliance with a large medical laboratory in this city, and within two weeksh will formally announce his entrance into what for him is a new field only in name. At his home at 120 West Fifty-seventh Street Dr. Doty was informed yesterday by a TIMES reporter that his plan to become a Consulting Sanitarian had become known, and he was asked to talk about the possibilities of his new work as he saw them.

"In the first place," he said, "I am not attempting anything novel among sanitarians, although there never has been a private citizen who devoted himself entirely to this line of endeavor. I am pioneering only in the sense that former Fire Chief Croker is pioneering in his work for fire prevention.

Prevention the Aim.

"Prevention is to be the very keynote and constant motto for my efforts. Sanitarians are through working for cures; they are one and all back to the fundamentals and the art of stopping epidemics before they get a start.

"In that work early notice of the appearance of an infectious disease is the most important necessity. Give us an early start, and we will attend to the rest along lines first laid down in the work of Dr. Walter Reed and his associates, who discovered that mosquitos carry yellow fever.

"The chance to duplicate the work of Dr. Reed, and the work of the Government sanitarians in Cuba, the Philippines, and Panama, exists to-day in practically every mining camp and manufacturing and smelting town in this country. And where the corporation owns the land and the houses of the employes, a field is offered in which immediate action can be had.

"To stop epidemics among the employes of large business concerns is to be our first endeavor. And while we work in this field of sanitation on a large scale, I hope to make my offices a laboratory in which there will constantly be developed data on all of the most modern discoveries as to methods in disease eradication.

"These methods, as fast as developed, will be accessible to any doctor having a special problem of disease eradication to face. It may be in one case typhoid fever among smelter hands, in another, smallpox among the employes of a large mill, or typhus fever, which brings down its victims by the scores per day once it secures a start.

The Way to Fight Smallpox.

"An incident that happened a short time ago will illustrate how the new science I hope to follow makes itself effective. A young doctor called me to a small town up State. He had found a case of smallpox and was in doubt what to do. It was the only case in town, he said, and he was sure there had been no other case. He was afraid he himself had brought the disease in 'on his clothing' from another town and was proceeding on that theory.

"It was the standard theory for the ordinary physician. It is the theory we know as the 'fomites' theory, and I guess it has cost more lives in disease epidemics and has cost more treasure in ponderous methods of wholly useless fighting than we would care to see totaled up.

"The doctor had his man quarantined. If he had kept right on that way he would soon have had to quarantine most of those in the town. If modern sanitarians are convinced of any one thing it is that it is absolutely silly to disinfect the clothing and bedding of healthy persons to prevent the spreading of disease. Disease emphatically is not carried on clothing or on things. It is carried by persons—and by insects.

"I laughted at the zeal of my young friend, and told him he was dead wrong—that the surest thing about his case of smallpox was that it had a father and a mother and relatives, and that we had positively to hunt down preceding cases in that very town before we should ever make an effective stand against the disease.

"I told him it was silly to think of the disease coming in on the clothing of a person not infected. I secured a list of the sick man's relatives. I told him persons and not things carried smallpox, and I asked him with whom he had visited before taking ill. We secured a long list of people. It was tedious work to visit them all. But one day, four miles away from the home of the sick man, we came across a man driving down a road in a buggy. I stopped him and questioned him and soon learned he was on our list. He was a cousin of the sick man.

"And on his face were smallpox blotches not yet healed. He was in fact driving around in a condition fully adapted to the spreading of the disease throughout the community. This man, we found, had been visiting in another town. The disease had attacked him in a light form, so slight that he did not notice the fever. He was the man we were looking for—the real disease carrier who had brought it in. We isolated him and those he had mingled with and kept close watch upon them, and in a short time I could leave the work, knowing that the danger period was past.

"There is no end to development of the discovery about the mosquitos and yellow fever. We are just finding out that vermin do the work we have long blamed on other agencies."

Dr. Doty was asked how he came to choose the work he has decided to follow. He said that employers of large bodies of men had besieged him with requests and had decided the matter for him by giving him all the work he could attend to for some time.

NEWSBOYS TO HAVE BENEFIT

The Money Will Help Fit Up Historical Society Building for a Home.

Thirty thousand dollars is needed to remodel the New York Newsboys' Home Club, at Second Avenue and Eleventh Street. The building, which is to become the headquarters of all the newsboys of the city, was formerly the New York Historical Society Building. It was recently purchased for the newsboys with the understanding that the general public would be asked to pay for the interior furnishings.

To that end the newspapers of the city are working together to provide the necessary $30,000, and William Harris, the theatrical manager, has agreed to stage a big benefit at the Hippodrome on Sunday night, May 5.

The bill will include many artists now in the country. There will be great singers, and scenes from well-known Broadway plays will be acted. A few headliners in vaudeville will also appear.

The old building which is to be the home of the newsboys is a stone structure, built in 1855. From 1857 to 1908 it was the home of the Historical Society. It is one of the landmarks of the east side.

The assembly halls and executive rooms on the ground floor, it is planned, will be converted into a library for the newsboys. Overhead, in the nooks where bookworms used to spend their days, there will be a running track and a gymnasium. The home will also include a dormitory for homeless boys. In the basement there will be a large swimming pool.

Dreadnoughts Florida and Utah Here.

The dreadnoughts Utah and Florida of the First Division of the Atlantic Fleeet, arrived from Hampton Roads yesterday afternoon. The two battleships, now the biggest in the American Navy, will go to the navy yard. The Florida is now the flagship of Rear Admiral Aaron Ward, commanding the First Division of the fleet.

FIND BODY OF HUNTER WHO DIED IN STORM

Dr. Carl Clemens and His Two Friends Had Perished Early in January.

WIDOWS ALWAYS KEPT HOPE

Men Whom They Urged On in Long Search Watch the Body Brought Ashore at Bayshore, L. I.

Special to The New York Times.

BAYSHORE, L. I., April 14.—Most of the residents of this place gathered on the waterfront of Great South Bay this afternoon to watch the bringing ashore of the body of Dr. Carl Clemens, one of the three men who went out in a power boat to hunt ducks on the first day of the notable January storm, and were never seen or heard from again, although hundreds of persons had searched over Great South Bay on ice scooters and had explored every nook and inlet of the five islands lying along its ocean front.

Most of them had been participants in the long hunt of January and February. The body of Dr. Clemens was washed ashore on Short Beach Island, five miles west of Fire Island. It was off the inner coast of this island that the power boat in which Dr. Clemens and his companions had set out from Bay Shore was located by the searchers, frozen fast in an ice pack. No trace has yet been found of the bodies of Edwin S. Bailey and Thomas Veltman, the hunting companions of Dr. Clemens, who perished with him.

While the body of Dr. Clemens was being lifted from a launch of the Fire Island Life Saving Station, Mrs. Clemens, who had been notified at Washington, D. C., of the recovery of her husband's body, was hurrying here on a fast train. There was much tense feeling here over the recovery of the body, and hundreds followed with bared heads while it was carried to a local undertaking establishment. A painful feature of the long search was that Mrs. Clemens and Capt. Veltman's bride of a month resolutely refused to believe that their husbands were dead, and urged the searchers to their work day after day when no one else had the slightest hope that the search would come to anything.

In its last two weeks the searcherr worked only because they did not dare to tell the women that they had abandoned hope.

It was Mrs. Veltman, the young widow of the man who had charge of the power boat in which Dr. Clemens and Bailey were passengers, who first made certain that it was the body of Dr. Clemens that had been recovered. She recalled that he had always worn two large diamond rings, and two such rings were found on the third finger of the left hand of the man washed up on Short Beach Island.

Capt. George Van Nostrand, of the Short Beach Life Saving Station, called up Mrs. Veltman on the telephone early this afternoon. He reported to her that while walking along the island he had approached what he thought was a bit of driftwood entangled in sea weed. As he drew near he noticed a glint of something bright shining up through the shallow water, and was attracted by it. On looking more closely he noticed a man's hand, and that the bright object was a large diamond set in a ring. He called for help from the life saving station, and on searching the body found $47 in bills in a wallet in an inside pocket of the coat, but nothing to indicate the man's identity.

Mrs. Veltman's identification was backed up by a relative who recognized the clothing on the body, he said, as that worn by Dr. Clemens on Jan. 5, when the hunting party set out for a hunting lodge belonging to Mr. Bailey on Short Beach Island, and later Mrs. Clemens herself arrived, with Mrs. Bailey, and said she was certain that the body was that of her husband.

The fact that Dr. Clemens had not removed any of his clothing seems to show that the three men died together through the swamping of a small rowboat in which they had tried to reach shore after their power boat had become frozen in the ice.

Scores of searchers set out in power boats after the finding of the body had been reported for Fire Island, Little Fire Island, Caesar, Holland, and Short Beach Islands in the hope that the other two bodies might be recovered somewhere along the beaches.

ARREST BANK OFFICIALS.

Accused of Concealing $60,000 Loss by Teutonia of New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, April 14.—Eugene F. Buhler, President of the Teutonia Bank and Trust Company of New Orleans, and Joseph H. Gomila, a Director, were put in the parish prison here to-night charged with making false statements to the State Bank Examiner and concealing the true condition of the bank.

Frank J. Braud, a former cashier of the same bank, and now a public accountant, was arrested at the same time, charged with embezzling $60,000 of the bank's funds. The arrests were made after an invehtigation by District Attorney St. Clair Adams. The bank is a State institution.

MURDER UNDER THE LAW.

Rabbi Wise Calls for an End of Legalized Taking of Human Life.

Rabbi Wise, speaking at the Free Synagogue in Carnegie Hall yesterday morning on the Sixth Commandment, "Thou shalt do no murder," condemned various forms of legalized murder, saying:

"War and capital punishment are two legalized forms of murder. In truth, capital punishment is indefensible on any ground. Punishment ought to be reformative in character; surely electrocution is not that. As for protecting society, protection can be secured by the permanent segregation of the criminal.

"'Thou shalt do no murder' needs to be said to a generation in which the fundamental barbarism of lynching goes unchecked and almost unrebuked. Lynching is not always for the unspeakable crime; but lynching is always in itself the unspeakable crime. Negroes are lynched for committing crimes for which white men would go unpunished.

"'Thous shalt do no murder' moves us to demand protection for the lives of the worker. Compensation laws and safeguards in the event of loss of life or hurt to limb are good, but better still is adequate and complete protection. Industrial accidents and occupational diseases must go. We demand safety for the worker even as there is now security for the idler. The work of the toiler ought to be at least as free from peril as are the recreations of the leisurely.

"The most potent single force against war is too often suffered to lapse into abeyance—the code of international morals. As long as we believe that war must be it will be. To believe that war is inevitable is to make it so. If we but are mindful that we are the makers of war we will not forever suffer war to unmake and to undo us. One article of the general faith in war, which means unfaith in man, is the belief that nations must ceaselessly prepare for war.

"We shall not have an end of that glorified murder which is war through the decision of Kings or the decrees of statesmen. The people, who have ever waged war, will end it, and they alone. The advent of woman into the life of a nation may mean the beginning of an end of war. Man makes war; woman breaks war."

FOUNDED 1856

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MEN'S & BOYS' CLOTHING, HATS & FURNISHINGS

Your *other* Suit may need a rest

Another Suit from our Spring displays will not only help out your wardrobe, but will break the monotony of constant association with the same Suit day after day.

There's no monotony in the patterns, styles or materials we are showing.

Subdued patterns and colorings seem to be in high favor, but we've any number of sprightly patterns for men who like them.

Bright Haberdashery with quiet Clothes is the approved fashion.

We sell Furnishings, and Hats too.

Astor Place & Fourth Avenue
SUBWAY AT THE DOOR—ONE BLOCK FROM BROADWAY

Frisbie Collars

Say "Frisco" to the collar man.
Choice of 3 heights.
Snug fitting, lock front.
Sufficient scarf space.
Hand made, 4 ply.
15¢ 2 for 25¢
FRISBIE COON & CO.
MAKERS
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We patented the best type of rubber stud tread years ago. Our imitators are now struggling with the inferior designs.

Republic Rubber Co. of N. Y.
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"Staggard Tread," Pat. Sept. 15, 22, '08.

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AMERICAN
The World's Safest Car

A remarkable Improvement *in* Automobile Construction

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ALWAYS READY
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A Stranger to the Repair Shop.

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Tirely Satisfied thank you

Co-operating for Your Profit

Once there was a Danish manufacturer of green soft soap who couldn't keep his soap from *freezing*. And there was a Russian manufacturer of green soft soap who couldn't keep his soap *green*. They told each other their laboratory secrets, and all of Northern Europe now uses their green soft soap.

United States Tires

are made with all the secrets of manufacture, all the elements of strength that *four* great tire manufacturers know. It is *inconceivable* that they should not be better tires than those made by each manufacturer before he possessed all the tire knowledge, all the tire skill of the three others. Yet United States Tires

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1913
Immediate Delivery

Spring is a more logical time to buy a new motor car than midsummer. If you purchase now, you will have the use of the car through the long, warm days when motoring is most enjoyable.

Peerless Motor Cars for 1913 are ready for immediate delivery.

There are three six-cylinder sizes, "38-Six", "48-Six" and "60-Six". Roadster, torpedo and touring bodies of great beauty, ample roominess and unapproached comfort will seat from three to seven passengers.

The Peerless six-cylinder motor has an exceptionally long stroke; it therefore possesses in an unusual degree the long-stroke advantages—flexibility, greater power and smoother action at low speeds.

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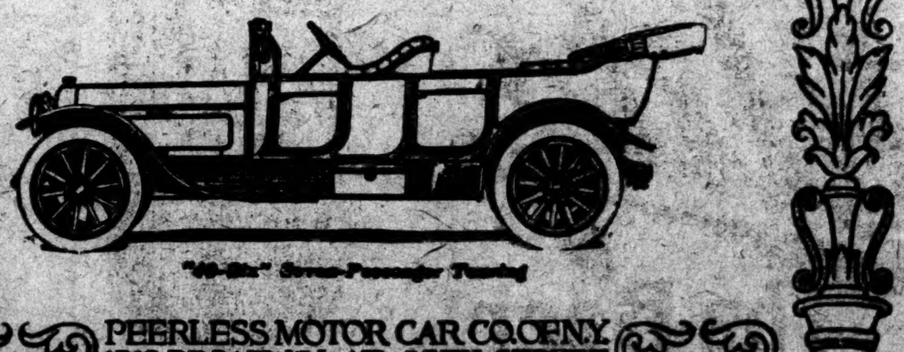
Ask for a demonstration



"48-Six" Seven-Passenger Touring

PEERLESS MOTOR CAR CO. OF N.Y.
1760 BROADWAY AT 57TH. STREET
1384 BEDFORD AVE., BROOKLYN
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Why The Stearns-Knight Has Caught On So Quickly

¶ The Stearns-Knight has been tried and tested in the hands of hundreds of users. It has more than fulfilled every claim made for it. In the aggregate, Stearns-Knight cars have covered millions of miles in actual road service and ***not one single fault or weakness has developed.*** Could any proof be more eloquent?

¶ The Stearns-Knight motor stands as the finest automobile power plant ever built. It is the choice of New York's most discriminating motor car buyers. And the balance of the chassis is of standard Stearns construction.

¶ In ease of riding and luxury of appointment, the Stearns-Knight has no equal in the markets of the world. Its spring suspension is ideal. It smooths out the roughest country roads and swings along with perfect ease at *any* speed.

¶ Its upholstery is thick, deep and luxurious. Combined with the ideal springs, the Stearns-Knight offers riding qualities hitherto unknown. The whole car is silent, powerful and sturdy. It has the standard Stearns qualities of ruggedness and long life. The motor after years of use develops more power than when new.

A FEW NEW YORK OWNERS OF STEARNS-KNIGHT CARS

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¶ There is only one way to judge this car. Ride in it—subject it to the most severe tests. A spin in this car is a revelation. The even, steady pull of the motor cannot be described. It offers a new sensation in motoring.

¶ The new spring series of Stearns-Knight have arrived. They embrace the latest, up-to-the-minute features. Our demonstrators are at your service at any time.

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NEW YORK, MONDAY, APRIL 15, 1912.

TO MR. TAFT'S MANAGERS.

It is a misfortune, not alone for William H. Taft, not alone for his party, but for the Nation, that the great industrial State of Pennsylvania, a great Republican State as well, should have been overcome by the onslaught of the destroyer. A misfortune it is assuredly, since it is another proof that this greatest democracy of all time, a democracy now approaching the middle of the second century of its existence, is not yet secure against the chief peril that besets democracies—the ambitious, plausible, selfish, and conscienceless demagogue. But if Mr. Roosevelt's triumph in the Pennsylvania primaries be a misfortune, it is not disaster, it is not overthrow. Let him be able and persuasive, let him be adroit in making or seizing upon issues with which a considerable part of the people may easily be deceived, and the demagogue may disturb the judgment of many of us, he may at times alarm all of us, but the collective wisdom and sound sense of the American people have always been our sufficient safeguard. We hope they will always be sufficient.

The election of a majority of Roosevelt delegates in the Pennsylvania Republican primaries is not a disaster to President Taft; it is only a reverse. It does not give even faint promise of ultimate victory to Mr. Roosevelt. It is not humanly and politically possible for him to secure a majority of the Chicago Convention. Excluding Pennsylvania altogether, Mr. Taft now has 337 delegates either pledged to his candidacy or favorable to it. Of the twenty-three States in which Republican delegates are yet to be chosen, it is easy to name fourteen which may with entire confidence be counted on to send Taft delegates to the convention. These States will have 232 delegates, which added to his present total of 337, will give Mr. Taft 569 supporters, or 29 more than a majority in the convention. The whole number of delegates is 1,078, a majority is 540. And this reckoning does not include Mr. Taft's own State, Ohio, with 48 delegates to be chosen May 21, of which the President will have a large majority, if not the entire number. Nor does it include the La Follette delegates, now 36, which will go to Mr. Taft, or at any rate are opposed to Roosevelt.

In spite of Illinois, in spite of Pennsylvania, in spite of any possible dissension that may be stirred up in Ohio, a survey of the field leads inevitably to the conclusion that Mr. Taft will be nominated on the first ballot, and excludes every shadow of possibility that Mr. Roosevelt can secure more than an impotent minority.

In this position of the forces it may be appropriate to address a few words to the managers of Mr. Taft's ante-convention campaign. They have not given the impression that their efficiency is equal to their responsibility. We have heard much of the statistical output of their works in Washington, something less than was to be desired of their activities in the States where Mr. Roosevelt has held the attention of the people by his dervish dances and his oratorical rigadoons. In Maine the hostility of the Hale family to the Administration and of the farmers to the dead and gone reciprocity agreement abetted the Colonel's purpose, and of well-organized effort to resist and overcome these influences little was heard. In Illinois the fight for Mr. Taft was left to be made by the Lorimer machine, already so odious to the Republicans of that State that they had determined to smash it, and of that resolve Mr. Roosevelt and his managers made the best possible use. Pennsylvania was intrusted to Senator Penrose, against whom, as against Lorimer in Illinois, there is deep resentment which is reflected in the result of the primaries. Moreover, the Senator, with quite unwarranted complacency, counted upon the disjointed machinery of his organization to prevail without special effort in the dangerous emergency created by the co-operation of Col. Roosevelt with an energetic rival boss in Pittsburgh. The reverses suffered in these States stand as evidence of inefficient campaigning. Mark Hanna, Zachariah Chandler, and Arthur P. Gorman were not distinguished as moralists, but at least they knew how to take care of States.

We say these things, not in reproof or an unreasonable criticism of Mr. Taft's managers, but to arouse and encourage them to put heart and vim into their work. To them is intrusted the defense of their party and of the country against a dangerous assault. Mr. Roosevelt's instant profiting by the labor troubles in the anthracite region points with unmistakable directness to the quarter where the peril lies. Once he helped these men in a strike; they believe he would help them again and always as often as they have fresh demands to make. Trouble, unrest, discontent, and disorder are the very substance of his strength. He feeds on them, profits by them, and by them he promotes his purpose of revenge upon the Administration. There is not an honest man in the land who can say with full conviction that President Taft by any act of omission or of commission has deserved the reproof of repudiation by his party. The sentiment against him has been artificially engendered by Theodore Roosevelt and his band of sycophants and place-hunters, and by the ignorant, deluded phantom-chasers of the Populistic school, by men of the "seven little Governors" type. Among them all there is not a Republican leader of consequence, not a man who stands forth as a recognized representative of public opinion in this country. It is not American public opinion, it is a devastating, revengeful power that animates and sustains the Roosevelt foray. That is its inspiration, and whatever faith those who are its abettors may put in his furious professions of a public purpose, of a purpose to serve and save the people, the end and aim of it is to destroy President Taft, and he cares not if in achieving that design he destroys the Republican Party.

Upon the men who are directing Mr. Taft's campaign rest the duty and the responsibility of both seeing to it that the people are not misled by this raging demagogue, and of keeping their heads in the face of these recent reverses. They must fortify themselves against the timid counsels of those who would persuade them to accept a compromise, to turn to some other candidate. Their candidate, the candidate desired by the great mass of their party, can be nominated and will be nominated on the first ballot if they are zealous and energetic in their work. They will be told, they have been told, that if Mr. Taft cannot win the support of his party in great Republican States like Illinois and Pennsylvania he would not carry them in November, and that his nomination would invite certain defeat. Let them observe attentively the situation of their opponents. Is it probable, does it indeed now seem possible, that the Democrats will present a candidate any more worthy of public confidence, any more likely to receive the support of the sober-minded Democrats of the East than was their candidate in 1896, 1900, and 1908? Does it require the gift of the seer and of the prophet to picture forth the issue that will confront the voters next November, the great issue between blind adventuring in new paths upon the one side and a sound faith in our Constitution and in our institutions, a belief in sound principles of government and wisdom and sane conservatism with safe progress upon the other? To doubt that, with such a decision at stake, the electorate would disregard party lines as it did four years ago, twelve years ago, and sixteen years ago is to doubt that the republic will endure. Besides, there was a memorable and bitter ante-convention fight in 1880 in the Republican Party, yet the party was united and victorious in the electoral contest. Let Mr. McKinley and his associates take comfort of that precedent when talk is heard of lost States.

MR. SATTERLEE'S PLATFORM.

An intelligent and energetic dreamer may have a useful function in a democratic society. On that account we welcome the suggestions of Mr. Herbert L. Satterlee with reference to a National platform given in The Sunday Times yesterday. Needless to say they are not presented with any expectation that either party or any new party will accept them all. But we should say that the Democratic Platform Committee might study them with profit and pick out a few on which plain, honest utterance would command interest, respect, and confidence.

For one thing, Mr. Satterlee has worked out a principle for the regulation of business which, with careful study and skillful and upright application, would probably yield practical results of no small value. Here it is, in its most summary form:

> Let the sole test in every case be: "Does the business in question receive Government protection or assistance?" If so, regulate it. If not, leave it to achieve its destiny—untrammeled and unterrified. As to unprivileged, unprotected business, the inexorable law of supply and demand will govern prices and wages. All other schedules are artificial, inelastic, and impracticable.

This principle applies first, of course, to all business which is protected by duties on imports from foreign competition. It applies to inter-State transportation by rail or water. It applies to such dealing in natural forces—water power, &c.—as receive the delegated right of eminent domain or any privileges in the nature of a monopoly. It applies, in the mind of Mr. Satterlee, to labor organizations under certain conditions. He says:

> Entire frankness compels us to state that we believe that the organization of the power of the human hand and brain, and its sale at union-made prices, is a business that is to-day protected by the contract labor law, the employers' liability law, and much other class legislation. It should be regulated by the Government as long as it is protected.

His plan for securing regulation in the case of labor is ingenious. It is not likely to prove popular, nor is it easy to see how it could be brought within the range of powers granted to the National Government.

There is no doubt that many of the ideas which Mr. Satterlee discusses are in the minds of a considerable number of our people, and that they will have their influence in the approaching campaign. Although the writer was Assistant Secretary of the Navy under Mr. Roosevelt it is clear that his sympathy with the spirit, to say nothing of the policy, of the Republican Party is not very eager, and that such agreement as he may have with it is conditional. The earnestness with which he has studied general political conditions and the radical suggestions he makes regarding them are a sign of active movement in the popular mind. The foundations of the old political beliefs on either part are breaking up, and contributions such as his to the new structure are a wholesome symptom.

A RELIGIOUS AWAKENING.

The Men and Religion Forward Movement which, after eight months of well-directed endeavor productive of beneficial results throughout the country, culminates now in the series of meetings that began with yesterday's great assemblage at the Hippodrome, has afforded encouraging proof of the continued vitality of the religious spirit. Nothing of the character of the emotional religious revival which has so often been followed by a relaxation of religious spirit has marked this movement from the beginning. It has been thoroughly practical and systematic, and its principal aim, to inspire harmonious and organized work among the churches in every State, has been kept clearly in mind. The meetings this week, to be followed by the six days of the Christian Conservation Congress at Carnegie Hall, beginning next Friday, will enlist the services of thousands of men in every walk of life. Not only clergymen, but merchants, bankers, educators, and journalists will be prominent among the leaders and speakers.

A genuine religious reawakening has undoubtedly been accomplished by this movement, and it comes in time. There are active forces at work in every community whose destructive influences can be most successfully overcome by the vigorous appeal of religion in both the ethical and the spiritual sense. The public ideals have been corrupted by gross materialism, and the Protestant churches, at least, have seemed to be suffering from inertia. The awakening has come none too soon, but we have reason to hope that it will be far-reaching and lasting.

A permanent organization in Manhattan and the Bronx, called the Laity League for Social Service of the Federation of Churches (the name might be shortened for practical purposes) is an outgrowth of the Men and Religion Forward Movement which promises to exert good ethical and religious influence. It will aim to reach all walks of life, to concern itself with all social and public interests. If directed in a broad spirit, inspired by actual and practical knowledge of men and affairs, it should accomplish good work.

NOT AFRAID.

Gov. Dix spoke on Saturday with authority concerning the Republican bugaboo that the revision of the tariff downward would disturb the business of the country. He said:

> I speak as a manufacturer and business man. I declare with all the emphasis I can command that there is no occasion whatsoever for manufacturers, for business men, for employers or employés to entertain the slightest fear that they will be disadvantageously affected by the coming Democratic revision of the tariff.

Had the Republicans in the extra session of 1909 carried out their pledge to reduce the tariff in a substantial and honorable fashion there would have been no disturbance at all. The demand for reduction was definite and strong. The promise was clear. The promise was broken and the demand continues, and it will not cease to be pressed until real reduction is accomplished.

CHEAPENING THE CONGRESSIONAL RECORD.

The Senate is appalled by the prospect that it might cheapen The Congressional Record excessively. The Public Printer informed the Senate that if the reduction of the price from $8 to $2 should enlarge the circulation to 1,000,000 it would cost $3,832,000. Accordingly the Senate limited the circulation to 100,000. It does not appear how it shall be decided who shall get the bargain rates. Perhaps those who apply early will avoid the rush. Also, perhaps the limit upon circulation may not be reached. There has been no perceptible popular demand for The Record because it is so inefficiently edited. Anything is allowed to go into it, and no sense of proportion is shown in the assignment of subjects or selection of those who shall "cover" them.

In fact the Congressmen assign themselves, and shamelessly misreport the reception of their efforts as statesmen. First pages are occupied by subjects often unworthy of mention, and matter is printed which has no right of publication at the people's expense. The quality has been cheapened even more than the price, and that is the reason why the bargain rate will not be attractive. What The Record needs is either an editor or a truthful reporter. It might have a future if it either published only proceedings fit to be printed, or if it printed everything exactly as it happens, and nothing else. The parts of The Record which its contemporaries select for publication under the present management are mostly those which make The Record appear to be a humorous publication. If Congress really desires both to cheapen the price and to limit the circulation nothing could be easier. It would only be necessary to abolish the franking privilege, and to make The Record assume the character indicated by its name. A Congressional Record which should be that and nothing else would no more be afflicted with an embarrassing circulation than the Congressional galleries with overcrowding.

ROADS OF LOW FIRST COST.

In the interview with Secretary Edward S. Cornell of the National Highways Protective Society, reported in the Magazine Section of The Sunday Times, Mr. Cornell makes some pointed and timely remarks about the first cost of this State's new roads. They are of macadam. Macadam is the weakest of all substantial roadbeds in withstanding the backward thrust of motor car wheels. The fine top dressing is sent in clouds over the adjacent land, the road is quickly raveled, and the expense for its repair speedily amounts to the original outlay. Secretary Cornell says:

> Not long ago Gov. Baldwin of Connecticut asked me if I advised construction in this State of 100 miles of road at $2,500 a mile, or ten miles of road at $25,000 a mile. I told him that the ten miles would be the better investment of the two for any State providing a certain annual expenditure for upkeep.

The road builders of this State have not looked far enough into the future. Already many of the new roads built under the $50,000,000 appropriation have been practically destroyed, and the cost of maintenance of the rest amounts annually to a large percentage of their first cost. The counsel of making haste slowly was never more needed. The people next Fall are to vote upon a bond issue of $50,000,000 more, and they will want to know whether roads to be built at large expense to the State will be of a kind that will admit of economical repair.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Starvation Used as a Key. Again the English suffragettes have utilized, as a means of getting out of prison, the so-called hunger strike, a device invented, or at least first brought to public notice, by political exiles in Siberia. Five of the incarcerated window-smashers deliberately refused to eat, and, when forced feeding was attempted, gave by their agonized shrieks such a verisimilitudinous imitation of women who were being tortured that there didn't seem to be anything to do except to set them free. And set free they were.

Whether they really would have starved themselves to death if not released may be just a little doubtful, but there is no question that they much exaggerated their sufferings when nourishment was administered to them against their will. Except for the restraint placed upon them to make the administration possible, they could have felt nothing worse than a discomfort often endured with composure by invalids with one or another affection of the throat. To be "tube-fed," as they call it in hospitals, is not pleasant, but it is not torture. However, as the Siberian exiles have not infrequently secured by hunger strikes, and from harsher jailors than these women had, desired mitigations of their conditions, it is no wonder that the Warden of Aylesbury Jail was alarmed by what was going on and took steps to get rid of prisoners who at least seemed ready to carry protest to the very last extremity.

That the same expedient is not oftener used in jails to secure freedom is somewhat strange. Ordinary criminals never seem to think of it as a plan to be followed in combination, but if they did the present sufficiently difficult problems of imprisonment would be much complicated. Probably the explanation lies in the low intelligence of the ordinary criminal, his acceptance of confinement as more or less a matter of course, to be made the best of, and his inability to resist the temptation to eat when he is hungry.

The suffragettes are different, and they know perfectly well that it would never do to let them die of starvation. And the chance that they would do it if not set free evidently seemed large—too large to be safely taken.

A New Rival for the Speed Record. That the French were building a fine new steamer for the transatlantic service has been known for some time, but that she is to be as fast as her trial trip indicates is news that will cause a good deal of surprise. Of course, nobody doubted the ability of the French to make vessels either as large or with as much speed as those built in Great Britain or Germany, but hitherto the effort to do so has not been made.

Curiously enough, the recent tendency in maritime architecture has seemed rather toward size and magnificence than toward speed, and many millions have been invested in steamships that admittedly cannot cross the ocean as rapidly by a day or two, or three, as can some of their predecessors. Evidently the belief of their builders is that there are still people in the world who are not in a tearing hurry—people to whom a sea voyage is or can be something in itself enjoyable, not something the sooner over the better.

That is, of course, a matter of taste—and to a degree, perhaps, a matter of susceptibility to seasickness. No ship can ever be too fast, or even fast enough, for those for whom every hour on board which is not one of agony is one of misery. "Good sailors," however, are now seemingly more numerous than they used to be, yet the desire to be on a "record-breaker" is still so strong that "the fastest boat" certainly has the best chance to be crowded on every trip.

But there are other travelers who really enjoy a leisurely passage and are quite willing to prolong it either by taking a slower boat or by going a longer course. To not one out of ten—or to one out of twenty—is the gaining of a few hours or even a few days of any real consequence, and the experienced voyager asks several questions about a ship before he inquires how fast she is. His concern is as to the competence and courtesy of the officers, the arrangement of saloons and cabins, the quality of the food, and the service. These are the things that count for most in making an ocean trip happy or unhappy.

Bermuda, Too, Will Come Around. At last are the inhabitants of Prince Edward Island waking up to the fact that the banishment of the automobile from their little province has disadvantages as well as advantages. The island has many attractions as a Summer resort of the quieter sort. The roads are good, the climate is excellent, the fishing fair, the sailing magnificent, the native population of a fine old stock, prices are moderate—and such strawberries as grow nowhere else in the world, though they are scorned of marketmen because they won't stand long transportation. And these attractions have attracted, in the past, to an extent that added very appreciably to the prosperity of the islanders.

It has been noticed of late, however, that this profitable business is falling off instead of increasing, and in seeking an explanation for the lamentable phenomenon, it has been discovered that the banning of the automobile has had much to do with it. Therefore have delegations from several parts of the province waited on Premier Mathieson and petitioned for his help in getting repealed the law which, ever since a motor car, years and years ago, scared the horse of a pious islander who was on his way to church with his family and caused them all to be tipped out, has forbidden the landing as well as the use of such vehicles.

The delegates say that the exclusion is costing the island at least $90,000 a year—which is a good deal of money to lose. The Government has promised to give the matter "serious consideration," so the chances are that before long the automobile will have made its conquering way into another of the very few places where it cannot now go.

But Flood Will Come Again. With the crest of the Mississippi flood now well down toward the Gulf, it is safe to say that the troubles of the great valley are almost over for this year. With the falling of the waters the broken embankments will doubtless be repaired, that being the familiar preparation for next year's inevitable repeating of inundated fields and cities.

The levee system never has proved effective when there was much snow to melt and much rain to melt it, but the hope that it will do so in the future seems never to be lost. No more now than formerly is there thought or talk of doing anything except stick to the plan that has so often failed.

Yet the suggestion that the annual freshet might be treated as a friend instead of as a foe is always received with resentment by the people most affected.

ART EXHIBIT FOR SUFFRAGE.

Paintings of El Greco and Goya Loaned for the Purpose.

A series of informal receptions will be held on Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, and Saturday afternoons of this week at the Knoedler Galleries, 556 Fifth Avenue, where a loan collection of paintings by El Greco and Goya is on exhibition for the benefit of woman suffrage.

The following women, who are all well-known suffragists, will be hostesses, on Wednesday: Mrs. James Muhlenberg Bailey, Mrs. Edwin H. Blashfield, Mrs. John W. Brannan, Mrs. Herbert S. Carpenter, Mrs. Lewis L. Delafield, Miss Caroline Duer, Mrs. Jesse Albert Locke, Miss Cornelia Rogers, and Mrs. Schuyler Warren; on Thursday, Mrs. John W. Alexander, Miss Frances Arnold, Mrs. Learned Hand, Mrs. William H. Hyde, Mrs. Charles Platt, Miss Harriett Rogers, and Mrs. George Kublee; on Friday, Miss Constance Curtis, Miss M. L. Draper, Miss Lydia Emmet, Mrs. Ansel Phelps, Mrs. Amos R. E. Pinchot, and Miss P. R. Lowell, and on Saturday, Miss Runtz-Rees and other members of the Connecticut Suffrage Association.

Mrs. Locke will give a short talk on Goya and his mysterious art on Wednesday at 4 o'clock.

POLICE SURGEONS MUST RIDE

In the Police Parade—Have to Take Daily Horseback Exercise.

Fourteen Police Surgeons, most of them stout and all of them unused to the saddle, are taking daily horseback exercise, by order of Commissioner Waldo, to be able to perform creditably in the police parade next month.

Heretofore it was a matter of individual decision whether the Police Surgeons took part in the annual march, and few appeared. This year Commissioner Waldo has decided that the surgeons must ride. Twelve of the doctors, gray and a bit worn in the service, are exempt from the order, but the other fourteen must be in the parade mounted.

Accepts Call to Newport Church.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., April 14.—The Rev. Arthur Crane, pastor of the Lefert's Park Baptist Church of Brooklyn, has accepted the call of the First Baptist Church of Newport, the oldest in Rhode Island, and will officiate for the first time on May 5. The Brooklyn pastor was heard here twice. He became the unanimous choice for the place left vacant last September by the resignation of the Rev. Edward A. Johnson, whose eyes troubled him to such an extent that he resigned and went into business in Philadelphia.

Publicity of Campaign Funds.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your editorial article, while recognizing the fact that the success of the campaign publicity movement has been largely due to the action of the Democratic Party, says that the law of last year contains "the serious defect that publicity is postponed until after election," and that "obviously this was less than half reform." The law enacted Aug. 14, 1911, in fact, does require publication of the sources of contributions and the details of their expenditure before as well as after election. The approaching Presidential and Congressional campaign will be the first under the operation of the law.

The further development of the publicity principle in its application to funds employed to influence nominations or to promote interests affected by or dependent upon political power is now engaging the attention and enlisting the efforts of the promoters of the movement, who thoroughly appreciate the interest and support of The New York Times.

PERRY BELMONT.

New York, April 13, 1912.

Benjamin Schwartz's Opportunity.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In your edition of April 9 a Benjamin Schwartz sent a communication to your valued paper regarding the dangerous starting of an elevator. I find from the directory that there are eleven men by the name of Benjamin Schwartz in Brooklyn. If the Benjamin Schwartz who wrote this letter will kindly communicate with the Superintendent of Buildings of the Borough in which the incident occurred, giving the facts and details of the case, I am sure the matter will be thoroughly investigated.

RUDOLPH P. MILLER,
Superintendent of Buildings, Borough of Manhattan.

New York, April 12, 1912.

GERMAN TEACHERS' TOUR.

Every State in the Union Will Be Represented on Liner.

When the Hamburg-American liner Grosser Kurfurst sails for Hamburg on July 2 she will have on board only German-American school teachers. Every State will be represented. All points of interest in Germany will be visited, and extensive plans are under way for their entertainment in the Fatherland.

After visiting Hamburg, Bremen, Cologne, Wiesbaden, Heidelberg, Mannheim, Stuttgart, Cassel, Eisenach, Leipsic, Jena, and other points of interest, the teachers will gather at the Niederwald, the famous national monument overlooking the Rhine. An elaborate musical programme has been arranged for this occasion, in which 5,000 members of German singing societies will take part. A hymn expressive of the friendship between Germany and the United States will be sung. The committee in Germany which has this function in charge expects that 200,000 persons will be present.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS TO DEBATE.

Metropolitan League Has Arranged Schedule of Discussions.

To encourage debating, public speaking, and interest in the discussion of public questions in the public schools, the Metropolitan Debating League has just been formed. The first debate was on the subject of capital punishment. The New York Evening High School won over the Harlem Evening High School. The schedule of debates now arranged is as follows:

April 17—The New York Evening High School vs. Brooklyn Evening High School at the New York Evening High School auditorium, Fifty-ninth Street and Tenth Avenue.

April 19—East Side Evening High School vs. Morris Evening High School. Public School 62, Hester Street.

April 19—Morris Evening High School, vs. Harlem Evening High School, Morris Evening High School auditorium, 166th Street and Boston Road.

April 12—New Lots Evening High School vs. East Side Evening High School. New Lots Evening High School auditorium, Sutter Avenue, Brooklyn.

All debate on subject of "Capital Punishment."

CIVIC BRANCH.

The Twenty-third Street Y. M. C. A., affirmative, vs. Liberty Literary Union, negative, May 4, the Twenty-third Street Y. M. C. A. auditorium.

May 11—Liberty Literary Union, affirmative, Y. M. C. A., negative. Bloomingdale Hall, Sixtieth Street, near Third Avenue.

April 20—West Side Y. M. C. A., affirmative, vs. Twenty-third Street Y. M. C. A., negative. West Side Y. M. C. A. auditorium. Subject: "Is an employer justified in refusing recognition to Union Labor?"

May 4—Y. M. H. A., Ninety-second Street and Lexington Avenue, affirmative, vs. Educational Alliance, negative. Y. M. H. A. Hall.

Central Branch Y. M. C. A., affirmative, vs. Y. M. H. A., negative, Central Branch Y. M. C. A. auditorium.

COLLEGIATE BRANCH.

April 20—New York University Law, affirmative, vs. New York Law School, negative. Public School 63 auditorium.

April 20—New York Law, affirmative, vs., New York University Law, negative. New York University Law Assembly Hall.

Dr. William H. Maxwell, Superintendent of Schools, has been chosen Chairman of the league's Board of Governors.

SUN ECLIPSE WEDNESDAY.

Will Be Partly Seen in Eastern States, and Fully in New England.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—There will be an eclipse of the sun on Wednesday, visible only in the Eastern States. New England, except a section of Connecticut and of New York, will be the only part of the United States in which the eclipse will be visible completely; that is to say, in which the beginning, middle, and end will all take place after sunrise.

Venus and the moon will be very close to-morrow night, almost to what the astronomers call an occultation, but their position will be visible only in parts of Florida and Georgia. If the weather is clear enough on a line drawn from Texas through Arkansas, Ohio, and New York, however, Venus may be seen about eight minutes from the edge of the moon. Astronomers at the Naval Observatory here say there will not be an absolute occultation.

CARDINAL DEDICATES CHURCH

Praises the Generosity of the City's Catholics as Exceptional.

In dedicating the Church of the Sacred Heart, 168th Street and Shakespeare Avenue, the Bronx, Cardinal Farley said yesterday that it was his first opportunity to participate in such a ceremony since his Apostolic appointment. The Cardinal, preceded by choir boys carrying his staff and followed by his train bearers, the Bishops, and priests, proceeded up and down both aisles of the church sprinkling the holy water, finally pausing before the altar to perform the rites of dedication.

The church, newly finished, is a beautiful building of white marble, with elaborate interior decorations and furnishings. After the mass had been sung and Father McMann had ended his sermon Cardinal Farley expressed his pleasure in transmitting to the church the message which the Pope had requested him to extend to all the churches of his diocese, of the need of continued self-sacrifice in behalf of the Church. Speaking of the willingness with which the financial needs of the Church are met in New York, he said that nowhere else in the world had Catholic generosity been greater in providing schools, hospitals, and other institutions. He commended those who had worked for the establishment of the new church and advised the erection of a school in connection with it.

Mgr. Hayes, Mgr. Mooney, Mgr. Dunne, and Mgr. Lewis were among those who took part in the services.

DR. HIBBEN'S INAUGURATION.

Princeton Will Install Him with Imposing Ceremonies on May 11.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., April 14.—Preliminary announcement of the programme for the inauguration of John Grier Hibben, Ph. D., LL. D., as President of Princeton University, which is to take place on May 11, has been made by the committee in charge. The formal ceremony of inducting the new President into office will be held on the steps of Nassau Hall, and those connected with the university and invited guests will have seats on the campus. In case of bad weather the ceremony will take place in Alexander Hall, in which event the alumni and undergraduates will be barred, owing to the small seating capacity of that building.

The inauguration on the steps will begin at 11 o'clock, and will consist of the singing of a chorale, the reading of Scripture and the offering of prayer, the administration of the oath of office to the President, the presentation to him of the charter of the university and the keys of Nassau Hall, followed by the President's inaugural address, a hymn, and the benediction.

At 1 o'clock the university will tender the guests of the day and the alumni a luncheon in the Gymnasium, for which all the congratulatory speeches will be reserved. From 4 to 7 the President and Mrs. Hibben will receive at Prospect.

The chief colleges, universities, and learned societies, both here and abroad, will be represented.

TWO TYPES OF RELIGION.

The Prophetic Outshines the Priestly, Says Prof. Fagnani.

Prof. Charles P. Fagnani, speaking on "The Prophets and the Constitution" in the Temple Beth-El, Fifth Avenue and Seventy-sixth Street, yesterday morning, discussed the two types of religion, the prophetic and the priestly. The priestly, he declared, tells us that the first thing God requires is worship, while the prophetic says, first and primarily, "that men should love one another." The priestly is the champion of an institution, and the prophetic makes way for the new.

"There is a difference," he said, "between 'being good' and 'being good for something.' I say that 'being good for something' is better than merely 'being good.' It means that we are actively employed in doing good, in helping. One who nurses the sick is doing good, but is merely humanitarian, while those who are searching for the cause, and who are giving their lives to destroying that cause, are 'being good for something' and are greater."

GEN. PORTER, 75, READ SIX SUNDAY PAPERS

Looks Many Years Younger, and as Fit as Ever for Active Campaigning.

DAYS WITH GRANT RECALLED

Silent on Present Issues on the Plea That "Individual Opinions Do Not Count for Much."

Gen. Horace Porter, former Ambassador to France, is seventy-five years old today. A Times reporter called on Gen. Porter yesterday at his home, 277 Madison Avenue, and reminded him of his approaching anniversary. He found, not a bent man with white locks and a disposition to look upon his career as a thing of the past, but a stalwart soldier, body erect, health unimpaired, and with an absolute aversion to the words "aged seventy-five."

Gen. Porter was alone in his reading room. He had just finished reading six Sunday newspapers. When he arose the reporter was momentarily in doubt. Might this man not just as well be a son of the General, he thought, for the man he saw seemed no older than forty. But it really was Gen. Porter, one of West Point's most illustrious graduates. This was the man who had received military honors from Generals and from Congress. His hair, far from being white, was scarcely streaked with gray. He appeared to be such a man who, if it were necessary, could mount a charger and assume command of an army at a moment's notice.

The newspapers filled a few chairs and a table and the reporter immediately tried to get the General to express his opinion about topics of the day, the victory of Col. Roosevelt in Pennsylvania, for instance. It was in Pennsylvania that Gen. Porter was born.

"Individual expression of opinion does not count for much where big issues are concerned," he said, "nor would anything I might say be of journalistic importance."

And he really meant it. Yet he had received six brevets for gallantry in battle and a special Act of Congress bestowed upon him a medal of honor for services in the Battle of Chickamauga. He was on Gen. Grant's staff and once served as Assistant Secretary of War, later as Ambassador to France, and as the American delegate to the Hague Conference, spent $35,000 of his own money and six years of his time to find and bring to the United States the body of John Paul Jones, and won fame as an orator that linked his name with Henry Ward Beecher. This man said that any individual expression that he might make would be of absolutely no consequence.

The reporter tried a different subject. He recalled the ticket chopper, now in use at every ferry, elevated and Subway station—the invention of Gen. Porter.

"That ticket chopper," said Gen. Porter, "was simply a result of the old adage—necessity is the mother of invention. I was connected with the city elevated system and we were losing so much money because the tickets were being resold that something had to be done to mutilate tickets. Hence the ticket chopper. Purely a necessity, that's all."

His Civil War Career.

Then the conversation turned to the civil war and to the late Gen. Frederick D. Grant.

"Yes, he was a great soldier, like his father," remarked Gen. Porter. "I read that story about his youth in The Times this morning with great interest. The facts were truthfully depicted. And then there is U. S. Grant—he, too, is a good soldier."

In Gen. Porter's library there are some unpublished writings which bear on the General's conduct in the civil war and on his achievements in later life. Gen. Porter allowed The Times reporter to look these over. He lamented that much that had been written was not authentic and took pains to point out what was authentic. At the Battle of Chickamauga, Sept. 19-20, 1863, Gen. Porter, then a Captain, was a member of the staff of Gen. Rosecrans. It was on the second day of that battle that Capt. Porter, without orders, rode to the top of a hill from the bottom of which the enemy was advancing, in order to rally enough fugitives to facilitate the escape of wagon trains and batteries, which appeared certain of being cut off. Capt. Porter got about 200 men lined up behind bushes so that his front represented a complete regimental array. The enemy fired with shot and shell and many of Capt. Porter's men were killed. Some of his own men, in trying to retreat in face of Capt. Porter's orders to the contrary, attacked their Captain with bayonets.

His horse was struck and became unmanageable, his scabbard was broken by the force of a ball and he himself was wounded by a flying fragment of shell. He was the last to leave the crest and his mission had been a success. The enemy had been delayed at least twenty minutes and made to advance thereafter with more caution. A number of provision wagons were thus saved for Gen. Rosecrans's forces. For his conspicuous gallantry Capt. Porter received the Congressional Medal of Honor.

Capt. Porter first met Gen. Grant when he was assigned to duty at Chattanooga under Gen. Thomas, who had succeeded Gen. Rosecrans as head of the Army of the Cumberland. Young Porter made an excellent first impression and Gen. Grant shortly after wrote to Washington asking for his appointment to a Brigadier-Generalship in Gen. Grant's military division. In his letter to the War Department, Grant wrote:

> So far as I have heard from general officers, there is a universal desire to see him (Capt. Porter) promoted to the rank of Brigadier General and retained here. I feel no hesitancy in joining in the recommendation, and ask that he may be assigned to duty with me. I feel the necessity for just such an officer as Capt. Porter is described to be at headquarters, and, if permitted, will retain him with me if assigned here for duty.

Led Grant's Tomb Campaign.

There was no vacancy at the time, but when, shortly after, Gen. Grant was made Lieutenant-General of all the armies he appointed Capt. Porter as aide-de-camp upon his staff with the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, the appointment being dated April 4, 1864. Then began their long friendship. Gen. Porter personally campaigned for the $600,000 for the erection of Grant's Tomb on Riverside Drive.

When Gen. Grant went to the front to order the withdrawal of the assaulting columns, just after the explosion of the mine at Petersburg, he took only one aide-de-camp, Col. Porter. Going on foot Gen. Grant and Col. Porter climbed over the obstructions until they reached a point directly in front of the earth works. To get into communication with the corps commander they had to pass through the artillery fire of the enemy. The order was executed and Gen. Grant and Col. Porter had done the valiant act which they probably would not have asked a private to perform.

In February, 1865, Col. Porter was brevetted Brigadier-General for "gallant and meritorious services." He remained with Grant in the closing stages of the campaign and at the capitulation of Gen. Lee at Appomattox Court House Gen. Porter was the only other officer in the room with Grant and Lee. Gen. Porter's impressions and notes of the conversation at this great meeting have been set down in a book called "Campaigning with Grant."

In recognition of his services Gen. Grant gave Gen. Porter the Appomattox headquarters flag which had been carried through the Wilderness campaign and which had been used at the surrender. Gen. Porter added it to the trophies which now rest in Gen. Grant's tomb.

Gen. Porter lives alone at his house on Madison Avenue. His wife, who was Sophie K. McHarg of Albany, died in Paris in 1903.

MME. DE CISNEROS LIKES AUSTRALIA

Where Antipodean Audiences Called the Great Contralto "Cis" at Curtain Calls.

MELBA IN TEARS PRAISED HER

Gallery Gods Have Concerts of Their Own While Awaiting Performance's Start.

An American singer is now here, poised for a moment, so to speak, after a return from the Antipodes, before she goes back there. Mme. Eleanora de Cisneros, the contralto, who sang at the Manhattan Opera House for several seasons, who before that had been heard at the Metropolitan, and whose most recent appearance here was made as the Empress Poppeae in "Quo Vadis?" spent most of her Winter season as a member of the opera company which Mme. Melba took to Australia. Mme. de Cisneros seems to have succumbed to the charm of that country, as she returns there for a concert tour on the very next boat that leaves Vancouver—a concert tour which will extend over nearly four months.

"It was a wonderfully successful season that we had there in opera," said the contralto yesterday to a reporter for THE TIMES. "We sang first eight weeks in Sydney and then six in Melbourne, seven performances a week, at a guinea for the most expensive stalls and five shillings for the cheapest seats. Before the company had left Sydney, however, the entire expenses of the productions, salaries, and so forth, were met, and what money was taken in at Melbourne was simply profit. The idea, of course, was Mme. Melba's, and she went into it thoroughly convinced that the scheme would be a success. For instance, she took the chances on not having a salary, simply being contented with a share of the receipts. The event proved her wisdom. J. C. Williamson, the millionaire theatrical manager of Australia, was in charge of the tour, and it was in his theatres that we played.

Mme. Melba's Friendship.

"Mme. Melba and I had never been very intimate before this tour began, although I had often sung with her and knew her fairly well. However, I must say that during the tour she was as charming to me as any one could be. I made my Australian début in Sydney as Dalila on the second night of the season, and after the second act Mme. Melba came to my dressing room with tears in her eyes to compliment me. 'My dear,' she said, 'I really didn't think you had it in you.' After that she never missed a chance to be as nice as possible. Invariably when I sang a first performance of any work she came to my dressing room to say a kind word.

"And I don't think I have ever appeared in any season of opera so many times as during this. I sang Dalila twenty-two times, Carmen eighteen, and Ortrud, Azucena, Amneris and Stephano four or five times each. When Mme. Melba discussed putting on 'Romeo et Juliette' I laughingly said I would be her Stephano, and she held me to it. However, I was glad of the chance to appear as a boy, although the part is small.

"But of Australia and the Australians I never tire of talking. Such enthusiasm for music, such appreciation of it! To gain admission to the gallery it was necessary to stand in line each day, as none of these seats was reserved. All day there would be a line of those who wished to sit there. At last, in the afternoon, they would be admitted, but there would still be several hours to wait. However, they had brought their thermos bottles and baskets of food, and the women had their sewing. Also, we had a very thoughtful manager, who provided the gallery foyer with a piano. So sitting about, they would have concerts of their own, waiting for the opera to begin.

Gallery Sang for Her.

"Sometimes, coming to the theatre early, I would pass up among them and sit down for a while to listen. They would call out, 'Hello, Cis!' to me when I appeared. That's what they always called me. When they wanted curtain calls for instance, they always yelled 'Cis.' Once they called me out so many times that I made a short speech, and then these gallery gods began to sing, 'For she's a jolly good fellow!'

"To return to these afternoon concerts one could often hear there very good piano playing or singing. I once heard a bass sing the air from 'Dor Carlos' uncommonly well.

"Australia is a very wonderful country. There does not seem to be any poor there. Fancy a company playing for eight weeks at our prices in a town of only 600,000 inhabitants. And Melbourne, where we played six weeks, has only 500,000. When we first landed in Australia we went directly to Adelaide, and I at once noticed that each person if possible had his own house and garden, some smaller than others to be sure, but all attractive. It is thus everywhere. There is no poverty even in the cities. Everybody has something.

"Outside of Adelaide under the mountains, which surround the city, is an enormous plain, which extends over thousands of acres. On this nobody is allowed to build. It belongs to the people for their recreations and their sports. The races also are held here. We spent just one day in Adelaide before going on to Melbourne, and we went to the races. The astounding fact in connection with the races is that they are free; anybody can go for nothing; of course, for boxes or seats in certain places you have to pay as much as you do anywhere else, but it is perfectly possible for any one to attend the races without paying anything. This is true in the other Australian cities as well.

"When I return for my concert tour I am taking a tenor and an instrumentalist. My tour is extensive and embraces not only the important cities of Australia, but of New Zealand as well. I shall sing operatic airs and songs, and several by Australian composers, of which there are one or two who have great talent in writing songs.

"Since returning to America I have been heard for a few performances with the Chicago-Philadelphia Opera Company. My first appearance was made as Ortrud, which, although I had never sung the rôle before in German, I did without a rehearsal. In a few days I apeared as Brangaene, a part which I had never sung before at all. Then, suddenly, all the Brunnhildes in the world became ill in face of a performance of 'Die Walküre' in Baltimore, and Mr. Dippel wanted me to sing that. However, I don't believe in trusting to luck three times, and I told him that I wouldn't do it without a rehearsal, and as that was impossible the part went to Miss Matzenauer.

"You see I have several soprano parts in my répertoire—Brunnhilde in 'Die Walküre,' Kundry, and Gioconda. None of them yet, however, have I had a chance to sing. I asked Mr. Dippel when I arrived if he thought there would be an opportunity of my singing Brunnhilde, and he said that Mme. Saltzmann-Stevens had a very small répertoire, that that was one of her rôles, and that she would always have to sing it. Therefore, I had not gone over the part since I studied it two years ago. And I was not willing to risk a début in it.

"When I do sing Brunnhilde I want to do myself and the part justice, and I shall wait until I have that opportunity."

Cast for Special "Hamlet" Matinee.

The cast for the special performance of "Hamlet," that is to be given at Wallack's Theatre on the afternoon of April 23, in commemoration of Shakespeare's birthday, will be as follows: King, Frank Woolfe; Hamlet, Ian MacLaren; Polonius, St. Clair Bayfield; Laertes, Herschel Mayhall; Rosencranz, Louis Broughton; Guildenstern, A. J. Herbert; Osric, Reginald Dane; Marcellus, Douglass Ross; Bernardo, William Lorenz; First Actor, John MacFarline; First Grave Digger, St. Clair Bayfield; Second Grave Digger, Rutherford Herman; Ghost, Mervyn A. Rentaul; Queen, Grace Griswold; Ophelia, Viola Knott, and Player Queen, Violet Barnard.

Miss Crocker to Wed M. D. Whitman.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Pendleton Crocker of San Francisco announce the engagement of their sister, Miss Jennie A. Crocker, to Malcolm D. Whitman of New York City and Brookline, Mass.

MRS. DUNN GIVES A TEA.

Her Guests Hear Odd Old-Time Southern Melodies.

Mrs. Wilson Shannon Dunn gave a tea yesterday afternoon at her home, 127 West Fifty-eighth Street. Mrs. Lewis Livingston Delafield, Mrs. Burke Roche, Mrs. J. Muhlenberg Bailey, and Mrs. Schuyler Van Cortlandt Rensselaer were at the tea table, and Mrs. Sheridan sang old-time Southern melodies.

Among the callers were Mrs. John Henry Bradford, Miss Phipps, Mr. and Mrs. Howard Cushing, Mrs. James R. McKee, Mr. and Mrs. Lovell Hall Jerome, Mr. and Mrs. Taber Sears, Mr. and Mrs. J. Ferris Simmons, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Livingston, Mrs. George Place, Mrs. J. Frederick Pierson, Mr. and Mrs. Malcolm Stuart, Dr. Theodorus Bailey and Mrs. Bailey, Miss Alice Riggs Hunt, Miss Louise C. Field, Miss Neilson, Mrs. Arthur Turnure, Miss Julia Van Duzer, Mr. and Mrs. Stephen Collins, Miss Ruth Carleton, Mr. and Mrs. George Perkins Lawson, Mrs. Francis Dugro, Mr. and Mrs. John Bassett Moore, Mrs. William Lowe Rice, Miss Mildred Gautier Rice, Mr. and Mrs. Murray Swinyard, Frederick Townsend Martin, Reginald Wigham, Dr. Stephen Burt, Dudley Carleton, Stacy Clark, Emmet Erving, Henry St. J. Hyde, Roger Foster, Evelyn Bicknell, Capt. Agusta Villa, Frits von Holm, Alphone Fontheim, Frederick McGourkey, Charles Boyd, Edwin Denby, and Hamilton Thompkins.

THE BARRERE ENSEMBLE.

Andre Caplet Appears as Pianist in Music of His Own Composition.

The Barrère Ensemble gave an extra concert yesterday afternoon in the Belasco Theatre, in which it had the assistance as pianist of Mr. André Caplet, a French musician who this season has been conductor of the Boston Opera, composer of two of the compositions.

There were a quintet for wind instruments and piano, and a "Rêverie" and "Petite Valse" for flute and piano, which he played with Mr. Barrère. These last are dainty little pieces, charmingly written and wholly appropriate in their texture and musical quality, for the instrument. Mr. Barrère played them delightfully, and Mr. Caplet, as also in the quintet, showed himself to be a pianist of skill. The "Petite Valse" pleased so well that a repetition of it was demanded.

The quintet is a composition very well worth hearing, music of graceful and fluent invention, graceful in a manner that goes back of the present French school of radical composers, with which it has little or nothing in common. The first allegro is fresh and spirited, and there is a peculiar richness and fullness in the way in which the wind instruments—flute, oboe, clarinet and bassoon—are combined. The scherzo is dainty and fleeting, there is no great seriousness or attempted profundity in any of the music. The programme began with a serenade in E flat by Mozart, an octet, most admirably played, and there were also heard two movements from a suite by Lefèbvre for flue, oboe, clarinet, horn, and bassoon.

THE PIERIAN SODALITY.

An Old Harvard Orchestral Society Plays in New York.

The Pierian Sodality is an organization of Harvard students for the playing of orchestral music. It dates from 1808, and its name suggests its antiquity—nobody would think of naming any society a "Pierian Sodality" that was named within the memory of living man. It may thus plausibly lay claim to be the oldest musical organization in the country. This society came to New York yesterday to give a concert for the friends of Harvard and of music, which took place in the ballroom of the Hotel Astor. Music has taken great strides at Harvard within recent years, and the Pierian Sodality is ambitious. It numbers over fifty members, and has players for all the instruments of the classical orchestra, though they are not so fully represented but that professional help is needed with some of the wind instruments.

The Sodality was a little too ambitious at the concert yesterday. It may be hoped that it does not regard the classics and the romantics of the last century as unworthy of its attention. Its programme, at any rate, was entirely given over to music of the most recent productions. It offered Rimsky Korsakoff's third symphony, with the proud inscription "for the first time in America"; Edward MacDowell's tone poem "The Saracens" and "The Beautiful Alda," and a "dramatic poem" for the trombone and orchestra by P. G. Clapp, a recent graduate of Harvard and a former conductor of the orchestra. It may be enough to say that the Pierian Sodality would probably have coped more successfully with music of less complication, and that Mr. Clapp is not yet quite ready to rival the modern French school of orchestral composers. The trombone solo was played by Mr. Modeste Eugene Allds.

YOUNG PRODIGY TO PLAY.

Max Rosenweig, 12-Year-Old Violinist, to Give Cooper Union Recital.

On Thursday evening, in Cooper Union, a twelve-year-old violinist, Max Rosenweig, who has won the attention of some of the great violinists of the world by his playing in the last year, will make his only public appearance for the present, when he will be assisted by Gina Ciaparelli, soprano, and the Sinsneimer String Orchestra.

Max Rosenweig is the son of a Forsyth Street barber, and was "discovered" by Miss Rachel Lubinski of 401 West 118th Street, who put him under the tutelage of Alois Trnka, and later under Bernard Sinsheimer. He has studied with them for several months. Now a fund is being raised to allow him to go abroad and study for three or four years, and the proceeds of Thursday's concert will be devoted to this object.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

To-day is the first anniversary of William A. Brady's Playhouse, which was opened on April 15, 1911, with Grace George in "Sauce for the Goose." Since then four plays have been presented there, the last being "Bought and Paid For," which will have its two hundred and fifty-fifth representation this evening.

Martin Beck has added Florence Roberts to his list of players who will appear in the vaudeville theatres under his control. Miss Roberts will appear in a one-act play by James H. Morrison, called "The Miracle," and her supporting company will include Charles Wingate, Walter Green, J. H. Morrison, and Ethel Merritt.

Wolfe & Galway have taken the Carnegie Lyceum, to be used as a children's theatre. They will begin their season there on Monday, May 20, with what is described as "A Dickens Week." Only matinee performances will be given.

The opening of James T. Powers in "Two Little Brides," at the Casino Theatre, has been postponed from next Monday to Tuesday, April 23. On Monday night the company will go to New Haven for a single performance at the Hyperion Theatre. Prominent in the cast, in addition to Mr. Powers, are Frances Cameron, Leila Hughes, Melissa Ten Eyck, Irene Claire, Walter Lawrence, Forrest Winant, George Pauncefort, and Louis London.

MUSIC NOTES.

N. Valentine Peavey will give a piano recital, assisted by Mary Adele Case, contralto, and Hugh Allen, baritone, at Carnegie Lyceum on Sunday evening, April 28.

Members of the Musicians Club of New York will give Hugo Muller's drama, "Adelaide," founded on an episode in Beethoven's life, at the New Amsterdam Theatre on May 17.

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BRONX GIRAFFE PLAYS HOST TO THREE MICE

Spotted Pipe of the Zoological Park Offers Food to His Rodent Guests.

GIVES THEM A RIDE, TOO

Central Park Squirrels, Tired of Peanut Diet, Long for Nutmegs, Keeper Snyder Says.

Tall and stately Pipe, thus named with disrespectful reference to his long neck, is one of the occupants of a small house in the Zoological Park in the Bronx, which, because of his presence there, has become known as the giraffe house. Pipe, Curator Raymond L. Ditmars will tell you, is not blessed with the best disposition in the world, and has but few friends even among the men who handle the animals. The lanky giraffe, according to Mr. Ditmars, who made a discovery several days ago, carries a warm heart beneath his spotted skin. By accident the Curator found out that Pipe has made friends with three mice. The three little friends of the big animal have been dubbed by the Curator "The Three Guardsmen," and he is at present giving much time to a study of the strangest friendships he has ever come across in the animal world. Cats have adopted puppies, hens have led about ducklings, and dogs have mothered kittens, but with the giraffe there is usually the same show of fear over rodents as the lion shows toward them.

Mr. Ditmars entered the giraffe house one day last week, and he was surprised when Pipe, who has never before resented his coming, turned and faced him, ready for attack. He backed quickly out of the danger zone, and as he did so there was a quick movement in the animal's feeding trough, and three mice scampered out and down the leg of the trough to the floor and disappeared into a hole in the wooden partition.

Pipe, out of the corner of his eye, saw them depart, and then he relaxed his position of attention and turned from Mr. Ditmars with indifference.

"What's the matter, old fellow?" asked the Curator.

The giraffe turned his head and looked down upon the man. Mr. Ditmars says it was well acted, and was as though the tall animal were saying:

"You surprise me. What could be the matter?"

Always Three Visitors.

Mr. Ditmars thought long over the incident in the giraffe house, and he became convinced that the giraffe knew of the presence in his food trough of the three mice. He speaks of them as three mice, for his subsequent investigation showed him that there are always three visitors with Pipe.

He began to watch the giraffe, and the three mice would appear each afternoon when there was no one in the animal house. Pipe appeared to expect them, and one afternoon when they did not put in an appearance, Mr. Ditmars says, he became very fretful and kept up a continual march up and down his narrow inclosure, his head almost bumping the ceiling, but ever keeping his eyes turned toward the entrance to his friends' house. When they did come, emerging from the hole with timidity and ready to scamper back at the slightest sign of danger, Pipe just shook with joy. He watched them running around the floor of his inclosure, standing still so as not to trample upon them.

Pipe, spreading apart his long front legs, lowered his head until his mouth touched the ground. The mice knew exactly what to do. One closely following the other, they clambered to the top of the giraffe's head, and, when he was assured that they were holding on, he slowly raised his head until it was on a level with the food holder. The mice then jumped down and began to hunt for food. They nestled in the straw, supremely indifferent to the giraffe, who nosed the hay alongside of them.

"I am sure," said Mr. Ditmars yesterday, "that old Pipe was not looking for food. He was dispensing hospitality and pushing over to the mice the choice bits, which he was sure his friends would want."

At the first signs of some one approaching the mice would scamper into the hay, and Mr. Ditmars believes, though he will not admit he is sure on this point, that Pipe covers them up to hide them from sight. If danger draws too near the trio will scramble to the floor and disappear into their hole. In every case where this happened Mr. Ditmars found that the big animal would stand in an attitude of belligerence until he had covered their retreat.

Saw Them Several Times.

"What I have related," said Mr. Ditmars, "is only a narrative of what happened on one day. I saw the same thing several times."

Where the squirrels are going is a question which is just now interesting Keeper Billy Snyder of Central Park. Since the coming of the Spring weather there has been a falling off in the squirrel population in the Park. During the unusually severe Winter the squirrels had a very hard time, and they were only saved from starvation by a distribution of nuts.

Reports that have reached the Park authorities would show that the little animals have simply set out to discover other feeding grounds. Some of them have made their homes in the yard of the New York Foundling Asylum in East Sixty-sixth Street, and others have located in the Normal College grounds in East Sixty-seventh Street. Some are reported to have been seen in the yards of private houses in Fifth Avenue.

Keeper Snyder said yesterday that he thought one reason for the travels of his little friends was that they wanted some hardshell nuts. Every one who comes to the Park feeds them peanuts.

"Now, what the squirrels want," he said, "is the hardshell nuts, upon which they sharpen their teeth. His theory is that the squirrels, their constitutions broken down by the surfeit of peanut diet, have fled from the sight of visitors in disgust.

"I would like to suggest to the kindly disposed visitors that they vary the squirrel diet of peanuts by hickory nuts or at least Connecticut nutmegs. Just suppose you had to eat nothing but peanuts all the time!"

Committee Named for Amberg Benefit.

A meeting was held at the Hotel Astor yesterday for the formation of a committee of prominent German citizens to take charge of the testimonial benefit performance to be given for Gustav Amberg at the Casino Theatre on Sunday evening, May 5. The committee appointed includes Dr. Emanuel Baruch, Chairman; William C. Muschenheim, Treasurer; E. L. Boas, C. Von Helmholt, Herman Ridder, Julius Kessler, German Consul N. K. Ziegler, C. B. Wolfram, Dr. F. Pfeiffer, Emanuel Lederer, Udo Brachvogel, C. F. Ringler, Hugo Rittenbusch, Louis Steckler, and H. B. Scharmann. Plans are being made for the appearance at the benefit of all of the prominent German actors and singers in the city, in addition to the American stars already announced. The use of the Casino has been donated by the Shuberts.

"The Rose Maid" for the Globe.

The engagement of Eddie Foy in "Over the River" at the Globe Theatre will end on Saturday night, to make room for Werba and Luescher's production of "The Rose Maid" on the following Monday. "The Rose Maid" is by Bruno Granichstaedten, whose music is not known here. The piece opened in Baltimore a month ago, and the company includes Audrienne Augarde, Edith Decker, Juliette Dika, Dorothy Follis, Emilie Lea, J. Humbird Duffey, Arthur Royd, R. E. Graham, Alfred Shean, Edward Gallagher, Harry Lambart, and Philip Sheffield.

Ames to Produce Play for Children.

Winthrop Ames announced yesterday that the first production to be made at his Little Theatre next Fall will be a play for children, "Snow White," to be followed a week or two later by "Anatol," Arthur Schnitzler's comedy. "Snow White" will be a dramatization of Grimm's fairy tale, and will be produced especially for children. It will be put on for a series of matinées, which will begin late enough to give school children time to reach the theatre.

A PRIMITIVE OPERA HEARD.

Monteverde's "Orpheus" in Concert Form at the Metropolitan.

The last of the Sunday night concerts at the Metropolitan Opera House was devoted to a curious and novel undertaking. This was a performance, in concert form, for the first time in America of Claudio Monteverde's opera of "Orfeo." This "Orfeo" was one of the earliest attempts of the group of Italian reformers whose efforts to revive what they imagined to be the Greek musical drama resulted in the beginning of modern opera. It was first produced in Mantua in 1607. The version used at last evening's performance was necessarily an arrangement, for Monteverde's orchestra was composed largely of instruments now obsolete. The arrangement was made by Prof. Giacomo Orefice, an Italian musician of distinction.

There is an opportunity for a volume on this "Orfeo," the movement of which it was a part, and its composer who was the most talented of the group concerned in it. The audience last evening, who did not, presumably, come in a historical frame of mind, was considerably nonplused by the work, which of course is the most archaic music ever heard in the Metropolitan Opera House. A historical frame of mind, however, is not absolutely indispensable for obtaining enjoyment even from this music. Much of it is monotonous, and the obsolete forms of cadence sometimes become wearisome. But there are passages that give an impression of beauty and musical characterization to litseners of this day. Most of the instrumental preludes and interludes have melodious charm, simple though it be; and so have the choruses. The solos are largely kept in the form of a rich recitative or declamatory arioso. This verges on the modern conception of melody occasionally, as in the first solo of Orpheus in the third act and in several passages of the fourth act.

There are a number of striking illustrations of Monteverde's purpose to make music descriptive of the action or illustrative of the words sung that are interesting in these days. At the close of Sylvia's song in the second act the musician has set the words "full of horror" and Orpheus's sad "Farewell, My World" to music that must have seemed of special poignancy in 1607. And when Orpheus sings of "all the burning and turning stars set to dancing," the music gives an almost startling effect of realism. An instance of what harmony was made to suggest, even 300 years ago, is to be found in Eurydice's song, "O Sight that Gives Me Gladness," where the harmonic change on the word "gladness" no doubt brought the meaning home vividly to listeners of that time.

The piece was sung in English with a very diverse measure of success in making the words understood. Mr. Weil's singing and diction as Orpheus left much to be desired; so did Mme. Duchenes in three characters. The chorus sang well, and Mr. Pasternack conducted with zeal. The audience listened with amazement and with only the faintest attempts at applause.

Before the "Orfeo" there was a miscellaneous programme, in which Mme. Destinn, Mr. Amato, and the orchestra took part.

PEOPLE'S SYMPHONY ADIEU.

Season's Last Concert Devoted to Wagner—Appeal for Subscriptions.

The People's Symphony Orchestra concluded its thirteenth season of concerts at popular prices yesterday afternoon in Carnegie Hall. The programme on this occasion was devoted to Wagnerian music, and in lieu of programme notes the conductor, Franz X. Arens, as usual, gave a brief exposition of each number before it was played.

Heinrich Meyn was the soloist, and he sang Wotan's "Farewell" from "Die Walküre" and the "Abendstern" air from "Tannhäuser." The orchestra played the prelude to "Parsifal," the prelude to the third act of "Lohengrin," Siegfried's "Rhine Journey," the overture to "Rienzi," the prelude to "Lohengrin," and an "albumblatt" transcribed for string orchestra by C. E. Lee Massena.

With the programme yesterday was issued an appeal for subscriptions to the society which read in part:

"At the low rate of admission the annual deficit runs into thousands of dollars, which, however, has heretofore been met by supporters of this educational movement. Of late years, however, our expense account has steadily increased; thus, for instance, two years ago the Musical Protective Union doubled the price for rehearsals, which item alone amounts to an annual increase of between $1,400 and $1,500. On the other hand, our subscriptions, for one reason or another, have decreased; some of our largest contributors have died, others have left the city, still others have met with financial reverses, rendering it impossible to continue their subscriptions."

MARGARET MORRIS HURT.

Actress Breaks a Leg at Moulin Rouge Rehearsal.

Margaret Morris, an actress in the cast of "A Winsome Widow," fractured her left leg yesterday at a rehearsal of the play at the Moulin Rouge, and probably will be confined to her home, 108 West 110th Street, for several weeks.

A rehearsal of the ice skating scene had been called for noon yesterday, and Miss Morris was late in arriving at the theatre. In her hurry to catch up with her skating partner, Hazel Lewis, she slipped and fell. Dr. James P. Hunt of 59 West Forty-sixth Street was called, and after treating Miss Morris on the stage accompanied her home. Her part in "A Winsome Widow" will be played to-night by Gladys Zell.

BLANEYS FORM STOCK CO.

Will Open at Manhattan Opera House on May 6.

Charles E. and Harry Clay Blaney will take possession of the Manhattan Opera House on May 6 as the home for a stock company under their direction. The best type of stock plays will be presented and the prices, because of the large seating capacity of the house, will be low. The first production will be "The Fortune Hunter," and others plays to be presented are "Alias Jimmy Valentine," "Salomy Jane," "Seven Days," "The Great Divide," "The City," "The Deep Purple," "Paid in Full," "The Commuters," "The Lion and the Mouse," and "The Girl of the Golden West."

Hawtrey to Ottawa by "Command."

Charles Hawtrey, the English actor-manager, who begins a short engagement at Maxine Elliott's Theatre to-night, will give a special "command" performance of "Dear Old Charlie" before the Duke of Connaught, Governor General of Canada, at Ottawa immediately after his New York season. Mr. Hawtrey has received a letter from a friend, who is on the Governor General's staff, in which the desire of the Duke to see the play was expressed. Mr. Hawtrey said he considered such a desire in the nature of a royal command, and telegraphed to Ottawa his intention of bringing his company for a special performance as soon as matters could be arranged.

Hans Letz for the Kneisel Quartet.

Julius Roentgen, second violin of the Kneisel Quartet, has resigned from the organization to return to Rotterdam, where he will join his father and brother in an orchestra devoted to chamber music. Hans Letz, formerly concertmeister of the Thomas Orchestra in Chicago, has accepted the position with the Kneisel Quartet made vacant by the resignation of Mr. Roentgen.

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The most unique, practical and satisfactory solution of the Awning problem yet devised. Easily operated. Very durable and artistic. Pulls up out of sight when desired. Send for Venetian Catalogue A1. Models on view at salesroom.
JAS. G. WILSON M'F'G CO.,
5 to 9 WEST 29TH ST., N. Y.

ABDUL BAHA PRAYS IN ASCENSION CHURCH

Leader of Bahai Movement, Speaking in Persian, Pleads for the Oneness of Humanity.

HIS APPEARANCE STRIKING

Congregation Lingers After Service to See Him, in Oriental Robes, Enter a Modern Limousine.

In the Church of the Ascension, toward the close of the services, yesterday morning the big congregation knelt in the pews or stood in the aisle spaces with heads reverently bowed, and before the altar Dr. Percy Stickney Grant and his assistant, Mr. Underhill, knelt, while a venerable white-bearded Persian, clothed in his linen gaba and wearing his fez and his patriarch's tabouch, stood and offered up a prayer in his native tongue. This was Abbas Effendi, or, as his followers call him, Abdul Baha Abbas, the Persian philosopher and interpreter of the Bahai revelation, who has come to this country to speak at the Lake Mohonk Peace Conference the latter part of this month and to spread his gospel of the fundamental unity of all religions.

Dr. Grant was not the first clergyman to invite the Persian teacher, but his was the first invitation that Abdul Baha accepted, and there was little room left in Ascension Church when the 11 o'clock services began yesterday. As they progressed the venerable Persian took his place in the high-backed seat to the right of the altar, with Dr. Ammen Fareend, his nephew, standing by, ready to act as interpreter.

"It is to be our privilege this morning," said Dr. Grant, "to hear one who has come out of the East, a new and great herald of good-will, one bearing a message of love to all mankind. Abdul Baha Abbas is a master of the things of the spirit. He comes from that part of the world where men meditate, where contemplation was born. He teaches the fundamental unity of all religions—a truth in which this congregation believes profoundly—and we welcome here one who may help the material fervor of the Occident to gain a new peace by the infiltration of the harmonies of the Orient."

Abdul Baha spoke in Persian, with Dr. Fareend interpreting a phrase at a time. Our material civilization, the Persian teacher said, has progressed greatly with the perfection of the crafts and the forward steps of material science, but our spiritual civilization, that which is based on divine morals, has declined and become degraded. We should strive, he said, to make our material civilization the purest possible medium, the most unclouded glass, through which the light of our spiritual civilization must shine.

One of the things that supports a spiritual civilization is peace, he said, and the body politic is in need of universal peace, but the oneness of humanity, the human solidarity, which has been the message of all the prophets, will be achieved only through the spiritual power, for neither racial distinctions nor patriotism can further it. The oneness of humanity will come with the supremacy of the spiritual civilization, and not while, as now, we are submerged in a sea of materialism. The cause is progressing in the Orient, he concluded, and the heavenly civilization is daily making itself more manifest.

These things Abdul Baha said in the few moments that he spoke, before he returned to his seat beside the altar. While the offering was being taken those seated near the front could see him delving amid his robes, and finally his hand emerged with a bill that found its way to the plate. During the prayer he stood with his forearms extended, the palms of his hands turned upward, and as he finished he passed these over his eyes in a gesture that ended with the stroking of the patriarchal beard. A sense of the strangeness of the scene seemed to be with many in the congregation, and not a few lingered afterward to see the Persian philosopher, in his costume of the Orient, as he stepped into a modern Occidental limousine, to be whizzed uptown to his apartment at the Ansonia.

Abdul Baha spoke yesterday afternoon at the meeting of the New Thought Society in the Carnegie Lyceum, and on Wednesday afternoon he will receive those of his followers who have come from distant places to see him.

McCORMACK IN IRISH SONGS.

Carnegie Hall Packed to Hear Noted Operatic Tenor.

John McCormack, the Irish tenor, gave a concert last evening at Carnegie Hall, the programme of which was largely made up of popular Irish songs. The result was an audience which crowded the hall to overflowing, filling even the stage. Many were turned away. Mr. McCormack has not been heard in New York in opera this season. Most of the year, in fact, he spent in Australia with Mme. Melba's opera company. During that time neither his voice nor his method of singing have changed.

Last evening besides several Irish songs he sang music by Liza Lehmann, and airs from "La Bohème" and "Faust." He was assisted by Marie Narelle, who sang several Irish songs, and by Spencer Clay, accompanist.

METROPOLITAN GETS BONCI.

Singer Signs Three-Year Contract at His Own Price.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., April 14.—Shortly after he reached here yesterday Alessandro Bonci, the tenor, signed a three-year contract with the Metropolitan Opera Company.

Bonci and the Metropolitan had been negotiating for some time, and the singer finally obtained his price. It is said that he will receive the same salary as Caruso.

HENRI BRISSON IS DEAD.

President of French Deputies Had Been Long in Politics.

PARIS, April 14.—Eugene Henri Brisson, President of the Chamber of Deputies, died to-day.

He was born at Bourges, July 31, 1835, the son of Louis Adolphe Brisson, counsel of the Court of Appeals of Bourges. In 1859 he was admitted to the bar of Paris. He became associated with The Temps and L'Avenir National in 1869, and was the founder of the Revue Politique. In 1874 he became a representative from the Seine in the National Assembly, and was one of the 363 who signed a protest against the Government of May 16, 1877. He reported the findings of the committee, which made parliamentary inquiry into the affairs of the Ministers of May 16 and Nov. 23, 1877. He had been Deputy from Marseilles since 1902.

Brisson was President of the Budget Commission in 1885 and Minister of Justice in 1881. He was made President of the Chamber of Deputies in 1895.

EDWARD J. RICHARDS DEAD.

N. Y. Central's Assistant G. P. A. Never Had Any Other Employer.

Edward J. Richards, Assistant General Passenger Agent of the New York Central, died at his home, 126 Herkimer Street, Brooklyn, yesterday morning. Mr. Richards was 59 years old, and had been in the employ of the New York Central for more than forty-five years. He was born in Liverpool and came to the United States when he was 5 years old. On leaving school he became an office boy in the employ of the New York Central, and never had any other employer.

Mr. Richards is survived by a wife and one sister. He was a member of the Montauk Club in Brooklyn and of the Transportation Club in New York. The funeral will be held to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock in the Roman Catholic Church of Our Lady of Victory, Throop and McDonough Streets, Brooklyn.

Oldest Michigan Woman Dies at 108.

HANCOCK, Mich., April 14.—The oldest woman in Michigan Mrs. Ida Oshinsky, died here yesterday at the age of 108. She had lived in the upper peninsula for fifty years. She made several trips abroad, taking her last voyage unaccompanied, when she was 85 years old.

DICKENS MEMORIAL SERVICE.

Dr. Carter Delivers Eulogy at Grave of Novelist's Son.

Members of the American Dickens League, the Dickens Fellowship, and other Dickens societies held memorial services yesterday afternoon at the grave of Alfred Tennyson Dickens, son of Charles Dickens and godson of Alfred Tennyson, whose body was removed on Friday from the receiving vault in Trinity Cemetery, Amsterdam Avenue and 153d Street, and interred in a plot donated by the Trinity Corporation. Psalms were read by the Rev. Dr. Gustave N. Hausmann, formerly of Temple Ausche Chichsed, after which a eulogy was delivered by the Rev. Dr. William Carter of the Madison Avenue Reformed Church. The grave was covered with beautiful floral tributes.

Dr. Carter, quoting from Little Joe, in "Bleak House," "Dead, my lord and ladies; dead, Right Reverend and wrong Reverends of our order, dead men and women, born with compassionate hearts, and dying thus around us every day," called attention to the loneliness which surrounded the death of A. T. Dickens, in a strange country, far away from home and friends.

"As his father," he said, "that master of smiles and tears, stirred our hearts in his characters, we cannot but feel our hearts stirred by the presence this day of the representative who passed before us for a little while and then fell asleep."

Jabez Rodman Parsons.

Jabez Rodman Parsons, retired banker and organizer of the Gansevoort Bank, died on Saturday from heart failure at his home, 155 Eighty-first Street, Brooklyn. He was born in New York City in 1839, entering the banking business in his early years. He retired from active business fifteen years ago. Mr. Parsons was a member of the Crescent Club. He left two daughters and two sons.

Obituary Notes.

GEORGE D. SANFORD, son of Gen. George D. Sanford, died yesterday after an extended illness from tuberculosis at his home in Grant Avenue, Islip, L. I. Mr. Sanford was 45 years old. He leaves three children.

NATALIE SCHELL, 40 years old, a manufacturer of dressmakers' forms, was found dead early yesterday morning in front of the door of her apartment at 125 Fifth Avenue. Death, according to Coroner's Physician Lehane, was due to a stroke of apoplexy, with which Miss Schell was seized as she was about to open her door.

MARY E. JENKINS, wife of Thomas W. Jenkins, died on Saturday at her home, 1,402 Pacific Street, Brooklyn. The daughter of Oliver Carpenter, she was born in Foxboro, Mass., in 1845, and moved to Brooklyn thirty-five years ago. Mr. Jenkins and two sons survive her.

JULES G. JACCARD, a retired jeweler, died on Friday night at his home, 798 Grand Street, Jersey City. He was born in St. Croix, Switzerland, 81 years ago, and came to this country as a boy. He started in the jewelry business in St. Louis, but came to New York before the civil war, and had lived in Jersey City since 1867. Mr. Jaccard retired in 1890. A son and five daughters survive him.

MARIA FREEBORN MILLS, widow of Stanley G. Mills, died on Saturday after a long illness at her home, 10 West 130th Street. She was born in this city in 1843, the daughter of Benjamin M. Freeborn. Mr. Mills, to whom she was married in 1865, was associated with Rogers, Peet & Co. until his death in November. Four sons survive her.

LAUREN LORENZO KENYON, President of the Amsterdam Lumber Company, died on Saturday after a short illness at his home in Amsterdam, N. Y. Born at Mansville, Jefferson County, 95 years ago, Mr. Kenyon was for many years engaged in the hardware and lumber business in Oswego. Two daughters and a son survive him.

STEPHEN SEBECKER, who became a messenger in the service of The New York Herald when a boy of 10, and who was employed in the downtown office of that paper for eighteen years, died on Saturday at his home, 148 Guernsey Street, Brooklyn. He was 35 years old.

HARRY DANIEL WADSWORTH died on Friday at the home of his sister, Mrs. Frank B. Carpenter, 284 President Street, Brooklyn.

CHRISTIAN STRUM, for forty years connected with the American Sugar Refining Company, died on Thursday at his home, 268 Rutledge Street, Brooklyn. He was prominent in German societies.

ANNA McBRIDE HANSOM, for thirty years a resident of South Brooklyn, died on Thursday at her home, 524 Fifth Avenue, Brooklyn.

The Rev. Dr. HENRY KLEIN, a Jewish rabbi and scholar, died on Saturday night at his home, 144 West 113th Street. He was 52 years old. Graduating from the University of Chicago, Dr. Klein first went to Altoona, Penn., where he remained for ten years.

GEORGE GUMPERT, a retired clothing merchant, died on Saturday at his home, 132 West 114th Street. He was 65 years old. Mrs. Gumpert, four sons, and a daughter survive him.

ALWIN L. SCHOFIELD, an insurance broker, died on Saturday at the home of George Eastmead, 100 Maple Street, Richmond Hill. He was 39 years old.

MARY HODGSON of 246 East Nineteenth Street died suddenly on Saturday afternoon. She was taken ill during a matinee at the Hippodrome and died before a physician arrived.

ELIZABETH CAMPBELL LEE of 459 West 142d Street died of heart disease in Washington on Thursday. She was 51 years old. Mrs. Lee was the wife of William Lee, a member of the firm of Rockwell, Eldridge & Lee, cotton goods merchants of 47 East Twentieth Street.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

LICHER.—To Mr. and Mrs. Julius Licher, 1,040 Clay Av., a daughter.

MERRILL.—To Mr. and Mrs. Whitney Merrill, 2,023 Bedford Av., Brooklyn, N. Y., April 12, a son.

COHEN.—April 10, 931 Fox St., Bronx, to Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Cohen, a son.

HEILBRUNN.—April 9, 856 Driggs Av., Brooklyn, to Mr. and Mrs. M. Heilbrunn, a son.

HOFFMAN.—April 10, 916 Bryant Av., Bronx, to Mr. and Mrs. F. Hoffman, a daughter.

LUSTIG.—April 12, 1,024 Boston Road, Bronx, to Mr. and Mrs. D. Lustig, a daughter.

MARKS.—April 9, 60 West 117th St., to Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Marks, a son.

SPROULE.—April 8, 1,202 Clay Av., Bronx, to Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Sproule, a daughter.

YOCHELSON.—April 8, 837 Lafayette Av., Brooklyn, a son.

Married.

CLEAVELAND—DOWKONTT.—In Battle Creek, Michigan, Easter Monday, (April 8, 1912,) Mrs. Frances E. Dowkontt of Battle Creek to Livingston W. Cleaveland of New Haven, Conn.

BARON—STERN.—Mr. and Mrs. Israel Stern, 1935 North 12th St., Philadelphia, announce the marriage of their daughter Lillie to Mr. Samuel Baron of New York City, April 8, 1912.

HOWE—DAVIS.—On Saturday, April 13, 1912, at the Church of the Incarnation, by the Very Rev. William M. Grosvenor, D. D., Dean of the Cathedral of St. John the Divine, and the Rev. William Beach Olmsted, M. A., L. H. D., Hester Ludlow, daughter of Howland Davis, to Lawrence Howe.

WHITE—MacLAREN.—On Saturday, April 13, 1912, at 128 East 78th St., by the Right Rev. Daniel S. Tuttle and Rev. Hugh Birckhead, Janet Halstead, daughter of Mrs. Robert Nelson MacLaren, to Richard Janney White of Baltimore.

COLT—AYERS.—April 9, Evalena V. Ayres to Frank B. Colt.

Brooklyn.

CARRIGAN—MULLIN.—April 13, Mary C. Mullin to Matthew L. Carrigan.

COX—EMISON.—April 11, Carrie Emison to Benjamin T. Cox.

FOWLER — STEVENS. — April 14, Catherine Stevens to Ross O. Fowler.

HOLLAND—RAWLINS.—April 13, Anne M. Rawlins to Frank T. Holland.

NELSON—DODGE.—April 10, Jeannette L. Dodge to Clatus J. Nelson.

Died.

ALDEN.—Annie Fields, daughter of Henry Mills Alden, at Metuchen, N. J., April 14.

ASHLEY.—On Saturday, April 13, 1912, at her residence, 131 Prospect St., East Orange, N. J., Jessie Antoinette, dearly beloved wife of Edward W. Ashley and mother of the Rev. Morgan Ashley of All Angels' Church, New York City. Funeral from Grace Church, Orange, Tuesday, April 16, on arrival of train leaving Hoboken via D., L. & W. R. R. 2:50 P. M.

REAST.—Suddenly, at New Fonsland, N. J., Sunday, April 14, Anna Armstrong Reast, wife of the late Frederick G. Reast. Funeral private.

COOLIDGE.—At Manchester, Mass., on Sunday, April 14, T. Jefferson Coolidge, Jr., 2d. Funeral services at Trinity Church on Tuesday, April 16, at 3 o'clock.

DEEVY.—On Saturday, April 13, Katharine Deevy, (nee Kavanagh,) beloved wife of Capt. Jefferson Deevy. Funeral from her late residence, 2 West 129th St., Tuesday, April 16, at 10 o'clock A. M., thence to All Saints' Church, 129th St. and Madison Av., where a solemn high mass will be offered for the repose of her soul. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

FRANCIS.—Reginald W. Services in memory of Reginald W. Francis, who died abroad, will be held at residence of his brother, Charles E. Francis, 264 Monroe St., Brooklyn, Wednesday evening, April 17, 1912, 8 o'clock.

HASTINGS.—Suddenly, at Elizabeth, N. J., on Saturday, April 13, Rebecca Lloyd, wife of William H. Hastings and daughter of the late Rev. John Stearns, M. D. Funeral private. Baltimore, Washington, and Denver papers please copy.

HODGSON.—Suddenly, April 13, Fannie, widow of Richard Hodgson and second daughter of the late Alexander and Jane Eagleson. Funeral services at St. George's Church, Stuyvesant Square and 16th St., Tuesday, April 16, at 2 o'clock.

JENKINS.—On Saturday, April 13, at her late residence, 1,402 Pacific St., Brooklyn, Mary F., wife of Thomas W. Jenkins. Funeral private. Please omit flowers.

MILLS.—On Saturday, April 13, Maria D. Freeborn, wife of the late Sidney B. Mills. Funeral service at her late residence, 10 West 130th St., on Monday afternono, at 3 o'clock.

MOSELEY.—At New Haven, Conn., April 12, 1912, Elizabeth Perkins Moseley, widow of Seth H. Moseley, aged 76. Funeral services at her late residence, 36 Wall St., New Haven, Conn., at 2:30 P. M., Monday, April 15.

PARSONS.—On Saturday, April 13, 1912, Jabez Rodman Parsons, in his 74th year. Funeral services at his late residence, 155 81st St., Brooklyn, Monday, the 15th, at 8 P. M. Interment private at Plainfield, N. J.

RILLEY.—Annie Rilley, aged 51. "THE FUNERAL CHURCH," 241 West 23d, (Campbell Building,) Monday morning, 10:30.

ROOSEVELT.—At her residence, 4 West 57th St., New York, on Saturday, April 13, 1912, Elizabeth Norris, widow of James A. Roosevelt and daughter of the late William Fishbourne Emlen of Philadelphia. Funeral private. Friends are requested not to send flowers. Philadelphia papers please copy.

SANFORD.—At Islip, L. I., George D., son of Gen. George D. Sanford, in his 46th year. Funeral services will be held at his late residence, Grant Av., Islip, L. I., Tuesday, April 16, at 2 o'clock P. M. Interment at Mount Olivet Cemetery, Brooklyn, at convenience of the family. Trains leave Pennsylvania Station, New York, and Flatbush Av., Brooklyn, at 11 A. M.

SHERIDEN.—April 14, Edwin Sheriden, aged 42. Funeral from Stephen Merritt's New Chapel, 8th Av., near 21st St., Tuesday, 2 o'clock.

SMITH.—On Thursday, April 11, 1912, at her residence, 39 West 37th St., Frances C. Bullard, wife of the late George W. Smith. Funeral services at her late residence Monday, April 15, at half-past twelve o'clock. Kindly omit flowers.

TAYLOR.—On April 14, Agnes, daughter of the late William B. and Eliza Taylor, in her 68th year. Funeral services at the chapel of the Home, 104th St. and Amsterdam Av., on Tuesday, April 16, at 2 P. M.

WELLS.—On Sunday, April 14, at St. John's Hospital, Brooklyn, N. Y., David S. Wells, in the 58th year of his age. Funeral service private. Please omit flowers. Philadelphia papers please copy.

ARRANCE.—Mary E., 175 East 68th St., April 13. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

BOLEMAN.—Sarah, Home for the Aged, April 13. Funeral private.

BUDELMAN.—Virginia L., Fordham, April 12. Funeral private.

BURKE.—Elizabeth M., 21 Audubon Av., April 13. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

CASEY.—Michael, 400 West 17th St., April 13.

CLEARY.—Margaret A., 749 Columbus Av., April 13. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

CURRAN.—William, 341 West 43d St., April 13. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

DEVOE.—Harriet A., 1,006 Ogden Av., April 12, aged 62.

DRAKE.—Owen, 308 East 126th St., April 13. Funeral to-morrow, 9 A. M.

GUMPERT.—George W., 239 Lenox Av., April 12, aged 55. Funeral service to-day.

HOCK.—Charles N., 2,310 Morris Av., Bronx, April 13.

KIRKWOOD.—John B., 450 West 37th St., April 13.

KLEIN.—Sarah, 46 West 116th St., April 13.

RODZIEWIC.—The Rev. Julius, April 12, aged 43. Funeral 171 8th Av.

SHERIDAN.—James J., 239 Lafayette St., April 13. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

SPANIER.—Rose, 216 Avenue A, April 13. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

SUMMERS.—Benjamin, 540 East 150th St., April 12, aged 47.

TEASDALE.—Catherine, 1,262 Nelson Av., Highbridge, April 12. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

Brooklyn.

AUER.—Emma R., 525 Glenmore Av., April 13, aged 58. Funeral service to-morrow.

BUTLER.—Frank J., 5,804 4th Av., April 13, aged 34. Funeral service to-day.

BUTLER.—James J., 21 Rush St., April 13. Funeral to-day.

BYRNES.—John A., 28 Huntington St., April 12, aged 38. Funeral to-day.

DONNELLY.—William, 625 Bushwick Av., April 12. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

FLOTO.—Henry A., 1,179 Bushwick Av., April 13, aged 55. Funeral to-morrow.

GERARD.—Eugene, 18 Suydam St., April 13, aged 47. Funeral service to-day.

GESCHWINDNER.—Hedwig, 358 45th St., April 12. Funeral to-day.

HIGGINS.—Patrick J., 596 5th Av., April 13. Funeral to-morrow, 10:30 A. M.

JOSEPH.—Philip, 207 Henry St., April 12.

KASS.—William H., 1,526 New York Av., April 13. Funeral private.

McDONALD.—Rose, 74 Cumberland St., April 12. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

McINERNEY.—Mary, 278 Degraw St., April 13. Funeral to-morrow.

MAGERLE.—Franziska, 566 Himrod St., April 12, aged 24.

MALEY.—John T., 165 South 1st St., April 12, aged 47. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

MILLER.—Charles, 91 Eagle St., April 13, aged 46.

MOORE.—Francis A., 55 Pierrepont St., April 13, aged 73. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

POPE.—Carl, 1,095 Herkimer St., April 12, aged 19. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

RAYMOND.—Richard E., 217 Ralph Av., April 13, aged 40. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

RYAN.—Robert T., Brooklyn Hospital, April 13. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

SCHINDLER.—Albert A., 685 Herkimer St., April 13, aged 59.

SPOTTZ.—A. Clarence, 47 East 31st St., April 12. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

Jersey City.

JENKINS.—Thomas H., 36 Lincoln St., April 12, aged 31. Funeral to-day.

PHILLIPS.—George W. C., 316 Varick St., April 13.

THECKEN.—John, 9 Lineau Place, April 13, aged 58. Funeral to-morrow.

Long Island.

CAMPIONI.—William, Middle Village, April 13, aged 87. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

MUTH.—Otto, 903 Steinway Av., Astoria, April 12, aged 40.

WALLACE.—Thomas M., Ozone Park, April 12, aged 29. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

Westchester County.

DOUGLASS.—Carrie H., White Plains, April 13. Funeral notice later.

FIEDER.—Frederick W., Mount Vernon, April 13, aged 61. Funeral to-day, 3 P. M.

PIERSON.—Leonora M., 15 Lawrence St., Yonkers, April 12. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

In Memoriam.

AARON.—Wolf, unveiling monument, Washington Cemetery, April 21, 1:30 P. M.

COHEN.—Smauel, unveiling monument, Machpelah Cemetery, April 21, 3 P. M.

COHEN.—Sarah, in memory of; died April 18, 1911.

CONWAY.—John, in memory of; died April 16, 1909.

DAVIS.—Rachael, unveiling monument, Union Fields Cemetery, April 21, 2:30 P. M.

FLESH.—Rosa, unveiling monument, Machpelah Cemetery, April 21, 3:30 P. M.

GOLDSMITH.—Emanuel, unveiling monument, Mount Hope Cemetery, April 21, 3 P. M.

GOLDSMITH.—Solomon, in memory of; died April 15, 1909.

KAHN.—Rosa, unveiling monument, Maimonides Cemetery, April 21, 3 P. M.

LEVI.—Emma, unveiling monument, Maimonides Cemetery, April 21, 3 P. M.

LEVY.—Arthur, unveiling monument, Mount Zion Cemetery, April 21, 3 P. M.

LEVY.—Morris, unveiling monument, Bayside Cemetery, April 21, 2 P. M.

McNAMARA.—Anna G., in memory of; died April 17, 1911.

MILLER.—Louis, unveiling tablet, Temple Sharri Zedek, Brooklyn, April 21, 3 P. M.

MURPHY.—Thomas, in memory of; died April 16, 1898.

OPPENHEIMER.—Hattye, in memory of; died April 15, 1907.

PROBSTEIN.—Jacob, unveiling monument, Bayside Cemetery, April 21, 2:30 P. M.

SAM.—Caroline, unveiling monument, Mount Hope Cemetery, April 21, 3 P. M.

SAMISCH.—Emma, unveiling monument, Union Fields Cemetery, April 21, 2:30 P. M.

SCHEUER.—Jeannette, unveiling monument, Cypress Hills Cemetery, April 21, 2:30 P. M.

SCHLESINGER.—Arthur, in memory of; died April 15, 1909.

SMITH.—Agnes G., in memory of; died April 18, 1911.

THIEDE.—Carl, in memory of; died April 15, 1911.

VANDERBECK.—Marvin E. B., in memory of; died April 15, 1909.

VAN RAALTE.—Biena, in memory of; died April 15, 1910.

WHITMORE.—Frank W., mass St. Agnes's Roman Catholic Church, Brooklyn, to-morrow, 8 A. M.

WOLFFSOHN.—Sarah, unveiling monument, Shearith Israel Cemetery, April 21, 3 P. M.

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JERSEY SKEETERS SCARE THE GIANTS

National League Champions Just Manage to Pull Through a 4 to 3 Victory.

Jersey City gave the Giants a huge scare at West Side Park, in Jersey City, yesterday, the New Yorks having to extend themselves to win by a scant 4 to 3 score. The Skeeters, in spite of the cold, wet weather, bit the Giants at every opportunity and made a great finish, which almost snatched the victory. McHale, a former Red Sox pitcher, was on the mound for the first four innings, and during that sojourn New York got only a single hit, and nothing that resembled a score. Then "Sliver" Main had a very tempestuous fifth inning, and, while he was wobbly, the Giants scored four runs and won the game. After that they scored no more.

Jersey City would have won the game if it hadn't been for a misjudged liner from Larry Doyle's bat in the fifth inning, which sailed over Wheeler's head in right field and went for a two-bagger. Roxey Roach's error in this same inning, when he mussed up Herzog's grounder, was also a glaring mistake which helped New York.

A crowd of 2,500 looked on, and the field was so muddy that sawdust was dumped in the puddles. The Jersey folks took great delight in reminding the Giants of their two recent defeats in Brooklyn, and when McHale showed that he was the master of the New York batsmen, McGraw's men were advised to take a bit of bush league training. Drucke pitched pretty fair ball for six innings, but Maxwell, who succeeded him, got into a peck of trouble in the ninth, and almost let the cat out of the bag.

The Skeeters almost grabbed the game in the ninth. Deininger doubled to left and Wheeler went out, Hartley to Merkle. Roach's single to right scored Deininger. Janvrin, the Boston schoolboy, rammed a long fly to right, which Murray corralled. Bemis, the former Nap catcher, cracked a single to left, sending Roach to third, Bemis landing on second.

Here was a very rosy opportunity. Rondeau, batting for Main, foolishly reached his bat high in the air after a wild shoot of Maxwell's and raised a pop fly, which was caught by Hartley.

The score:

NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A	JERSEY CITY.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Burns, lf.	4	1	3	0	0	Breen, 2b.	4	0	1	0	2
Doyle, 2b.	4	0	2	0	4	Calla'n, cf.	4	0	0	4	1
Snodg's, cf.	3	0	0	0	0	Meyers, 1b.	4	0	0	8	0
McCor'k, cf.	1	0	0	0	0	Deinin'r, lf.	3	2	1	0	0
Murray, rf.	4	0	0	2	0	Wheeler, rf.	4	1	2	0	0
Merkle, 1b.	2	0	0	12	1	Roach, ss.	4	0	1	3	3
Herzog, 3b.	3	1	1	0	1	Janvrin, 3b.	3	0	0	1	3
Shafer, ss.	3	1	1	4	2	Wells, c.	2	0	1	4	0
Wilson, c.	1	0	1	4	1	Bemis, c.	2	0	1	3	1
Hartley, c.	1	1	1	4	1	McHale, p.	1	0	0	0	1
Drucke, p.	2	0	0	0	0	Main, p.	1	0	0	1	2
Maxw'l, p.	1	0	0	0	3	*McCrone.	1	0	0	0	0
						†Rondeau.	1	0	0	0	0
Total	29	4	8	27	15	Total	34	3	7	24	13

*Batted for McHale in the fifth inning.
†Batted for Main in the ninth inning.
Errors—Murray, Shafer, Meyers, Roach.

New York ....0 0 0 0 4 0 0 0 .—4
Jersey City ....0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 1—3

Two-base hits—Doyle, Hartley, Deininger. Stolen bases—Merkle, Herzog, Deininger. First base on errors—New York, 1; Jersey City, 2. Left on bases—New York, 5; Jersey City, 6. Double plays—Roach and Meyers; Callahan, Roach, and Janvrin. Struck out—By McHale, 4; by Main, 2; by Drucke, 6; by Maxwell, 1. Bases on balls—Off McHale, 2; off Main, 2; of Drucke, 1; off Maxwell, 1. Hit by pitcher—By McHale, (Merkle.) Hits—Off Drucke, 4 in six innings; off Maxwell, 3 in three innings; off McHale, 1 in four innings; off Main, 7 in four innings. Umpire—Harry Howell. Time of game—One hour and forty-five minutes.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Pittsburgh with Four Pitchers Falls to Stop Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, April 14.—Pittsburgh used four pitchers in an effort to stop Cincinnati to-day, but failed, and the locals won, 11 to 7. Esmond's triple with the bases full in the seventh inning featured the contest. Pittsburgh played poorly in the field, while Cincinnati performed faultlessly. The hitting was heavy all during the game. The score:

CINCINNATI.	AB	R	H	PO	A	PITTSBURGH.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Bescher, lf.	5	3	2	4	0	Byrne, 3b.	4	3	2	3	2
Bates, cf.	4	2	1	2	0	Carey, lf.	4	2	3	3	0
Hoblit'l, 1b.	5	2	2	6	0	Donlin, rf.	4	0	2	3	0
Marsans, rf.	5	2	2	3	0	Wagner, ss.	2	0	0	0	2
Egan, 2b.	4	0	1	3	1	Miller, 1b.	3	0	0	11	0
Phelan, 3b.	2	0	1	2	1	Wilson, cf.	4	0	0	1	0
Esmond, ss.	4	1	2	2	1	McC'y, 2b.	4	1	2	0	3
McLean, c.	4	0	1	5	1	Gibson, c.	3	1	1	2	0
Suggs, p.	3	0	0	0	2	Camnitz, p.	1	0	0	0	1
Keefe, p.	0	0	0	0	1	Leifield, p.	1	0	0	0	1
‡Mitchell	1	0	0	0	0	Gardner, p.	0	0	0	1	0
						Robin'n, p.	0	0	0	0	1
						*Rehg	1	0	0	0	0
						†Hyatt	1	0	0	0	0
Total	37	11	11	27	7	Total	32	7	10	24	10

*Batted for Camnitz in the fifth inning.
†Batted for Robinson in the ninth inning.
‡Batted for Suggs in the seventh inning.
Errors—Byrne, Donlin, McCarthy (2.)

Cincinnati.......... 2 0 0 1 2 0 6 0 .—11
Pittsburgh.......... 0 0 0 2 0 1 4 0 0—7

Two-base hits—Marsans, McLean, Byrne, Carey. Three-base hits—Hoblitzell, Esmond. Hits—Off Camnitz, 4 in 4 innings; off Leifield, 4 in 2 innings, (none out in the seventh inning;) off Gardner, 3 in 1 inning; off Robinson, 0 in 1 inning; off Suggs, 10 in 7 innings; off Keefe, 0 in 2 innings. Sacrifice hits—Bates, Gibson. Stolen bases—Egan, Donlin. Sacrifice fly—Phelan, Wagner (2.) Left on bases—Pittsburgh, 3; Cincinnati, 5. Base on balls—Off Gardner, 1; off Suggs, 2. Struck out—By Camnitz, 1; by Suggs, 3; by Keefe, 1. Time of game—Two hours and two minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Owens and Brennan.

Long Game at St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, April 14.—Singles by Konetchy, Mowrey, and Hauser in the twelfth inning after one was out gave St. Louis the first game of the opening series with Chicago this afternoon by a score of 5 to 4. The visitors had the bases filled in the eleventh with none out, but fast fielding kept them from scoring. The score:

ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A	CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Hug'ns, 2b.	5	0	1	4	5	Evers, 2b.	6	1	1	1	2
Ellis, lf.	6	0	1	3	0	Sheck'd, lf.	4	1	1	2	0
Oakes, cf.	5	0	1	3	0	Schulte, rf.	5	1	1	3	0
Kon't'y, 1b.	5	2	4	11	2	Zim'm'n, 1b.	5	0	1	10	0
Evans, rf.	4	0	2	2	0	Lennox, 3b.	4	1	1	2	1
Mowrey, 3b.	4	1	1	2	2	Hofman, cf.	4	0	3	5	1
Hauser, ss.	6	0	3	4	5	Tinker, ss.	5	1	1	3	2
Bliss, c.	4	1	2	9	3	Archer, c.	4	0	0	8	3
Sallee, p.	5	1	3	0	3	Brown, p.	5	0	1	0	2
Willie, rf.	0	0	0	1	0						
Total	44	5	17	36	20	Total	42	4	10	*34	11

*One out when winning run was scored.
Errors—Huggins, Hauser, Sallee, (2.)

St. Louis.....0 0 0 0 2 1 0 0 0 0 1—5
Chicago.....0 0 1 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0—4

Two-base hits—Hauser, Hofman, Evans, Zimmerman, Ellis. Sacrifice hits—Huggins, Lennox, Willie. Sacrifice fly—Bliss. Stolen bases—Evans, Sheckard, Evers. Double plays—Konetchy and Bliss; Hauser and Huggins; Brown, Tinker and Zimmerman; Huggins and Konetchy; Hofman, Archer and Evans; Mowrey, Bliss and Konetchy. Passed ball—Bliss. Bases on balls—Off Brown, 5; off Sallee, 4. Struck out—By Brown, 7; by Sallee, 6. Left on bases—St. Louis, 13; Chicago, 7. Umpires—Messrs. Johnstone and Eason. Time of game—Two hours and forty-five minutes.

Brooklyn Strikes a Snag.

Brooklyn ran up against a snag in Newark yesterday, losing by the score of 6 to 1 to Joe McGinnity and his tribe of International Leaguers. That they were not blanked was due to the fact that the locals bunched their two errors in the eighth inning, which enabled Miller to get as far as third base, from whence he scored on Moran's sacrific fly. Although the "Iron Man" went the entire route, only four scattering hits were made off him, while he did not pass a man. Allen, who pitched for the Dodgers, was touched up pretty lively, and at the end of the sixth inning retired in favor of Yingling, who was even less effective. It was a case of the Indians having on their batting clothes. That they did not pile up more was due to the fact that the Dodger twirlers got perfect support. The score by innings:

R.H.E.
Newark ....2 0 0 1 0 1 2 0 .—6 13 2
Brooklyn ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0—1 4 0

Batteries—McGinnity and Ryerson; Allen, Yingling, Higgins, and Miller.

Champions Down Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, Md., April 14.—Although they were outbatted, the Philadelphia Athletics' hits were more opportune, and the Baltimore Internationals were to-day defeated by a score of 9 to 7. Score by innings:

R.H.E.
Philadelphia ...1 0 2 0 2 3 0 1 0—9 12 1
Baltimore ......1 0 1 2 0 0 0 2—7 14 1

Batteries—Houck, Shawkey, Eagan, and Killhullen; Dygert, Vickers, Frock, and Payne.

American Association.

At Indianapolis—Minneapolis, 12; Indianapolis, 3.
At Louisville—Louisville, 2; St. Paul, 0.
At Toledo—Kansas City, 3; Toledo, 0.
At Columbus—Columbus, 5; Milwaukee, 4.

Southern League.

At Memphis—Memphis, 4; Nashville, 2.
At Montgomery—Montgomery, 2; Birmingham, 1.
At New Orleans—New Orleans-Mobile, rain.

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
Detroit, 1; Cleveland, 0.
St. Louis, 4; Chicago, 1.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
Cincinnati, 11; Pittsburgh, 7.
St. Louis, 5; Chicago, 4. (12 innings.)

NATIONAL LEAGUE.	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Cincinnati	3	0	1.000
St. Louis	3	0	1.000
Brooklyn	2	1	.667
Boston	2	1	.667
New York	1	2	.333
Philadelphia	1	2	.333
Chicago	0	3	.000
Pittsburgh	0	3	.000

AMERICAN LEAGUE.	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Boston	3	0	1.000
Philadelphia	2	0	1.000
Cleveland	2	2	.500
Detroit	2	2	.500
St. Louis	2	2	.500
Chicago	2	2	.500
Washington	0	2	.000
New York	0	3	.000

Where They Play To-day.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
New York at Boston.
Philadelphia at Brooklyn.
Pittsburgh at Cincinnati.
Chicago at St. Louis.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
Washington at New York.
Boston at Philadelphia.
St. Louis at Cleveland.
Detroit at Chicago.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Chicago Loses Final Game of Opening Series with St. Louis.

CHICAGO, April 14.—Although Walsh held St. Louis to four hits to-day, Chicago lost the final game of the opening series, 4 to 1. St. Louis scored three runs in the third on Hallinan's double, a fielder's choice, a base on balls, and Stovall's drive to centre. The visitors counted again in the fourth, when Walsh made two errors trying to catch Compton off base. Chicago made its only run in the seventh, when Bodie singled and scored on Zelder's double. Score:

ST LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A	CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Shotten, cf.	2	1	0	4	0	Rath, 2b.	4	0	1	0	2
Austin, 3b.	4	0	1	0	2	Lord, 3b.	4	0	1	1	0
Stovall, 1b.	4	0	1	7	0	Calla'n, lf.	4	0	1	1	0
Comp'n, rf.	3	0	1	0	0	Bodie, cf.	4	1	1	3	1
Hogan, lf.	3	0	0	2	0	Mattick, rf.	2	0	0	1	0
Pratt, 2b.	4	0	0	3	2	Tanne'l, ss.	0	0	0	0	0
Halli'n, ss.	3	1	1	3	2	Zeider, 1b.	4	0	2	10	0
Krichell, c.	3	1	0	6	3	Weaver, ss.	1	0	0	1	1
Baum'r, p.	3	0	0	1	3	Block, c.	2	0	0	3	0
						Sullivan, c.	2	0	0	6	1
						Collins, rf.	1	0	0	0	0
						Walsh, p.	2	0	0	1	7
						*Fournier	1	0	0	0	0
						†Paddock	1	0	0	0	0
Total	29	4	4	27	9	Total	32	1	6	27	12

*Batted for Mattick in seventh inning.
†Batted for Tannehill in ninth inning.
Errors—Hogan, Pratt, Zeider, Walsh, (2.)

St. Louis ....0 0 3 1 0 0 0 0 0—4
Chicago ....0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0—1

Two-base hits—Hallinan, Hogan, (2,) Zeider. Sacrifice hit—Hogan. Stolen bases—Shotten, Zeider. Double play—Bodie to Block. Left on bases—St. Louis, 2; Chicago, 6. First base on balls—Off Walsh, 3; off Baumgartner, 2. Struck out—By Walsh, 7; by Baumgartner, 7. Umpires—Messrs. Egan and Evans. Time of game—One hour and fifty-five minutes.

Detroit Blanks Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, April 14.—Louden's catch of a line drive off Turner's bat in the seventh inning gave Detroit the victory. Cleveland had runners on third and second with one out when Turner's drive went into Louden's hands. Detroit scored their only run on Olson's error and Crawford's three-base hit. Score:

CLEVELAND.	AB	R	H	PO	A	DETROIT.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Butcher, lf.	4	0	0	2	0	Vitt, lf.	4	0	1	2	0
Olson, ss.	3	0	0	3	2	Louden, 3b.	4	0	0	2	3
Jackson, cf.	4	0	0	1	0	Cobb, cf.	3	1	0	3	0
Lajoie, 2b.	4	0	1	2	5	Crawf'd, rf.	4	0	1	1	0
Ryan, rf.	2	0	0	1	1	Deleh'y, 2b.	3	0	1	1	4
Hohnh't, 1b.	3	0	1	17	0	Gainer, 1b.	3	0	1	13	0
Turner, 3b.	2	0	0	0	5	Bush, ss.	2	0	1	3	4
Easterly, c.	2	0	1	1	3	Stanage, c.	3	0	1	2	1
Kaler, p.	3	0	0	0	3	Coving'n, p.	3	0	0	0	2
Total	27	0	3	27	19	Total	29	1	6	27	14

Error—Olson.

Cleveland ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Detroit ....1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—1

Three-base hit—Crawford. Stolen base—Bush. Double plays—Olson, Lajoie, and Hohnhorst; Louden, (unassisted;) Bush and Gainer. First base on balls—Off Kaler, 2; off Covington, 3. Hit by pitcher—By Kaler, 2, (Cobb, Delehanty;) by Covington, 1, (Olson.) Struck out—By Kaler, 1; by Covington, 1. Left on bases—Cleveland, 4; Detroit, 5. Time of game—One hour and forty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Dineen and Perrine.

Seat Sale for Giants' Opening.

The advance sale of reserved seats for the opening game at the Polo Grounds with Brooklyn on Thursday will begin at the offices of the New York Club in the St. James Building, 1,133 Broadway, this morning at 9 o'clock.

West Hudsons Win Cup.

Six thousand soccer enthusiasts crowded into the narrow confines of Morris Park, Newark, N. J., yesterday to witness the annual cup tie final of the American Football Association, between the West Hudsons of Newark and the Paterson Rangers of Paterson, who had survived the large field of original entries from New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, and New England. When play started every point of vantage had been taken and the limited capacity of the grounds taxed to the utmost. The West Hudsons, cup holders in 1906 and 1908, came into their own again, but only by the narrowest of margins, winning by 1 goal to 0.

In the semi-final round of the American Amateur Football Cup tie series the Brooklyn Celtics easily secured their place in the final round by giving a severe trouncing to the Critchley F. C., at Edison Field, Brooklyn, yesterday. The score was five to nothing. The Celtics, who went on the field heavy favorites, had to contend with a stronger team than they anticipated, and it was not until one minute before the first half closed that a score was made.

At Blatt's Oval, Brooklyn, yesterday the Clan McKenzies administered a whitewash defeat to the Arcadia Thistles by 2 goals to 0 in a New York and District League championship fixture.

The New York Celtics continued their unbroken string of victories and yesterday they secured their eighteenth consecutive win by defeating the German F. C. at Van Cortlandt Park by 3 goals to 1.

The St. George F. C., runners-up for first place in the second division of the New York and District League, met and defeated the Greenpoint eleven at Edison Field, Brooklyn, by the one-sided score of 4 goals to 0.

Bidwell Trophy Race Postponed.

Owing to the poor condition of the roads and the rain yesterday the motorcycle race for the Bidwell Trophy over a seventeen-mile straightaway course on the Long Island Motor Parkway was postponed until next Sunday. The officials and several of the contestants were on the scene at the starting time, which was set for 8 A. M., but decided not to contest the event under the conditions. The majority of the contestants could not make their way to the course from New York, and got into communication with the officials at Krug's corner, notifying them of their inability to reach the starting point. If the weather permits next Sunday the event will be contested. Many of the best known trade and individual riders of the East have entered, and the event promises to be the classic of the motorcycle racing season. It will be the first event of the season, despite the postponement, and will afford an opportunity to get a line on the events following throughout the season.

Miller's Loss Is Keenly Felt.

Jim Rice, coach of the Columbia crews, will have to send his 'Varsity eight out in a different order this afternoon owing to the injury received by Fritz Miller on Saturday. Miller strained a ligament in his back in his fall down stairs, and, according to his physician, will have to stay out of the boat for at least a month. Coach Rice is more optimistic, however, and thinks that Miller can row again in about two weeks. F. Latenser, who had been rowing at 7, has temporarily dropped out of the eight and Miller had been moved up to his place. The Light Blue and White 'Varsity will therefore be greatly handicapped in its practice throughout the rest of the month. The loss of Miller even for a short time will be keenly felt at the Columbia quarters at Edgewater, as he is one of the best men of the combination.

White Outpoints Moran.

ATLANTA, Ga., April 14.—Frankie White of Chicago received the decision over Johnnie Moran of New York at the end of a ten-round bout here last night.

BASEBALL TO-DAY, 4 P. M. N. Y. Americans vs. Washington. Amer. League Park. Adm. 50c. —Adv.

LIGHTWEIGHTS IN WEEK'S BEST BOUTS

Brown vs. Young Erne and Murphy vs. Cross the Headliners—All-Star Shows.

With New York's three leading lightweights scheduled to perform, two shows featuring three ten-round bouts between boxers of prominence and the usual number of smaller shows on the programme, boxing enthusiasts of Greater New York will be kept unusually busy during the coming week. The Fairmont Athletic Club is the only big club which has not arranged for a strong card of bouts between professionals, but the club will be busy on Tuesday night with an amateur programme of considerable importance.

The principal interest in the bouts of the week is centred in the contest between Knockout Brown of this city and Young Erne of Philadelphia, which is to be staged at the Empire Athletic Club to-night. This will be the first appearance of the Philadelphian in a New York bout in three years, but at that time he did not occupy the same position in the boxing game that he holds to-day. During the past year he has shown form that he never exhibited in his early career, and he has been bowling over lightweights and welterweights with the same degree of success. Since Mike Gibbons attained his great popularity in New York he faced Erne in a six-round bout—the Philadelphia limit—and New Yorkers who saw the contest agree that Erne outpointed the clever St. Paul boy. Efforts to arrange a return match have not been successful.

Erne is a rugged mixer as well as a boxer of high degree, and Philadelphians are confident that he will take the measure of the local boy. The two engaged in a six-round bout in Philadelphia a short time ago, and opinion on the outcome was divided, some giving Brown a shade decision, while others called the affair a draw. On that occasion Erne made 133 pounds at 6 o'clock, and he insisted that the weight had weakened him. The terms for to-night's bout call for the same weight at 4:30 o'clock this afternoon, which will give Erne an advantage he did not enjoy before. He usually boxes several pounds above the lightweight figure. Brown's fighting ability and style are well known, and it is certain that he will keep his opponent busy all the way.

A contest that is creating almost as much interest as the Brown-Erne affair is that between Leach Cross and Tommy Murphy, which is to be fought at the Empire Athletic Club Wednesday night. These boys have been natural rivals for years, and in the old days Murphy was usually able to gain the honors over the east sider. But Cross has shown great improvement during the past year, and Murphy will find a much different proposition than in the other bouts. Murphy, too, is going at top speed just now. Since his last bout in New York the Flatbush real estate agent has figured in a long jaunt to the Coast, where he engaged in twenty-round bouts with Packey McFarland, One-Round Hogan, and Abe Attell.

The National Sporting Club has also arranged for an all-star card for its show on Thursday evening. The main bout will bring together Matty Baldwin of Boston, one of the cleverest lightweights in the game to-day and Johnny Marto of the west side. This is a return bout arranged at the request of Marto, who is not satisfied with his showing in a recent bout with Baldwin at the same club. Baldwin won a clean-cut decision in the last contest. The remainder of the programme contains two ten-round bouts between boxers who generally figure in the star bout. Willie Beecher of New York will hook up with Joe edell Bof Brooklyn in one contest, and the other will show Battling Hurly of Passaic against Frank Loughery of Philadelphia. These four boys also belong to the rugged school which relies more of hitting and stamina than cleverness.

Heavyweights will hold the attention at the Olympia A. C. in Harlem to-night, the principals being "Gunboat" Smith, who recently came here from California, and Andy Morris of Boston. Smith was originally matched with Frank Moran of Pittsburgh, but the latter called off the bout and Morris was secured. Both men are out with challenges to all the heavyweights in this section.

At the Royale A. C. in Brooklyn tomorrow night the feature event will bring together Young Ahearn, the Brooklyn Dancing Master, and George Alger of Boston. Alger last week made a strong impression in Brooklyn in his victory over Johnny Dolan. The weight agreed upon is 140 pounds ringside.

At the Fordon A. C. in the lower east side to-night, two ten-round bouts will feature the show. The first will bring together Eddie Kelly of Harlem against Marty Brown of the east side, and the other will show Billy Lewis, the Newark welterweight, against Ralph Rose of the Fourth Ward.

The Sharkey A. C. will put on Soldier Delaney and Dave Katz, an east side heavyweight, as the main event at the regular weekly show Wednesday night.

The Brooklyn Beach A. C. of South Brooklyn will hold its regular show tonight with K. O. Egers of the west side and Frankie Williams as the headliners.

An amateur tournament, under the auspices of "Sparrow" Robertson, will be held to-morrow night at the Fairmont A. C. All the champions are entered in this tournament. One of the featre bouts will show Arthur Sheridan, holder of the middleweight title, in a bout with Spengler, the heavyweight champion. Sheridan will try to annex the heavyweight title.

The usual week-end shows will be held at the Fairmont, Olympic, Sharkey, Gowanus, Royale, National A. C. of Brooklyn, Irving, and Liberal A. C.

WANT HURST TO REFEREE.

Garden People Will Ask Boxing Commission to Make New Ruling.

According to a notice sent out yesterday by a representative of the Garden Athletic Club, George McDonald, manager of Matt Wells, and Wells also, will ask that Tim Hurst be allowed to referee the match on April 26 between Wells and McFarland at Madison Square Garden. The proviso is added that the State Athletic Commission pass a new rule allowing matchmakers to officiate as referees. Hurst is one of the regularly licensed referees of the State, but his position as matchmaker for the Garden bouts will not allow him to officiate, according to a ruling passed some time ago by the commission.

The referee question seems to be causing some trouble between the principals. McFarland wants Wells to accept Billy Joh, the referee at the Fairmont A. C., where the Chicagoan has done all his recent boxing in New York. Wells is inclined to oppose McFarland's choice. No one beside Hurst and Joh has been under consideration. McFarland wired Mr. Hurst yesterday that he would arrive in New York Wednesday with his manager, Emil Thiry, and his brother, Jack McFarland. He will train at Cannon's roadhouse, in Westchester. Wells has started training at Rye Beach, and will have to take off seven pounds before the afternoon of the bout, as he now weighs 142 pounds.

DRAWN GAME AT POLO.

Blues and Whites Each Score Four Goals at Georgian Court.

Special to The New York Times.

LAKEWOOD, N. J., April 14.—With a stiff easterly wind blowing and a thick mist enshrouding the woods, polo was continued this afternoon on the Georgian Court grounds. Mrs. George J. Gould with a party of friends occupied a box in the grandstand and witnessed with keen interest the greater portion of the play. Automobiles and private carriages were lined up on both sides of the field and there was a good attendance of the general public.

Punctually at 4 o'clock fourteen men appeared on the field of play ready to take part. Eight fast and hotly contested periods of six minutes' duration were played, a number of cut in games being introduced, so that all got a chance to compete. An unbroken line-up consisting of W. L. Goodwin, D. Milburn, J. A. Rawlins, with R. J. Collier at back, opposed W. G. Loew, Foxhall Keene, A. S. Burden, with W. R. Grace at back.

In the first period the Blues got away, Keene taking the ball half length of the field with three hard strokes, but was prevented from scoring through the intervention of J. A. Rawlins, who effected a timely clearance. The play was next transferred to the other end of the field, some pretty mix-ups being witnessed. Keene seemed to experience some difficulty with a fresh pony in this period, his hitting not being accurate and effective as is his wont, but with change of ponies in the remaining periods his usual form was displayed. Milburn was a conspicuous fighter in several of the onsets, his dribbling and general passing being especially noticeable. Rawlins was also in good condition, scoring the first goal for the Blues in masterly fashion.

At the end of the third period the Whites led by 2 to 1. In the fourth, fifth and sixth periods, there were a number of changes in the original line-up. T. Le Boutillier, who has been playing polo in the South, made his appearance with the Blues, and gave a pretty good exhibition. Final score was a drawn game of 4 goals each.

OARSMEN START TRAINING.

Boat Clubs Divided as to Location of New Regatta Course.

Active trading among most of the boat clubs will be started to-day following their try outs thus far which have been confined to such practice as could be obtained in the evenings or on the best weather Sundays in preparation for the Harlem Regatta Memorial Day. Yesterday was a bix exception to the general rule. In the first place, the sudden cold snap prevented all but the most enthusiastic from venturing on the water while social and indoor features interfered with the Friendship, Atalanta and Lone Stars from sending out their crews.

The Metropolitan, Nonpareils, Unions, Lone Stars, Bohemians, Friendship, Crescents and Nassau clubs will inaugurate their regular training season this evening, when most of the men who will compete in this year's races will be out for practice.

Headed by President John J. F. Mulcahy of the Atalantas, the down river clubs are agitating a move to Pelham Bay, where with proper support from the city, a course of one and a half miles of dead water could be given over to the oarsmen, a suggestion now being agitated by the New York Athletic Club backed up by President James Pilkington of the National Association of Amateur Oarsmen. It is urged by the moving element that it is only a question of time when all such properties will be taken up for business purposes besides which the oarsman has little chance to train owing to the traffic.

The Metropolitans will open their new clubhouse on April 27 and the Nasaus are to break ground for the new structure next week.

The Unions have practically decided to cut out the single, sending Godsell in as stroke of the Junior quadruple sculls, with George Keough at three, Tom Ryan two and H. Schwader bow.

SQUADRON A GAMES.

Programme of Six Events Scheduled for May 18.

The nineteenth annual military games and equestrian feats of the First Squadron of the National Guard, New York, will be held on May 18, at 2:30 P. M., in Van Cortlandt Park. The programme comprises many unique events on horseback for which prizes will be awarded to the winners of three places consisting of cups to first and second and ribbons to third. Six events will make up the programme, consisting of the following: Novice, for members, sabre contest. Lochinvar race, open to teams of two consitsing of man and woman riders. Potato race. Novelty race and manikin race.

NO SPEEDWAY RACING.

Regular Spring Matinees for Ten Cups Will Start on May 5.

The promised start of the Speedway season did not materialize yesterday, owing to a slight misunderstanding among the members of the Road Drivers' Association. Joseph F. Gibbons, President of the association, blazed the way by jogging out one of his favorites, but found few followers.

The regular matinées will start on May 5, and will continue for eight Sundays and four Wednesdays thereafter, for which ten cups will be offered. The trophies have been put up by the President, the association, and eight individuals—H. B. Clark, I. V. Hunt, C. G. Miller, E. J. La Place, H. Relley, William Cahill, W. Edelmeyer, and L. Whitehead.

WANT HOPPE'S TROPHY.

Demarest's Challenge Prevents Holder Becoming Absolute Possessor.

The announced intention of Calvin Demarest of Chicago, who was recently beaten by Willie Hoppe at 18.2 balk line, to again attempt to relieve the champion of his title, the only one now in his possession since his defeat at 18-1 by George Sutton, is the talk of the billiard world, in which it is openly asserted that Hoppe is to be deluged with challenges by would-be holders of the title, even if Demarest fails in his second attempt to wrest the honors from the present holder.

Xavier Club Takes Pool Trophy.

With a score of thirty-two games won and eleven lost, the Xavier Club won the Church Athletic League pool tournament. Holy Cross Lyceum and Trinity tied for second place, with a percentage of .721. H. N. Young of Trinity Club captured the individual prize by winning thirteen out of fourteen games played. The final standing:

Club.	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
Xavier Club	32	11	.744
Trinity Club	31	12	.721
Holy Cross Lyceum	31	12	.721
Bronx Church House	25	17	.581
Christ Church House	13	29	.302
St. Bartholomew's	13	29	.302
Grace Club	13	29	.302
Good Counsel A. C.	13	29	.302

JOHN J. DALY WINS BRONX ROAD RACE

Veteran Irish-American Runner in Fine Form—New York A. C. Gets Team Trophy.

John J. Daly, of the Irish-American Athletic Club, cut another notch in his winning stick yesterday when he annexed the first prize in the Bronx County Road race held under the auspices of the Pennant Athletic Club, by covering the four and a half miles over a variety of territory in the upper part of the city in the excellent time of 23:08.

The team honors of the event were corralled by the quintet of the New York Athletic Club when the Winged Foot forces got five men across the line within the first fourteen to finish for a total of 40 points, while their rivals, the Irish-American Athletic Club, managed to be second with a total of 57. The Morningside Athletic Club showed in third place with 71.

One hundred and sixty-six men faced the starter, the biggest field of the season for a scratch event. The conditions precluded the competition of more than five men from any one organization as triers for the team prizes, and it was conceded that this phase of the conditions helped materially toward keeping the field to the number which accepted the word.

John J. McNamara, of the Irish-American Athletic Club, who has been cutting a mighty swath in similar races during the past season, refused to start because the officials of the contest would not permit him to be looked after by a half dozen friends, it being contended that the club would furnish all the attendants necessary. Taking a line through his recent running, this action certainly kept the Winged Fist team from winning the first prize for the leading five, as he was conceded the premier position before his decision not to start.

The start was made from in front of the Waverly Club house, at Third Avenue and 146th Street, from which place the course led east through 146th Street to St. Ann's Avenue, north to Bronx Oval at 163d Street and Southern Boulevard, where a turn was made back to Willis Avenue and 138th Street, then up to 146th Street to the start.

Daly, the ultimate winner, who has been coming into condition very fast of late, having been unplaced last Sunday at the Morningside race, and second on Saturday to McNamara in a distance event at Newark, showed himself to be nearly as good as at any time in his long career, by leading from end to end. The summary:

Comp. No.	Name and Club.	Time. M. S.
159	J. J. Daly, Irish-American A. C.	23:08
10	E. Fitzgerald, New York A. C.	23:19
4	M. D. Huysman, Irish-American A. C.	23:38
169	F. Joyce, Mohawk A. C.	23:39
26	E. Jordan, Xavier A. A.	23:42
15	G. J. Critchley, New York A. C.	23:44
12	M. Hughes, New York A. C.	23:47
17	J. W. Plant, Long Island A. C.	23:50
60	H. Lucas, Morningside A. C.	23:54
5	M. Honahan, Irish-American A. C.	23:59
9	H. H. Hollawell, New York A. C.	24:04
75	W. Burke, Mott Haven A. C.	24:10
53	C. M. Cann, Morningside A. C.	24:14
11	O. Gibbons, New York A. C.	24:15
55	J. T. Williams, Morningside A. C.	24:16
52	O. C. Nelson, Morningside A. C.	24:19
2	T. E. Nelson, Irish-American A. C.	24:21
61	J. Maier, Morningside A. C.	24:20
129	J. Costello, unattached	24:31
168	M. Taub, Pastime A. C.	24:37
59	G. B. Kiely, Morningside A. C.	24:40
40	J. Brooks, Mohawk A. C.	24:47
136	H. Parkinson, unattached	24:48

O. Coulter, Union A. C., 24:53; J. H. Brower, New York A. C., 24:56; W. Saul, Irish-American A. C., 24:59; V. Davis, Ozonam A. A., 24:58; F. Wilson, Mohawk A. C., 25:00; L. Damiano, Sheridan A. C., 25:08; E. McCarthy, Long Island A. C., 25:11; F. Dunn, Long Island A. C., 25:12; B. Bartin, Xavier A. A., 25:18; R. Brand, St. Andrews A. C., 25:21; D. Gerelli, Italian-American A. C., 25:28; L. Schmidt, Mott Haven A. C., 25:32; J. J. Clancy, Dom. Lyceum, 25:42; A. Conti, Italian-American A. A., 25:43; E. Baxter, Mohawk A. C., 25:44; J. Bosetti, Xavier A. A., 24:45; F. P. Devlin, Mott Haven A. C., 25:58; J. Travers, Pennant A. C., 25:58; H. Jacobsen, Sheridan A. C., 26:08; H. Rust, Mott Haven A. C., 26:09; H. S. Kellett, Pennant A. C., 26:11; G. E. Crosby, unattached, 26:12; J. Flattery, St. Andrews A. C., 26:27; A. Schnorrs, unattached, 26:28.

TEAM COMPETITION.

New York A. C., 2, 6, 7, 11, 14—40; Irish-American A. C., 1, 3, 10, 17, 26—57; Morningside A. C., 9, 13, 15, 16, 18—71; Mohawk A. C., 4, 22, 28, 38, 52—144; Mott Haven A. C., 12, 35, 40, 43, 59—189; Xavier A. C., 5, 32, 39, 60, 62—198; St. Andrews A. C., 33, 46, 57, 66, 71—273.

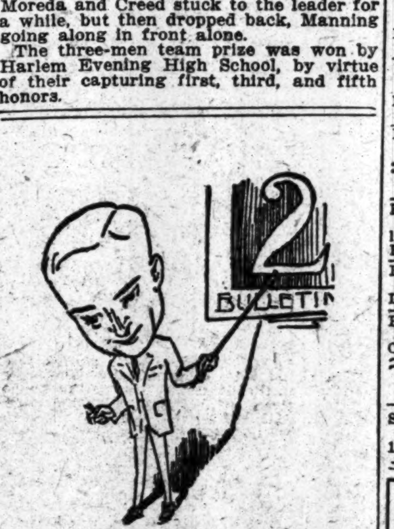
EVENING H. S. CHAMPIONSHIP.

J. Manning of Harlem Wins First Place After a Stirring Race.

J. Manning of the Harlem Evening High School won the championship cross-country run of the evening high schools yesterday morning, leading a large field of harriers home by a margin of forty yards. His time was 20:12. A. Moreda of Brooklyn Evening High School was second, and G. Creed of Harlem third.

The run was over the Maplewood Athletic Club course of three and a half miles, starting at 319 Dean Street. The event was witnessed by a large crowd. Manning and Moreda took the lead at the start and took turns at setting the pace for more than half the distance. The other runners were scattered along the route, some of them being unable to keep up with the leaders and dropping far behind. Coming into the last mile Moreda was in front, with Manning second and Creed third. Manning then sprinted and took the lead, making the going fast. Moreda and Creed stuck to the leader for a while, but then dropped back, Manning going along in front alone.

The three-men team prize was won by Harlem Evening High School, by virtue of their capturing first, third, and fifth honors.



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M. A. L. RULE CRITICISED.

Disqualification of Athletes for Slight Offenses Deemed a Hardship.

The furore caused at the recent Military Athletic League championships in the Twenty-second Regiment Armory by the disqualification of Frank P. McNally and A. P. House, representing the Thirteenth Coast Artillery Corps in the three-legged race, because they were the colors of the New York Athletic Club in the race, refuses to down, and athletes generally are discussing the injustice of the decision.

It is conceded that the least the officials of the games could have done was to have warned the men prior to the start that regimental colors were desired, and not wait until after the men had achieved a victory and then disqualify them.

In contradiction to the statement that the action was unfair to the participants, the Military Athletic League people assert that the entry forms contained a rule to the effect that disqualification would follow the participation by any athlete in colors other than those of the military organization he represented.

This the men assert that they did not see, because of the fact that the athletic trainer is the man who has the entering of the various competitors in the events, and they seldom, if ever, see an entry blank.

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COURT CALENDARS.

FEDERAL.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS—Lacombe, Coxe, Ward, and Noyes, JJ. Motions. 1—In re Bensel. 2—Scheinberg v. United States. 3—Marqusee v. Hartford Ins Co. General calendar. 216—McAllister v. Elizabeth. 217—Berwind White Co v. President Lincoln. 219—Matter of Ennis. 220—Eclipse Lighterage Co v. Luzerne. 221—Elzey v. Texas. 222—Scandinavian-American Line v. tug M Hoffman. 225—Matter of Haskins. 210—Matter of Iron Clad Mfg Co. 212—Hansen v. Luckenbach. 213—Luckenbach v. Otta. 227—Nat Washboard Co v. Goldstein.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Noyes, J.—Jury calendar. 139—Rodgers & Haggerty v. Detroit Steel Casting Co. 135—Drobney v. Lukrus Iron and Steel Co. 119—Bernier v. Griscom-Spencer. 112—McKinnon v. Alabama Securities Co. 104—Sovereign Bank v. Stanley. 140—Gilbert v. Republic Rubber Co. 150—United States v. J Mandleberg & Co. 152—United States v. L Freedman & Co. 155—Republic Creosoting Co v. McDonald Const Co. 170—Montgomery v. Spencer Optical Co. 182—U S Finance Co v. State Line Oil and Gas Co. 189—Seidman v. Internl M M Co. 295—Joline & Robinson v. Blake. 164—Franz v. Straus. 168—Schupp v. Thompson-Starrett Co. 133—Connolly-Fannings Co v. C E Thurston Co. 178—Tillinghast v. Moran. 179—Tillinghast v. Henderson. 180 — Tillinghast v. Brown. 195 — Clapp v. Whitridge. 203—Fletcher v. N Y, N H & H R R. 205—Lewis v. Klaw. 209—Silverman v. B & M R R. 214—Veale v. B & M R R. 221—Long v. B & M R R. 222—McKeon v. B & M R R. 228—Lass v. B & M R R. 204—McGrath v. Oceanic Steam Nav Co.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Hough, J.—Jury calendar. 200—Petition v. French Garter Co. 114—Trenton Whisk Broom Works v. Netter. 171—Gardner v. N Y, N H & H R R. 132—McKinnon v. Heinze. 215—N Y Assets Realization Co v. McKinnon. 120—Price v. Greenhut & Co. 146—Marden v. Dewsnap. 166—Corcoran v. Borden's Cond Milk. 175—Reilly v. Snare & Triest. 123—Montolaro v. Dempsey. 187—Morris & Essex R R v. Anderson. 196—United States v. Andujar. 201—Petition v. Strianese. 211—Houston v. McMuller. 212—Jackson v. McMuller. 223—Burti v. Federal Cigar Co. 225—Kostant v. Borden's Cond Milk. 229—Lavers v. Waldman. 231—United States v. 1 case woolens. 232—United States v. 1 trunk, &c. 233—United States v. Ackert. 234—United States v. 148 packages Panama hats. 235—United States v. 36 packages Panama hats. 236—United States v. 26 packages Panama hats. 237—United States v. 14 packages Panama hats. 238—United States v. 3 cases Panama hats. 143—Lindsey v. Max Crude Rubber Co.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.—Hand, J. Admiralty Calendar. 199—Tweedie v. U. S. 193—Gremnals v. S S Mullinockel. 61—Clarkson v. Tweedle. 92—L V Trans Co v. Tug Transfer No 10. 62—Compania Trans v. Tug No 19. 97—N Y & N H Co v. Compania Trans. 161—Pendleton v. St Bt Glen Island. 100—R & H Trans Co v. Tug Transfer No 22. 110—Packard v. Tug Chas W. Claus. 129—Pool v. Oceania Steam Nav Co. 150—B & O R R Co v. Tug Transfer No 16.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.—Mayer, J. Bankruptcy Calendar. Discharges: W S Redick, M Robin, M Janes, W B Qutellatte, E S Elliott, I Pearlman, J Lofin, L Kneell, D Beardsley, A P Fergert, G L Jacquin, F Frombager, D London, United Novelty Co, L S Wolk, T E Schulz, H Guttman, H Markelm, C Dien, H V Keep Shirt Co. Under Objections: F Moss, E Jeantet, M Ginsberg, B Wigdorwitz. Adjourned cases: D Heimlich, M Wiener, S Fack, M S Meyers. Involuntary Cases: Petition v. Societe Culet Fonc Amer. Petition v. Dairy Products. Petition v. Levin Cont Co. Petition v. Rabinowitz & Cohen, Seitz Realty & Const Co, N Y White Cross Milk Co. Motions: Belleclair Hotel Co, F & H Levy Mfg Co, A Standt, M A Barrow, S Brandt, G Kaplan, Sonne & R J Freier, Aronson Bros, S M Mainthaw, Herculeser Co, Max Sugar Mfg Co, H Siegel, United Eng & Const Co, G Zingelas, Copeland & B, Saxon Lamp Co, Brock Ideal Shoe Co, Michaelis & L, Rosenfeld & G, Copeland & B, W S Brewer, Saxon Lamp Co, Harbor Dredg Co (2), Manifred Brook & Print Co, J Abramovitz, J Kraff Co, Harbor Dredg Co, Ashe Miller Co, M & M Rosett, Rothstein Bros, Prussell Mfg Co, Posner Mfg Co, Wegler Gents Furn Co, the Madrid Co, R & C Fisher Co, Pulver & Sons, S Auerbach, B & J Blankfort, Max Sugar Ref Co, Rosenfeld & Guntleman (2), Smith Bros, C A Hetsal Son & Co.

STATE.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Erlanger, J. Litigated motions. 1—Herbert v. Knickbocker Trust Co. 2—People ex rel. Campbell v. Baker. 3—Christie v. City of N Y. 4—Kottek v. De Witt. 5—Baumant v. Hess. 6—Horner v. Maryland Cas Co. 7—Stein v. Bklyn Hts R R. 8—Lake v. Hamerschlag. 9—Fechheimer v. Sherman Inv Co. 10—People ex rel. Moriarity v. Creelman. 11—Montant v. Schnabel. 12—Matter of Banks. 13—Moriarity v. Hines. 14—Wenzelberger v. Hines. 15—Lange v. U S Mail & Exp Co. 16—Marshall v. Southern. 17—Reichert v. Equitable Life Assur Socy. 18—Morris v. Morris. 19—Mullins v. Prendergast. 20—Adelson v. Hawke. 21—Guignes v. Guignes. 22—Int R T Co v. Pelham Park R R. 23—Fetzlaff v. Fetzlaff. 24—Levine v. Tedder. 25—Chesterman v. Brown. 26—Rupfer v. Benedict. 27—Hyamson v. Langrock. 28—Willner Co v. Willner. 29—Kluz v. Nickin. 30—Bankers Trust Co v. Dietz. 31—Same v. same. 32—Matter of Snow's U S Sample Exp Co. 33—Shipman v. Brignardello. 34—Hennessy v. Petroll. 35—Weinstein v. Greenfield. 36—Matter of Lacombe and Randall Aves. 37—Matter of Strauss. 38—Quinn v. Quinn. 39—Henderson v. Delpark Productions. 40—Vetter v. Abrams. 41—Slaughter v. Turkel. 42—Bennett v. Holbrock, Cabot & Lallins. 43—Matter of Elterich. 44—Ogden v. Heil. 45—Gottlieb v. Berustein. 46—Chapman v. Fowler. 47—Rycroft v. Pierce. 48—Matter of North Am Safe Deposit Co. 49—Deery v. Cunningham. 50—Matter of Lorillard. 51—Schaefer v. Hotel Van Cortlandt Co. 52—Gramercy Park Const Co v. Russo. 53—Fitzpatrick v. Sims. 54—Cent Trust Co v. Mandel. 55—Brady v. Direct Supply Co. 56—L'Estrange v. Gaites. 57—Same v. same. 58—Crawford v. Robertson. 59—Albert v. Bernhard. 60—Peerless Pattern Co v. Pictorial Review Co. 61—Ebling v. Hadden Realty Co. 62—Matter of Cardos. 63—People ex rel. Masterson v. Dept of Health. 64—City of N Y v. Manchester Const Co. 65—Elwell Co v. Acme Portland Cement Co. 66—Jandrew v. Eder. 67—Norton v. Renz. 68—Sennert v. 42d St, &c, R R. 69—Matter of Karlbach & Co. 70—People ex rel. Crowley v. Butler. 71—People ex rel. Lahey v. Craven. 72—People ex rel. Holmes v. Barry. 73—McCormack v. City of N Y. 74—Matter of Nutting. 75—Robitaille v. Robitaille. 76—King v. Foley. 77—Brandt Const Co v. Rountree Realty Const Co. 78—People v. Smith. 79—Levine v. Potter. 80—Salomons v. Marlowe Mfg Co. 81—Sanders & Flanders v. Bankers Surety Co. 82—Ridley v. Walter. 83—Leddy v. Leddy. 84—Bryant v. U S Realty Co. 85—Worth v. Dalliba. 86—Hofmann v. Hofmann. 87—People v. Watson. 88—Di Menna v. City of N Y. 89—N Y Life Ins Co v. Belden. 90—Greenbaum v. Baumann. 91—People ex rel. Barber Asphalt Co v. Prendergast. 92—O'Neil v. Schreiber. 93—Kinnan v. R H M Realty Co. 94—Matter of Sonnenburg. 95—Winton Realty Co v. Levin Co. 96—People v. Carlesi. 97—United Surety Co v. Giuffre. 98—Matter of Farley, (Winkler.) 99—Ruff v. Cohen. 100—Matter of Rapid Transit Proceeding. 101—Simberlund v. Simberlund. 102—Weaver v. Weaver. 103—Kralstein v. George Joseph Co. 104—Culver v. McCarthy. 105—Matter of Hertz (East 222d St.) 106—Olson v. Fogel. 107—Guterman v. Wexler. 108—Bayen v. Albert. 109—Cohen v. Freedman. 110—Garsch v. Crighton. 111—Burke v. Avaollone. 112—Wyatt v. Eggers. 113—Greenbaum v. Greenbaum. 114—Lumb v. Lumb. 115—Keeler v. Del Caizo. 116—Lewenthal v. Birnbaum. 117—Mt Vernon Trust Co v. Jordan. 118—Roemer v. Holton. 119—Kaufmann v. Gubbay & Co. 120—Socy for the Prev of Crime v. Campbell. 121—Moses v. Dorb. 122—Same v. same. 123—Gorvan v. Int R T Co. 124—Riley v. same. 125—Gabriel v. Popper. 126—Matter of Popper. 127—Norment v. Wittmann. 128—Matter of Rossen. 129—Roth v. Schiff. 130—Warner v. Nelson. 131—Weinbaum v. Bklyn Union Elec R R Co. 132—Baranowsky v. Minsker Progressives. 133—Mussey v. Casanova. 134—Germania Life Ins Co v. Clementine Realty Co. 135—Buchanan v. Buchanan. 136—Lutwak v. Roses. 137—Solomon v. Rickert. 138—Matter of Cruzenskie. 139—Lewenthal v. Birnbaum. 140—Filler v. Unger. 141—Moses v. Salomon. 142—People v. Hein. 143—Doerflinger v. Doerflinger. 144—Kalt Lumber Co v. Dupignac. 145—Allen v. Fraser. 146—Matter of Clean. 147—Matter of Schnitt. 148—La Magna v. Parisi. 149—Peck & Mohlman Co v. Baar. 150—Foster v. Wait. 151—People ex rel. Wustlich v. Maxwell. 152—Vanderpool v. Edgley. 153—Hall v. Bronx Opera House Co. 154—Foss v. Mitchell. 155—Wolff v. Wolff. 156—Levinson v. Buckstein. 157—Evers v. Henschel. 158—Matter of Elephant. 159—Matter of O'Connor. 160—Siegel v. Siegel.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Bischoff, J. Ex parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part III.—Greenbaum, J. Motions. Demurrers. 412—Weil v. National Bituminous Coal Co. 422—Luff v. Connolly. Preferred causes. 5190—Holde v. Holde. 5211—O'Brien v. Pigueron. 5238—Along the Hudson Co v. Merchant. 5229—Jones v. Golden Star Realty Co. 5021—Hyams v. Morison. 5185—Meinhard v. Ellis. General calendar. Case on. 4735—Bayside Nat Bank v. Cavanaugh. 4680—Appel v. Appel. 4597—Mitchell v. Dunmore Realty Co. 4684—Scales v. Scales. 4686—Sumner v. Ryan. 4702—Rosenzweig v. Rothschild. 4775—Dunson v. Gomprecht Sausage Co. 1254—Curran v. Oppenheim. 1846—Curran v. Oppenheim. 4689—Appel v. Berkman. 480—Andruss v. Am Amuse Assn. 242—Schreiber v. Stern. 4721—Bauch v. Goldstein. 203—Watts v. Doull-Miller Co. 2525—Gage v. Gage. 1252—Jordan v. Klein. 3122—Ketcham v. Prevost. 3870—Cowan v. Baisley. 3103—Green v. Felton. 3686—Merksamer v. Merksamer. 2861—Westchester Concrete Block Co v. Marcuse. 4807—Linehan v. Heather. 4594—Roden v. Dimenna Con Co. 4547—Snyder v. Fisher Co. 4974—Keeler v. Ungaro. 4048—Petronio v. Rossito. 2868—Mayer v. Brill. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part IV., case on; Part V., case on; Part VII., clear; Part VIII., case on.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part VI.—Gavegan, J. Certiorari cases. 3553—People ex rel Gerlach v. Purdy. 4278—People ex rel Hudson & Man R R v. same. 4485—People ex rel Holbrook v. same. 4486—People ex rel Ditson v. same. State franchise cases. 4914—People ex rel Western Union Tel Co v. State Board of Tax Commrs. 4936—People ex rel Interborough R T Co v. same. 4275—People ex rel Hudson & Man R R v. same. 4909—People ex rel Commercial Cable Co v. same. 4937—People ex rel Hudson & Man R R v. same. 4938—People ex rel Postal Tel & Cable Co v. same. 4671—People ex rel Central Park, &c, R R v. same. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—Delaney, J. Inquest. 6119—Bromley v. Arnold. 5697—In re Hughes. 6109—MacDonald v. MacDonald. 6376—Madison Sq Garden Co v. Enterprises of Max Rabinoff. 6180—Damon v. Pease & Elliman. 6474—Coleman Liq Copper Co v. Woods. 6340—Lubelsky v. Lubelsky. 6501—McAvoy v. Carmody. 6516—Stow v. Manning. 6479—Hodgins v. Jennings. 6420—G B Raymond Co v. Elemich. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part III.—Pendleton, J. 1464—Lofgran v. Whitridge. 717—Seely v. same. 843—Sackler v. C I & B R R. 847—Trafansky v. same. 876—Cohn v. same. 941—Blumenfeld v. Bt Hts R R. 670—Dixon v. Joline. 867—Rogers v. same. 884—Jenik v. Linch. 885—Falk v. Joline. 889—Canfield v. Int R T Co. 903—Danker v. Joline. 905—Marzocca v. Penn R R. 921—Finlay v. Int R T Co. 525—Weiss v. Brooklyn, Queens Co & Sub R R Co. 954—Addis v. N Y C & H R R R. 957—Cosella v. Whitridge. 958—Csonka v. same. 962—Thornton v. Rapid Transit Sub Co. 963—Feldstein v. City N Y. 965—Nagle v. Int R T. 967—Williams v. same. 976—Van Etten v. Joline. 980—Murray v. same. 883—Lawson, Jr, v. N Y C & H R R R. Clear.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VIII.—Dugro, J. Inquest. 3928—Slaviz v. Barrello. 4500—Stahlberg v. Lesser. 4137—Bulone v. Moschanitz. 3277—Potts v. Lambel. 4206 and 4207—Thessig v. City N Y. 4171—Barbaro v. Buckley. 3439—Collins v. same. 4139—Fervish v. Margolin. 4238, 4240—Metzger v. Campse. 4211—Lachner v. City of N Y. 4302—Bryan v. City of N Y. 4417—McDonough v. Amer Ice Co. 3637—Collier v. Con Asphalt & Pav Co. 4420—Koskowitz v. Fort George Amus Co. 4432—Katzman v. Fleischman's Bakery. 2751—McGarry v. Wetherbee. 4184—Fahey v. Lieberman. 4343—Anderson v. Posner. 4030, 4031, 4032—Non-Cons Gas Co. 3037—Sinsgallo v. Ortalono. 2533—Whitton v. City of N Y. 4202—Schmuckler v. Grinstein. 4203—Schmuckler v. Grinstein. 3001—Smith v. City of N Y. 4272—Breslin v. O'Neill & Adams Co. 4289—Teitler v. Levy. 3863—Bach v. Catholic Church of St. Thomas. 3587—Kiernan v. City of New York. 4202—Mirsky v. National Fire Insurance Company of Hartford. 2365—Martin v. John. 3995—Weiss v. German Art Weaving Co. 3503—Bederson v. Mason Const Co. 2494—Silfen v. City of N Y. 3152—Rickert v. Lindenmeyer. 3355—Simmonds v. Simmonds. 2467—Morecraft v. Cohen. 3452—Mayhew v. August Belmont Hotel Co. 1355—Man Fire Alarm Co v. Special Fire Alarm Sig Co. 4186—Kaffka v. Huylers. 4287—O'Neill v. Kraftmeyer & Neuberger. 4247—Orton v. Wechsler. 2930—Barnes v. Foreman Realty Co. 2390—Weil v. Sparrow. 3588—Smith v. Rubel. 4250—Jerome, Jr, v. Baudouine. 4269—Nolen v. The City of N Y. 3819—Gordesky v. Warheit Pub Co. 91—Post v. Sharkey. 4248—Zaretsky v. Braender. 2272—Korones v. Adler. 4305—Dunne v. Rieser. 4320—Mandle v. Ziffert. 4531—Joseph v. Burstein. 4358—Petroff v. City & Suburban Homes Co. 734—Kane v. Simmons. 4498—Condron v. Carr. 4499—Sigmund v. City of N Y. 4171—Barbaro v. Buckley. 4206—Theissig v. City of N Y. 4207—Theissig v. City of N Y. 4137—Bulova v. Moschovitz. 3277—Potts v. Lambil. 4548—Knaebel v. Isaac. 4549—Knaebel v. Isaac. 4551—Moore v. Moore. 4553—Strogowski v. Ocean SS Co. 4561—Moore v. Guterman. 4174—Mullane v. Shay. 4304—Jackson v. Kane. 4307—Williams v. N Y Evening Journal Pub Co. 4308—Williams v. Press Pub Co. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part IV., clear; Part V., clear; Part VI., clear; Part VII., case on; Part IX., case on; Part X., case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XIV.—Newburger, J. 4598—Bayne v. Ryan. 4607—Kiney v. same. 6150—Balch v. Balch. 3618—Mercantile National Bank v. Coyle. 3620—Same v. same. 1686—Pluener v. Berwind. 235—Am Mfg Co v. Mackenzie, Quarrier & Ferguson. 400—Hanover Nat Bk v. Haight. 476—Kelley v. Arnold. 4005—Marcher v. Davis. 4601—Riehl v. Austin. 4602—Riehl v. Himmelwright. 4236—Roemer v. 35 Per Cent. Auto Supply Company. 3029—Harmon v. Niven. 3783—Barghoff Brew Assn v. Martin. 3249—Mayer v. Cipolla. 3648—Runge v. Koch. 2158—McNeil & Bro Co v. People. 2848—Cohen v. Lamar. 601—Tweedle Trading Co v. Schmidt. 504½—Smith v. Simpson. 3741—Hopper v. Title Ins Co. 3151—Mason v. Doremus. 1775—Lowenstein v. Warren. 1729—Boyd v. International Fruit & Sugar Co. 523—Lamura v. Horwitz. 3390—McNulty v. City of New York. 4073—Hudson Woolen Co v. Am Credit Ind Co. 4186—Brower v. Kemmerer. 4273—Sladden v. Bankers' Service Corp. 3960—Hansen v. Schultze. 1896—Borofsky v. Burton Pierce Co. 4580—Hoch v. Ben Strauss Co. 4458—Tomlinson v. Tomlinson. 207—Pemberton v. McAdoo. 3386—Kiesig v. Lazarus. 3975—Coleman v. Lincoln. 3793—Harris v. Albus. 1917—Alexander v. Old Bridge Enameled, &c, Co. 1921—Same v. U S Encaustic Tile Works. 508—Same v. Mosaic Tile Co. 2708—Same v. Columbus Tile Co. 2731—Same v. Nat Tile Co. 1022—Same v. Cambridge Tile Mfg Co. 6372—City of N Y v. Weber. 6373—Same v. Weller. 6442—Farley v. Smith. 6456—Same v. Allen. 6480—Same v. McCormack. 6513—Same v. Valerius. 6506—Murphy v. City of N Y. 6507—Cocks v. same. 6508—Schott v. Board of Education. 6509—King v. same. 4370—Merritt & Chapman Derrick and Wrecking Co v. Ferry & Tench Co. 1067—Salomon v. Am Rattan and Reed Mfg Co. 1467½—Bimberg v. Sondheim. 2207—Steiner v. Hackett. 1587—Farber v. Lowenfeld. 1741—Phillips v. Raritan Woolen Mills. 1764—Korn v. Freedlander. 912—Kelly v. Carton. 4424—Columbian Board of Brokers v. Brown Realty Co. 4614—Natl Fireproofing Co v. Phila Casualty Co. 3960—Pardo v. Guardian Trust Co. 4924—Lyman v. Larimore. 3194—Williams v. Lozier. 3195—Rhinock v. same. 2032—Ungerer Co v. Cailler. 3840—Zugat v. Frankel. 2752—Warren v. Belliro. 2664—Konheim v. Harris. 6251—People, &c, v. Woodbury. 4291—Snyder v. Snyder. 5940—City of N Y v. Boyce. 4145—Furness v. Shubert. 2549—Baucus v. Gage. 854—Tarbox v. City of N Y. 4285—Dempsey v. Greenwich Sav Bank. Clear.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XII., clear; Part XIII., clear; Part XV., clear; Part XVI., case on; Part XVII., clear.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Cohalan, S. Wills for probate: William H. Brisley, Philip Finkel, Mary C. Begg, Helen A. Laurent, Henrietta B. Audree, Albert J. Wasson, Cornelia Hyndman, Ann A. Fulton, Emilie Nickish, Annie L. Mattison, Charles A. Koch, Margaret Macnellon, Sidney S. Gruber.

SURROGATES' COURT—Trial Term—Fowler, S. Contested wills: Elizabeth S. McElvain, Eliza Jane Haw, William C. Lester, Sarah Wolbarst, Max Flatauer. Lost will: Edmund L. Cocks.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Finelite, J.; Part III., Green, J.; Part IV., La Fetra, J.; Part V., Donnelly, J.; Part VI., Delehanty, J.; Part VII., Lynch, J.; Part VIII., O'Dwyer, C. J. Calendar called in Trial Term, Part I. Room at 9:45 A. M. 2920—Breisacher v. Agricultural Ins Co. 6885—Lucid v. Borden's Cond Milk Co. 7048—Zaccardo v. Greenhut Siegel Cooper Co. 7073—Teifel v. Boran Hat Co. 6771—Isaac v. Zimmermann Co. 7091—Rosen v. Woloski. 6634—Peller v. Am Bonding Co. 6927—Lord v. Crane. 7017—Walz v. Thom, Jr. 7064—Wolff v. Linch. 7070—Maternis v. Elfenbein. 6852—Del Guidice v. Whitridge. 5977—Weinroth v. Bachman. 375—Simon v. The C Realty Co. 7086—Tucker v. Wascopf. 7089—Markowitz v. Foshman. 7092—Wechter v. Kommel. 7102—Ford v. Richard Deeves & Son. 7104—Feinblatt v. Unterberg. 7109—Greenberg v. Hefter. 6433—Reilly v. Ruth. 6591—W J Oliver Mfg Co v. H J McCoy Co. 5738—Shepard v. Lane. 6106—Bklyn Bank v. Leavitt. 6107—Same v. same. 6612—Weingarten v. McIntyre. 6624—Carloch v. Manning. 6636—Daniels v. Michels. 6670—Hyman v. Ettinger. 6811—Stumpf v. Cohen. 6727—Colwell Worsted Mills v. Epstein. 6741—Berninger v. Miller. 6453—Fish v. Myers. 6139—Rosenfeld v. North Am Mort Co. 6604—Gerson v. Blanck. 6825—Asch v. same. 6860—Stoll v. Tracy. 5040—Isaacs v. U S Grand Lodge, &c, S of B. 6899—Tucker v. Hall. 6901—Cohen v. Joline. 6907—Burns v. Aeolepyle Co. 6939—Goldstein v. The B & M. 835—Moses v. Arena Const Co. 4799—Kramer v. Wolf. 4876—Mael v. Penn R R. 6898—Tucker v. N Y, N H & H R R. 6955—Kelly v. Joline. 5795—Bell v. Decker. 6113—Crandall-Pattee Co v. Price. 6315—Romerantz v. Lack. 6146—Potash v. Flashberg. 6151—De Giuseppe v. Industrial Land Imp Co. 5250—Equit Trust Co v. Todd. 6947—Feigenbaum v. Roth. 6970—Coogan v. Silverman. 6981—Hanhart v. Auerbach. 6987—Weitz v. Inter R T Co. 6997—Hersch v. Hindes. 6152—Clemente v. Heilbrunn. 6056—Cohen v. Nassau Elec R R. 6961—Hirsch v. Empire State Suspender Co. 6966—Kellogg v. England. 6967—Goldberg v. Singer. 6968—Same v. Weinstein. 6969—Same v. Heller. 7032—Hirskovitz v. Hartman. 7033—Ganin v. Thrall Const Co. 7035—Pritchard v. Inter R T Co. 7039—Krakowskey v. North British Mercantile Ins Co. 7040—Goldberg v. Thomas. 7047—Scheive v. Neiderman. 7049—Clemente v. Di Menna. 7052—Prince v. Seiffer. 7055—Turefsky v. Joline. 7056—O'Brien v. Goldstein. 7059—Handschuk v. Joline. 7058—Agento v. Sostarello. 7075—Schneider v. Weiner. 7076—Same v. same. 7080½—Roth v. Levi. 7081½—Same v. same. 7062—Foerschuer v. Gadd. 6639—Bernstein v. Fuller's Exp Co. 6259—Benni v. White Hod Elev Co. Clear.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part III., clear; Part IV., case on; Part V., clear; Part VI., clear; Part VII., case on; Part VIII., clear.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—Schmuck, J. 4191—Kaydouh v. Macksond. 4130—Cobert v. Rosengarten. 4249—De Marco v. Illinois Surety Co. 4192—Francis, Emory, Fitch, Inc, v. De Velasco. 4235—Zimmerman v. Gettinger. 4267—Trauberman v. Samstag. 4269—Adler v. Adler. 4270—Same v. same. 4279—Schumsky v. Adler Theatre Co. 4253—Schattman v. Wile. 4237—Barry v. Ryan. 4132—Cohen v. Schmidt. 4282—Berkowitz v. Blaustein. 4290—Scaringa v. Illinois Surety Co. 4246—E Mariani Co v. Di Fiore. 4247—Costa v. same. 4248—Parisi v. Cena. 4250—De Luca v. Ragoni. 4232—Freeman v. Horgenban. 4198—Riverside Drive Apartments v. Allison. 4286—Cohen v. Dernberg. 4278—Iacuzzo v. Illinois Surety Co. 4142—Harris v. Chandler. 4152—Bernasconi v. Negro. 4226—Jean Bry & Son, Inc, v. Fisher. 3850—Lowenstein v. M Morgenthau, Jr. 4256—Gibson-Steingart Const Co v. Friedman. 4107—Fricke v. Drescher. 4194—Fitzgerald v. Cole. 4167—Daly v. Diva Realty Co. 4168—Same v. same. 4283—Hotchkiss v. Gethin. 4293—Moos v. Runkle. 4258—Schachter v. Diamond Point Pen Co. 4287—Frankenstein v. Selznick. 4297—Rosenberg v. Schlachetzki. 4299—Lehman v. Sternberg. 4302—Rapone v. Illinois Surety Co. 4303—Qualtroiche v. same. 4304—Centelmi v. same. 4307—Myers v. Menzel. 4308—Internat Trust Co v. Caroline. Clear.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Platzek, J. Asch v. Black—Harry Bijur. Winckler v. Manzione—Roger Wood. Italian Sav Bank v. Columbus & Dorfman Const Co—Henry U Unger.

CITY COURT—McAvoy, J. Gilroy v. O'Brien—Thomas W. Churchill.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Platzek, J. William Koch v. Lena Davis—Albert Blumenthal. Klara Selig v. Abraham Glanzer—Joseph D Kelly. Henry E Jones v. Angelica Coleman—Arthur P McKinsley. Annie Wehse v. William Fleming—Benjamin Bulmer.

CITY COURT—McAvoy, J. Abbott C Dow v. Adolph Pimsler—David C Lewis. Herman Cohen v. Sands Calhoun—George W. Simpson.

Kings County.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division—Jenks, P. J. Hirschberg, Burr, Thomas, Carr, J. J. Non-enumerated Day Calendar. 144—People ex rel Whitman v. Woodward. 92—Matter of Spring Valley. 103—Matter of East River Land Co. 121—People v. Sullivan. 128—Snyder v. Perezo. 146—Matter of The Towns of Carmel and Southeast. 147—Matter of Simmons. 148—Lachmann v. Brookfield. 150—Goldberg v. Tuck. 151—Sliney v. Fire Department, Town of Newtown. 153—Abrahams v. Berkowitz. 154—Neu v. Fox. 155—Gorham v. Galinger. 156—Conroy v. Polstein. 157—Tax Lien Co v. Hutter. 158—Coulan v. Failiace. 159—Paschke v. L I R R. 160—Paschke v. L I R R. 162—Home Life Ins Co v. O'Sullivan. 163—Brady v. Spellman. 164—Campbell v. Star Co. 165—Titcomb v. Berkovitz. 166—Ladd v. Tyler. 167—Sutton v. Harris. 168—Weglein v. Trow Printing Co. 169—Belden v. New Jersey Security Co. 170—C I Jockey Club v. Purdy. 171—Keshin Co v. N Y Evening Journal. 173—Wilson v. Warden of the City Prison.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Kelly, J.; Part II., Aspinall, J.; Part III., Kelby, J.; Part IV., Clark, J.; Part V., Garretson, J.; Part VI., Scudder, J.; Part VII., Kapper, J. 3297 to 3299—Higgins v. Nassau R R et al. 3799—Pritchard v. Nassau R R. 1810—Levine v. Nassau R R. 3818—Rothstein v. Cutler et al. 3895—Esler v. B H R R. 4013—Hoffman v. Brooklyn El R R. 3431—Lanz v. Tossiny. 4017—Irvin v. B H R R. 4029—Fingerman v. Steuerwald et al. 7038—Brady v. City of New York et al. 6402—Major v. Smith Contg Co. 3957—Ward v. City of New York. 3867—Wilson v. So Bklyn R R. 1212—Busener v. B H R R. 2614, 2615—Klinck v. Russo et al. 1192—Kirk v. Bklyn El R R. 3928—Holowezak v. Senick. 4036, 4038—Adelman v. Nassau R R. 4039—Murphy v. Nesbit et al. 4041—Mackin v. McGuinness. 4044—Behr v. Richmond Light & R R Co. 4045—McGuinness v. Jackson et al. 4053—Cullen v. B H R R. 4054—Walsh v. B H R R. 4056—Konigsberg v. City of New York. 4058—Savage v. B H R R. 4059—Callahan v. Wendell & Evans Co. 4065, 4066—Aston v. Coney I & B R R. 4070—Mandeville v. B H R R. 4071—Freimark v. B H R R. 4072—Cooper v. Nassau R R. 4075—Hite et al v. Auditore et al. 4076—Catterson v. Gair Co. 4077, 4078—Watson v. Abell, Jr. 6065—Feyer v. Reiss. 6639—Bruen v. Doscher. 861—O'Meara v. Swift & Co. 2839—Bello v. Wolverton. 3465—Baar v. Davis Oil Co. 3607—Payne v. B H R R. 4083, 4084—Miastkowski & Gorski v. N Y Dock Co. 4087—Schultz v. Royal Lace Paper Works. 4088—Meagher v. Lewen. 4090—Magee et al v. Seed. 4091—Frangipane v. Cortelyou. 4094—Rosenblum v. Solomon.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon this call. 4096—Eastern Brew Co v. Crudo. 4098—Loughlin v. Interborough Ferry Co. 4101—Wensley v. Interborough R T. 4103—Creighton v. Abraham et al. 4106-4107—Campbell v. Higginbotham et al. 4109—Arrington v. City of New York. 3689—Johnston v. Voorhees. 2677—D'Agostino v. Bonagura. 1121—Wittelshoefer v. Brooklyn El R R. 4111—Hendricks v. Interborough R T. 4114—Tanzshein v. Joline et al. 4115—Luddy v. Edison El Light Co. 4119—Collins v. Terrence. 4120—Cody v. Brody. 4121-4122—McGrath v. McEvoy. 4123—Hawkins v. Tidewater Bldg Co. 4124—Babeish v. City of New York. 4129—Lennon v. Joline et al. 4131-4132—Kupper v. Nassau R R. 2482—Kaminski v. Machtylowicz. 3780—Schapierer v. Balmer et al. 3886—Martin v. Crumb. 1759—Levy v. B, Q Co & Sub R R. 5465—Wunderlich v. Alexe. 2525—Kelly Asphalt Co v. Thompson. 3706—Whipple v. Lamborn. 3868-3874—Deutsch v. Nassau R R. 5479—Norman v. Post & McCord. 4009—Brooks v. Nassau R R. 1391—Bocklet v. Rau et al. 1517—Blandina v. Nassau R R. 3887-3888—Diack v. Nassau R R. 3917—Burck v. Nassau R R. 3508—Briskman v. N Y Caps Mfg Co. 3993—Shaw v. B, Q Co & Sub R R. 4021—Ennis v. Straus et al. 3790—Hanna v. B H R R. 5055—Cohen v. Sekowsky. 2831—Eastmond v. McNaught et al. 7022—Limerick v. Holdsworth. 7024—Impellizzieri v. Cranford. 7042—Criscuoli v. Criscuoli. 7161—Madden v. Pittsburgh Cont'g Co. 4133-4135—Blatz v. B H R R. 4137—Brustman v. City of New York. 4138—Reichart v. City of New York. 4139—Kettelson v. Guarantee Const Co. Highest number reached on regular call, 4,140.

Day Calendar for Monday, April 15, 1912. SUPREME COURT—Special Term Trials—Marean, J. 1720—Frischkorn v. Frischkorn. 1769—Maas v. Maas. 2069—Miller v. Winfield. 2075—Frank v. Byttman. 1986—Newberry v. Sullivan. 1795—Rosenzweig v. Rosenzweig. 1884, 1339—Greene v. Greene. 1997—Koropcheck v. Fechter. 1738, 1743—Seinfel v. Kass. 2041—May v. May. 567—Beluck v. Heller. 2004—Clouse v. Walkup. 1507, 1512—Thompson v. Thompson and another. 1602—Macoy Pub Supply Co v. Allen. 2021—Tapscott v. Morgan. 2029, 2030—Youchnow v. Roselle Realty & Con Co. 1634—Rickarby v. Cohen. 1906—Jakubiak v. Frazaska. 1492—Stamatakas v. Ganos. 1685—Romeo v. Romeo. 2101—Healy v. Healy. 1966—Kahler v. Kahler. 1886—Heyman v. Biggs. 2035—Sutton v. Sutton. 1678—Rocco v. Mohlenhoff. 1809—Morris v. Morris. 1623—Borgrasser v. Risch. 1811—Harrison v. Harrison. 788—Wilensky v. Kaminsky. 2080—Schmitt v. Schmitt et al. 1868—Beecher v. Farmers Loan & T Co. Highest number reached on the regular call, 2100.

COUNTY COURT—Civil Calendar—Part III.—Stratton, J. 1372, 1373—Schiff v. Solowitz. 1760, 1761—Gardiner v. Nassau Elec R R Co. 963—Tilgner v. B H R R Co. 1652—Imbordina v. Alonge. 1799—Kuntz v. B, Q Co & Sub R R Co. 1816—Gerst v. Rosenson. 1817—Earle v. Rourke. 1800—Conlon v. Nassau Elec R R Co. 1657—Wood v. McCuen. 1796—Connally v. B H R R Co. 1708, 1709—Max v. Skaletky. 1157 — Kortrelzay v. Manhattan Cooperage Co. 1744—Schiff v. Nassau Elec R R Co. 907—Raynor v. Citizen Publishing Co.

The following causes, if answered ready, will be passed for the day: 1739—Lieberson v. Drapin. 1201—Glasser v. Bloom. 1776—Whitman v. Brooklyn Heights R R Co. 1794—Gralla v. Metzer Bros Brewing Co. 1798—Hickey v. Brooklyn Heights R R Co. 1789—Hunt v. same. 1342—Nicchia v. Nassau Electric R R Co. 1774—Brinkley v. Brooklyn Heights R R Co. 1812—Meehan v. Brooklyn Union El R R Co. 1814—Goldstein v. Werbelorsky.

Queens County.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term.—Part I., Putnam, J. Part II., Benedict, J. 1057—The People ex rel Farley v. Pearsall and ano. 1072—The People ex rel Farley v. Bauer et al. 1086—The People ex rel Farley v. Fossing et al. 155—Kreese, as admx., v. Van Iderstine et al. 3—Burgess v. L I R R Co. 683—Nichols v. City of New York. 28c—Schuman v. Brooklyn H R R Co. 691—Mulcahy v. Ryan. 693—Drozdzeski v. Young and ano. 696—Kentrosky v. Hart. 697—Schmidt v. N Y & Q Co R R Co. 698—Fyffe, as admx., v. Joline et al. 699—Meyer v. Johnston. 700—Lonergan v. Brooklyn Heights Railroad C. 499—Sherman v. Buckingham and ano. The following causes, if marked "ready," will be passed for the day. No cause will be set for a day on this call: 569—Skinner v. Denton. 608—Carvaruso v. B'klyn, Q Co & S R R Co. 701—Menke v. Franco-American Baking Co. 703—Braidwood v. Custodis Chimney Con Co. 704—Fulkeukas v. Brooklyn H R R Co. 705—Wheelin v. City of New York. 706—Conway v. Dowling. 708—Gelwicks, an infant, v. B'klyn, Q Co & S R R Co. 709—Sedlescek v. Schumm. 710—Hahn v. N Y & Q Co R R Co. 685—Dolotti v. Champlain Silk Mills. 438—Calder v. L I R R Co. 332—Harper, an infant, v. Newell Holding Co and ano. 459—Berkowitz v. L I E R R Co et al. 142—Citron, as admx., v. L I R R Co. 120—Safert, an infant, v. B'klyn U E R R Co. 1104—The People ex rel Farley v. Fettet and ano. 1106—The People ex rel Farley v. American Bonding Co et al. Highest number reached on the general calendar, 710.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Crane, J. 409—Kennedy v. Kennedy. 412—Thomas v. Collins and ano. 424—Oburczyk v. Butenas et al. 427—Hill v. Knott et al. 431, 432, 433, 434—Wooley and ano. v. Stuart and ano. 421—Crabbe v. Hardy et al. 436—Stephen v. Stephen. 439—Gallagher v. Gallagher et al. 345—Hazel Const Co v. Reimer et al. 401—Tisdale Lumber Co v. North Shore Const Co. 133—Israelsky v. Utopia Land Co. 224—Heymann and ano. v. Yung and ano. 397—Lambert and ano. v. Jackson Steinway Co. 402—Nassau Lumber Co v. Dennis et al. 403—Cromwell et al. v. Nichols et al. 408—Brown v. Brown. The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day; no cause will be set down for a day on this call: 437—Sprung v. Cojean et al. 442—Stuart et al. v. Mathot et al. 443—Springer and ano. v. Feldman and ano. 339—Klein v. Keyser. 415—Hartt v. Waverly Ice Co et al. 420—Schiller v. Schiller. Highest number reached, 443.

COUNTY COURT—Trial Term—Humphrey, J. 111—Ruts v. Heeb. 34—Rupp v. Ruppert. 40—Ruppert v. Ruppert and ano. 8—Drew, an infant, v. N Y & Queens Co Ry Co. 37—Walsh v. Bklyn, Queens Co & Sub Ry Co. 90—Ostapowicz v. Dunning et al. 108-9—Baty v. Bklyn, Queens Co & Sub Ry Co.

Westchester County.

COUNTY COURT—Platt, J.—People v. Albert Thompson. People v. Dominick Kilimimiski. People v. Frank Micchikoski. People v. George Mesito. People v. Francesco Lefonia.

SUPREME COURT—Part I., Mills, J.; Part II., Keogh, J. 215—Borup v. Von Kokeritz. 365—Hasselman v. Peabody. 274—Jeffries v. Debello. 141—Dalzell v. Westinghouse Elec & Mfg Co. 272—Park v. Dagg. 319—Barnes v. Tompkins. 289—Costigan v. New York & Stamford Ry. Co. 354—Creedon v. Carpenter. 347—Mann v. Otis Elevator Co. 339—Cooper v. White Fireproof C Co. 229—Gore v. Cunneen. 462—Pisco v. Tometta. 403—Hudson v. Lent. 404—Johnson v. Putnam Foundry and Machine Co. The following causes if answered ready will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon the call. 84—Feuer v. Sutherland. 82—Lindheimer v. receiver Yonkers R R Co. 86—Bannon v. Sutherland, as receiver. 162—Lyon v. Frost. 169—McGuire v. Reilly. 170—Booth v. Reilly. 211—Figtinole v. Loeb. 230—Borup v. Biesend. 222—Givardi v. Helbrook, Cabot & Rollins Co. 284—Frickinoff v. Dravo Contracting Co. 336—Hupfel's Sons v. Gallery. 275—McCabe v. McCrane. 364½—Curran v. Hupfel's Sons. 322—Barker v. Steers, Inc. ..—Cacestor v. Transit Cons Co. 421—Friese v. Freese. 424—Schember v. Stahl. 425—Kaplan v. Hodes. 426—Tisdale v. Jackson, Inc. 427—Dellavan v. Abbey. 428—Schwartz v. Kingsley. 429—Westchester and Bronx Title Co v. King. 432—Rondhaus v. Swartwout. 433—Jacobson v. Ebling Bros Co. 436—Hynard v. Dee. 437—Tappan v. Brooklyn H R R Co. 438—Tappan v. Brooklyn H R R Co. 439—Rundlett & Reynolds, Inc, v. East River Mill and Lumber Co. Highest number reached, 440.

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SURROGATE NOTICES.

MORDECAI, KATE.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against KATE MORDECAI, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers at their place of transacting business, No. 135 Broadway, (Manhattan,) in the City of New York, on or before the 30th day of July next.—Dated New York, the 20th day of January, 1912. BENJAMIN MORDECAI, CLARA M. PLOUGH, Executors. SIMPSON & CARDOZO, Attorneys for Executors, 111 Broadway, (Manhattan,) New York City.

EMILY CHARLES.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against EMILY CHARLES, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers at their place of transacting business at the office of Theall & Beam, No. 45 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the sixteenth day of September next.

Dated New York, the fifth day of March, 1912.
HOWARD W. CHARLES, }
JOHN C. CLARK, } Executors.
THEALL & BEAM, Attorneys for Executors, No. 45 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

MARTIN, EMILIE D.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Emilie D. Martin, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers at their place of transacting business, the office of Graham & L'Amoreaux, No. 42 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 20th day of July next.

Dated New York, the 12th day of January, 1912.
LILLIAN M. N. STEVENS and
ANNA A. GORDON, Executors.
GRAHAM & L'AMOREAUX, Attorneys for Executors, 42 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

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Cincinnati ...20th, 11 A. M.
Pres. Lincoln.25th, 1 P. M.
Kais'n Aug.Vic.30th, 9 A.M.
MAY SAILINGS
§¶Pretoria ... 4th, 12 Noon
Victoria Luise. 7th, 10 A. M.
§*Batavia ....11th, 1 P. M.
Amerika ....16th, 9 A. M.
Pres. Grant...18th, 10 A. M.
§¶Pennsylvania.23d, 11 A. M.
Cincinnati ...25th, 1 P. M.
Kais'n Aug.Vic.30th, 10 A.M.
JUNE SAILINGS
Victoria Luise. 6th, 9 A. M.
Pres. Lincoln. 8th, 11 A. M.
Amerika ....13th, 9 A. M.
§¶Pretoria ....15th, 9 A. M.
Cleveland ...20th, 10 A. M.
Hamburg .....22d, 12 Noon
Kais'n Aug.Vic.27th, 9 A.M.
Pres. Grant...29th, 10 A. M.
*Hamburg direct. §2d cabin only. ¶Will call at Boulogne.
Mediterranean
Gibraltar, Algiers, Naples, Genoa
S. S. Moltke...April 18, 10 A. M.
¶S. S. Hamburg. May 15, 9 A. M.
¶S. S. Moltke..May 29, 10 A. M.
¶Will NOT call at Algiers.
TWO IDEAL CRUISES
Around the World
Nov. 12, 1912. (From New York) | Feb. 27, 1913. (From San Fran.)
By the VICTORIA LUISE (16,500 Tons.)
DURATION EACH CRUISE 110 DAYS | COST $650 UP
including all necessary expenses aboard and ashore, railway, hotel, shore excursions, carriages, guides, fees, etc.
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CUBA, HAYTI, COLOMBIA, COSTA RICA.
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TO Panama $75 ROUND TRIP $142.50
25-DAY CRUISES, $140
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OR ANY STEAMSHIP TICKET AGENT.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises—5:22 | Sun sets—6:39 | Moon rises—4:23

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	5:57	6:20	12:07	12:00
Governors Island ...	6:21	6:48	12:37	12:47
Hell Gate	8:11	8:33	2:12	2:23

Arrived—Sunday, April 14.

SS Carmania, Liverpool, April 6.
SS Rotterdam, Rotterdam, April 6.
SS G. Washington, Bremen, April 6.
SS Zulia, La Guayra, April 6.
SS Strathfillan, Louisburg, April 11.
SS Dinsdale Hall, Halifax, April 11.
SS Larimer, Port Arthur, Tex., April 8.
SS City of Montgomery, Savannah, April 12.
SS Shimoosa, Boston, April 12.
SS Kabinga, Philadelphia, April 13.
SS Princess Anne, Norfolk, April 13.
SS Jamestown, Norfolk, April 13.
SS Delaware, Philadelphia, April 13.
U. S. S. Utah, Hampton Roads, April 13.
U. S. S. Florida, Hampton Roads, April 13.
SS Le Couer, Halifax, April 11.
SS Buffalo, Hull, Mar. 26.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.

Atlanta	Palermo	Mar. [illegible]
San Marcos	Brunswick	Apr. [illegible]
Alberta	Algiers	Mar. [illegible]
Luisiana	Naples	Mar. [illegible]
California	Glasgow	Apr. [illegible]
Lituania	Libau	Apr. 1
Boniface	Para	Apr. [illegible]
Niagara	Havre	Apr. [illegible]
Queen Amelie	St. Lucia	Mar. [illegible]
Lapland	Antwerp	Apr. [illegible]
Chicago	Havre	Apr. [illegible]
Duca d'Aosta	Genoa	Apr. [illegible]
Allemania	Kingston	Apr. [illegible]
Algonquin	Turks Island	Apr. [illegible]
Bermudian	Bermuda	Apr. [illegible]
Oceana	Bermuda	Apr. [illegible]
Carolina	San Juan	Apr. 10
Comus	New Orleans	Apr. [illegible]
El Mundo	Galveston	Apr. 9
Herminius	Barbados	Apr. 7

DUE TO-MORROW.

Hellig Olav	Christiansand	Apr. 6
President Lincoln	Hamburg	Apr. 4
Athinai	Palermo	Apr. [illegible]
Bretagne	Havre	Apr. 6
Mesaba	London	Apr. 6
Matin	Antwerp	Mar. 31
Turrialba	Kingston	Apr. 11
Yumuri	Cienfuegos	Apr. [illegible]
Seguranca	Tampico	Apr. [illegible]
Saramacca	Trinidad	Apr. [illegible]
San Jacinto	Galveston	Apr. 10
Saratoga	Havana	Apr. 13
Rio Grande	Brunswick	Apr. 13
El Paso	Galveston	Apr. 10
City of Columbus	Savannah	Apr. 13

DUE WEDNESDAY.

Titanic	Southampton	Apr. 10
Cincinnati	Genoa	Apr. [illegible]
Bohemian	Liverpool	Apr. [illegible]
Etonian	Antwerp	Apr. [illegible]
Prinz Aug. Wilhelm	Colon	Apr. [illegible]
Joseph J. Cuneo	Jamaica	Apr. [illegible]
Cubana	Cardenas	Apr. [illegible]
El Rio	Galveston	Apr. [illegible]
Mohawk	Jacksonville	Apr. [illegible]

DUE THURSDAY.

Mauretania	Liverpool	Apr. [illegible]
Arcadian	Bermuda	Apr. [illegible]
Caracas	Curacao	April [illegible]
Colorado	Galveston	Apr. [illegible]
Momus	New Orleans	Apr. [illegible]
Iroquois	Jacksonville	Apr. [illegible]

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Alamo, Brunswick		1:00 P.M.
Hamilton, Norfolk		3:00 P.M.
Aidan, Brazil		

SAIL TO-MORROW.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Kronprinz Wilhelm, Bremen	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Ryndam, Rotterdam		10:00 A.M.
Bluecher, Hamburg		9:00 A.M.
African Prince, Rio Janeiro	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
City of Montgomery, Savannah		3:00 P.M.
El Occidente, Galveston		12:00 M.
Arapahoe, Charleston		1:00 P.M.
Rosalind, Newfoundland	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Iveran, Argentina	11:00 A.M.	3:00 P.M.

SAIL WEDNESDAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Carmania, Liverpool	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Zulia, San Juan	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Bermudian, Bermuda	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Santa Marta, Colon	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Lady Carrington, Argentina	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Comanche, Charleston		1:00 P.M.
Lampacas, Galveston		1:00 P.M.
Creole, New Orleans		12:00 M.

SAIL THURSDAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
G. Washington, Bremen	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Bretagne, Havre	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Cedric, Liverpool	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Morro Castle, Havana	1:00 P.M.	3:00 P.M.
Oceana, Bermuda	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Allemania, Haiti	1:00 P.M.	4:00 P.M.
City of Savannah, Savannah		3:00 P.M.
Katahdin, Brunswick		1:00 P.M.
Moltke, Naples		10:00 A.M.
El Siglo, Galveston		12:00 M.

Supplementary mails are open on the piers of the American, English, German, and French transatlantic lines until within ten minutes of the hour of sailing.

By Wireless.

SANDY HOOK, APRIL 14. (MARCONI.)

SS Hellig Olav, Copenhagen to New York, 755 miles E. at 8:25 P. M.; due 17th, 8 A. M. Scandinavian American Line.

SS Chicago, Havre to New York, 718 miles E. at 5:20 A. M.; due 16th, 8 A. M. French Line.

SS Titanic, Southampton to New York, 1,[illegible] miles E. at 2:15 A. M.; due 16th, 4 P. M. White Star Line.

SS George Washington, Bremen to New York, 193 miles E. at 10:20 A. M.; due 15th, 6 A. M. North German Lloyd.

SS Lapland, Antwerp to New York, 148 miles E. at 8 P. M.; due 15th, 8 A. M. Red Star Line.

SS California, Glasgow to New York, 860 miles E. at 10 A. M.; due 15th, 11 A. M. Anchor Line.

SS President Lincoln, Hamburg to New York, 813 miles E. at noon; due 15th, 1 P. M. Hamburg-American Line.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP, (UNITED.)

SS Cristobal, Cristobal to New York, 700 miles S. at 8 P. M. Panama Railroad Line.

SS Monterey, Vera Cruz to New York, 634 miles W. of Havana at noon. Ward Line.

SS Antilla, Havana to New York, 910 miles S. at 8 A. M. Munson Line.

SS Carolina, San Juan to New York, 71 miles S. at 8:30 P. M. New York and Porto Rico Line.

SS Seguranca, Tampico to New York, 180 miles S. at 8 P. M. Ward Line.

SS Comanche, Jacksonville to New York, [illegible] miles S. at 7 P. M. Clyde Line.

SS San Jacinto, Galveston to New York, [illegible] miles S. at noon. Mallory Line.

SS Concho, Mobile to New York, 684 miles S. at noon. Mallory Line.

SS Saramacca, Demerara to New York, 860 miles S. at 8 P. M.

SS Comus, New Orleans to New York, [illegible] miles S. at noon. Southern Pacific.

SS Oceana, Bermuda to New York, 265 miles S. at 7 P. M. Bermuda-Atlantic Line.

SS Bermudian, Bermuda to New York, [illegible] miles S. E. at 8 P. M. Quebec Line.

SS Saratoga, Havana to New York, 666 miles S. at 7 P. M. Ward Line.

SS Mohawk, Jacksonville to New York, [illegible] miles S. at 8 P. M. Clyde Line.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Caledonia, at Moville, April 14.

Sailed.

SS Mauretania, from Liverpool, April 14.
SS Kroonland, from Dover, April 13.
SS Potsdam, from Boulogne, April 13.
SS Cameronia, from Moville, April 13.

Passed.

SS Finland, New York for Antwerp, passed the Lizard.

Transpacific Mails.

Destination and Steamer.	Mails Close in New York.	
Hawaii, (via San Francisco—Sierra	Apr. 15	6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, and China (via Seattle)—Kamakura Maru	Apr. 18	6:30 P.M.
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—Tenyo Maru	Apr. 19	6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.)—Monteagle	Apr. 20	6:30 P.M.
Tahiti, Marquesas, Cook Islands, New Zealand, and Australia, (via San Francisco)—Manuka	Apr. 26	6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, and China (via Tacoma)—Chicago Maru	Apr. 26	6:30 P.M.
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands, (via San Francisco)—Persia	Apr. 29	6:30 P.M.
Hawaii, Guam, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—U. S. transport	May 1	6:30 P.M.
Hawaii, Fiji Islands, Samoan Islands, New Zealand, and Australia (via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.)—Marama	May 10	6:30 P.M.

Pacific Mails.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails from China, Japan, and the Hawaiian Islands of the following dates—Kobe, March 26, and Yokohama, March 27—which arrived at Seattle per steamer Kamakura Maru were dispatched east at 12:01 A. M., April 11, and mails dated Hongkong, March 15; Shanghai, March 18; Yokohama, March 26, and Honolulu, April 5, which arrived at San Francisco per steamer Tenyo Maru, were dispatched east at 6:40 P. M., April 11. Due in New York on the mornings of Monday, April 15, and Tuesday, April 16, respectively.

Mails for transpacific destinations will close at the General Post Office, this city, as published.

For Latest Shipping News See Page 1.

$100,000
City of Buffalo
4% Registered Water Bonds
Due June 15, 1960
Interest payable June 15 and December 15
Principal and Interest payable in New York City
A legal investment for Savings Banks, in New York, Massachusetts & Connecticut
Legality approved by Messrs. Dillon, Thomson & Clay, of New York
Price 99½ and Interest To net 4.02%
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31 Pine Street
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Average Yield About 5¼%
A well diversified and conservative investment comprising:
FIRST MORTGAGE public utility bond of a distinctly high grade type;
FIRST MORTGAGE guaranteed terminal bond backed up by large equities;
INDUSTRIAL BOND of an established, growing and profitable business.
A reliable and well rounded out selection for the prudent and discriminating investor.
Write for Bond Circular No. 843 "Investment Securities."
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Members New York Stock Exchange

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Maturities:
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Strong Points:
1. Old successful operating company.
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4. Enough timber contracted to large concerns to pay entire issue.
5. Ample security—good yield.
6. No fire risk.
7. National Banks have already bought bonds of this issue.
Write us to-day for "Circular 8 Timber Bonds," giving a full description of this bond issue which we have just purchased. It is one of the most attractive issues we ever offered and it will pay you to investigate it.
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The same investigation—by experts—which determines
The Value of a Bond
for us also determines it for the investor. The same investigation safeguards
Our Capital—Our Reputation
Your Capital—Your Income
Send for April Bond Circular
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Indebtedness, $1,500,000
Assets over 8,000,000
We offer, AT A PRICE TO YIELD 6%, bonds having a mortgage lien on well-known and valuable MANHATTAN REAL ESTATE, guaranteed principal and interest by a corporation doing $20,000,000 gross business annually, with net earnings SIXTEEN TIMES interest on the bonds.
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THE FINANCIAL SITUATION

It is not necessary to assume any adverse changes in the fundamental conditions which have underlain the improvement in the security markets during the past two months to explain the reaction which occurred on the Stock Exchange last week. It is true that the news of the week included items which exerted unfavorable influence upon stock market sentiment, but the reaction itself had for some time past been expected quite independently of the character of the news, which from day to day might be presented for the consideration of the financial community. The rise which had taken place since Feb. 1, when the low point of the year so far was recorded, had carried the general level of prices, as expressed in the average quotation of twenty-five industrials and twenty-five railroad issues, to above last year's high point for the industrial stocks, and to a figure not much below the highest level reached last year by the railroad group. Even viewed apart from events which were immediately responsible for the turn in the market tide it is not surprising that last week should have seen a general reaction of about 2 points after a rise which with few interruptions had raised the quotation of the railroad stocks about 7½ points, and the industrial stocks about 9 points.

In order, however, not to minimize the possible influence of the adverse news of the past week, which governed the course of prices to the exclusion of the more general considerations which have furnished the background for recent market improvement, it should be noted that this news contained possible indications of a lessening of the force of some of the theories upon which stocks had previously been advancing. At all events, the temper of the market was such that weight of this kind was given to the news of the week. First came the April Government crop report showing a decline in the condition of Winter wheat of 6 points since last December, the April 1 figure being 5½ points under the ten-year average at this date. Following this poor report came many private advices regarding damage to the Winter wheat fields, and to all of these the grain markets were inclined to give full credence. In Chicago May wheat rose from $1.015 a bushel on Monday to $1.10 a bushel on Saturday, and thus the market seemed to be confirming the probable accuracy of the low estimate of condition, which these private advices were putting upon the Winter wheat crop. This was undoubtedly one of the influences affecting stock market sentiment, but perhaps not a very important one, because of the prevailing disposition in the financial district to minimize the week's reports of wheat damage. It was realized, in other words, that it is altogether too early to take it for granted that this year's wheat crop will be disappointing, particularly after count is taken of the fact that this season there has admittedly been provided for the future use of the crops an amount of moisture which promises to prevent this year the lack of reserve moisture which was the most serious handicap with which last year's grain crop had to contend.

So far as its direct effect upon stock market sentiment is concerned a place of prominence in the week's record belongs to the outcome of the Presidential primaries in Illinois, and to the uncertainty which was felt regarding the results of Saturday's primary in Pennsylvania. One of the theories upon which the stock market had been proceeding was that no important popular support would be accorded to the extreme radicals in the contest for Presidential nominations, and the result in Illinois, viewed superficially, at least, was calculated to lessen the confidence of the Stock Exchange in the correctness of this particular theory. It is worth recording, however, that it has been one of the general assumptions that political scares would as usual play their part in the stock markets of this Spring and Summer, and last week's incidents on the Stock Exchange, so far as they had political complexion, may properly be set down as among the expected developments. It is not necessary in granting whatever measure of influence the political factor may have exerted upon prices to assume that even the Stock Exchange regarded the events from which it took fright as at all conclusive as an indication of the final result.

A somewhat prominent place belongs also to the labor situation. The very large vote by the locomotive engineers in favor of supporting their union officials in the demands which they have made upon the railroads, even to the extent of declaring a strike, serves to emphasize the seriousness of these demands. At the same time the strike vote was in no way a surprise, but on the contrary was part of the usual procedure in the urging of demands such as the engineers have made. Even now there are very few who regard a strike as a probability, and recent experience gives much support to the belief that a way out of the threatened strike will be found. It may, though, mean a further concession in wages, just as the feeling prevails also that an increase in the wages of the anthracite miners and an advance in the price of coal will be the ultimate outcome of the negotiations now under way between the operators and the miners. In neither case is a further addition to the cost of these men's product, coal in one case and transportation in another, to be viewed lightly, even if it should prove, as matters stand, inevitable. The public at large might be inclined to console itself in respect to an increase in the wages of the locomotive engineers by the theory that in this case the railroads would be the sufferers rather than the public, because of the great difficulty in the way of increasing freight rates, and thus passing the cost of added wages on to the ultimate consumer. The theory is not a sound one, however, for ultimately the public will have to pay in one form or another for any addition to the production cost of transportation which unduly narrows the margin between that cost and the price which the railroads are permitted to charge for the transportation which they supply. This, however, is looking a little further into the future than the question whether an open breach between the railroads and the engineers will be avoided. That it will be avoided is the consensus of opinion in the financial district.

Just now there is a good deal of financing which the railroads would like to do and which they probably will do as soon as the bond market again shows activity, providing they can see their way clear to assuming the charges arising from the issuance of more bonds. The most pressing need of the railroads seems to be for more equipment, for tonnage continues to grow even though profits in handling it may be small, and more cars are needed for its convenient handling than the railroads now own. This is but one of the reasons of expediency, if not of justice, which should prevail against any further addition to the operating expenses of the railways if there is any way of avoiding it.

Of the general business situation it remains true, according to all the indications at hand, that optimism is growing and that trade is actually assuming larger volume. Two important industries were heard from last week—one in the shape of the unfilled orders statement of the Steel Corporation and the other in the form of the monthly report of the Copper Producers' Association. The latter showed a further small decrease in the stock of the metal, the price of which last week was maintained at the year's record level previously established. The Steel Corporation's tonnage statement showed a reduction of 150,000 tons, which was less than had been expected. In actual output the current month at the present rate will exceed all previous records. The expansion in bank clearings continues, and from no important quarter comes any indication of anything in the way of a setback to the business growth which has been going on in a manner to justify the confidence in the outlook to which the business world began some time back to give expression.

THE MARKETS OF EUROPE

EUROPE HAS MONEY PROBLEM.

Question of Supplying Gold to New York Puzzles Financiers.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, April 14.—The money market remained firm throughout the week. The volume of the world's trade in the current year, according to existing indications, will exceed all previous totals, and this year Europe will not have the advantage of large American balances, which it enjoyed last year, as trade in the United States is now expanding. Indeed one of the problems which will have to be faced before long is how long will it be possible for Europe to supply gold to New York to meet the expanding currency requirements of the United States, having regard to the circumstances that it seems likely that there may be no period of very easy money this year.

On the Stock Exchange markets have been buoyant, with a substantial rise all around. The market received a momentary check on the Roosevelt success in Illinois, but believing it a flash in the pan the advance has since continued.

STRONG TONE IN PARIS.

Business in the Stock Market, However, Is Much Restricted.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, April 14.—As anticipated the firmness wherewith the Bourse closed for the Easter holidays was maintained this week despite some irregularity in certain departments, among which were Rios, which rose and fell several points daily.

The end of the coal strike in England, the activity of American markets, with no adverse factor in the external political world contributed to the maintenance of a strong tone. Business, however, continues restricted, the general public having withdrawn almost totally from the field during the week, while professional operators are awaiting the fortnightly settlement to be carried through before entering into fresh important commitments.

Money was expected plentiful, but contango rates were not so low as many desired.

Responding to the strong tone of Wall Street, Atchison and Reading rose a few points and closed strong.

BERLIN MARKET DEPRESSED.

Adverse Factors Increased by New York Banks' Decision on Loans.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

BERLIN, April 14.—Fears of dearer money, due to an increase in local rates and weakness of the New York market, caused a tendency to realizations and profit-taking to be the main feature of the week on the Berlin Boerse.

The Reichsbank's report, indicating a very slow rate of recovery, was also a depressing factor.

The market was still further affected by the decision of the New York banks to withdraw their balances on loan in Germany.

SCARCITY OF LABOR HAMPERS COKE TRADE

Prices for Crude Materials Unsettled, While Steel Sheets and Bars Advance.

HEAVY BUYING OF PIG IRON

Crude Steel Supply in Pittsburgh District Now Equal to Demand —Bar Iron Mills Busy.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, April 14.—Deliveries of crude steel are easier, and mills are meeting demands for prompt shipment of finished material more promptly than during March. The advances of $1 to $2 a ton in sheets and the hardening of steel bars by $1 a ton during the last week indicate the better price position of the trade. But crude materials, including pig iron, ore, and coke, have not yet adjusted themselves to the changed conditions.

The ore interests continue to be harried by the tremendous overstocks carried through the Winter, and prices are uneven and unsettled. The cokemaker must contend with a labor shortage and a wage increase that caught him unprepared, together with the demoralization of the bituminous coal trade of the Central States as a result of the failure of the mines to resume as promptly as anticipated. The pig iron trade is running largely on the high-priced ore stocks of last year, and is facing unexpectedly high prices for coke, combined with a threatened shortage of prompt furnace coke before the end of the present month.

Prosperity, as a consequence, has not begun at the bottom in the industry, but half way up the scale of crude and finished product. The output of coke in the Connellsville region for the week ended April 6 was 415,464 tons, which broke the record for weekly outputs for twenty-three months, the previous high point having been 425,000 tons for the week ended April 23, 1910. In contrast, the output for the week ended Saturday promises to be the lowest since the opening of this year, the coke workers of the Connellsville region, a large proportion of whom are foreigners, having abandoned their tasks for the first three days of the week to combine a celebration of the Easter holidays and their recently announced wage advance. The week's output is estimated to have been reduced 25 per cent. by this enforced suspension.

Coke leaped upward in price last month on the threat of a strike in the Pennsylvania bituminous coal mines, then dropped 50 cents a ton in four days on news of a settlement of the miners' dispute. Last week the threatened shortage of prompt supplies advanced spot furnace coke to $2.60 and higher, against $1.90 at the opening of March.

Contracts for April-May supplies of furnace coke were closed last week at $2.50 oven, as against $1.80, the contract level at the opening of March.

Heavy buying of pig iron and increased shipments into consumption characterized the pig iron market last week throughout the entire West. Pittsburgh district sold upward of 75,000 tons of steelmaking irons alone, while 40,000 tons of basic and Bessemer irons were taken up at points further west, a part of which will be supplied by the furnaces in this district. The largest single buyer last week was the Republic Iron and Steel Company, which took 40,000 tons of basic, following its purchase of 40,000 tons of Bessemer iron the week previous. The American Steel Foundries took 10,000 tons, and is asking for 10,000 tons more; two other steel companies in this district bought a total of 20,000 tons of basic.

The larger tonnages of basic sold at $13, furnace, even for deliveries into the third quarter, notwithstanding the open market quotation of $13.25 at furnace for that grade the previous week. On smaller tonnages, however, the new price of $13.25 was realized. A block of 20,000 tons of basic, from Ohio furnaces, taken by the Andrews Steel Company of Newport, Ky., for third quarter shipment, was obtained at $14.20 delivered at buyer's works, which is equal to $13 at Ironton furnace, or about $12.40 valley furnace. None of this iron, of course, comes from valleys. Sales of foundry and malleable irons during the week aggregated 15,000 tons, the ruling price for No. 2 foundry and malleable being $13.25 at furnace.

The output of crude steel has been brought up equal to demand in this district, as well as at Chicago. All open-hearth steel capacity in the West is now working, and prices are firmly on the basis of $20 at Pittsburgh mill for billets, $21 for crude bars. The call for billets from Pittsburgh district to help out the Chicago shortage has ceased, each district being able to supply its own market. The puddling mills have benefitted in the continued buying campaign, demand for refined iron bars having increased, with a corresponding advance in price. Bar iron mills are working at a heavier rate than at any time in two years.

NATIVE POTATOES SCARCE.

Maine Stock Selling at $4.50 a Bag and Foreign at $3.25.

The continued high cost of domestic potatoes is the feature of the New York produce market. Stocks of Maine and New York tubers are pretty well depleted, and receipts in the local market are rapidly falling off. Desirable Maine potatoes were offered at $4.25 to $4.50 per bag, (180 pounds,) and New York State stocks brought about 25 cents less. These prices are high levels for this time of the year.

In view of the difficulty of trading in domestic potatoes at current figures, the majority of dealers turned their attention to foreign offerings. European potatoes were in evidence in considerable quantity, and prices on the general run of them weakened slightly. English potatoes brought the best prices, they being quoted around $3.25 a bag.

Stocks of asparagus in the market were liberal, and were offered at prices ranging from $1.25 to $4 per dozen bunches. Buyers were apparently satisfied with these quotations.

The onion market was erratic. Owing to the lateness of the present season, holders were eager to dispose of old stocks at any reasonable figure, while new onions were in good demand at steady prices.

Cucumbers, tomatoes, eggplant, and kale were received in moderate quantities, and under the stimulus of good buying, advanced substantially. Supplies of cabbage, celery, lettuce, and spinach were in excess of the demand, and prices are said to have favored buyers in most cases.

California Banker a Suicide.

FRESNO, Cal., April 14.—D. S. Snodgrass, President of the First National Bank of Selma, Cal., and of the First national Bank of Fowler, Cal., shot and killed himself yesterday at his home here. Mr. Snodgrass was also President of the Selma Savings Bank and of the Kingsburg and Sanger Banks.

NEW YORK CITY SECURITIES.

	Highest.	Lowest.	Last Sale.
Corporate stock 3½s, 1954..M. N.	88 Feb. 20	87 Mar 20	87 Apr. 1, 1912
Corp. stock 3½s, 1954, reg..M. N.	87½ Jan. 20	87¼ Feb 13	87½ Feb. 17, 1912
Corp. stock 3½s, 1955........M. N.			88¾ Nov. 2, 1910
Corp. stock 3½s, 1959..............			90½ June 6, 1911
Corp. stock 4s, reg. 1936....M. N.*	99¼ Apr. 12	99 Jan 30	99¼ Apr. 12, 1912
Corp. stock 4s, reg. 1955....M. N.*	99½ Mar. 18	99 Jan 4	99½ Mar. 18, 1912
Corp. stock 4s, reg. 1956....M. N.*	99⅝ Feb. 17	98¾ Jan 8	99½ Apr. 10, 1912
Corp. stock 4s, 1957........*M. N.	100⅛ Feb. 16	99⅝ Jan 6	100⅛ Apr. 10, 1912
Corp. stock 4s, 1957, reg..........			100 Nov. 15, 1911
Corp. stock 4½s, 1957......*M. N.	107¾ Jan. 8	107¼ Mar 19	107⅜ Apr. 11, 1912
Corp. stock 4½s, 1957, reg........			107½ Dec. 21, 1911
Corp. stock 4½s. 1957.......M. N.*	107⅝ Jan. 29	107¼ Mar 27	107¼ Apr. 8, 1912
Corp. stock 4½s, 1957, reg........			107⅜ Nov. 18, 1911
Corp. stock 4s, 1958........*M. N.	100⅛ Jan. 23	99⅜ Jan 2	100 Apr. 13, 1912
Corp. stock 4s, 1958, reg..........			99½ Dec. 20, 1911
Corp. stock 4s, 1959........*M. N.	100⅛ Jan. 23	99¼ Jan 2	100⅛ Apr. 13, 1912
Corp. stock 4s, 1959, reg..........	100 Apr. 6	99⅝ Jan 30	100 Apr. 6, 1912
Corp. stock 4¼s, 1960........*M. S.	103 Feb. 19	102⅛ Jan 8	102¼ Apr. 13, 1912
Corp. stock 4¼s, 1960, reg........			102 Dec. 21, 1911
Assessm't b'ds, 3½s, 1914.....M. N.			98¼ Sep. 7, 1911
Assessm't b'ds, 4½s, 1917..*M. N.	102⅝ Feb. 29	102 Mar 19	102¼ Apr. 9, 1912
Ass'm't b'ds, 4½s, 1917, reg.*M. N.			102½ July 10, 1911
Assessment b'ds, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

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We have prepared a pamphlet including, under one cover a list of all steam railroad bonds which are now exempt from taxation in the State of New Jersey. In addition to classifying these securities under the railroad systems to which they belong we have given concisely a description of each individual security. Copies of this pamphlet will be forwarded upon request.
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South Jersey Gas, Electric & Traction Stock
Union Typewriter Com. 1st and 2d Pref.
Babcock & Wilcox
Borden's Condensed Milk Com. & Pref.
Safety Car Heating and Lighting
Tri-City Railway & Light Com.
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International Motors Com. & Pref.
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WHAT FIRE COULD DO IN FEDERAL BUILDING

Destroy, for One Thing, Thousands of Invaluable Records, Now Left Without Safeguards.

UNCLE SAM NOT ALARMED

And Is a Bit Hurt at Being Warned by the City Like Any Factory Owner.

The doubt that the Post Office and Federal Court Building is properly protected from fire, which was raised last week by Fire Commissioner Johnson, has called attention to the fact that thousands of records of great value are not adequately safeguarded. In the Federal Building are preserved all the records of the old Circuit and the present District Court and a number of documents which have come down from Colonial days that may yet be of inestimable value to the historian.

As the District Court began to compile its records as long ago as 1792, there is a goodly collection of them, and as day by day more are added to their number, the officials are put to their wits' ends to find receptacles where they can be in such shape that they can be easily consulted.

In the entire building are only two fireproof rooms. One belongs to the District Attorney's office, and in it are kept the books and papers needed for any cases which are under preparation or actual trial.

Then the Post Office also has a fireproof room, but this has been made strong rather in fear of burglars than of a conflagration. In it are kept at times as many as $1,500,000 worth of stamps and quantities of blank money orders, and to break into it would make the fortune of any yeggman. But it is constructed after the most approved burglar-proof plans, and it is guarded night and day by a force of armed men.

As a matter of fact, as far as the Post Office is concerned, a fire would not be an irreparable disaster. If the stamps and the money orders were burned, it would mean merely the destruction of so much printed and colored paper, and all the important documents are dispatched as soon as they are compiled to Washington.

Calls the Building a Menace.

But Commissioner Johnson takes the view that the present Post Office Building is a standing menace to the community by reason of its method of construction and its age. The Federal officials reply that the Post Office is in far greater danger itself of being set afire by a fire in one of the adjoining buildings than of starting a blaze on its own account.

Both the municipal and the Federal officials look askant at the row of old buildings stretching along Park Row from the Syndicate Building to Beekman Street, but the Fire Commissioner asks what chance would such structures have if the Post Office became a roaring, fiery furnace while the wind was from the west; and the Federal authorities suggest that it is only common sense to suppose such aged structures will sooner or later be afire, and it might not be possible for the Fire Department to preserve the Post Office if the wind were blowing from the east. In one sentiment, however, they are in thorough accord; that it will be a good thing for the city at large when the old structure is torn down and its site is thrown back into the City Hall Park.

The Fire Commissioner recently ordered an inspection to be made of the building, and came to the conclusion that it was singularly like the Equitable Building. The department has a lively recollection of what the fire there meant. Moreover, it knows that the Post Office has extensive cellarage, where, below the level of the street, 150 sorters are continually at work.

But what arouses in particular the criticisms of Commissioner Johnson is the unprotected state of the elevators. At each end of the northern side of the building is an elevator runing to the fourth floor with a stairway around it. Regarded as elevators they are something of curiosities, as they are oval in shape and probably carry more passengers than any other elevators in the city. But they have not even an iron grille to shut them off from the stairways, and if a fire started in the shafts the only reason why it would not shoot right up to the top of the building is that they are so exceedingly open that they might fail to produce sufficient strength of draft.

The Commissioner would like to see them inclosed with wire-glass, which, according to the modern science of fire prevention, is one of the most effectual of fire breaks.

Government Not Alarmed.

To all these criticisms the Federal authorities reply that they really cannot see that the building is in much danger of fire, if only the Commissioner will guarantee that it is not affected by a conflagration in some neighboring structure. Then, indeed, there might be a chipping and an exploding of the outside granite walls that would have most serious and dangerous consequences.

The corridors are flagged, the stairways are iron, and only the doors are wooden. The floors are of cement of great hardness.

When the Commissioner talks of the Equitable Building, it is admitted that the Post Office is almost its contemporary, but there, it is strenuously maintained, the similarity ends. The Equitable Building was closed every evening at about 6 o'clock; the Post Office is a hive of activity day and night, and the floors devoted to the courts are constantly patrolled. Finally, in the Equitable was a lawyer's club renowned for its cuisine, and in consequence a kitchen full of combustible materials, while in the Federal Building the only accommodation for lawyers is the library, the books in which even a fire would find it hard to devour. So the Federal authorities believe they can rest assured their building won't burn up of its own volition.

The present controversy arose through Commissioner Johnson's sending to Postmaster Morgan a regular "order" to make alterations and additions to the fire equipment of the building. He passed it over to Commander Alfred Brooks Fry, Supervising Chief Engineer of the Federal Buildings in this district, and he wrote back to the Commissioner respectfully calling his attention ot the fact that the Fire Department has no authority to issue any such order with relation to a United States public building standing on a Federal reservation.

The Commissioner in writing to Postmaster Morgan had used one of the ordinary forms which are sent out to the owners of factories requiring them to comply with the directions of the Bureau of Fire Prevention within so many days. It included, moreover, a stamped-in clause prohibiting smoking in the building.

To this Commander Fry replied that the building wasn't a factory and that he knew the law.

The result was that Commissioner Johnson wrote to Postmaster General Hitchcock acknowledging that he had no power to enforce compliance with an order, but calling attention to the fact that if the Post Office Building caught fire the Fire Department would be called to put it out.

But all concerned would be very glad to see the old building replaced by another. Senator O'Gorman has now before the United States Senate a bill appropriating $5,000,000 for the purchase of sites, and if this passes relief will at length be in sight.

PUBLIC UTILITIES INQUIRY.

Dr. John H. Gray to Head Investigation of Regulating Methods.

At a meeting of the Executive Council of the Civic Federation's Department on Regulation of Inter-State and Municipal Utilities on Saturday it was announced that Dr. John H. Gray, Professor of Economics at the University of Minnesota, who has made many special investigations for the United States Bureau of Labor, is to head an investigation designed to determine how far regulation of public utilities may go without interfering unduly with management.

Prof. Bruce Wyman of the Harvard Law School has been appointed counsel for the investigation. William D. Kerr, formerly of the Wisconsin Railroad Commission, and I. L. Scharfman of Boston, formerly Professor of English Law in the Imperial Pei Yang University, will also assist Dr. Gray. All the State and Federal public service laws will be compiled and "sliding-scale" and "profit-sharing" schemes in Europe will be studied. The investigation will cover telephone companies, steam and electric railroads, and water, gas, electric, and water power companies.

These are the various committees and their Chairmen: Rates, Franklin K. Lane; Control of Service, Martin S. Decker; Control of Capitalization, Milo R. Maltbie; Franchises, Blewett Lee; Accounts and Reports, Leo S. Rowe, and Ways and Means, Franklin Q. Brown. Emerson McMillin is Chairman of the department. The Executive Committee is composed mainly of Public Service Commissioners, railway Presidents and heads of other large quasi-public corporations, and representatives of those branches of organized labor that are employed by such corporations.

ORANGE PRICES DECLINE.

Disturbing Influence of Heavier Receipts Affected the Market.

A decline in prices quoted on California oranges, following several weeks of more than usual firmness, featured trading in the New York fruit market last week. The demand for this fruit was practically as great as that in evidence for the last month, but under the disturbing influence of heavier receipts, prices showed a slight falling off. Buyers continued to show a preference for medium-sized stocks, although fancy fruit of larger size was in good demand. Stocks of Florida oranges are nearly exhausted, but under the stimulus of a brisk demand, available stocks moved freely.

The market for Porto Rico fruits was irregular. Oranges and grape fruit retained their strong position, but pineapple prices declined somewhat under the influence of heavier shipments received. The market for Cuban fruit showed little change. The scarcity of fancy fruit marked the trading in apples. Desirable stocks were in good demand, and transactions recorded show prices to have been very favorable to sellers. The general condition of the fruit offered was bad, scald and other defects being noticeable. Quotations on Baldwin apples ranged from around $2.50 to $4.25 a barrel. Northern Spys in some instances brought as high as $5.50, and greening quotations ranged from $2.50 to $5.25.

Trading in Sicily lemons was erratic, the market slumping heavily toward the end of the week, after a strong opening. Offerings for the week approximated 70,000 boxes.

MEXICAN COFFEE MORE ACID.

For That Reason It Is Preferred to Rio on the Pacific Coast.

"Coffee consumed on the Pacific Coast differs materially from that used in the East and Middle West," says Robert Richert in The Los Angeles Hotel Record. "Every tourist and newcomer notes the difference at once, and the hotel man is frequently asked to explain this to his guests. The reason is that the coast market is chiefly supplied from the plantations of Mexico and Central America, while the chief source of supply for the remainder of the country is Brazil and other South American countries.

"Even the most casual coffee drinker can detect the difference in the taste of the east and west coast coffee; it is a native flavor, a twang, hard to describe but easy to detect. Technically, the difference is in the acidity. The west coast coffees of Mexico and Central America are more acid than the east coast South American product. When properly aged and properly blended this acidity is an added merit and gives the west coast product its character."

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St. Louis, Rocky Mountain & Pacific Co.
1st Mtg. 5% Sinking Fund Gold Bonds.
Dated July 1, 1905. Due July 1, 1955.
AUTHORIZED AND OUTSTANDING, $7,500,000.

We recommend the purchase of these bonds for the following reasons:
Secured by FIRST mortgage upon all the Company's property consisting of,
1st. 812 square miles—520,325 acres, estimated to contain over 2,000,000,000 (two billion) tons of high grade BITUMINOUS COKING, DOMESIC and STEAM COAL.
2nd. 106 miles of modern STANDARD GAUGE railroad, laid with 80-pound steel rails, and 14 miles of sidings, which connects the Company's coal land directly with the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railway, the Colorado & Southern Railway and the El Paso & South Western Railroad.
3rd. 400 new standard coke ovens and all equipment in connection with same and 10 modern electrically equipped drift mines—POWER PLANTS, WATER WORKS, tipples and 35 miles mine railway track, etc.
4th. 600 modern freight cars.
5th. Operating Sinking Fund of three cents per ton of coal mined.
The Company's NET EARNINGS for the past five years have been as follows:

1906	1907	1908	1909	1910	1911
$263,243	$476,498	$529,409	$456,064	$667,512	$716,499

The Company's net earnings for month of January, 1912, show an increase over the same month of the previous year of $11,078, and for month of February, 1912, an increase of $14,251 over February, 1911.

SPECIAL CIRCULAR UPON REQUEST.
A. E. FITKIN & CO., Bonds
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To Holders of
Preferred and Common Stock of
THE WABASH RAILROAD COMPANY

In view of the financial difficulties of The Wabash Railroad Company, and in view of the announced intentions and purposes of the Committees representing First Refunding and Extensions Mortgage Bonds of that Company, it has become important that the holders of the stock of the Company (Preferred and Common) should unite for the protection of their interests.

For this purpose the undersigned, at the request of holders of large amounts of the stock of The Wabash Railroad Company, have consented to act as a Committee under an agreement dated December 19, 1911, (a copy of which is on file at the office of the Knickerbocker Trust Company, Depositary, 60 Broadway, New York City), and request the deposit by stockholders of their shares, under said agreement, with said Depositary. Stock certificates so deposited should be properly indorsed in blank or be accompanied by properly executed instruments for transfer, and properly stamped so as to comply with the laws of the State of New York in respect to the transfer of shares of capital stock. Against such deposit there will be issued certificates of deposit therefor under the agreement above referred to, copies of which agreement may be obtained upon application to the Depositary.

Application will be made in due course to list the certificates of deposit on the New York Stock Exchange.

New York, January 15, 1912.

J. HORACE HARDING, Chairman.
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CHARLES H. KEEP,
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CARTER, LEDYARD & MILBURN, Counsel.
PEMBERTON BERMAN, Secretary.
KNICKERBOCKER TRUST COMPANY, Depositary.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS

SALES OF STOCK IN THE WEEK ENDED APRIL 13. TOTAL WEEK'S SALES, 4,776,474 SHARES.

Range for Year 1911.		Range for Year 1912.				Closing Saturday, April 13.		Week's Net Change.	STOCKS.	Par Value.	Amount Capital Stock Outstanding.	Last Dividend Paid.		Period.	Range for Week Ended April 13.				Closing a Year Ago.	Sales Week Ended April 13, '12.
High	Low	High.	Date.	Low.	Date.	Bid.	Ask.					Date.	Per Cent.		First	High	Low	Last		
245	235	205	Apr. 3.	200	Mar. 27.	205	215	—	**Adams Express Co.**	100	$12,000,000	Mar. 1, '12.	3	Q	215	215	215	215	..	52
9¾	1⅛	3	Mar. 30.	⅛	Mar. 26.	1½	1¾	— ¼	Allis-Chalmers Co.	100	19,820,000	....	..	..	2⅛	2⅜	1⅛	1¾	..	5,530
34	6⅝	8	Jan. 2.	3¼	Mar. 25.	4½	5	— 1	Allis-Chalmers Co. pf.	100	20,925,700	Feb. 1, '04.	1½	..	5⅞	5⅞	4½	5	..	1,700
71⅝	44¾	84¼	Apr. 2.	60	Feb. 1.	81	81⅛	— 1⅜	Amalgamated Copper Co.	100	153,887,900	Feb. 26, '12.	50c	Q	82⅝	83½	80¼	81	62¼	266,910
63¾	46	63⅝	Mar. 22.	58½	Feb. 27.	60	61	— ⅛	American Agricult. Chem. Co.	100	18,330,900	Apr. 15, '12.	1	Q	61	62	60⅝	60⅝	57½	3,200
105	99½	104¼	Mar. 20.	100½	April 13.	100	100½	— ¼	American Agricult. Chem. Co. pf.	100	20,934,700	Apr. 15, '12.	1½	Q	100⅝	100⅝	100½	100½	..	610
59⅜	39¾	65	Apr. 11.	53	Feb. 26.	63⅞	64	+ 2⅛	American Beet Sugar Co.	100	15,000,000	Feb. 15, '12.	1½	Q	62	65	61⅝	64	43	49,550
101	92½	100	Mar. 12.	97	April 3.	98	99	+ ¼	American Beet Sugar Co. pf.	100	5,000,000	Apr. 1, '12.	1½	Q	98¼	98½	98¼	98½	..	350
97	87	96¼	Mar. 15.	91½	Jan. 2.	94¾	96	+ ½	Am. Brake, Shoe & Fy. Co.	100	3,600,000	Mar. 30, '12.	1¼	Q	96	96	96	96	..	200
138	122½	138	Jan. 22.	130	Jan. 2.	133¾	134¼	— ¼	Am. Brake, Shoe & Fy. Co. pf.	100	4,000,000	Mar. 30, '12.	1¼	Q	133½	133½	133½	133½	..	200
12½	8⅞	30⅛	Apr. 13.	11¼	Feb. 1.	30	30⅛	+ 2⅝	American Can Co.	100	41,233,300	....	..	..	27⅞	30⅛	26⅝	30	10	262,130
93⅛	77	111¾	Apr. 13.	90⅝	Feb. 1.	111½	111¾	+ 1	American Can Co. pf.	100	41,233,300	Apr. 1, '12.	1¼	Q	111	111¾	108½	111½	83¼	28,600
58¼	42⅝	61⅝	Apr. 9.	49⅝	Feb. 1.	59½	59⅝	+ 1	American Car & Foundry Co.	100	30,000,000	Apr. 1, '12.	½	Q	59¼	61⅝	59	59⅝	52¼	32,520
120	113	118	Mar. 18.	115	Feb. 14.	117	118¼	+ 1	American Car & Foundry Co. pf.	100	30,000,000	Apr. 1, '12.	1¾	Q	117	118	117	118	116	710
62⅝	41⅝	55¼	Apr. 4.	45½	Jan. 19.	53	53¾	— 1⅜	American Cotton Oil Co.	100	20,237,100	June 1, '11.	2½	..	54¼	54⅞	52¾	52¾	56½	8,700
105½	92	99¼	Feb. 13.	95	Jan. 19.	96½	..	— ⅞	American Cotton Oil Co. pf.	100	10,198,600	Dec. 1, '11.	3	SA	98¼	98⅞	98¼	98⅞	105	200
245	201	220	Apr. 6.	200	Feb. 2.	220	228	..	American Express Co.	100	18,000,000	Apr. 1, '12.	3	Q	220	225	220	225	243	55
5	3½	5¼	Apr. 9.	3	Feb. 19.	4½	5	+ ⅛	American Hide & Leather Co.	100	11,274,100	....	..	..	4⅞	5¼	4⅞	4⅞	..	1,275
26⅝	18	26½	Apr. 9.	20	Feb. 26.	24	26	— 1¾	American Hide & Leather Co. pf.	100	12,548,300	Aug. 15, '05.	1	..	26	26½	24¼	24¼	23	900
25¾	16½	25	Apr. 8.	18	Jan. 2.	23	23½	+ 1	American Ice Securities Co.	100	19,045,100	July 20, '07.	1¾	..	22¼	25	22¼	23	23½	13,200
12⅝	8	15⅛	Apr. 11.	9¼	Mar. 6.	14	14⅝	+ 2⅜	American Linseed Co.	100	16,750,000	....	..	..	11⅞	15	11⅝	14¼	..	16,850
34½	26⅛	39	Apr. 11.	30	Feb. 20.	38¼	38½	+ 5½	American Linseed Co. pf.	100	16,750,000	Sept. 1, '00.	1¾	..	33¼	39	32½	37½	31½	11,880
43¼	32⅞	44¾	Apr. 9.	31¾	Feb. 27.	42	42½	+ ¾	American Locomotive Co.	100	25,000,000	Aug. 26, '08.	1½	..	41½	44¾	41½	42	37½	22,750
110¾	102	110	Apr. 8.	103	Jan. 9.	108	108¾	+ 1¼	American Locomotive Co. pf.	100	25,000,000	Jan. 22, '12.	1¾	Q	110	110	110	110	104½	120
5⅝	3	14	Apr. 11.	4⅝	Jan. 10.	12	14	+ ⅜	American Malt Corporation	100	5,664,600	....	..	..	13	13½	13	13¼	..	2,650
43⅝	31½	59	Apr. 8.	42	Jan. 6.	57	57½	..	American Malt Corporation pf.	100	8,712,100	Nov. 2, '11.	2	SA	58⅜	59	57½	57½	34¼	1,825
83⅞	56⅝	89⅝	Mar. 25.	67⅞	Feb. 1.	84½	84¾	— 2⅛	American Smelt. & Refining Co.	100	50,000,000	Mar. 15, '12.	2-3	..	86⅜	88⅜	83⅞	84½	74	91,450
108¼	98¾	108	Mar. 25.	102⅝	Jan. 2.	107	107½	..	American Smelt. & Refining Co. pf.	100	50,000,000	Mar. 1, '12.	1¾	..	107⅛	107½	107	107½	105⅛	1,750
89⅞	82	87¾	Apr. 2.	85	Mar. 11.	86¾	87¼	..	American Smelting Securities pf. B	100	30,000,000	Apr. 1, '12.	1¼	Q	87¼	87¼	87¼	87¼	..	100
325	225	144⅞	Jan. 27.	123	Mar. 6.	133½	134	+ ⅛	American Snuff Co.	100	11,001,700	Apr. 1, '12.	2	Q	133⅞	135½	133⅞	134	..	1,800
..	..	102	Apr. 4.	99	Feb. 9.	101	102	— 1	American Snuff Co. pf., new	100	3,347,000	....	..	..	101	101	101	101	..	200
52½	25	35½	Jan. 4.	26	Jan. 19.	34	35	+ 1⅞	American Steel Foundries	100	16,218,000	May 15, '11.	1¼	..	33	35¼	33	34⅞	44¾	3,100
122½	112¼	130⅞	Apr. 6.	114¾	Jan. 12.	127	127⅞	— 2⅝	American Sugar Refining Co.	100	45,000,000	Apr. 2, '12.	1¾	Q	130¼	130⅝	127	127⅝	..	6,600
119½	111	123	Apr. 3.	115½	Jan. 5.	122	122½	— ½	American Sugar Refining Co. pf.	100	45,000,000	Apr. 2, '12.	1¾	Q	122⅞	123	122½	122½	116	430
153⅛	131½	149⅛	Mar. 25.	137⅜	Jan. 2.	145¼	145½	— ⅝	Amer. Telephone & Telegraph Co.	100	324,644,500	Apr. 15, '12.	2	Q	146⅛	146¼	145⅛	145⅛	145¾	9,105
..	..	287	Jan. 26.	241⅛	Feb. 29.	261⅛	262	— 2½	American Tobacco Co.	100	49,314,700	....	..	..	263⅝	265	261½	261½	..	4,484
105¼	87	108¾	Jan. 19.	102	Jan. 9.	104½	105	— ¾	American Tobacco Co. pf.	100	37,827,400	Apr. 1, '12.	1½	Q	105⅝	105¾	105	105	97½	550
105	92½	108¼	Jan. 18.	102	Jan. 10.	101⅞	102	+ ⅜	American Tobacco pf., tr. rcts.	..	....	....	..	..	107½	107½	107½	107½	..	300
..	..	106⅝	Jan. 19.	101¼	Jan. 11.	105⅛	107	— 1½	American Tobacco pf., new	100	49,967,400	....	..	..	103⅜	103⅜	102	102	..	5,250
36½	25⅛	30	Jan. 11.	25¼	Feb. 6.	28¼	29½	+ ¼	American Woolen Co.	100	20,000,000	....	..	..	28¾	28¾	28¾	28¾	34½	100
96¼	85¼	94½	Mar. 21.	86	Feb. 7.	90¾	92	— 1⅛	American Woolen Co. pf.	100	40,000,000	Apr. 15, '12.	1¾	Q	91	91¼	90⅞	90⅞	91¼	500
34½	24½	33¼	Apr. 2.	25⅛	Jan. 25.	31	31⅛	— 1¼	American Writing Paper pf.	100	12,500,000	Apr. 1, '12.	1	SA	32½	32⅝	31	31	29½	5,936
41⅞	29	44⅞	Apr. 2.	34	Feb. 1.	42	42¼	— 2⅛	Anaconda Copper Mining Co.	25	108,312,500	Jan. 17, '12.	50c	Q	44	44¼	42	42⅛	37⅛	20,950
108	106½	114	Apr. 11.	105¼	Feb. 1.	114	116	+ 3	Assets Realization Co.	100	9,959,700	Apr. 1, '12.	1¾	Q	112¼	114	112¼	114	..	750
116⅝	99⅞	110⅝	Apr. 8.	103¼	Feb. 1.	108¼	108⅜	— 1¼	Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe	100	169,465,000	Mar. 1, '12.	1½	Q	109⅝	110⅝	107⅞	108¼	108⅛	70,000
105½	100⅝	104¼	Feb. 10.	101⅝	Jan. 2.	103½	103¾	+ ⅜	Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe pf.	100	114,199,500	Feb. 1, '12.	2½	SA	103½	103⅝	103½	103⅝	102⅝	900
139¼	117	143½	Apr. 9.	133⅛	Jan. 10.	141	141¾	— 1¼	Atlantic Coast Line	100	57,228,300	Jan. 10, '12.	3½	SA	141⅝	143½	140⅛	140⅝	120	10,600
107	103¼	106⅝	Apr. 9.	102¾	Feb. 2.	106¼	106½	— ¼	**Baldwin Locomotive Works pf.**	100	20,000,000	Jan. 1, '12.	3½	SA	106½	106⅝	106¼	106¼	..	1,120
109¾	93½	109¼	Apr. 9.	101¼	Feb. 1.	107¼	107⅜	— 1	Baltimore & Ohio	100	152,306,800	Mar. 1, '12.	3	SA	108½	109¼	107	107⅜	105½	16,350
91	85½	91	Jan. 23.	88	Feb. 20.	87¾	88	..	Baltimore & Ohio pf.	100	60,000,000	Mar. 1, '12.	2	SA	88	88	88	88	..	130
2⅛	1¼	2⅛	Apr. 9.	⅞	Mar. 23.	1⅞	2	..	Batopilas Mining	20	8,931,980	Dec. 31, '07.	12½c	..	2	2⅛	1⅞	2	..	1,900
38⅛	26	36¾	Apr. 8.	27¾	Feb. 27.	35¼	35½	— ¾	Bethlehem Steel Corporation	100	14,862,000	....	..	..	36	36¾	34¼	35	33	13,750
66¾	54	64	Apr. 10.	56½	Feb. 27.	62	62⅝	— ½	Bethlehem Steel Corporation pf.	100	14,908,000	Feb. 1, '07.	¾	..	63½	64	62⅝	63	63	5,008
84⅝	72	84⅝	Mar. 29.	76¾	Jan. 2.	83	83¼	— ¾	Brooklyn Rapid Transit Co.	100	45,000,000	Apr. 1, '12.	1¼	Q	83⅞	84⅝	82⅞	83¼	77⅞	21,050
148¼	129	143	Apr. 9.	137½	Mar. 21.	142	144	+ ¼	Brooklyn Union Gas Co.	100	17,998,500	Apr. 1, '12.	1½	Q	143	143	143	143	..	300
10¾	8	10	Apr. 11.	8	Jan. 5.	9½	10½	+ ½	Brunswick T. & Ry. Securities Co.	100	7,000,000	....	..	..	9¾	10	9¾	10	..	410
31	28	34	Apr. 12.	29¼	Mar. 18.	32½	34	+ 3⅞	Butterick Co.	100	14,647,200	Mar. 1, '12.	¾	Q	30½	34	30½	34	..	1,500
247	195⅝	252⅝	Apr. 12.	226½	Mar. 4.	250	250⅛	+ 2¾	**Canadian Pacific**	100	180,000,000	Apr. 1, '12.	2½	Q	248	252⅝	245⅝	250⅛	225¾	63,700
..	..	233	Mar. 29.	225	Mar. 7.	..	..	..	Can. Pac. sub. cfs., 1st pd	..	....	....	..	..	240	247	240	247	..	62
33⅜	18¾	26¾	Apr. 10.	16¾	Feb. 27.	25¼	25½	— ⅛	Central Leather Co.	100	39,579,000	....	..	..	25¼	26⅜	25	25	28½	24,520
105	91⅛	92¼	Jan. 2.	80	Feb. 27.	92⅛	92½	+ ½	Central Leather Co. pf.	100	33,275,600	Apr. 1, '12.	1¾	Q	91½	92¼	91½	92	99	2,600
320	260	380	Feb. 7.	305	Jan. 9.	365	375	+ 5	Central Railroad of N. J.	100	27,436,800	Feb. 1, '12.	2	Q	360	365	360	365	..	625
86¾	68⅝	81⅝	Apr. 11.	68¼	Feb. 1.	80¼	80½	+ ¼	Chesapeake & Ohio	100	62,793,700	Mar. 30, '12.	1¼	Q	80½	81⅝	79½	80½	80⅝	36,400
25¼	17¼	20½	Apr. 8.	17½	Jan. 29.	18¾	19	— 1	Chicago Great Western	100	45,143,700	....	..	..	20	20½	19	19	21	6,125
49¼	35½	39½	Apr. 8.	35	Jan. 31.	36½	37¼	— 1½	Chicago Great Western pf.	100	40,995,400	....	..	..	38¾	39½	37	37	44	2,500
133½	105¾	112¾	Apr. 8.	103½	Feb. 5.	110	110½	— 2⅛	Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul	100	116,348,200	Mar. 1, '12.	2½	SA	112⅜	112⅜	109½	110¼	120⅛	37,100
155½	141	146	Jan. 2.	144	Jan. 12.	140	144	— ¼	Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul pf.	100	116,274,900	Mar. 1, '12.	3½	SA	145¼	145¼	144⅜	144⅜	148	950
150½	138¼	144¾	Apr. 8.	140¼	Mar. 1.	143	143½	— ¾	Chicago & Northwestern	100	130,121,700	Apr. 1, '12.	1¾	Q	144⅜	144⅜	144	144	144	1,100
201½	191	198	Mar. 26.	194	Feb. 29.	194	196	..	Chicago & Northwestern pf.	100	22,395,100	Apr. 1, '12.	2	Q	194	196	194	194	..	152
144	130¼	144	Jan. 3.	135	Mar. 23.	136	140	+ 3	Chicago, St. P., Minn. & Omaha	100	18,556,200	Feb. 20, '12.	3½	SA	140	140	140	140	..	100
7¼	4⅜	6½	Apr. 11.	4	Mar. 21.	5	6½	+ ⅛	Chi. Union Traction pf., tr. rcts.	100	4,571,700	....	..	..	5⅞	6½	5⅜	6¼	5¼	1,000
27½	16½	30	Apr. 11.	25	Jan. 15.	28⅝	28¾	— ⅜	Chino Copper	5	3,500,000	....	..	..	28⅝	30	28½	28½	22¼	29,725
..	..	0.50	Apr. 3.	0.30	April 3.	..	..	+.05	Chino Copper rights	..	....	....	..	..	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	..	1,500
66	48½	60	Jan. 2.	55	Jan. 15.	55	58	+ 1	Cleve., Cin., Chi. & St. Louis	100	47,056,300	Sept. 1, '10.	2	..	58	58	58	58	..	200
98	94¼	100¼	Apr. 10.	96	Jan. 31.	101	102	+ ¼	Cleve., Cin., Chi. & St. Louis pf.	100	10,000,000	Jan. 20, '12.	1¼	Q	100¼	100¼	100¼	100¼	..	200
36⅜	25	34¼	Apr. 10.	23⅛	Feb. 28.	27⅞	28	— 3¼	Colorado Fuel & Iron	100	34,235,500	Apr. 15, '02.	1¼	..	31¾	34¼	28	28	30½	40,620
60	43	45	Feb. 2.	42	Mar. 14.	44	45	..	Colorado Southern	100	30,345,000	Dec. 31, '11.	2	A	45	45	45	45	..	100
82	70	76⅞	Jan. 19.	74½	Mar. 28.	75	76	+ ½	Colorado Southern 1st pf.	100	8,500,000	Oct. 2, '11.	2	SA	75	75	74¾	75	75½	800
148½	128¾	146	Mar. 28.	138¼	Feb. 17.	143½	144	— 1⅜	Consolidated Gas Co.	100	99,816,500	Mar. 15, '12.	1½	Q	145¼	145⅜	143½	143½	143⅞	11,450
15¾	9⅝	16¾	Mar. 26.	10	Jan. 16.	14⅞	15	— 1½	Corn Products Refining Co.	100	49,756,500	....	..	..	16¼	16½	14⅞	14½	14½	12,200
85	73	84½	Mar. 26.	76¼	Jan. 3.	81½	82	— 1	Corn Products Refining Co. pf.	100	29,818,600	Apr. 15, '12.	[illegible]	Q	83	83	82	82	78⅝	1,225
174⅞	159½	175½	Feb. 6.	167	Jan. 10.	170½	171	— 1½	**Delaware & Hudson**	100	42,503,000	Mar. 20, '12.	2¼	Q	172	172⅞	170½	170½	167	3,800
570	505	569	Jan. 29.	540	Jan. 16.	547	560	+15½	Delaware, Lackawanna & Western	50	30,277,000	Jan. 23, '12.	2½	Q	540½	557	540½	556	..	400
35	17⅝	24	Mar. 27.	19⅝	Jan. 2.	23½	24	— ⅜	Denver & Rio Grande	100	38,000,000	....	..	..	23⅝	24	23½	23½	30⅝	2,000
74	36¾	46¼	Jan. 24.	40	Mar. 15.	42	42½	— 1⅝	Denver & Rio Grande pf.	100	49,778,400	Jan. 15, '11.	2½	..	44	44	42½	42½	69⅝	1,290
38¼	29	34⅝	Apr. 8.	28	Feb. 5.	32	32½	..	Distillers' Securities Corporation	100	30,808,500	Jan. 31, '12.	½	Q	33	34⅝	32½	32½	34⅝	12,800
15⅝	9	11½	Mar. 29.	8½	Mar. 4.	10	10⅝	+ ⅛	Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic	100	12,000,000	....	..	..	10½	10⅝	10½	10⅝	14¼	400
30⅛	17⅛	21⅝	Mar. 30.	16	Mar. 8.	20½	21¼	+ ¼	Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic pf.	100	10,000,000	....	..	..	21	21½	21	21½	26½	495
38⅝	27¼	39⅛	Apr. 11.	30¼	Jan. 11.	37⅞	38	+ ⅝	**Erie**	100	112,378,900	....	..	..	37¼	39⅛	37	38	30¼	228,800
61¼	45⅝	57⅞	Apr. 11.	50½	Feb. 3.	56⅛	56¼	— ¼	Erie 1st pf.	100	47,892,400	Feb. 20, '07.	2	..	56⅛	57⅞	55¾	56¼	48¼	26,150
49¾	35	48	Apr. 11.	40	Feb. 3.	46½	47½	+ ⅝	Erie 2d pf.	100	16,000,000	Apr. 9, '07.	2	..	46	48	46	46½	37½	4,300
66½	37	46	Mar. 25.	37⅛	Jan. 23.	43	45⅛	— ⅝	**Federal Mining & Smelting pf.**	100	12,000,000	Mar. 15, '12.	1½	Q	45⅝	45⅝	45⅝	45⅝	44	100
168⅝	142	173	Apr. 9.	155	Jan. 2.	169¾	170	— ⅛	**General Electric Co.**	100	77,587,200	Apr. 15, '12.	2	Q	170	173	169	169⅞	150½	10,225
51¾	35	38¼	Apr. 9.	30	Feb. 26.	34⅞	36⅜	+ 1⅞	General Motors	100	15,460,000	....	..	..	35	38¼	35	36½	..	2,850
86½	74½	82	Apr. 8.	74	Feb. 28.	79	81	+ 1	General Motors pf.	100	13,698,400	Oct. 1, '11.	3½	SA	81	82	81	81	..	1,600
7⅛	3½	5	Mar. 18.	4⅛	April 2.	4¼	4⅜	+ ⅛	Goldfield Consolidated Mines	10	35,591,480	Jan. 31, '12.	50c	Q	4¼	4⅜	4⅛	4⅜	6⅛	5,200
..	..	50	Apr. 10.	50	April 10.	..	60	+10	Granby Con. Min., Smelt. & Power	100	14,850,000	....	..	..	50	50	50	50	..	150
..	..	171⅛	Mar. 13.	159	Feb. 13.	155	175	+ 6	Geo. W. Helme Co.	100	4,000,000	....	..	..	170	171	170	171	..	200
140	119	135⅝	Apr. 9.	126	Jan. 15.	131⅜	131½	— 2	Great Northern pf.	100	209,989,900	Feb. 1, '12.	1¾	Q	135¼	135⅝	131	131⅜	126⅛	45,798
63¾	33¾	44⅞	Jan. 2.	36	Jan. 31.	40⅛	40½	— 2⅜	Gt. Northern cfs. for ore prop.	..	1,500,000	Mar. 1, '11.	50c	..	42⅝	42⅝	39¾	40½	62	14,850
87½	81¾	94¾	Apr. 12.	86¼	Mar. 9.	94	95	+ 3⅜	**Homestake Mining**	100	21,840,000	Mar. 25, '12.	50c	M	94	94¾	94	94¾	86	295
147	132	141⅛	Jan. 23.	125¼	Mar. 18.	128½	129½	— ⅛	**Illinois Central**	100	109,296,000	Mar. 1, '12.	3½	SA	130⅛	131½	129	129	137	3,187
20⅝	13⅛	21⅛	Mar. 27.	16⅝	Jan. 3.	20	20⅛	+ ⅛	Interborough-Met. vot. tr. cfs.	100	60,419,500	....	..	..	20	20⅞	19¾	20	18½	23,110
56⅝	39⅝	62	Mar. 26.	53⅝	Jan. 3.	59⅞	60	— ½	Interborough-Metropolitan pf.	100	16,955,900	....	..	..	60	61½	59⅝	60	53	19,222
129⅝	99⅞	118	Apr. 10.	105¼	Feb. 1.	115½	116½	+ ½	International Harvester	100	79,999,700	Apr. 15, '12.	1¼	Q	115⅞	118	115¼	116	117	9,600
128¼	115	121¼	Apr. 4.	116½	Jan. 17.	..	120⅝	— ½	International Harvester pf.	100	60,000,000	Mar. 1, '12.	1¾	Q	121½	121¼	120⅝	120¾	124½	500
13⅜	9	14¼	Mar. 25.	9⅝	Jan. 17.	12⅞	13	— ¾	International Paper Co.	100	17,442,900	....	..	..	13⅝	13⅝	12⅝	13	9⅝	2,120
56⅞	44⅝	59½	Mar. 22.	45⅞	Jan. 3.	54	55	— ¾	International Paper Co. pf.	100	22,539,700	Apr. 15, '12.	½	Q	57	57	56	56¼	48½	1,100
44	23	34	Jan. 2.	28	Feb. 23.	30½	31⅛	— 2	International Steam Pump Co.	100	17,762,500	Apr. 1, '05.	½	..	32⅝	32⅝	30⅝	30⅝	39⅝	3,600
90½	80	84⅝	Apr. 8.	79	Feb. 1.	83¾	84½	— ¼	International Steam Pump Co. pf.	100	11,350,000	Feb. 1, '12.	1½	Q	84⅝	84⅝	83⅝	83⅞	..	500
22	15	15	Jan. 4.	10½	Feb. 8.	12	13	+ ½	Iowa Central	100	8,524,400	....	..	..	12½	12⅝	12⅝	12½	16⅝	450
42	28	30	Jan. 4.	24	Mar. 15.	26	28	+ ⅛	Iowa Central pf.	100	5,673,700	May 1, '00.	1½	..	26½	26⅛	26⅛	26⅛	30½	200
37⅝	25¼	29¼	Mar. 25.	25	Feb. 9.	27½	28	— ¼	**Kansas City Southern**	100	30,000,000	....	..	..	28⅝	29⅛	28	28	34	2,700
69¾	61½	65⅝	Mar. 25.	62	Feb. 1.	63	65	+ 1½	Kansas City Southern pf.	100	21,000,000	Apr. 15, '12.	1	Q	63	64	63	63½	66⅝	500
114½	101¼	108⅝	Jan. 4.	104	Mar. 16.	106½	107	..	**Laclede Gas Co.**	100	9,500,000	Mar. 15, '12.	1¾	Q	106⅝	107¼	106¼	106⅝	102⅝	1,800
17	10	15⅝	Apr. 11	11¾	Mar. 11.	15	16	..	Lake Erie & Western	100	11,840,000	....	..	..	15	15⅝	14⅝	15	..	1,015
40	25	37	Apr. 11.	30	Jan. 8.	34	37	+ 1	Lake Erie & Western pf.	100	11,840,000	Jan. 15, '08.	1	..	36	37	36	37	..	410
186⅞	151	185¾	Jan. 15.	155⅞	Feb. 5.	165¼	165½	+ ½	Lehigh Valley	50	60,501,700	Feb. 26, '12.	10	Ex	165⅝	168¼	164⅞	165½	173	204,280
..	..	198	Apr. 8.	156⅞	Jan. 15.	192	196	+ ½	Liggett & Myers	100	21,496,400	....	..	..	194	198	191	192	..	3,955
..	..	113½	Jan. 18.	105½	Jan. 12.	109½	110	— 1½	Liggett & Myers pf.	100	14,618,100	Apr. 1, '12.	1¾	Q	111¼	111½	109½	109⅝	..	2,858
63	45	47	Apr. 10.	43½	Feb. 13.	45	50	+ 2	Long Island	50	12,000,000	Nov., 1896.	1	..	45	47	45	47	..	200
160¾	136½	163	Apr. 9.	149⅞	Feb. 1.	159⅝	159¾	+ 1	Louisville & Nashville	100	60,000,000	Feb. 9, '12.	3½	SA	158½	163	157½	159¼	145	46,800
95	74½	87	Apr. 12.	75¾	Jan. 31.	86½	87½	+ 6½	**Mackay Companies**	100	41,380,400	Apr. 1, '12.	1¼	Q	82	87	82	87	..	1,550
77	68	70⅞	Jan. 23.	68½	Jan. 11.	69¼	70	+ ⅝	Mackay Companies pf.	100	50,000,000	Apr. 1, '12.	1	Q	69	69¾	69	69⅝	..	540
142½	131¼	138⅝	Mar. 13.	135	Jan. 2.	135	137	— 1¼	Manhattan Elevated gtd.	100	55,815,100	Apr. 1, '12.	1¾	Q	136¼	136⅝	136	136	137	404
87	70	74½	Feb. 7.	69	April 11.	69	71¼	— 1	May Department Stores	100	15,000,000	Mar. 1, '12.	1	Q	69	69	69	69	..	400
5⅞	3¼	7⅛	Mar. 20.	4	Mar. 7.	6	6½	— ½	Mercantile Marine	100	49,921,800	....	..	..	6⅜	7	6	6¼	..	3,900
22½	14	26	Mar. 29.	19¼	Mar. 12.	24	24½	— ⅜	Mercantile Marine pf.	100	51,731,000	....	..	..	24⅝	25¼	23⅞	24	17½	2,570
24½	16⅝	26¾	Apr. 2.	23⅛	Feb. 14.	25⅞	26	— ⅜	Miami Copper	5	3,583,675	....	..	..	26¼	26½	25⅝	26	18⅝	11,470
42½	21½	27½	Jan. 23.	21	Mar. 14.	24	24¼	+ ¼	Minneapolis & St. Louis	100	9,095,400	July 15, '04.	2½	..	25	25½	24¼	24¼	22⅝	745
68½	35	51¼	Apr. 10.	44⅞	Mar. 28.	50	53	+ 1½	Minneapolis & St. Louis pf.	100	6,553,600	Jan. 15, '10.	2½	..	51¼	51½	51¼	51¼	37⅝	120
152¼	124¾	142½	Apr. 11.	129	Feb. 3.	141¾	142	+ 1½	Minn., St. P. & S. S. Marie	100	25,206,800	Apr. 15, '12.	3½	SA	140	142½	139⅝	141	138½	8,285
160	145⅝	152	Mar. 15.	147¼	Feb. 1.	151½	151¾	+ 1¾	Minn., St. P. & S. S. Marie pf.	100	12,603,400	Apr. 15, '12.	3½	SA	150¼	151¾	150¼	151¾	..	630
38⅛	27	31⅝	Mar. 29.	26½	Feb. 7.	29½	29¾	— 1⅞	Missouri, Kansas & Texas	100	63,300,300	....	..	..	31½	31⅝	29⅝	29⅝	32⅝	6,600
70	62¾	65½	Apr. 11.	61	Feb. 29.	64	66	+ 1¼	Missouri, Kansas & Texas pf.	100	13,000,000	Nov. 10, '11.	2	SA	64½	65½	64½	65½	67¼	800

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Default having been made in the payment of coupons on a portion of the above issue of bonds and a receiver of the Company having been appointed, concerted action by the bondholders for their own protection has become imperative. At the request of a large number of bonds the undersigned have consented to act as a committee for the protection of bondholders.

A protective agreement is in course of preparation and copies thereof may be had at THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, 26 Broad Street, New York City, at any time after Tuesday, April 16th. You are requested to send your bonds for deposit under such agreement to THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, which has consented to act as depositary. A certificate of deposit will be returned to you forthwith.

The Committee has no connection with the existing control of the Company, or with any bondholders' committee organized in its interests. Its purpose is to protect those bondholders who are not identified with the present controlling interests.

Dated New York, April 13, 1912.

MORTIMER N. BUCKNER, Chairman,
Vice President of the New York Trust Co.;
HERMAN W. HOOPS,
Of Hawley & Hoops;
LUCIUS G. FISHER,
Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Union Bag & Paper Co.,
COMMITTEE.
CHARLES E. HAYDOCK, Secretary.
26 Broad St., New York.
ELIHU ROOT, JR., COUNSEL,
31 Nassau Street, N. Y.

To all Holders of
Convertible Four Per Cent. (4%)
Redeemable Gold Bonds of
The Western Union Telegraph Company.

Notice is hereby given to all holders of the convertible four per cent. (4%) redeemable gold bonds of The Western Union Telegraph Company, issued under and pursuant to and secured by the trust agreement made by said The Western Union Telegraph Company, with the Bowling Green Trust Company as Trustee, dated November 26th, 1906, that The Western Union Telegraph Company, by action duly had by its board of directors, has declared its intention to and will pay off, cancel and redeem the whole amount of the bonds issued under and secured by said trust agreement, pursuant to the power and authority so to do contained therein; that the date fixed for said payment and cancellation and redemption is May first (1st), 1912, upon or prior to which date The Western Union Telegraph Company will deposit with the Equitable Trust Company of New York, New York City, as successor Trustee to the Bowling Green Trust Company, named as Trustee in said trust agreement, a sum sufficient to pay the principal of all of said bonds, five per cent. (5%) premium thereon, and the interest accrued thereon to May first (1st), 1912; that said Equitable Trust Company of New York, on said date, and thereafter as presented, will pay the principal of said bonds, five per cent. (5%) premium thereon, and the accrued interest to said date to the holders of said bonds respectively.

That said bonds will cease to bear interest after May first (1st), 1912, and that it is the intention of The Western Union Telegraph Company upon making such deposit and after said date, to have said trust agreement dated November 26th, 1906, cancelled and discharged by said trustee.

The Western Union Telegraph Company.
By THEO. N. VAIL,
President.

New York, January 22, 1912.

HAVANA ELECTRIC RAILWAY COMPANY
COMPANIA de GAS y ELECTRICIDAD de la HABANA
To the Holders of
Havana Electric Railway Company Common Stock;
Havana Electric Railway Company Preferred Stock;
Compania de Gas y Electricidad de la Habana Stock.

A large majority of each class of the above stocks having been deposited under the Plan of Amalgamation dated MARCH 8TH, 1912, the said Plan is hereby declared operative.

In order to enable Stockholders who have not yet deposited their stock to participate in the Plan, the time for the deposit of certificates of stock with the Depositaries mentioned in said Plan is hereby extended to the 22nd DAY OF APRIL, 1912, after which date no stock will be received except with the express consent of the Managers and upon such terms and conditions as they may impose.

Dated April 5th, 1912.

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WHEAT GOES SOARING, LEADING ALL GRAINS

Winter Damage Apparent as Snow Blanket Melts, While Late Spring Aids the Boom.

BUYING ORDERS EVERYWHERE

Cotton Rushes Upward on News of Flooded Plantations and Trade Demand—Pork Growing Scarce.

The Government crop report proved to be a dynamite bomb for the grain markets. All through the Winter the market has been working on the idea that the marvelous covering of snow throughout the entire Winter wheat belt would prove to be not only a protection against further deterioration of any moment during the winter, but possibly of such value as to bring about an improvement in the crop conditions as reported in December. The December figures were lower than the average. The condition of wheat, as reported in December, was 86.6 compared with a ten year condition of 89.9. The December condition was, however, 4.1 better than the condition reported in 1910 from which the crop of last Summer was harvested—430,000,000 bushels.

The report issued Tuesday showed a loss of 6 points compared with the December figures, while the average decline for ten years during the Winter has been 3.3. The condition as reported now of 80.6 was 2.7 under the condition of a year ago and 5.5 under the ten year average. In comparison with last year, the April figures show a loss relatively of 6 points against a gain a year ago of .8, a net difference of 6.8 between the two crops as a result of the Winter season conditions.

Such a remarkable result considering the Winter conditions took the trade by surprise, and resulted in a complete reversal of attitude and a rush of buying orders such as has not been seen in several years. Prices went up from 1 to 4 cents a bushel a day, reaching the record quotations for the advance and for the season on Saturday, with an enormous volume of trading in all markets and most intense excitement. The Chicago May, which has been a cloud on the market for weeks, came to the front, advancing on Saturday 4 cents a bushel, with very heavy evening up of shorts, and violent fluctuations over a range of about 3 cents. As a result of the heavy advance in values one rather active Chicago house was compelled to transfer its trades. The May deal had been considered a dangerous one, but the excitement in the new crop deliveries seemed to be the exciting cause for the financial trouble.

The possibilities of the crop are extremely problematical as yet. The April report not only by the Government but the State reports and the private reports were made up just as the snow was going off the wheat, and practically before there had been any growing weather. The reports all agree, however, in a very low average condition in soft Winter wheat States. The soft Winter wheat States north of the Ohio and east of the Mississippi show average condition of only 64.5, against 84.6 last year; Kentucky 70, against 89, and Missouri 76, against 91. Private reports have indicated possibility that the damage was not exaggerated in the Government report. Nebraska and Kansas show a high condition, Kansas being ten points better than last year, and Nebraska seven points better.

Interpretations of the Government report vary from about 409,000,000-bushel possibilities up to 425,000,000 bushels, allowing for the average loss in condition to harvest and the average loss in area Winter killed. Last year the crop was 430,000,000 bushels, and for five years the average Winter wheat crop has been 432,000,000 bushels. Some of the crop estimators were inclined to believe the amount of area Winted killed would be considerably in excess of the average, possibly exceeding the average by 1,000,000 to 1,250,000 acres. This, if true, would bring the possible crop of Winter wheat under 400,000,000 bushels. Even at the figures given it will require less than an average crop of Spring wheat to make a crop less than last year. The average crop of Spring wheat the last five years has been 227,000,000 bushels. Taking the Winter wheat possibilities at 415,000,000 bushels, which seems to be about the average of the estimates, it would give a total crop of 642,000,000, about 21,000,000 bushels in excess of the crop raised the past year. Of course any speculation as to the Spring wheat crop is pure guess work, as the ground is not even plowed in some sections. The American requirements are about 570,000,000 bushels, including seed. The total wheat crop last ear was 621,000,000 bushels.

OTHER GRAINS.

CORN.—The corn market has reached prices the past week only occasionally seen in the corn trade. May corn in Chicago sold at 79¾c. on Saturday. This price has been exceeded only twice in twenty years. In 1908 cash corn sold at 82c. in Chicago and in 1902 cash sold at 88c. The steady advance in the market has carried prices up 10c. a bushel since the strong upward movement in values began. The movement upward was naturally stimulated by the great excitement in wheat and oats during the week, but even with the advance in corn it has only about kept pace with the price of other feed stuffs. Corn, with the exception of hay, is still the cheapest feed stuff, and even good hay is selling at almost the price of corn.

Corn prices at the close of the week were equal to about 1½c. a pound. Oats were 2c. a pound; mill feed, 1¼c. to 1⅝c. per pound, and good hay, 1⅛c. to 1½c. a pound. The relation of corn prices to other feeding stuffs has been maintained, and corn, notwithstanding the high quotations, is not relatively dear. The upward movement of the market has failed to bring about any increase in the country movement, possibly due to the delay in Spring work and the rush of farmers to get Spring work done. The primary receipts during the past week decreased 700,000 bushels from the preceding week and were about 900,000 bushels less than last year. On the other hand the interior shipments were 1,000,000 bushels more than the receipts exceeding the previous week by 700,000 bushels and exceeding last year by 600,000 bushels.

The supply of corn in the country, which was only 31.4 on March 1 of the entire crop, compared with 36.3, the ten-year average, was undoubtedly reduced during the month of March by the necessity of continued heavy Winter feeding, while the conditions so far in April, owing to the lateness of the season, have not been conducive to any material decrease in the volume of feeding. The amount of corn on farms is, therefore, without doubt, not only small, as shown by the Government figures of March 1, but has been further drained by the conditions of the last six weeks, notwithstanding the natural economy forced by the high prices.

OATS.—There has been a genuine scare in oats the last week, with an excited advance in the July delivery, over apprehension that the lateness of the season will preclude the delivery of new oats on July contracts, or, more specifically, make the season so late that they will not be available to supply any consuming demand during the month of July. Whether this is so or not will depend on the weather conditions during the next two and a half or three months and on the harvest weather conditions in July. Undoubtedly, the seeding in the Southwest has been very late. This was shown by the official report from Missouri, but the amount of oats raised in Missouri, Kansas, and the Southwest is a very unimportant total out of the whole crop. Reports from reliable crop experts in Nebraska stated that seeding was in progress there at just about the average date. What is true of Nebraska is probably true of Illinois and the Ohio Valley. The great bulk of the surplus crop is raised in the Ohio Valley, Iowa, Nebraska, and the Northwest. The weather the next two weeks will be very important.

The price of oats last week has been exceeded only twice in the past thirty years. In 1909 cash oats at Chicago sold at 62½ and in 1908 at 60¼. The movement of oats has fallen off heavily during the week at Western points, possibly due to the rush of farm work, decreasing 1,100,000 bushels from the preceding week, but even at the reduced total were slightly in excess of last year. On the other hand, the interior shipments were nearly 1,200,000 bushels in excess of the receipts, and about 900,000 bushels in excess of a year ago.

PROVISIONS.

The market for hog products has continued strong, although there has been no great excitement or activity. Quotations improved, making record figures for the season on Saturday, partly influenced by the strength in feeding grain and partly by the growing nervousness over the hog supply for the balance of the year. The packing for the past week showed a moderate decrease compared with the past year, and since March 1 the packing has decreased 220,000 compared with a year ago. The total to date has been 2,775,000. This, however, is not the serious point, as stocks of product are very large and the demand has been affected by the advance in prices. The real serious question is the question of the hog supply for sale during the Summer and the question of the young pig crop. This situation was brought strongly to the front by the Missouri State report on live stock for April 1, showing only 46 per cent. of the usual number of hogs on feed compared with an average year. This was credited to the scarcity of feed and to the ravages of the cholera. The more serious statement, however, was that showing only 67 per cent. of the average number of brood sows on the farm, while, owing to this condition and the severe weather the crop of young pigs was given at only 59 per cent. of normal. What is true of Missouri, is possibly true to a greater or less extent in other States, and brings up the question of the future supplies in a very forcible manner. Another item of considerable importance was the report that only 50 per cent. of the average number of cattle were on feed this spring.

COTTONSEED OIL.

Enhancement of values to the extent of approximately ⅛c per pound in the near positions during the week, and to a somewhat lesser degree in other deliveries, emphasized the spread of bullish enthusiasm concerning the merit of cottonseed oil prices. Leading speculative Western holders were identified on the selling side at various times but the selling and other pressure was readily cared for on a persistently advancing market. Reactions were ephemeral, so that high records were a matter of daily occurrence, with the list at the close of the week at its highest.

Several authorities concede that sentiment has actuated considerable buying and therefore accelerated the advances, but looming in the situation has been the inherent strength of crude oil at the South. The raw material has really led the advance, showing greater strength than even the near positions in the local future market, which feature continues to operate against active hedge pressure, although the basis for such operations shows a slight improvement. Contributing to the influences of the week there has also been the latent firmness of the lard market, while the excitement in grain has not been ignored. Moreover, weather conditions in the cotton belt were not interpreted bearishly, and while there were intermittent periods of satisfactory conditions, it was generally asserted that the weather has been far from propitious when the already backward operations are considered.

With the recent upturn in values, there has been some natural modification of bullish ideas, but this seemingly has not been at the expense of sentiment concerning ultimate levels. It is evident that there has been a great deal of profit taking by interests which would willingly replace at lower levels, unless there is an immediate and continued change for the better in the cotton situation, or unless lard values should depreciate materially in the near future. In the event of these factors materializing, they would undoubtedly revert on the consuming demand for cottonseed oil, but gauging the situation by the aggressiveness of bears interests believing in such occurences are in the minority. It is noteworthy that advocates of lower prices are seizing upon present levels as their principal argument at this time, just as during the early part of the season, the price constituted a basis for bullish operations. Meanwhile there have been declarations that the higher levels would inspire an increased movement of seed, but this has not been taken seriously by holders, their claims being that the condition of the seed would have to be reckoned with. Furthermore, they contend that even allowing for a 75 per cent. crush this year, an amount which is almost universally believed to be too high, there will be no important surplus of oil as compared with last season, when the distribution, past and prospective, abroad and at home is taken into account.

COTTON.

Literally uninterrupted, excepting for a moderate recession on Thursday, the trend of values was distinctly toward a higher level during the last week. The appreciation of values approximated ¼c per pound, with an increment again noted in the public participation. This class of buying was enormous in the aggregate, and the aggressiveness undoubtedly led to a retirement of a very considerable short interest, also permitting leading speculative holders to reduce their lines. A weakened technical position is generally conceded, but it is apparent that until the trade is convinced that weather conditions will be experienced of a character allowing the completion of farm work within the next few weeks bullish sentiment now prevalent will not subside materially.

The high waters of the tributaries of the Mississippi River have been the cause of further aggravation, although at this time there is still a wide divergence of opinion noticeable as to the actual destruction in the event of serious floods overspreading the fertile area of the lower Mississippi Valley. Moderate to heavy rains have been observed in the Central cotton States during the week and also in parts of the Eastern belt, but withal there has been a great deal of progress made in many sections where the operations were most backward, caused by the abnormally heavy precipitation and cold weather earlier in the season. Conservative and disinterested authorities admit of the seriousness of the situation, however, and still adhere tenaciously to the belief that if another large crop is to be raised, irrespective of the effects of prevailing levels on cotton acreage and the distribution of fertilizer, climatic conditions during the remainder of this month and in the immediate succeeding days will have to be well-nigh perfect.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS

SALES OF STOCKS (Continued)

Range for Year 1911. High	Range for Year 1911. Low	Range for Year 1912. High.	Date.	Low.	Date.	Closing Saturday, April 13. Bid.	Ask.	Week's Net Change.	STOCKS.	Par Value.	Amount Capital Stock Outstanding.	Last Dividend Paid. Date.	Per Cent.	Period.	Range for Week Ended April 13. First	High	Low	Last	Closing a Year Ago.	Sales Week Ended April 13, '12.
63	33¼	47¾	Mar. 27.	38⅝	Feb. 24.	43	43¼	— 3¼	Missouri Pacific	100	83,112,500	Jan. 30, '08.	2½	—	46	46⅝	42½	43	48⅝	73,200
160	140¼	169	Jan. 4.	165	Mar. 1.	165	175	..	**Nashville, Chat. & St. Louis**	100	10,000,000	Feb. 1, '12.	3	SA	166	166	166	166	145	150
143¾	117¼	154¼	Mar. 22.	139½	Jan. 2.	148⅜	150	— ⅞	National Biscuit Co.	100	29,236,000	Apr. 15, '12.	1¾	Q	149	149	148¼	149	136	750
130	124	129	Mar. 1.	126¾	Feb. 20.	127½	129	— 2	National Biscuit Co. pf.	100	24,804,500	Feb. 29, '12.	1¾	Q	127	127	127	127	127½	100
22	12⅛	17¾	Mar. 26.	12¼	Feb. 29.	16	17	— ⅛	Nat. Enameling & Stamping Co.	100	15,591,800	July 15, '05.	½	..	16¼	17	16¼	16⅝	17	3,325
59	42½	60	Apr. 10.	51⅛	Jan. 8.	57½	57¾	+ ⅜	National Lead Co.	100	20,750,000	Mar. 30, '12.	¾	Q	57½	60	57⅝	57¾	52⅝	23,450
109¾	104	109¾	Feb. 15.	105½	Feb. 1.	108	109¾	..	National Lead Co. pf.	100	24,468,600	Mar. 15, '12.	1¾	Q	109	109	109	109	105⅞	100
38⅜	25⅞	36⅞	Jan. 20.	28	April 1.	29½	29⅞	+ ¼	National Rys. of Mexico 2d pf.	100	124,481,900	....	..	..	29¾	30	29¼	30	35	1,800
21¼	15⅛	20⅜	Mar. 25.	18¼	Jan. 29.	19⅞	20	— ⅛	Nevada Consolidated Copper Co.	5	9,996,970	Mar.30,'12.	37½c	Q	20¼	20⅜	19⅝	19¾	18	11,025
76	45	57⅝	Apr. 8.	50	Feb. 17.	54	56¾	..	New York Air Brake	100	10,000,000	July 28, '11.	1½	..	57⅝	57⅞	57	57	..	300
115½	99⅞	115¾	Apr. 12.	106¼	Jan. 9.	115	115⅛	+ 1½	New York Central	100	222,729,800	Apr. 15, '12.	1¼	Q	113⅝	115¾	113¼	115	106⅛	42,315
65	48	61	Jan. 30.	54	Feb. 29.	57	58	..	New York, Chicago & St. Louis	100	14,000,000	Mar. 1, '12.	3	A	57	58	56	57	..	1,550
90	82¼	90	Jan. 18.	87	Jan. 27.	80	88½	+ 2½	New York, Chi. & St. Louis 2d pf.	100	11,000,000	Mar. 1, '12.	2½	SA	89½	89½	89½	89½	..	100
151⅛	126⅞	142¼	Apr. 1.	136	Feb. 1.	137	138½	— 1¾	New York, New Haven & Hartford	100	179,542,700	Mar. 30, '12.	2	Q	140½	140½	138⅜	138⅜	146¾	705
46⅞	37¾	41⅜	Apr. 12.	35⅞	Mar. 7.	40⅝	40½	+ 1⅛	New York, Ontario & Western	100	58,113,900	Aug. 14, '11.	2	A	39¾	41⅜	39⅜	40½	41	6,200
..	..	90	Apr. 11.	88¾	April 13.	90	90½	..	New York State Rys.	100	19,997,700	Apr. 1, '12.	1½	Q	89¼	90	88¾	90	..	845
60	45¼	52½	Jan. 23.	46⅛	Feb. 29.	47	48	— 1	Norfolk Southern	100	16,000,000	Apr. 1, '12.	½	Q	48	48	47	47	..	400
111¼	99¾	114¼	Apr. 3.	107¾	Feb. 1.	112¾	112⅞	— ½	Norfolk & Western	100	84,728,000	Mar. 18, '12.	1½	Q	113⅜	114	112¼	112¾	107¼	21,850
76¾	64	82⅞	Apr. 12.	74½	Jan. 3.	82⅜	82½	+ ⅝	North American	100	29,779,700	Apr. 1, '12.	1¼	Q	81½	82⅞	81	82½	71⅛	6,718
55¾	39½	66¾	Apr. 13.	56	Mar. 11.	67	67⅝	+ 1½	Northern Ohio Traction & Light	100	9,000,000	Mar. 15, '12.	¾	Q	65¼	66¾	65¼	66¾	..	600
137⅞	110¾	125⅝	Apr. 6.	115⅝	Jan. 11.	120⅞	121⅛	— 2⅞	Northern Pacific	100	247,998,300	Feb. 1, '12.	1¾	Q	124¼	124¾	120⅝	121	123⅝	48,055
..	..	110	Apr. 6.	108	Feb. 15.	110½	112	+ 1	**Pabst Brewing Co. pf.**	100	2,000,000	Mar. 15, '12.	1¾	Q	110	111	110	111	..	400
33⅜	23⅛	35	Mar. 27.	30	Jan. 3.	33¼	33½	— 1	Pacific Mail	100	20,000,000	Dec. 1, '99.	1	..	34⅝	34⅝	33	33	..	2,100
54⅜	35	51⅝	Jan. 4.	47	Feb. 5.	47½	48⅛	+ ⅝	Pacific Telephone & Telegraph	100	18,000,000	....	..	..	47¼	50	47¼	47⅝	51	9,200
99½	96	99⅝	Jan. 29.	99	Feb. 16.	98	..	+ 2	Pacific Telephone & Telegraph pf.	100	18,000,000	Apr. 15, '12.	1½	Q	99	99	99	99	..	100
130⅛	118⅜	126	Apr. 8.	122½	Jan. 9.	124⅞	125	— ¼	Pennsylvania Railroad	50	453,877,900	Feb. 29, '12.	1½	Q	125¼	126	124⅝	124⅞	124⅜	48,015
109	101½	109	Apr. 4.	103	Jan. 8.	108¼	109	— ½	People's Gas, Chicago	100	35,000,000	Feb. 26, '12.	1¾	Q	108⅝	108¾	108¼	108½	103¾	1,445
..	..	14¾	Mar. 20.	14	Mar. 28.	12½	15	— ¼	Peoria & Eastern	100	10,000,000	....	..	..	14¼	14¼	14¼	14¼	..	200
118½	99	111¼	Feb. 16.	104	Jan. 29.	107⅞	108	+ 1	Philadelphia Co.	50	38,951,000	Feb. 1, '12.	1½	Q	106¼	108	106	108	105½	810
100	90⅛	108	Apr. 2.	98½	Jan. 2.	106¼	106½	+ 1½	Pitts., Cin., Chi. & St. Louis	100	37,173,800	Jan. 25, '12.	1¼	Q	107	107¼	106¼	106½	95	1,300
112	102⅛	117	Feb. 20.	108½	Jan. 2.	110	116	— 6⅝	Pitts., Cin., Chi. & St. Louis pf.	100	27,476,200	Jan. 25, '12.	1¼	Q	110	110⅞	110	110⅞	..	400
33¼	17	21½	Apr. 8.	16¾	Feb. 28.	20	20½	— ⅝	Pittsburgh Coal Co., N. J.	100	81,844,700	....	..	..	21	21½	20⅜	20⅝	20½	5,900
90⅞	67¾	86¾	Apr. 8.	77	Feb. 8.	83	84½	— ¼	Pittsburgh Coal Co., N. J., pf.	100	27,071,800	Jan. 25, '12.	1¼	Q	84½	86⅜	82⅝	83	81	6,900
..	..	192½	Apr. 8.	167	Mar. 7.	188	188½	+ 1	P. Lorillard Co.	100	15,155,600	....	..	..	187½	192½	187½	188½	..	2,845
..	..	115	Jan. 19.	107¾	Jan. 12.	109¾	110½	..	P. Lorillard Co. pf.	100	10,745,000	Apr. 1, '12.	1¾	Q	111⅛	111⅛	110	110¼	..	1,532
106	101	103	Feb. 2.	101	Feb. 17.	101	103	+ ¼	Pittsburgh Steel Co. pf.	100	7,000,000	Mar. 1, '12.	1¾	Q	102¼	102¼	102¼	102¼	104	230
37⅝	25	37⅜	Apr. 9.	28¾	Feb. 27.	34½	35	— 1⅛	Pressed Steel Car Co.	100	12,500,000	Aug. 24, '04.	1	..	36⅛	37⅜	34½	34⅞	32	10,450
102¾	91	102	Jan. 2.	96	Feb. 28.	100½	102½	..	Pressed Steel Car Co. pf.	100	12,500,000	Feb. 21, '12.	1¾	Q	102	102	102	102	98½	100
120	108	111¾	Mar. 28.	106¾	Feb. 17.	109½	111	— ¼	Public Service Corporation, N. J.	100	25,000,000	Mar. 30, '12.	1½	Q	110⅝	110⅝	110¼	110¼	..	200
163	154	161½	Mar. 14.	158½	Feb. 2.	160	161	— ½	Pullman Company	100	120,000,000	Feb. 15, '12.	2	Q	161	161	160½	160½	160	2,186
4½	2	7½	Apr. 11.	3	Jan. 4.	6¾	7	+ 1⅜	**Quicksilver**	100	5,708,700	....	..	..	4⅞	7½	4⅞	6⅝	..	9,050
5½	2½	6½	Apr. 9.	3½	Feb. 28.	6	6¼	+ 1½	Quicksilver pf.	100	4,291,300	May 8, '01.	½	—	5	6½	5	6½	..	3,200
39	26	35½	Apr. 9.	27½	Feb. 8.	33	33½	— ½	**Railway Steel Spring Co.**	100	13,500,000	Oct. 22, '08.	1	..	35	35½	33½	33½	32	5,400
103	92	103	Feb. 21.	100	Mar. 12.	99¾	101	— 1	Railway Steel Spring Co. pf.	100	13,500,000	Mar. 20, '12.	1¾	Q	100	100	100	100	99½	400
88	88	88½	Apr. 11.	86¼	Mar. 18.	..	..	+ 2¼	Railroad Sec., Ill. Cent. st. cfs.	100	8,000,000	Jan. 1, '12.	2	SA	88½	88½	88½	88½	..	150
19	12	20¾	Apr. 2.	16	Jan. 29.	19⅛	19¼	— 1	Ray Consolidated Copper	10	14,391,780	....	..	..	20	20⅛	18⅞	19⅛	15⅜	28,400
161⅞	134	168¼	Apr. 11.	148⅛	Jan. 11.	166⅜	166½	+ 2⅜	Reading	50	70,000,000	Feb. 8, '12.	1½	Q	164¼	168¼	163⅜	166⅜	155⅛	696,080
92	88	92	Jan. 17.	89¼	Mar. 5.	90	91	— ½	Reading 1st pf.	50	28,000,000	Mar. 14, '12.	1	Q	90¼	91	90¼	90½	..	1,300
101	90½	98¾	Jan. 20.	94	Jan. 11.	96¼	96½	— ⅛	Reading 2d pf.	50	42,000,000	Apr. 11, '12.	1	Q	97½	97¾	97⅝	97⅝	96¼	500
35¼	18	27	Jan. 2.	15¾	Feb. 26.	23¼	23½	— ⅛	Republic Iron & Steel Co.	100	27,352,000	....	..	..	24½	25	22⅜	23½	32½	10,500
99⅜	74⅛	85¾	Jan. 3.	64½	Feb. 27.	76½	77	..	Republic Iron & Steel Co. pf.	100	25,000,000	Jan. 2, '12.	1¾	Q	77½	80⅛	76	77	..	17,000
34⅜	22¾	30½	Apr. 8.	22¾	Feb. 26.	28⅛	28¼	— ⅝	Rock Island Co.	100	90,888,200	....	..	..	29¾	30½	28⅛	28⅛	29¼	64,670
68⅜	43¾	59⅝	Apr. 9.	48	Jan. 3.	55½	55¾	— 1⅜	Rock Island Co. pf.	100	49,947,400	Nov. 1, '05.	1	..	57	59⅝	54¾	55½	58	47,570
102	102	107	Apr. 10.	107	April 10.	100	110	+10	Rubber Goods Mfg. Co. pf.	100	3,413,900	Mar. 15, '12.	1¾	Q	107	107	107	107	..	100
27	23	29½	Mar. 26.	23	Jan. 5.	28¼	28½	+ 1	**St. Louis & San Francisco**	100	29,000,000	....	..	..	28	29½	28	28½	..	1,820
69¼	59	69½	Mar. 23.	65	Jan. 19.	67	68	— 1	St. Louis & San Francisco 1st pf.	100	5,000,000	Feb. 1, '12.	1	Q	68	68½	68	68½	63½	300
49½	37	43¾	Apr. 11.	38½	Feb. 5.	41½	41¾	— 1	St. Louis & San Francisco 2d pf.	100	16,000,000	Dec. 1, '05.	1	..	42	43⅜	41½	41½	40⅝	4,335
34	24	34⅝	Apr. 2.	29¾	Jan. 22.	30	34⅝	+ ¼	St. Louis Southwestern	100	16,356,200	....	..	..	34¼	34½	34¼	34½	..	100
72	59¾	77⅛	Apr. 8.	68½	Jan. 17.	76	77	— ¼	St. Louis Southwestern pf.	100	19,893,700	Jan. 15, '12.	2	SA	77	77⅞	76½	76⅝	66¼	900
..	..	27½	Apr. 4.	25½	April 8.	25½	26	— ⅜	Seaboard Air Line	100	29,968,100	....	..	..	26⅛	26½	25½	26	..	3,900
..	..	52½	Apr. 4.	51	April 4.	51	51¾	— 1¼	Seaboard Air Line pf.	100	21,520,600	....	..	..	52⅜	52½	51¼	51¼	..	8,158
192	125½	160¼	Mar. 4.	140	Jan. 15.	158	158⅞	+ ⅝	Sears, Roebuck & Co.	100	40,000,000	Feb. 15, '12.	1¾	Q	158	159½	158	158⅞	146	3,310
122	119½	124½	Feb. 7.	121	Jan. 9.	123	124	..	Sears, Roebuck & Co. pf.	100	8,500,000	Apr. 1, '12.	1¾	Q	123	123	123	123	..	50
56¼	34	49⅛	Mar. 22.	39¼	Jan. 30.	48	48½	+ ½	Sloss-Sheffield Steel & Iron Co.	100	10,000,000	Sept. 1, '10.	1¼	..	48	48⅝	47	48	52⅛	820
112	112	105	Apr. 1.	102	April 8.	100	105	— 3	Sloss-Sheffield Steel & Iron Co. pf.	100	6,700,000	Apr. 1, '12.	1¾	Q	102	102	102	102	112	100
90	82	81	Jan. 6.	79	April 10.	76	85	— 1	South Porto Rico Sugar	100	3,871,000	Apr. 1, '12.	1	Q	79	79	79	79	..	100
113	110	110	Apr. 10.	110	April 10.	107½	109¾	..	South Porto Rico Sugar pf.	100	3,672,500	Apr. 1, '12.	2	Q	110	110	110	110	..	150
126⅜	104½	115½	Apr. 8.	105½	Feb. 1.	112¼	112⅜	— 3	Southern Pacific	100	272,672,400	Apr. 8, '12.	1½	Q	115½	115½	111⅝	112⅜	115¼	80,500
33⅜	24¾	31⅛	Apr. 9.	26½	Jan. 31.	30⅛	30¼	— ⅛	Southern Railway extended	100	119,900,000	....	..	..	30¼	31⅛	29¾	30⅛	26⅞	89,300
75¼	61¼	76½	Mar. 28.	68¼	Feb. 3.	74½	75	— ¾	Southern Railway pf. extended	100	60,000,000	Oct. 30, '11.	1	SA	74½	75¼	73	75⅛	68	9,300
17⅞	15	21½	Mar. 11.	16¼	Jan. 19.	20	22	— ¼	Standard Milling	100	4,600,000	....	..	..	20¼	20¼	20¼	20¼	..	200
53	50	61¾	Mar. 6.	53	Jan. 8.	58	58½	+ ⅝	Standard Milling pf.	100	6,900,000	Apr. 15, '12.	3	SA	59	59	58⅜	58¾	..	400
44	30¼	42½	Apr. 8.	34½	Feb. 1.	40½	40¾	— 1½	**Tennessee Copper**	25	5,000,000	Feb.20,'12.	$1.50	..	42¼	42½	40½	40⅝	36⅞	7,210
136½	74½	99¼	Feb. 8.	81	Jan. 16.	95	96	..	Texas Co.	100	27,000,000	Mar. 30, '12.	1¼	Q	95½	97	95	96	130	2,700
30¼	19⅞	26¼	Apr. 2.	20½	Jan. 3.	24⅜	25	— 1⅛	Texas Pacific	100	38,760,000	....	..	..	25½	25⅛	24⅛	24½	27	2,400
41	31	49¾	Jan. 9.	38½	April 13.	39½	39¾	— 2⅛	Third Avenue, new	100	12,528,100	....	..	..	41½	41⅞	38½	39⅜	..	6,900
8½	4	9	Apr. 13.	3	Jan. 15.	9½	9¾	+ 3¾	Toledo Railways & Light Co.	100	18,875,000	May 1, '07.	1	..	5½	9	5	9	..	4,796
24¾	12	16⅝	Mar. 27.	12¾	Mar. 4.	15	15½	— ½	Toledo, St. Louis & Western	100	10,000,000	....	..	..	16	16	15½	15⅝	19⅞	1,800
53⅞	34⅞	36	Apr. 8.	31	April 1.	34½	34¾	— ⅞	Toledo, St. Louis & Western pf.	100	10,000,000	Oct. 16, '11.	1	..	35½	36	34	34⅝	47¾	1,500
111	104	106½	Feb. 17.	104½	Jan. 5.	104½	105	— ⅝	Twin City Rapid Transit	100	20,100,000	Apr. 1, '12.	1½	Q	105½	105½	105	105	..	550
111	63	105⅜	Feb. 23.	98⅜	April 3.	100	102¼	+ 1¼	**Underwood Typewriter**	100	8,500,000	Apr. 1, '12.	1	Q	100½	103	100	102¼	67½	4,825
113⅞	103	112¾	Feb. 13.	111	Feb. 26.	110	111½	+ 1	Underwood Typewriter pf.	100	5,000,000	Apr. 1, '12.	1¾	Q	111¼	111¼	111¼	111¼	106	100
9	4¾	10⅝	Apr. 11.	4⅝	Jan. 5.	9⅝	9¾	+ 2⅜	Union Bag & Paper Co.	100	16,000,000	....	..	..	7½	10⅝	7½	9⅞	..	17,170
59½	50⅛	60	Apr. 9.	49¾	Feb. 21.	57	60	+ 4½	Union Bag & Paper Co. pf.	100	11,000,000	Apr. 15, '12.	1	Q	57	60	57	60	..	1,180
192⅜	153½	175⅝	Apr. 9.	160	Feb. 1.	171¾	171⅞	— 2⅛	Union Pacific	100	216,646,300	Apr. 1, '12.	2½	Q	175	175⅝	171¼	171¾	176⅜	296,734
96	89	93⅜	Feb. 27.	91	Mar. 5.	91	91½	— ½	Union Pacific pf.	100	99,569,300	Apr. 1, '12.	2	SA	91⅜	92	91½	91½	94⅜	1,500
106⅛	100¼	109	Feb. 15.	105	Jan. 10.	106	107	+ ⅞	United Cigar Manufacturers pf.	100	5,000,000	Mar. 1, '12.	1¾	Q	106⅞	106⅞	106⅞	106⅞	103	350
108	97½	101⅛	Apr. 10.	97	Feb. 10.	100½	101¼	..	United Dry Goods	100	14,427,500	Feb. 1, '12.	2	Q	101	101½	101	101	104⅞	610
107½	100¾	106	Jan. 4.	103⅜	Feb. 24.	105½	105⅝	— ⅜	United Dry Goods pf.	100	10,849,100	Mar. 1, '12.	1¾	Q	105⅝	105⅝	105⅝	105⅝	105⅝	130
49	28½	37¼	Feb. 14.	30⅜	Jan. 5.	33¾	34	— 1	United Railways Investment Co.	100	20,400,000	....	..	..	34⅝	34⅝	34	34	42¼	500
76¼	52	65½	Feb. 14.	58	Jan. 2.	61	62	— 2	United Railways Investment Co. pf.	100	16,000,000	Jan. 10, '07.	2½	..	62⅜	62⅞	61	61	71½	550
19	11	18¼	Apr. 9.	13	Feb. 16.	16¾	17⅜	+ ¾	U. S. Cast Iron Pipe & Fy. Co.	100	12,106,300	Dec. 1, '07.	1	..	17	18¼	17	17½	17½	2,875
61	40½	55½	Apr. 9.	50	Jan. 4.	53⅞	54	..	U. S. Cast Iron Pipe & Fy. Co. pf.	100	12,106,300	June 1, '11.	1¼	..	54	55½	54	54	57	1,736
104	84	100	Apr. 2.	84	Jan. 31.	96	100	— 3	United States Express Co.	100	10,000,000	Nov. 15, '11.	3	SA	97	97	97	97	100	175
30	24	35	Mar. 23.	26	Jan. 8.	32	34½	..	U. S. Industrial Alcohol	100	12,000,000	....	..	..	35	35	35	35	..	100
97⅝	90	104	Apr. 4.	95	Jan. 5.	98	101	— 1¼	U. S. Industrial Alcohol pf.	100	6,000,000	Apr. 15, '12.	1¾	Q	102⅜	102⅜	102⅜	102⅜	..	120
79¾	65⅛	79¾	Apr. 9.	67	Jan. 31.	77½	78	— 1¼	U. S. Realty & Improvement Co.	100	16,162,800	Feb. 1, '12.	1¼	Q	78¼	79¾	77⅝	77⅝	74¾	4,000
4⅛	2	2½	Apr. 10.	1⅛	Mar. 4.	2½	2¾	+ 1¼	U. S. Reduction & Refining Co.	100	5,918,800	Apr. 1, '03.	1	..	2½	2½	2½	2½	..	100
14	10	10½	Apr. 10.	10	April 9.	5	12	+ ½	U. S. Reduction & Refining Co. pf.	100	8,954,800	Oct. 10, '07.	1½	..	10	10½	10	10½	..	200
48½	30⅛	57½	Apr. 11.	45¼	Feb. 1.	56⅝	56⅞	+ ⅜	United States Rubber Co.	100	28,666,000	Jan. 31, '12.	1	Q	56½	57½	56	56⅞	41⅛	23,150
115½	104	115⅛	Apr. 11.	109	Jan. 30.	114¾	115⅛	+ ⅝	United States Rubber Co. 1st pf.	100	89,824,400	Jan. 31, '12.	2	Q	114⅝	115⅛	114¾	115	112⅜	1,905
79	66	80½	Apr. 11.	75	Jan. 23.	79½	80	+ 1	United States Rubber Co. 2d pf.	100	9,965,000	Jan. 31, '12.	1½	Q	79⅜	80½	79½	80	..	1,915
82½	50	73⅛	Apr. 8.	58¼	Feb. 13.	70¼	70⅜	— 2¼	United States Steel Corporation	100	508,495,200	Mar. 30, '12.	1¼	Q	73	73⅛	69½	70⅜	77	914,900
120⅞	103	113¾	Apr. 8.	107⅝	Feb. 13.	112½	112⅞	— ½	United States Steel Corporation pf.	100	360,314,100	Feb. 28, '12.	1¾	Q	113¼	113⅜	112⅝	112½	120	6,000
57⅛	38	65½	Apr. 8.	52½	Jan. 29.	63	63¼	— 1⅜	Utah Copper	10	15,750,600	Mar. 30, '12.	75c	Q	64⅞	65½	62¼	63	48⅜	62,300
70⅜	48⅛	57¼	Jan. 26.	52⅜	Jan. 9.	52⅜	52¾	— 1¼	**Virginia-Carolina Chem. Co.**	100	27,984,400	Feb. 15, '12.	1½	SA	53⅞	54½	52⅜	52½	65⅜	4,860
128½	114	122⅜	Mar. 20.	118¼	April 13.	118⅛	119⅝	— ⅜	Virginia-Carolina Chem. Co. pf.	100	20,000,000	Apr. 15, '12.	2	Q	120⅜	121	118¼	118¼	125	1,025
97	52	90	Jan. 2.	54	Mar. 4.	65	67	— ½	Virginia Iron, Coal & Coke Co.	100	9,073,600	....	..	..	66	68	65	65	60	900
45	37	50	Apr. 2.	41	Jan. 4.	46½	49	— 1⅜	Virginia Ry. & Power	100	11,826,200	Oct. 20, '11.	1	SA	48½	48½	47⅜	47⅜	41½	200
16	13	27½	Feb. 20.	15	Jan. 17.	19	23	..	Vulcan Detinning Co.	100	2,000,000	....	..	..	22	22	21	21	..	310
70	51	85	Mar. 25.	70	Jan. 8.	79¼	81	..	Vulcan Detinning Co. pf.	100	1,500,000	Jan. 20, '12.	1¾	Q	81	81	81	81	..	80
18⅞	5⅜	9⅛	Apr. 10.	6	Jan. 4.	8¾	8⅞	+ ⅛	**Wabash**	100	53,200,200	....	..	..	8⅛	9⅛	8⅛	8⅜	16¼	9,800
40⅝	14¼	22⅞	Apr. 9.	16⅞	Jan. 2.	21⅜	22	— ⅜	Wabash pf.	100	39,200,200	....	..	..	22⅜	22⅞	21½	21⅜	37½	8,000
177	130	151	Jan. 3.	143½	Mar. 4.	143	147	+ 2	Wells Fargo Express Co.	100	23,967,300	Jan. 15, '12.	5	SA	146	146	146	146	164½	132
66	48⅞	64¼	Mar. 25.	55⅜	Jan. 9.	61½	62½	— ⅝	Western Maryland	100	42,573,800	....	..	..	62	62⅞	61¼	61⅞	50	2,700
84½	71⅝	86¼	Jan. 18.	79	Jan. 2.	82⅜	83	+ 1	Western Union Telegraph	100	99,738,100	Apr. 15, '12.	¾	Q	83¼	84½	81⅝	82	72⅜	10,200
79	58⅝	81⅞	Mar. 27.	68¼	Jan. 3.	75	76	— ¾	Westinghouse E. & M.	50	28,782,800	Oct. 10, '07.	2½	..	76½	77⅞	76	76	66	6,900
..	..	114	Apr. 9.	112	Mar. 14.	110	115	+ 1¾	Weyman-Bruton Co. pf.	100	8,258,800	Apr. 1, '12.	1¾	Q	114	114	114	114	..	200
6¼	2½	9¼	Mar. 13.	4	Jan. 10.	7¼	8	— ⅞	Wheeling & Lake Erie	100	20,000,000	....	..	..	8⅛	8⅜	7¼	7¼	..	1,300
17⅝	7	28⅜	Apr. 8.	11	Jan. 3.	22¾	23	..	Wheeling & Lake Erie 1st pf.	100	4,986,900	....	..	..	23	23⅜	22½	23	..	2,300
8	3	14	Mar. 13.	6	Jan. 18.	11	11½	— ⅜	Wheeling & Lake Erie 2d pf.	100	11,993,500	....	..	..	12	12½	11⅜	11½	..	1,950
72⅛	48	57½	Apr. 8.	48	Feb. 5.	56⅜	58	+ 1⅜	Wisconsin Central	100	16,147,800	....	..	..	56	57½	56	56⅜	60	2,900

Astor Trust Company

Trustee for Personal Trusts
FIFTH AVENUE & 36TH STREET, NEW YORK

This Board of Directors assures conservative banking, and brings to this institution the benefits of large experience in financial and commercial affairs.

DIRECTORS
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Howard Boocock, Treasurer

Interest paid on daily balances; your deposits invited.

SERVICE
Businesslike, Efficient and Courteous
IS ESSENTIAL TO SUCCESS
Windsor Trust Company
affords to customers due accommodation and to their interests the active personal attention of its Officers.

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FREDERIC W. LE PORIN, Asst. Treasurer
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BOYD G. CURTS, Trust Officer

Downtown Office 65 Cedar Street
Uptown Office Fifth Avenue and 47th Street

KNICKERBOCKER TRUST COMPANY
358 Fifth Ave.
125 St. & Lenox Ave.
60 Broadway
148 St. & Third Ave.
New York

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CONDITION
Thursday, March 21, 1912

ASSETS		LIABILITIES	
Cash on Hand and in Banks	$9,803,520.05	Capital Stock	$3,181,000.00
Bonds and other Securities	12,707,445.04	Surplus	4,800,000.00
Demand Loans	2,886,490.67	Undivided Profits	1,154,408.03
Time Loans	14,691,382.84	Unconverted "B" Certificates	57,000.00
Bonds and Mortgages	3,258,073.45	Total Capital and Surplus	9,192,408.03
Real Estate, Banking Houses	4,342,395.39	Due Depositors	38,498,546.67
Accrued Interest Receivable	334,771.31	Dividend Checks Outstanding	651.00
		Reserve for Taxes, etc.	111,873.25
		Accrued Interest Payable	220,599.80
	$48,024,078.75		$48,024,078.75

THE STANDARD TRUST COMPANY of New York, 25 Broad Street, New York City, allows interest on deposits subject to check, issues interest-bearing certificates of deposit, acts as Executor, Administrator, Guardian, Trustee, Receiver, Fiscal Agent for Corporations and individuals, Transfer Agent and Registrar, furnishes letters of credit and travelers' checks.

OFFICERS
WILLIAM C. LANE, President.
FRANK K. STURGIS, JAMES M. PRATT, WILLIAM C. COX, Vice Presidents.
CHARLES M. BILLINGS, Secretary. EDWARD M. F. MILLER, Treasurer.
E. BRAINERD BULKLEY, ZELAH VAN LOAN, Asst. Secretaries.

The Union Trust Company of New York (established in 1864) has for many years made a specialty of Personal Trusts—under Will or under Agreement—and maintains a carefully organized department for handling them.

Many millions of dollars' worth of property—real and personal—have been entrusted to the company by conservative people, residents not only of New York State but of other states in which the Union Trust Company is authorized to transact business.

Correspondence or interviews with persons considering the formation of trusts of any kind—for themselves or for others—are solicited.

UNION TRUST COMPANY, 80 Broadway
CAPITAL and SURPLUS - - - - - - $8,900,000

DIVIDENDS.

The Kansas City Southern Railway Company, No. 25 Broad Street, New York, March 16, 1912.
A quarterly dividend of ONE PER CENT. (1%) has this day been declared upon the Preferred Stock of this Company, from surplus earnings of the current fiscal year, payable April 15, 1912, to stockholders of record at 12:00 o'clock noon, March 30, 1912.
Checks for the dividend will be mailed to stockholders at the addresses last furnished to the Transfer Office.
G. C. HAND, Secretary.

BOND & MORTGAGE GUARANTEE CO.
175 Remsen St., Brooklyn, March 25, 1912.
A QUARTERLY DIVIDEND of Three and One-half Per Cent. (3½%) has been declared, payable on May 15, 1912, to the stockholders of record at the close of business on May 8, 1912. WILLIAM B. CLARKE, Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

American Malt Corporation
15 Exchange Place, Jersey City, N. J.
Dividend No. 8 of 2% on the Preferred Stock is payable May 2, 1912, to Stockholders of record of April 19, 1912. Transfer books close at 3 P. M. April 19, 1912, and reopen at 10 A. M. May 3, 1912. HENRY EGGERKING, Treasurer.
April 8 1912.

United Cigar Manufacturers Co.
New York, April 12th, 1912.
A dividend of One Per Cent. will be paid on the Common Stock of this Company on May 1st, 1912, to stockholders of record on April 25th, 1912, at 3 P. M.
MAURICE WERTHEIM, Secretary.

THESE quotations are obtained from brokerage houses all over the country. The name of the bidder will be given upon request. Where bid and asked prices are identical two houses have been quoted, so that the bid price of the one equals or is higher than the asked price of the other.

Quotation List of Outside Securities

STREET RAILWAY AND ELECTRIC COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation Apr. 13, 1912. Bid.	Asked.
Albany So. 5s..	$1,302,000	2½s	S	M. & S.	96	99
*Am. Gas & El.	2,500,000	1¼	Q	Jan. 2, 12	80	84
*Do preferred	1,537,500	1½	Q	Feb. 1, 12	47	48
Am. Lt. & Trac	10,395,400	2½s.	Q	May 1, 12	304	305
Do preferred	14,236,200	1½	Q	May 1, 12	107½	109
Am. Pow. & Lt.	5,631,400	..	..	....	72	73
Do 6% cum.pf	3,106,800	1½	Q	Jan. 1, 12	87	88
Do 6% notes,'21	1,604,500	3	S.	F. & A.	99½	100
Appalach. Pow.	6,000,000	V	V	V	23	24
Do preferred	2,180,000	V	V	V	69½	..
Ariz. Power....	3,000,000	..	..	....	13	20
Do preferred	850,000	..	..	....	53½	60
Do 1st 6s, '33	1,850,000	6	S	M. & N.	82½	..
Aub. & Syr. El. R. R., tax ex.	1,460,000	2½	S	A. & O.	100	102
Aug.-Alk. R. & E. s. f. 5s, '35.	2,400,000	2½	S	J. & D.	92	94
Do pf. stock	1,500,000	1½	V	Dec 30, 11	80	85
Do common..	2,250,000	1½	V	Dec 30, 11	25	35
Aug. Ry. & El. 1st 5s of '40...	967,000	5	S	J. & D.	101½	103
Au., E. & C. R. R. 1st 5s, '41.	3,000,000	5	S	A. & O.	100½	101½
Balt. Co. Water & Elec. 5s, '46	917,000	2½	S	M. & N.	95½	97½
Binghamton Ry 1st con. 5s, '31	V	V	V	V	98	100
Birm'ham R. & El. sub. 5s, '24	945,000	5	A	1924	103	..
Birmingham R., L. & P. Co.4½s	8,720,000	2¼	S	A. & O.	92	93½
Do 6s of '57.	2,000,000	3	S	M. & N.	..	105
Buf. Cr't'n 1st5s	2,974,000	2½	S	M. & N.	104½	..
Buff. Gen. El.5s	2,375,000	1½	Q	Dec 30, 11	101½	..
Buff. & Lacka. 1st 5s of '28..	1,000,000	2½	S	J. & D.	90	96
B. & L. E.5s,'36	1,066,000	2½	S	M. & N.	65	70
B. & Lockp. 5s.	500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	99	100
B. & N. Falls E. L.& P.1st5s,'42	500,000	2½	S	F. & A.	99	..
Butte E.&P.Co.	4,000,000	1¾	Q	Mar 20,12	118	120
Do preferred	1,000,000	1¼	Q	Feb. 1, 12	79	..
Cal. Elec. Gen. Co. pf........	600,000	1¾	Q	Apr. 1, 12	76½	..
Capital Trac...	12,000,000	1½	Q	Apr. 1, 12	124½	125
Do 1st 5s, '47	4,000,000	2½	S	J. & D.	110	111
Central Maine Power 1st 5s..	1,100,000	..	S	M. & N.	96½	98
Chas. City Ry. 5s, 1923.......	750,000	2½	S	J. & J.	104	105
Chattan'ga Rys	3,000,000	V	V	V	49	51
Do preferred	2,000,000	1¼	Q	Apr. 1, 12	80	85
Chi.-Terre H. & S. E 1st 5s...	3,100,000	2½	S	J. & D.	..	98
Citz. L,H.& P.5s	1,500,000	2½	S	M. & N.	99½	101½
Clev. El. Ill....	5,734,500	4	S	V	125	128
Do preferred	800,000	6	Q	F,M,A,N	108	..
Clev. El. R 5s,'13	4,955,000	2½	S	M. & N.	100½	..
Clevel'd Ry. 1st 5s, '31.........	5,045,000	2½	S	M. & S.	100½	101½
Colo. Spgs. El. 1st 5s, '20....	1,000,000	2½	S	A. & O.	97	100
Do L & P5s, '19	300,000	2½	S	A. & O.	97	100
Do 5s, '20....	1,200,000	2½	S	F. & A.	91	95
Colum. R., G. & E. 1st 5s, '36..	2,454,000	2½	S	J. & J.	93½	96
Do common..	2,000,000	V	V	V	50	..
Do preferred	840,000	1½	Q	J., &c.	85	95
Conn. R. & L. 1st 4½s, 1951, st. red'm'ble..	10,782,000	2¼	S	J. & D.	101⅛	102½
Do unstamp..	1,709,000	2½	S	J. & D.	101½	..
Con. Gas, E.L.& P. (Balt.) 4½s	11,564,000	2½	S	J. & J.	90¼	90½
Con. Tr. of N.J.	15,000,000	2	S	Jul 15, 11	76	76¾
Do 1st 5s, '33.	15,000,000	2½	S	J. & D.	104½	105½
Consum. El. & P. 5s, '36......	1,481,000	2½	S	J. & J.	91	94½
Consum. Power (Mich.) 5s....	6,674,000	1½	Q	Jan. 2, 12	96	98
Det. Edison Co.	5,962,000	V	V	V	119⅝	--
Duluth Ed. El. Co. 1st 5s, 31.	1,103,000	2½	S	M. & S.	96	--
Economy L.&P. 1st mtg. 5s,'56	1,621,000	2½	S	J. & D.	97	..
Elec. Util. Cor.	2,250,000	..	..	....	25	30
Do preferred	1,500,000	1¼	Q	Apr 15, 12	84	87
Erie & Sub. Ry. 5s, '41	970,000	2½	S	A. & O.	..	90
Do preferred	501,100	⅝	M	Feb 20, 12	81	84
Do 5s	1,250,000	2½	S	M. & N.	87	90
Fed. L. & T. Co	4,750,000	..	..	....	87½	39½
Do preferred	2,500,000	1½	Q	Mar 1, 12	80	81
Gas & El.Sec.Co	1,000,000	..	..	....	100	104
Do preferred	1,000,000	†	A	Monthly	88½	91
Grand Rap. Ry. Co. 1st 5s, '16	8,274,000	2½	S	J. & D.	100	..
Guanaj.P. & E.	8,500,000	..	..	....	80	83
Do preferred	1,500,000	1½	Q	Feb 1, 12	68	75
Ft. Smith L. & T. pf..........	1,140,000	1¾	Q	Apr 15, 12	92½	95
Ft. Worth P. & Lt. 1st 5s.....	1,500,000	2½	S	F. & A.	97	98
Hamburg Ry. 4s of '26	650,000	2	S	M. & N.	83	86
Harwood El. 5s, '39	1,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	100½	--
Hud. R. E. P. 1st 5s, '44....	4,222,000	5	S	F. & A.	39	41
Int. Ry. of Buf.:						
Buf. Div.5s,'31	4,706,000	2½	S	F. & A.	105	105½
Do deb.6s,'17	1,000,000	3	S	M. & S.	104¾	..
L.&O.Div.1st5s	800,000	3	S	M. & S.	98	..
B.&L.Div.1st5s	500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	99	100
B.&N.FD.1st5s	750,000	2½	S	J. & D.	104¼	..
nt. Trac. 4s,'49 receipts flat..	18,315,000	2	S	J. & J.	69¾	70¼
er. Cen. Tr.gen 5s of '54......	750,000	5	S	J. & D.	..	90
. C., H. & P.4s	14,061,000	2	S	M. & N.	81¾	82¼
oplin & Pit.Ry. 5s	1,750,000	2½	S	M. & S.	94½	96¼
an. C. R. & L.	9,543,080	..	..	....	18	19
Do preferred	9,407,500	1¼	Q	Mar 1, 11	48	49
Do 1st l.r. 5s	10,200,000	2½	S	M. & N.	94½	94½
Do cv. 6s, '12	5,478,000	3	S	M. & N.	96½	97¼
. C. Belt L. 6s	2,500,000	3	S	J. & J.	106	106¾
. C. Elv. 4s,'22	2,000,000	2	S	J. & J.	76	78
an. C. West.5s	1,650,000	2½	S	M. & S.	82	84
.C. Met. St.Ry n.ex.1st 5s,'13	7,243,000	2½	S	M. & N.	97½	98
C. & Westpt. st 5s, 1926...	500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	91	93
an. G. & E. 5s f '22 pf.....	1,100,000	7	Q	J,M,J,O	95	97
oxv. Tr. 5s..	824,000	2½	S	A. & O.	106½	..
av'nw'h L.,H. P. 5s.......	675,000	2½	S	M. & S.	92	96½
. Rock Ry. & l. 1st 5s. '33	1,972,000	2½	S	A. & O.	105½	--
Rock H. S. & . R.R. 4s,'39	1,140,000	4	S	J. & J.	84	85
kport G. & , 5s of '20...	800,000	2½	S	F. & A.	97	100
Do L., H. & P. 5s, '88...	409,000	2½	S	J. & J.	90	95
A.G. & E.5s	2,920,000	2½	S	M. & S.	96½	98½
.St.Ry.6s.'13	600,000	3	S	M. & N.	102	103
Mobile Electric	950,000	..	..	....	..	..
Do preferred	645,000	1¾	Q	Feb 15, 12	92½	95
Muskogee G. & E. pf.........	1,149,800	1¾	Q	Mar 15,11	95	97½
N. Y. & Q. E. L. & P. 1st 5s...	2,850,000	2½	S	F. & A.	102	103
N. Am. Co. 5s, notes, 1912....	1,922,000	2½	S	M. & N.	100	..
N. F. Pow.5s,'32	10,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	102	102½
Niag., L. & O.P. 5s, '54.......	4,910,000	2½	S	M. & N.	90	94

GAS AND WATER COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation Apr. 13, 1912. Bid.	Asked.
Nor. Union Gas 5s of '27......	8,500,000	..	..	....	101	103
Ogden 5s, '45...	6,000,000	2½	S	M. & N.	96	..
Okla. G. & El. 5s, '29..........	2,375,000	2½	S	A. & O.	97	99
Omaha Gas 6s.	V	1¼	..	Apr 15, 12	67	67½
Pacific G. & E.	28,908,750	1¼	..	Apr 15, 12	65½	66
Do deb. 6s,'37	....	..	..	....	100¼	..
Do preferred	10,000,000	1½	Q	Feb 15, 12	91	92
Portl'd G.&C.5s	3,401,000	2½	S	J. & D.	99	101
St. Jos. Gas 1st 5s of '44.....	V	V	V	V	90	94
San Ant. Water 5s of '33......	1,047,000	5	S	F. & A.	88	91
Do con. 6s,'18	V	V	V	V	105½	..
Scran. G. & W. 1st 5s, '23....	V	V	V	V	103	103½
Do deb. 5s,'35	421,000	5	S	J. & J.	101⅜	102¼
Do deb 5s, '39	V	V	V	V	101¾	102¼
S. Jer. G. & El.	6,000,000	4	S	J. & D.	130	134
Do 1st 5s, '53	12,378,000	2½	S	M. & S.	99¼	100
Sp'brook Wat.5s	4,490,000	2½	S	A. & O.	103¼	104
Standard (N.Y.)	5,000,000	2	S	Dec 30, 11	60	..
Do preferred	4,295,700	3	S	Dec 30, 11	95	..
Do 1st 5s,1930	1,362,000	2½	S	M. & N.	104½	106
Syrac. Gas 1st 5s, 1946	2,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	102½	--
Syrac. L. & P. col. tr. 5s, g., '54	5,506,490	2½	S	J. & J.	87	--
Syracuse Lt. 1st mtg. 5s, '51...	2,500,000	2½	S	J. & D.	101¼	..
Unit. Gas Imp.	V	2	Q	Apr 15, 12	87⅝	87⅞
Washington G., ($20)	2,600,000	V	V	V	85¾	..
Do 5s, 1960..	2,860,000	2½	S	M. & N.	110⅛	110⅝
West. N.Y. Wat.	5,000,000	V	V	V	..	6
Wilkesbarre G. & E. 1st 5s,'55	3,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	102	103

NEW YORK CITY TRACTIONS.

Bleecker St.&F. Ferry stock..	900,000	V	S	V	28	30
Do 1st 4s, '50	700,000	4	S	J. & J.	70	80
B'way& 7th Av.	2,100,000	2½	V	V	150	180
B'klyn C.R.($10)	12,000,000	2	Q	Apr 15, 11	161	165
Cen. C't'n stk., 1st 6s of '22...	V	V	V	V	90	100
C. P. N. & E.R.	1,800,000	2½	S	Jan., 1908	10	15
C. Isl. & B. stk.	2,983,000	2	Q	Feb., 1907	75	85
Chris. & 10th St	650,000	2	Q	Apr. 1, 11	135	140
Eighth Av.R.R.	1,000,000	V	V	V	330	370
d St. & Gr.St.	748,000	12½	N	V	295	325
Hud. Tunnels:						
Hud. & Man..	89,994,890	..	..	....	19	19¾
Do preferred	....	..	..	....	25	28
Do 4½s of '57.	66,000,000	2¼	S	F. & A.	77	78
Do notes, '13.	V	V	V	V	99¾	100
Hud. Co. pf...	....	..	..	....	64	66
et. St. Ry....	52,000,000	1¾	Q	July 1, 07	..	..
inth Avenue..	800,000	2	Q	....	150	..
econd Av. stk.	1,862,000	2½	Q	Jan. 1, 00	6	10
Av. Ry. 1st con. 5s, '48...	V	5	A	V	45	..
xth Av. stock	2,000,000	1¾	Q	V	..	150
th & 29th St. st 5s, '96....	V	5	A	V	19	23
h St. Cross-wn 1st 5s,'96	....	..	..	....	96	100

STREET RAILWAY AND ELECTRIC COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation Apr. 13, 1912. Bid.	Asked.
N.Y.& Westch'r LtgG M4s,2004	10,000,000	2	S	J. & J.	88	..
N.Hud.Co Ry.5s	1,291,000	2½	S	M. & N.	100	..
Nor. Id. & Mon.	4,000,000	..	..	....	10	13
Do preferred	2,500,000	..	..	....	..	57
Nor. Jersey Ry. 1st 4s, 1948...	15,000,000	2	S	M. & N.	82¾	83⅜
No. Ont. L. & P	V	V	V	V	18	22
Do preferred	V	V	V	V	..	65
Do 1st 6s, '31	V	V	V	V	..	90
N. O. Ry. & Lt. 4½s of '35.....	17,544,000	2¼	S	J. & J.	87¾	88
Nor. St. Power.	4,033,300	..	..	....	36	36¾
Do preferred	3,638,700	1¾	Q	Apr 15, 12	91	91½
Nor. Tex. Tr. 5s	2,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	100	102
Okla. Ry. 5s....	2,630,000	2½	S	J. & J.	94½	96½
Om. & C. B. St. Ry. 1st 5s, '28.	6,814,000	2½	S	J. & J.	97½	98½
Ont. P. stock...	3,119,000	V	V	V	47½	49
Ontario Pow. 5s	6,949,000	2½	S	F. & A.	95	96
Ont. Transmis. 1st 5s, 1945...	1,556,000	2½	S	M. & N.	90	94
O. & C. B. Ry. & B. 1st 5s.'28	1,657,000	2½	S	J. & J.	97½	..
Oreg. Elec. Ry.	2,000,000	2½	S	M. & N.	98½	100½
Pere Marq.R.R. con.mtg.4s,'51	3,882,200	2	S	J. & J.	70	75
Portland (Ore.) Ry. 1st 5s, '30.	3,220,000	2½	S	M. & N.	99	100
Port. R. L. & P. 5% notes,'12	4,273,000	2½	S	M. & N.	100	..
Port. Gen. El.5s	7,640,000	2½	S	J. & J.	101	102½
Pot'm'c El. Pow con. mtg.5s,'36	4,891,000	2½	S	J. & J.	101¾	102¼
Do 1st 5s,'29	1,700,000	2½	S	J. & D.	108	108½
Pub. S. Cor.ctfs	19,970,440	1½	Q	Dec 30, 11	108¼	109
*Pub. Util. Cor.	1,000,000	..	..	....	45	..
Do preferred	500,000	1¾	Q	Jan.	47½	50
Queens Boro. G. & E. 5s of '52	1,600,000	5	S	J. & J.	97	99
Rep. R. & El.Co	5,200,000	..	..	....	80	81
Do preferred	6,860,000	1½	Q	Jan 15, 12	79	80½
Rich. L., H. & P. 5s of '14...	200,000	2½	S	J. & J.	99	..
Roch Ry. & L.5s	9,401,000	2½	..	J. & J.	100½	102
Same bond, tax exempt N. Y.	....	..	..	....	101	102½
Roch., Syr. & E. 5s of '45...	V	V	V	V	85	86
Rockld.L.& P.5s	605,000	2½	S	M. & N.	98½	100
Rockf'd (Ill.) E. 5s of '39......	1,504,000	5	S	M. & S.	95½	97½
Rutland R., L. & P. 1st 5s,'46	1,702,000	2½	S	M. & S.	95	--
St. Jos.(Mo.) R., L., H. & P.5s.	4,250,000	2½	S	M. & N.	98½	101
Sagn. Val. Tr.5s	813,000	2½	S	F. & A.	98	..
Salt L. & Ogd. 1st 5s.........	1,000,000	..	S	F. & A.	96½	98½
San Diego Con. G.&E.1st 5s,'39	2,450,000	2½	S	M. & S.	96½	98½
Scioto Val. Tr. 1st 5s, '23.....	1,600,000	1¼	Q	Jan. 1, 12	98	100
Scranton El. 5s	2,230,000	2½	S	J. & J.	102	103½
Scran. Ry. ($50)	2,000,000	..	..	....	60	..
Do pf., ($50)	1,500,000	1½	Q	Jan. 2, 12	62½	70
Do con.5s,'32	1,100,000	1¼	Q	Apr 15, 12	71	72
Seattle Elec. Co con. 5s, '29....	7,271,000	2½	S	F. & A.	98¾	100
Seattle Ltg. 5s.	3,623,000	2¼	S	A. & O.	94½	96¼
Sierra & San F. Pow. 1st 5s...	6,500,000	2½	S	F. & A.	93	95
So. Cal. Ed'nCo.	7,200,000	1¼	Q	Apr 15, 12	74	76
Do 5s........	9,336,000	2½	S	J. & J.	96	98
South'n Pow. 5s	4,000,000	2½	S	M. & S.	99½	101
Spokane & Inland Emp. 5s.	4,035,000	2½	S	M. & N.	98½	100
Spgfld. (Mo.) R. & L.F.L.5s,'26	2,000,000	2½	S	M. & N.	94¾	96
Superior W.,L.& P. 1st 4s, 1931.	1,600,000	2	S	M. & N.	82	84
*Stand. G. & E.	7,468,150	..	..	....	23¼	24
*Do preferred	9,837,000	2	S	J. & J.	52	52½
Syrac. Rap. Tr. 5s of '48.....	V	V	V	V	102	..
Tampa El. 1st5s	932,500	2½	S	J. & J.	98	..
Tex. Trac. 1st 5s	2,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	94	96
Tri-City R. & L.	9,000,000	..	..	....	49¾	50½
Do preferred	2,826,200	1½	Q	Apr. 1, 12	92½	94
Do 5s of '23..	V	V	V	V	97¼	98½
Unit. Elec. N.J. 4s, '49........	18,617,500	2	S	J. & D.	82¾	83¾
Unit. E. L. & P. (Balt.) 4½s....	4,428,000	2¼	S	M. & N.	94¾	95¾
U. Ry. & Elec. (Balt.) inc. 4s.	14,000,000	2	S	J. & D.	64¼	64½
UG & E of NJ.5s	1,454,000	2½	S	J. & J.	97½	101
United Util....	5,000,000	..	..	....	28	..
Do preferred	1,000,000	1¾	Q	Apr. 1, 12	98½	101
Utica & M'h'k V. Ry. 4½s,'41	2,268,000	..	S	M. & S.	97½	99
Va. Ry. & P. 5s	10,345,000	2½	S	J. & J.	93	97
Wash., Balt. & A. 1st 5s......	6,000,000	V	V	V	85½	87
Wash. R. & El.	5,500,000	1	Q	Mar. 1, 12	80⅜	81½
Do preferred	8,500,000	2½	S	Dec. 1, 11	94¼	95
Do con. 4s,'51	10,244,000	2	S	M. & S.	86⅛	86½
Wash.-Va. Ry.,	1,378,000	1½	S	May 1, 12	50	..
Do preferred	1,000,000	2	S	May 1, 12	70	..
West'n Power..	14,670,000	..	..	....	33	34
Do 6% cum.pf	6,000,000	6	..	Jan. 1, 12	61	62
West. St. G.&.E	3,503,000	..	..	....	60	65
Do preferred	1,800,000	1¾	Q	Jan 15, 12	95	97½

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

Office of
THE MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILROAD COMPANY.
Detroit, Mich., April 2d, 1912.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of The Michigan Central Railroad Company will be held at the principal office of the company in the City of Detroit, Michigan, on the FIRST THURSDAY AFTER THE FIRST WEDNESDAY (being the 2d day) of MAY, 1912, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of electing Directors and to authorize the guaranty by that company of the principal and interest of consolidated mortgage bonds of The Canada Southern Railway Company to the aggregate amount of not exceeding $40,000,000 provided for in the lease of the Canada Southern Railway to The Michigan Central Railroad Company, dated August 15th, 1903, of which $22,500,000 are proposed to be presently issued and guaranteed for the purpose of refunding the first and second mortgage bonds of The Canada Southern Railway Company (amounting to $20,000,000) which mature January 1st, 1913, and March 1st, 1913, respectively, and to cover the cost of improvements made and to be made to its property; to authorize The Michigan Central Railroad Company to join in The Canada Southern Railway Company's mortgage to secure said consolidated bonds so as to cover its leasehold interest in that property, and also for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting.

The Poll will be opened at 10 o'clock A. M., and closed at 10:30 o'clock A. M.

By order of the Board of Directors.
DWIGHT W. PARDEE, Secretary.

To the Shareholders of The National Nassau Bank of New York:

Notice is hereby given that the Board of Directors of THE NATIONAL NASSAU BANK OF NEW YORK have called a special meeting of the shareholders, to be held on Monday, April 22d, 1912, from eleven o'clock A. M. to 12 o'clock M., to vote upon the following propositions:

(a) To increase the capital stock from five hundred thousand ($500,000) dollars to one million ($1,000,000) dollars.

(b) To increase the par value of the present stock from fifty ($50) dollars to one hundred ($100) dollars.

Upon such increase of capital it is proposed to issue new stock at one hundred and fifty ($150) dollars per share to shareholders of record at the close of business April 19th, 1912, to the amount of one hundred per cent. of the par value of their present holdings. Each holder of two shares of the present stock (par value $50) will be entitled to subscribe for one share of the new stock (par value $100) at one hundred and fifty ($150) dollars per share, payment to be made on or before the 15th day of May, 1912. For the purpose of this meeting the books will be closed from the 19th to the 23d day of April, 1912.

EDWARD EARL, President.

ESTABLISHED 1784
The Bank of New York
National Banking Association

New York, April 15th, 1912.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors held April 2d, the resignation of Mr. George P. Hall, Assistant Cashier, was accepted to take effect April 15th, and at the same meeting Mr. Joseph Andrews was appointed Cashier and Mr. Harvey E. Whitney and William Reid were appointed Assistant Cashiers.

HERBERT L. GRIGGS, President.

THE NEW YORK CENTRAL AND HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD CO.
Albany, N. Y., March 25th, 1912.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Annual Meeting of Stockholders and the Election of Directors of The New York Central and Hudson River Railroad Company and of three Inspectors of Election, and the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting, will be held at the principal office of the company, in Union Depot, in the City of Albany, N. Y., on the third Wednesday (being the 17th day) of April, 1912, at 12 o'clock Noon. The Poll will be opened at 12 o'clock Noon and continue open for one hour thereafter.

By order of the Board of Directors.
DWIGHT W. PARDEE, Secretary.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

ARBUCKLE BROTHERS.—I, WILLIAM A. JAMISON, do hereby make, sign, and acknowledge this Certificate of intention to continue the use of the partnership or business name "ARBUCKLE BROTHERS," pursuant to the "Partnership Law" of the State of New York, and do hereby declare:

1.

ARBUCKLE BROTHERS was a firm or partnership composed of John Arbuckle and William A. Jamison. It had business relations with foreign countries and transacted business in this State for more than three years. John Arbuckle, one of the partners, died on the 27th day of March, 1912.

2.

The business of Arbuckle Brothers continues to be conducted by the undersigned William A. Jamison.

3.

I do hereby declare that the person intending to deal under the name "Arbuckle Brothers" is the undersigned William A. Jamison, and the place where the business will be conducted is 71 Water Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York. My place of residence within the State of New York is 1 West 72d Street, Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York.

Dated New York, N. Y., April 5th, 1912.

WILLIAM A. JAMISON.

In presence of FRED'K A. DELATOUR.

State of New York, County of Kings, ss.:

On this 5th day of April, 1912, before me personally came WILLIAM A. JAMISON, to me known and known to me to be the individual described in and who executed the foregoing Certificate, and he duly acknowledged to me that he executed the same.

FRED'K A. DELATOUR,
Notary Public, 151, Kings Co.
Certificate filed in N. Y. Co.

BUCKHOUT, SPAULDING & McLELLAN,
71 Broadway, New York.

The firm of Buckhout, Spaulding & McLellan expired by limitation on March 30, 1912, at noon.

EDWARD W. BUCKHOUT.
ARTHUR F. SPAULDING.
ARTHUR L. BUCKHOUT.
MALCOLM N. McLELLAN.

SPAULDING, McLELLAN & CO.
Members N. Y. Stock Exchange.
Phone 2130 Rector. 71 Broadway, N. Y.

New York, March 30, 1912.

We desire to announce that we have this day formed a co-partnership under the firm name of

SPAULDING, McLELLAN & CO.

for the transaction of a general commission business in stocks, bonds, investment securities, grain and cotton.

ARTHUR F. SPAULDING,
MALCOLM N. McLELLAN,
JOHN W. KIRKNER,
Member N. Y. Stock Exchange.

HANNIS & LE VEY.—The undersigned, heretofore doing business under the name of Hannis & Le Vey at 909 Broadway, New York, have this day dissolved partnership, Henry A. Le Vey withdrawing from the firm and Edwin G. Hannis continuing said business. Edwin G. Hannis is authorized to receive all payments and to sign in liquidation.

EDWIN G. HANNIS.
HENRY A. LE VEY.

Dated April 10, 1912.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE co-partnership lately subsisting between MAX MAYER, EMIL TIMER and ISIDORE DILLOFF of New York City, under the firm name of MAYER & TIMER, has been dissolved by mutual consent. All debts owing to said co-partnership are to be received by Timer, Dilloff & Co., and all demands on said co-partnership are to be presented to them for payment.

MAX MAYER,
EMIL TIMER,
ISIDORE DILLOFF.

Dated New York, April 11, 1912.
S. D. LEIDERSDORF, Notary Public.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR THE PURCHASE OF THE Porto Bello Rock-Crusher Plant Equipment, consisting of Rock Crushers, Boilers, Condenser, Engines, and Rock-Conveying System, offered for sale by the Isthmian Canal Commission, which are no longer needed—Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the General Purchasing Officer, Isthmian Canal Commission, Washington, D. C., until 10:30 A. M., May 21, 1912, at which time they will be opened in public, for the purchase of the above-mentioned articles. Blanks and general information relating to this Circular (No. 696) may be obtained from this office or the offices of the Assistant Purchasing Agents, 24 State Street, New York City; 614 Whitney-Central Building, New Orleans, La., and 1,086 North Point Street, San Francisco, Cal.; also from the United States Engineer Offices in the following cities: Seattle, Wash.; Los Angeles, Cal.; Baltimore, Md.; Philadelphia, Pa.; Pittsburgh, Pa.; Boston, Mass.; Buffalo, N. Y.; Cleveland, Ohio; Cincinnati, Ohio; Chicago, Ill.; St. Louis, Mo.; Detroit, Mich.; Milwaukee, Wis.; St. Paul, Minn.; Chattanooga, Tenn.; Louisville, Ky.; Mobile, Ala., and Galveston, Texas; Commercial Club, Kansas City, Mo.; Chamber of Commerce, Quincy, Ill., and Commercial Club, Tacoma, Wash.—F. C. Boggs, Major, Corps of Engineers, U. S. A., General Purchasing Officer.

WEST POINT, N. Y., APRIL 15, 1912. Sealed proposals, in triplicate, subject to the usual conditions, for furnishing Anthracite Coal at this Post, will be received until 2 o'clock P. M., May 15, 1912. Deliveries to be made during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1913. The U. S. reserves the right to accept or reject any or all proposals or any part thereof. For further information address Quartermaster, West Point, N. Y.

U. S. ENGINEER OFFICE, ROOM 300 Custom House, Baltimore, Md., April 15, 1912. Sealed proposals for dredging in Wicomico River, Md., will be received at this office until 1 o'clock P. M., May 15, 1912, and then publicly opened. Information on application. W. C. Langfitt, Lieut. Col., Engrs.

GOVERNORS ISLAND, N. Y. H., APRIL 15, 1912.—Sealed proposals, in triplicate, for furnishing Coal required in Eastern Division, during year ending June 30, 1913, will be received here until 10 A. M., May 15, 1912. Information furnished on application. Chief Quartermaster.

YEAR'S RANGE IN PUBLIC SECURITIES.

Where no sale occurred in 1912 the last previous price is given.

	Highest.	Lowest.	Last Sale.
Alabama Currency Fund 4s..J. J.	....	....	111 Mar. 20, 1904
Louisiana consol. 4s, 1914....J. J.	....	....	99 May 12, 1911
N. Y. H'y Imp. 4s, March 1, 1958.	....	....	103¾ Oct. 30, 1911
N. Y. H'y Imp. 4s, March 1, 1960.	....	....	105½ Oct. 28, 1910
N. Y. State 4s, June, 1961....M. S.	102⅞ Jan. 23	101¾ Jan. 4	102⅛ Apr. 11, 1912
N. Y. State 4s, June, 1961, reg....	102 Jan. 8	102 Jan 8	102 Jan. 8, 1912
N. Y. Canal 4s, July, 1960....J. J.	....	....	101¼ Nov. 27, 1911
N. Y. Canal 4s, July, 1960, reg....	102 Mar. 19	102 Mar 19	102 Mar. 19, 1912
N. Y. Canal 4s, Jan., 1961....J. J.	103 Jan. 27	101⅝ Jan 2	102¼ Apr. 1, 1912
N. Y. Canal 4s, 1961, reg.........	102⅜ Mar. 25	102⅜ Mar 25	102⅜ Mar. 25, 1912
N. Y. Canal 4s, Mar. 1, 1961..M. S.	103 Jan. 25	101¾ Jan 2	102¼ Apr. 12, 1912
North Carolina 6s, 1919......A. O.	....	....	114¾ Mar. 28, 1910
North Caro. consol. 4s, 1910..J. J.	....	....	99⅝ Feb. 3, 1909
North Caro. consol. 4s, small....	....	....	101¼ Apr. 8, 1907
North Caro. special tax....A. O.	....	....	117 Dec. 11, 1903
South Carolina 4½s, 1933....J. J.	....	....	103½ July 27, 1910
Tennessee Set. 3s, 1913........J.J.	....	....	98 Oct. 5, 1911
Tennessee Set. 3s, 1913, small....	....	....	97¼ Oct. 6, 1911
Va. def. 6s, Brown Bros.& Co.ctfs.	52¼ Jan. 27	46 Jan 2	49½ Apr. 10, 1912
Va. fund. debt, 2-3s, 1991.......J.J	....	....	86½ Dec. 18, 1911
Virginia Riddleberger..........	....	....	90 Dec. 20, 1907
U. S. 2s, 1930, reg..........Q. Jan.	102½ Mar. 27	102⅛ Mar 27	102⅛ Mar. 27, 1912
U. S. 2s, coupon..........J. Jan.	101¼ Mar. 8	100⅞ Apr. 3	100⅞ Apr. 3, 1912
U. S. 4s, 1925, reg...........Q. F.	114⅛ Apr. 10	113¼ Jan 24	114⅛ Apr. 10, 1912
U. S. 4s, 1925, coupon........Q. F.	114¾ Mar. 26	113¾ Jan 8	114¾ Mar. 26, 1912
U. S. 3s, 10-20, 1918, coupon..Q. F.	103½ Mar. 29	101⅛ Jan 8	102½ Apr. 8, 1912
U. S. 3s, 10-20, 1918, reg.....Q. F	102¾ Feb. 23	102 Feb. 6	102⅜ Feb. 27, 1912
U. S. 3s, 10-20, 1918, small........	....	....	102½ Nov. 11, 1910
Panama 2s, 1936, reg.........Q. F.	....	....	100½ June 6, 1911
Panama 2s, 1938, reg....Q. Nov.	....	....	101⅛ Aug. 11, 1910
Panama 3s, 1961, reg...........	102⅜ Mar. 21	101⅜ Feb 17	102⅜ Mar. 21, 1912
Panama 3s, 1961..........Q. Mar.	102½ Mar. 25	101⅛ Jan. 18	101⅜ Apr. 12, 1912
Dist. of Colum. 3-65s, 1925..F. F.	....	....	110 Nov. 28, 1909
Philippine 4s, 1914-1931.......Q. F.	....	....	111 May 3, 1906
Ph. Is. p.w.&imp.reg.4s,1935.Q. M.	....	....	108¾ Feb. 26, 1908
Ph. Is. land pur. 4s,1914-45...Q. F	....	....	100¼ July 14, 1910
Argentine 5s.......................	99 Apr. 8	97 Jan 16	98⅜ Apr. 13, 1912
Imp. Chinese Gov. rects. full paid for Hukuang Ry. 5 p. c. sterling bonds and interest.........	95⅜ Apr. 1	93¼ Jan 25	95½ Apr. 4, 1912
Imp.Jap.Gov.4½s,Feb.15,1925..F.A.	93⅜ Feb. 3	92¼ Jan 2	93 Apr. 12, 1912
I. Jap.Gov.4½s,2dser.Jy.10,1925.J.J.	93 Feb. 1	91¾ Apr 11	92 Apr. 12, 1912
Imp. Jap. Gov. 4s, Jan., 1925.F.A.	88½ Jan. 29	86 Apr 11	86 Apr. 11, 1912
Republic of Cuba 5s.........M. S.	103⅜ Jan. 29	102½ Jan 2	103⅜ Apr. 11, 1912
Republic of Cuba 4½s........M. S.	99 Apr. 6	99 Apr 6	99 Apr. 6, 1912
Sao Paulo (U. S. of B.) 5 p.c., 1919	98 Feb. 3	97⅛ Jan 8	97¼ Apr. 1, 1912
City of Tokio interim ctfs. for 5 p. c. loan, 1912.............M. S.	95 Apr. 10	94¾ Apr 11	94¾ Apr. 12, 1912
U. S. of Mex. s. f. 5s.........Q. C.	97¼ Jan. 25	95½ Mar 28	95½ Mar. 28, 1912
U.S.of M.4s, Ser.A,Dec.1,1953..J.D.	90¾ Jan. 24	88 Mar 11	88 Apr. 9, 1912

BANKS.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation Apr. 13, 1912. Bid.	Asked.
Aetna Nat.....	$300,000	2	Q	Apr. 1, 12	190	200
America	1,500,000	14	S	Jan. 2, 12	615	625
Am. Exch. Nat.	5,000,000	5	S	Nov 1, 11	243	246
Batt'y Pk. Nat.	200,000	3	S	Jan. 2, 12	135	140
Bowery	250,000	‡8	Q	Feb. 1, 12	400	415
Bronx Borough.	150,000	10	S	Jan. 1, 12	300	..
Butch. & Drov. (Nat.) ($25)...	300,000	3	S	Jan. 2, 12	130	140
Century	500,000	1½	Q	Jan. 2, 12	230	235
Chase National.	5,000,000	5	Q	Jan. 2, 12	635	..
Chat.-Phen.Nat.	2,250,000	2	Q	Apr. 1, 12	188	192
Chelsea Exch..	200,000	2	Q	Apr. 1, 12	185	200
Chemical Nat..	3,000,000	2½	B	Mar 1, 12	440	450
Cit's Cent. Nat.	2,550,000	1½	Q	Jan. 2, 12	175	..
City (National).	25,000,000	5	S	Nov 1, 11	435	442
Coal & Iron Nat	1,000,000	1½	Q	Apr. 1, 12	157	160
Colonial	400,000	2½	Q	Jan. 1, 12	450	..
Columbia	300,000	8	S	Jan. 2, 12	330	345
Commerce (Nat)	25,000,000	2	Q	Jan. 2, 12	203	202
Corn Exchange.	3,000,000	4	Q	Feb 1, 12	312	315
E. R. Nat. ($25)	250,000	3	S	Jan. 2, 12	100	118
Fidelity	200,000	3	S	Nov 1, 11	165	175
Fifth Avenue..	100,000	3	Q	Apr. 1, 12	4500	..
Fifth National..	250,000	3	Q	Jan. 2, 12	300	350
First National..	10,000,000	7	Q	Apr. 1, 12	1000	1010
Fourth Nat.....	5,000,000	2	Q	Apr. 1, 12	200	205
Gal'tinNat.($50)	1,000,000	7	S	Apr. 6, 12	340	350
Garfield Nat...	1,000,000	3	Q	Dec 30, 11	285	290
Ger.-Am. ($75)..	750,000	3	S	Feb. 1, 12	140	145
German Exch..	200,000	10	S	Jan. 2, 12	425	475
Germania	200,000	‡12½	S	Oct 21, 11	525	535
Gotham Nat....	200,000	..	..	....	160	165
Greenwich	500,000	2½	Q	Feb. 1, 12	245	255
Hanover Nat...	3,000,000	4	Q	Jan. 2, 12	650	..
Harriman Nat.	200,000	..	..	....	295	310
Imp. & Tr. Nat.	1,500,000	12	S	Jan. 2, 12	565	575
Internat. B'k'g..	3,250,000	2	S	Oct 10, 07	80	88
Irv. Nat. Exch..	2,000,000	2	Q	Jan. 2, 12	232	238
Liberty Nat....	1,000,000	‡10	Q	Jan. 2, 12	592	600
Lincoln Nat....	1,000,000	2½	Q	Feb. 1, 12	380	390
Manhattan ($50)	2,050,000	7	S	Jan. 2, 12	340	350
Mar.& Fult.Nat.	1,000,000	3	Q	Jan. 2, 12	252	258
Mechanics and Metals	6,000,000	8	Q	Feb 13, 12	264	267
Mercantile Nat.	3,000,000	1½	Q	Apr. 1, 12	175	175
Merch.Nat.($50)	2,000,000	3½	S	Jan. 2, 12	185	195
Merch. Ex. Nat. ($50)	600,000	3	S	Jan. 2, 12	160	170
Metropolis	1,000,000	4	Q	Feb. 1, 12	375	385
Metropolitan ..	2,000,000	2	Q	Apr. 1, 12	196	200
Mount Morris..	250,000	3	Q	Apr. 1, 12	250	260
Mutual	200,000	4	S	Jan. 2, 12	275	295
Nat. Nassau...	500,000	2½	Q	Apr. 1, 12	300	325
Nat. Reserve...	1,200,000	3	S	Jan. 1, 11	90	92
N. Netherland..	200,000	2½	S	Oct. 2, 11	210	225
N. Y. (N.B.A.)	2,000,000	7	S	Jan. 2, 12	335	350
N.Y.County Nat	500,000	20	S	Jan. 2, 12	850	875
N. Y. Prod. Ex.	1,000,000	4	S	Apr 15, 12	172	176
Pacific ($50)....	500,000	2	Q	Feb. 1, 12	260	265
Park National..	5,000,000	4	Q	Jan. 2, 12	369	373
People's ($25)..	200,000	2	S	Jan. 2, 12	240	245
Seaboard Nat..	1,000,000	3	Q	Jan. 2, 12	415	450
Second Nat.....	1,000,000	3	Q	Jan. 2, 12	395	425
Security	1,000,000	3	S	Feb. 1, 12	135	145
Sherman Nat...	200,000	..	..	....	135	..
State	1,000,000	5	S	Jan. 1, 12	..	265
23d Ward	200,000	3	S	Aug 1, 11	170	185
Union Ex. Nat..	1,000,000	4	S	Dec 30, 11	168	170
Wash. Heights.	100,000	2	Q	Sep 30, 11	275	..
West Side	200,000	6	S	Jan. 2, 12	600	650
Yorkville	100,000	10	S	Dec 31, 11	575	610

TELEPHONE COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation Apr. 13, 1912. Bid.	Asked.
Am. Un. Telph. (H's'g) 5s, '57.	1,244,000	2½	S	Feb. 1, 10	20	25
Con. Tel. (Buf.)	8,595,200	..	..	....	13	14
Con. Tel. (Pa.) 1st 5s, '31....	2,292,500	2½	S	A. & O.	30	35
Cumb. T. & T..	19,680,150	2	Q	Apr. 4, 11	159½	..
Do 1st 5s, '37.	....	..	..	....	100¾	101½
Cuyah'a Tel. 5s	8,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	89	90
Frontier Tel. 5s (Buf.) of 1922	2,500,000	5	S	Jan. 1, 12	71	71½
Interoc. Tel. & Tel. 1st 5s, '33	2,000,000	5	S	Jan. 1, 12	66	..
Kan.C.HomeTel	8,000,000	2	Q	Apr 15, 11	107½	110
Do 5s, '23....	8,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	91½	91½
Kan. C. L. Dist. Tel. 5s, '25....	1,199,500	2	Q	Apr 15, 11	89	89
Kinloch Tel.(St. Louis) 6s, '28.	2,000,000	3	S	F. & A.	106½	107
Mountain States Tel. Co........	21,727,882	6	V	Jan 15, 12	109¾	110½
Mich. State Tel. 5s of '24......	....	..	..	....	100⅞	101⅛
Mo. & Kan. Tel.	18,627,700	1½	Q	Nov 3, 06	53	60
N. Eng. T. & T. deb. 5s, '15...	500,000	2½	S	A. & O.	..	101
Do deb. 4s,'30	1,000,000	2	S	J. & J.	91	91
Do deb. 5s,'19	500,000	2½	S	A. & O.	101½	102½
Twin C. Tel. 5s.	V	V	V	V	92	96
U.S. Tel. (Clev) 1st 5s	....	..	..	....	--	81
West. T. & T. col. tr. 5s, '37.	V	V	V	V	100	..
Do 5s of '32..	....	..	..	....	100	100½

INSURANCE AND SURETY COMPANIES.

Amer. Surety..	$2,500,000	8	Q	V	295	..
City of N. Y...	500,000	2½	Q	V	150	180
Commonwealth	500,000	5	S	Jan. 3, 12	325	..
Continental ...	2,000,000	25	S	Jan 18, 12	1000	1015
Empire City...	400,000	5	S	Jan 22, 12	180	..
Fidelity & Cas.	1,000,000	10	S	J. & J.	460	500
Fidelity-Phenix	2,500,000	5	S	Jan 18, 12	320	325
Germ. Alliance.	400,000	7½	S	Jan 15,12	285	295
Germ. Amer.....	2,000,000	15	S	Jan 15, 12	535	545
Germania ($50).	1,000,000	10	S	Jan 30, 12	300	310
Germania Life..	200,000	3½	S	V	210	225
Glens Falls($10)	200,000	15	S	J. & J.	1700	..
Globe&Rutgers.	400,000	10	Q	V	500	..
Hanover ($50)..	1,000,000	4	Q	Apr. 1, 12	200	210
Home Fire.....	3,000,000	17½	S	Jan. 1, 12	705	715
Home Life......	125,000	6	S	M. & N.	275	..
Manhattan Life	100,000	‡13	S	F. & A.	400	425
Metro. Casualty	200,000	5	S	V	185	..
Metrop. L. ($25)	2,000,000	3½	S	M. & N.	150	170
Nassau ($50)...	200,000	5	Q	Jan. 2, 12	145	155
National Surety	2,000,000	3	Q	Apr. 1, 12	220	..
N.Y. Life I.&T.	1,000,000	25	S	Dec 11, 11	1035	1055
Niagara ($50)..	1,000,000	‡15	S	Jan. 4, 12	315	325
Nor. River ($25)	350,000	5	S	V	150	160
Pacific ($25)...	200,000	‡7	S	Jan 10,12	175	..
Prudential ($50)	2,000,000	10	A	V	450	500
Stuyv's'nt($100)	400,000	5	S	J. & J.	150	160
Un. States ($20)	400,000	6	A	V	80	..
U. S. Casualty..	500,000	2½	Q	V	200	220
U. S. Life.....	264,000	7	A	J. & J.	90	105
W'sb'g City($50)	250,000	10	S	V	400	425

TRUST COMPANIES.

Astor Trust....	$1,250,000	2	Q	Feb. 1, 12	365	375
Bankers' Trust.	5,000,000	‡12	Q	Jan. 2, 12	560	550
§Bd.& Mtg.Guar.	5,000,000	3½	Q	May 15,12	290	294
Broadway Tr..	1,000,000	1½	Q	Feb. 1, 12	170	..
Brooklyn	1,000,000	5	Q	Apr. 1, 12	460	..
Central	3,000,000	9	Q	Jan. 2, 12	1040	1060
Citizens'	500,000	3	S	Mar. 1, 12	140	..
Columbia Trust	1,000,000	3	Q	Dec 30, 11	360	375
Commercial ...	500,000	V	V	V	90	95
Empire	1,000,000	2½	Q	Dec 30, 11	300	310
Equitable Trust	3,000,000	6	Q	Mar 30,12	545	547
Farmers' Loan & Trust ($25).	1,000,000	12½	Q	Feb. 1, 12	1400	1420
Fidelity	1,000,000	3	S	Jan. 2, 12	218	222
Franklin	1,000,000	6	S	Dec 31, 11	270	280
Fulton	500,000	5	S	Jan. 2, 12	315	325
Guaranty	5,000,000	‡10	Q	Mar 30,12	985	995
Guardian	500,000	..	..	....	95	105
Hamilton	500,000	3	Q	Feb. 1, 12	270	275
Home	750,000	2	..	Jul 15, 07	105	115
Hudson Trust..	500,000	4	S	Jan. 2, 12	140	150
Kings County..	500,000	4	Q	Feb. 1, 12	520	535
Knickerb. Trust	3,181,000	3	Q	Mar 30,12	286	290
LawyersMtg.Co	4,000,000	3	Q	Dec 30, 11	225	228
Lawyers T. Ins. & Trust Co..	4,000,000	3	Q	Apr. 1, 12	238	242
Lincoln	1,000,000	3	Q	Sep 30, 07	145	150
Long Island....	1,000,000	3	Q	Jan. 2, 12	300	310
Metropolitan ..	2,000,000	6	Q	Dec 30, 11	420	425
Mtge. Bond Co.	2,000,000	1½	Q	Dec 30, 11	105	110
Mutual Alliance	1,000,000	1½	Q	Jan. 1, 12	127	132
Nassau	600,000	2	Q	Feb. 1, 12	150	155
New York	3,000,000	3	Q	Dec 30, 11	635	650
N. Y. L. I. & T.	1,000,000	25	S	Dec 11, 11	1035	1055
N. Y. Mtg. & Sec. Co	1,000,000	3	Q	Jan. 2, 12	208	218
People's Trust..	1,000,000	1	M	Jan. 1, 12	295	300
Realty Assoc..	4,000,000	3	S	Jan 15, 12	118	122
Standard	1,000,000	4	Q	Jan. 1, 12	378	380
T. Guar. & Tr..	4,375,000	5	Q	Dec 30, 11	578	..
Title Insurance	2,000,000	3½	Q	Jan., 1912	118	122
Union	1,000,000	12½	Q	Jan 10, 12	1325	1360
U. S. Mtg. & T.	2,000,000	6	Q	Mar 30,12	475	485
United States..	2,000,000	25	S	Jan. 2, 12	1125	1130
Washington Tr.	500,000	3	Q	Jan. 2, 12	400	410
Windsor§	1,000,000	3	S	Dec 20, 10	190	195

§New stock.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE.

FOR SALE
ON LIBERAL TERMS

Valuable plot, 100 x 350, S. E. cor. 5th Ave. and 102d Street. Opposite Central Park. Fine location. High ground. Suitable for Charitable Association, Hospital, etc.

A Seven Story Elevator Apartment House in Waverly Place, near Washington Square. Good renter.

A Six Story Factory in Bleecker Street, East of Broadway.

Plot of about 25,000 sq. ft., with old buildings fronting on Rose and Vandewater Sts. and B'klyn Bridge.

Apply **GERALD R. BROWN**
2d Floor, 165 Broadway

All Mortgage loans on desirable improved property will receive prompt attention and be quickly acted upon by

LAWYERS TITLE INSURANCE AND TRUST COMPANY

CAPITAL - - $4,000,000
SURPLUS - - 5,500,000

160 Broadway, New York.
188 Montague Street, Brooklyn.
375 Fulton Street, Jamaica.

Geo. R. Read & Co
REAL ESTATE
20 Nassau St. 3 East 35th St

West Side.

105 WEST 69TH STREET

For sale or rent: 4 stories, brownstone; 14 rooms, 2 baths; elegantly decorated; convenient location for doctor. Apply owner, Room 803, 32 Broadway.

$1,000 CASH

buys brownstone dwelling near 125th St., Lenox Av. Excellent condition; hardwood floors; tiled bath; 20x100. Charles McKenna, 147 4th Av.

East Side.

Avenue C corner, with liquor store. Charles Bohlen, 23d St., corner 3d Av.

BRONX—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

For Sale—Two-family houses, eleven rooms, two baths; all improvements; $300 cash. Owner, 851 East 222d St., Bronx.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

A California Bungalow

by the ocean—40 minutes by rail on L. I. R. R. Only a small amount of cash required, balance in period payments. Location near club house. Every convenience. Magnificent ocean & bay views.

Neponsit Realty Company

Brooklyn Office, 176 Remsen St. Telephone 6480 Main. 1 West 34th St. New York. Telephone 2741 Greeley.

FINE WATER-FRONT COTTAGE

Long Island Sound; one-half hour from Penn station, New York City; 7 rooms and bath; 2 lots; cement walks, macadamized streets; gas and electric light, water and sewerage; fine bathing beach and high-class yacht clubhouse close by; refined and select neighborhood; elegant surroundings; cheap; terms to suit purchaser. SHORE FRONT, 146 East 34th St.

28 MINUTES FROM BROADWAY.

At Queens, L. I., main line express station Penn.-Long Island electric system. New, moderate-priced suburban cottages and semi-bungalows for sale. Every city improvement. Restricted property—ideal social neighborhood. CONSTRUCTION GUARANTEED. Easy payments. Write for Spring list or 'phone 3876 Cortlandt. **J. MEAD BRIGGS**, 200 Broadway, N. Y.

RICHMOND BOROUGH—SALE OR LET.

For Sale—Large Colonial house with five acres; bargain. B. Williams, Tottenville, N. Y.

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE.

Corner plot, 75x100, at Palisades Park, N. J.; all city improvements; 10 minutes of 125th St. ferry; one block from car line; assessments paid; for one family house; Brooklyn preferred. Haubenstock, 278 Humboldt St., Brooklyn.

HAVE client who must dispose of exceedingly choice, 10-family, colored flat house; excellent location; will entertain exchange of two-family house in suburbs. Bardos, 21 Stuyvesant St.

BUILDING MATERIAL.

FACE BRICK

Water having penetrated through the joints to the back of a wall built of bricks that are too non-absorbent, works its way to the interior wall surfaces. Seepage, sweating, condensation, and interior evaporation produce a condition of continuous saturation on such walls. This trouble is avoided where Hydraulic-Press Bricks are used. 500,000,000 made annually.

"Largest Distributors of Front Brick in the World"

Fredenburg & Lounsbury
381 4th Ave., Cor. 27th St., New York

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FORECLOSURE
Flatbush Residence Cheap.

Any home buyer who wants a modern spacious residence, 15 rooms, two baths, parquet floors throughout, steam heat, electric lights, large closets, billiard room, den, library; beamed ceiling dining room, foyer halls with open fireplaces; large plot of ground, 100x100, with conservatory; in the finest section of Flatbush. Only $2,500 cash required. Price $17,500; actually cost $25,000. Open for an offer. Owner, 406 World Building, Manhattan.

A Lovely Home
Can Be Bought Now at Cost

in the Park Section of Brooklyn; 30 minutes from N. Y. City Hall; 5c. fare; $100 down, balance same as rent; perfect house; finely finished, handsomely decorated; on a beautiful boulevard; 7 rooms; tiled bath and vestibule, parquet floors, hardwood trim; sewer, gas, electricity; send for particulars. SPECIAL MANAGER, 60 Liberty St., New York, Room 67. 'Phone Cort. 7440.

YOU CAN OWN YOUR OWN HOME

by paying us $300 down and the balance same as rent. Warranty deed is given at the start and the house is yours. 1st mortgage only 5% interest. The finest brick dwelling in the city for the money. Located on L and new subway lines to City Hall, New York. Fare 5c. Write at once—don't delay. Address Builder, Box C 216 Times Downtown.

215 Midwood St., Prospect Park East, between Bedford and Rogers Avs.
Elegant 2-story stone, bay window front dwelling, 9 rooms and barn; hardwood trim throughout; parquet floors; console mirrors; open hearth in foyer hall; electric light, &c.; only $1,000 cash, balance easy terms.
REALTY ASSOCIATES,
176 Remsen St., Brooklyn.
Telephone 6480 Main.

Going to Move This Spring?

Let us send you "THE STORY OF A HOUSE OR TWO." It's the milk in the cocoanut of economical living. Better than paying rent. J. D. Ranck Realty Co., 577 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn. Phone 6350 Main.

$5,000; PRACTICALLY NEW TWO-FAMILY brick, adjoining Prospect Park, near athletic grounds; easy terms; beautifully decorated; good tenants; Church Av. station, Brighton L; Franklin, Smith, Church, Reid Av. cars. Owner, 109 Times Downtown.

WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET.

RYE

BUNGALOWS
500 Cash, Bal. terms.
NEAR THE BEACH
Oakland Beach Ass'n.
Rye, N. Y.

AT DOBBS FERRY ON HUDSON
12 rooms and bath Dwelling, unfurnished; five minutes from depot; $600 a year.
P. J. CONNOLLY, SUPT., 'Phone, 17 Dobbs Ferry, or
Broadway **REMCO** 98th Street

AT RYE NECK.

1,500 ft. from Sound, 40 minutes from Grand Central; plots quarter acre and more, $1,500; all improvements; restricted; building loans furnished; houses for rent. Ryesdale Estates, 71 Nassau St.

To rent for Summer, furnished, 9-room house; 2 baths, flower garden; New Rochelle; convenient to railroad and water; terms most moderate. Box L 19 Times.

A very attractive half acre at Larchmont, close to the Sound; price $7,500. Address E 120 Times.

Larchmont, 7 rooms, 2 baths; $6,000. C. Blatchly, 105 East 22d St., N. Y. C.

Mount Vernon.

FOR SALE
AT MOUNT VERNON N. Y.,
A SPLENDID BUSINESS PROPERTY
Near New Haven Railroad Station.
PRICE $55,000. RENT $6,120.
REASONABLE AMOUNT ON MORTGAGE.
OWNER HAS SPECIAL USE FOR CASH.
SOLID BARGAIN. BOX 53, MT. VERNON.

McCLELLAN & CO.
for
MOUNT VERNON REALTY.

New Rochelle.

FOR SALE AT NEW ROCHELLE, N. Y.
A GENTLEMAN'S RESIDENCE

with perpetual water rights, on fine private beach; large living room, dining room, butler's pantry, kitchen, servants' dining room, good cellar, with laundry; 5 master's bedrooms, 2 servants' rooms, 3 baths, 2 piazzas and upstairs sleeping porch. Stable for 2 horses or garage. Plot 90x150 feet. Fine shade trees and room for good garden. Owner, acquiring larger property, will sell on easy terms for........$18,000

Apply to Owner, J. W. Lapsley, c/o E. & C. Randolph, 11 Broadway, N. Y. or O'Connor & McCann, 221 Huguenot St., New Rochelle, N. Y.

NEW YORK STATE—SALE OR LET.

Mountain Farm Near Lake.

200 acres; 8-room house, barn, orchard. 150 acres oak and chestnut timber, $3,500. E. E. SLOCUM, 141 Broadway.

Timber! Timber! Timber!

100 acres, oak and chestnut, Orange Co. $2,500
150 acres of same in Sullivan Co........ 3,000
E. E. SLOCUM, 141 Broadway.

NEW ENGLAND—FOR SALE OR LET.

BEST 55 ACRES IN NORWALK Fine stream; old farmhouse; good road; edge of town. Price $8,500.
Lawrence Agency, South Norwalk, Conn.

Beautiful modern 18-room house, 100 acres, 900 feet lake frontage; registered stock tools; $14,000; half cash. F. H. Dibble, Ansonia, Conn.

For Seekers of Lots, Homes, Offices and Lofts.

Annual Real Estate Review The New York Times
SUNDAY, APRIL 28TH.

New railroad enterprises and territories opened, New York's architecture, cement construction, building material, farms, new office and loft buildings, residences in and around Greater New York, and latest doings in realty world of interest to buyers and sellers.

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LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET

A North Shore HOME

—a country place with city comfort, protected surroundings, pleasant neighbors, plenty of room, magnificent views, full shore privileges, close to station, only 18 miles from 33rd St., with fast train service.

Telephone Cortlandt 6500 or write to Port Washington Estates, Suite 1,434, 30 Church St., New York.

GREAT HOUSE BARGAIN.

$5,950 BUYS A $7,900 HOUSE. A beautiful new suburban house, between the Sound and the sea, built by days' work, on a large plot, in a restricted private residence park, refined surroundings; 27 minutes from Manhattan, 1 block from depot and trolley; first-class hardwood trim; excellent heating, gas, electricity; beamed ceilings, parquet floors, panelled dining room; easy terms. Call, 'phone, or write McNEECE, 150 Nassau St. 'Phone 4070 Beekman.

McNEECE, 150 Nassau St.

A QUICK SALE AT SACRIFICE

Gentleman's country place, beautifully located on north shore, Long Island, overlooking Northport Harbor and Long Island Sound, "The Eden of Long Island." Only 40 miles, or one hour from New York City; 25 acres; high elevation; Colonial house, 15 rooms, 2 baths, hardwood floors, concrete cellars, steam heat, electric light and telephone; large library; wide verandas; hundreds of finest shade trees; 100 best fruit trees; fine driveways; artesian water; tennis court; large barn, fine garage; storage house; ice house; hennery; large gardens; fine pasturage; private dock and boat landing, &c. Entirely equipped and furnished ready for occupancy. Write for photos and full particulars. Brokers protected. C. W. DUMONT, 27 Cedar St.

FOR SALE
Exceptionally fine Waterfrontage on the Sound at WAMPAGE SHORES,
45 minutes from New York,
in plots suitable for and within the means of persons accustomed to attractive homes.
Most beautiful location; ideal neighborhood; magnificent landscaping; every improvement; perfect white sand beaches.
Write for particulars.
S. OSGOOD PELL & CO.,
Tel. 5610 Bryant. 542 Fifth Ave.

FOR FULL PARTICULARS OF the lands called Shoreham, the most picturesque spot within 500 miles of New York City in any direction for your country house with the FINEST SEA BATHING BEACH IN THE WORLD, call upon or address me for photographic views of the lands, floor plans and photographs of houses upon "Estates" that I have for sale at Shoreham and elsewhere.
FITCH H. MEDBURY, 11 Wall St.
'Phone 4135 Rector.

AT FLUSHING

Bought at foreclosure, new houses, less than cost. Large rooms, parquet floors, etc. Splendid location; restricted property; 23 minutes from Herald Square. Convenient to trolley. $250 cash; balance in easy payments.

FRANK CROWELL
ROOM 202, 347 5TH AVE., N. Y.

NORTH SHORE
COUNTRY HOUSES
BARGAIN—House at Great Neck, of Old English design, on quarter-acre plot, $7,900.
SHIELDS COMPANY
ONE WALL ST., TEL. RECTOR 2775.

LONG ISLAND—WOODMERE.

For rent, Summer season or year, 31 minutes from Pennsylvania Station, concrete house; lot 80x190; 12 rooms, 3 baths, exquisitely furnished, piano, Victrola; every modern convenience; house 1,000 feet clear of any other house on all sides; 7 minutes' walk from station. L 50 Times.

SPRINGFIELD GARDENS

Will sell high-class building lots in Queens Boro, 24 minutes from Herald Square, for $270. Address Executor, Room 606-B, 33 West 34th St., City.

For Rent—18-room house for Summer boarding house at Bay Shore, L. I., or large family; large lawn, shade trees; near the water, village, and depot; a beauty spot for Summer or an allyear round home; rental, unfurnished, $600 per year, or furnished $750 per season. WILLIAM H. MOFFITT REALTY CO., 34th St. and Madison Av., N. Y. City.

FURNISHED BUNGALOWS TO RENT ON FIRE ISLAND BEACH
Surf and still-water bathing; boating, fishing; rent $175 season. Can commute from N. Y. Lots for sale. SEASHORE, 334 5th Ave.

BROADWAY—FLUSHING.
New, attractive stucco cottage for sale; six rooms and bath; all improvements; $6,000; easy terms; best bargain on Long Island. Inquire M. Samter, Room 6,050, 1 Madison Av., N. Y. C.

A.—A.—If you are interested in a home or land on Long Island, send at once for my Long Island magazine, giving reliable information; it is free. President, Room 202, 347 5th Av.

First-class, nine rooms, two baths; centre of Flushing; price $11,000; rent $85. For particulars address Wallace-Appleton Company, Waldheim, Flushing.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

A Bromley Book of Owners' names, year 1912, cheap for cash; must be cheap, as there are other offers to be considered. Y 25 Times.

REAL ESTATE.

FACTORIES EVERYWHERE. 9 CLINTON ST.
ROBERT B. STOUTENBURGH, Newark, N. J.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

BE WISE.

We advise you: Never deal with brokers who want appraisal fees in advance; they have no money to loan and nobody ever gets anything but disappointment.

We do not "try" to procure the money, always have unlimited funds on hand; never without it. Loans made quicker than all others.

DEAL DIRECT—SAVE MONEY!

In N. Y., N. J., and Conn., on 1st, 2d, or 3d mortgages on improved property or vacant lots, $100 to $1,500; lowest rates.

We take pride in our standing and responsibility and refer you to Yonkers National Bank, Yonkers, N. Y.; Gazette Press, Yonkers, N. Y.; Daily Herald, Yonkers, N. Y.; Daily News, Yonkers, N. Y.; also refer to hundreds of SATISFIED BORROWERS; we have no dissatisfied clients.

YONKERS SECURITY CO.,
Suite 823, 299 Broadway, New York City

$5,000 Loan at Six Per Cent.

I have a client who desires a first mortgage of $5,000 on improved property valued at $15,000, insured at $8,000, and occupied at a rental of $900 per year, located at Bay Shore, Long Island. Will pay $250 brokerage, besides expense for title policy and drawing papers and mortgage tax. Principals apply at once to
J. E. HAGGERTY,
3d Floor, 185 Madison Avenue, N. Y. City.

WANTED.—$8,000 SECOND MORTGAGE AT SIX PER CENT., well secured on centrally situated New York property, appraised at $110,000; value $130,000; title company first mortgage, $67,000; will pay $800 brokerage to cover expenses; only principals apply, at once to J. E. Haggerty, 185 Madison Av., N. Y. City.

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Mortgage Money Low rates and charges. Firm of H. H. Hazelton & C. R. Levy, 55 Liberty St.

CITY HOUSES TO LET—Unfurnished.

Exceptional Private Dwelling
34 WEST 87TH STREET,
Near proposed L station, crosstown cars. Suitable for doctor.
Apply on premises, or to
ROBT. R. RAINEY,
95 Liberty St.

Reduced Rents
Desirable Dwellings.
Call or send for list.
PORTER & CO.
159 WEST 125TH.
TELEPHONE
958—MORNINGSIDE

718 MADISON AV., NEAR 63D ST.,
very desirable four-story and basement brownstone Dwelling to let;
twelve rooms and two baths;
rent moderate; possession at once.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES. TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

New Office Building in the Bronx
N. W. Cor. 148th St. & Courtlandt Ave.

One block from the Leading Business and Traffic Center of the Bronx—intersection 149th St., Third, Melrose and Willis Aves. (Subway and "L" Stations).

DESIRABLE OFFICES FOR RENT
(Single and En Suite)
MODERATE RENTS.
Apply
CENTRAL UNION GAS CO.
on premises,
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Trinity Building
111 Broadway
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Flatiron Building
Broadway and 23d St.
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17 Battery Place
Modern Fireproof Construction
Superior Offices At Reasonable Rents
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Exceptional light loft, 25x95; reasonable rent. A. H. Sonn Co., 324 East 44th St.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET

YEAR-AROUND HOMES.

Before buying send for free beautiful photographic booklet, entitled "Homes on the Palisades, Grantwood and Morsemere, N. J." Columbia Real Estate Co., Room 1207 Times Building.

BUNGALOWS
Distinctly high-class, at beautiful
MURRAY HILL PARK
adjoining Summit, N. J.; artistic bungalows; modern conveniences; 37 minutes' ride on Lackawanna; 550 feet elevation. Club features, tennis courts, automobiles. $8,000 up, easy terms; ready June 1st.
W. HOWARD MEARS, Pres.,
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VIEWS and prices BOOKLET sent free
C. S. MAY, 38 Park Row, N.Y. 7470 Cort.

AMONG THE HILLS
AT BALDWIN PARK,
South Orange, N. J.
40 Minutes from Broadway, N. Y.
Bungalows and artistic homes.
Little cash required. Write or 'phone.
C. A. BALDWIN, 156 BROADWAY.

Astonishing Bargain! Brand-new house, six rooms and bath, steam heat; plot 50x100; only two blocks from station; high elevation, overlooking the Orange and Ramapo Mountains; twenty-five minutes from Broadway, Lackawanna Railroad; full price $2,500; worth $3,500; easy terms to suit; others from $1,600 to $15,000. Call or write; always open. Nicholson Company, Lyndhurst, New Jersey.

SOUTH ORANGE, N. J.

Eight-room house, all improvements; large living room, open fireplace, 2 baths, steam heat; very cosy and attractive; owner must sell; will take small cash payment. Owner, 156 Broadway, Room 55.

HILLTOP BUNGALOW, $175.

Among the pines and cedars, magnificent views, only 32 minutes Lackawanna; 22 trains on Erie; near station commutation 13c.; near river, boating, bathing, and fishing; large plot $150, $10 down, $5 monthly. Phone 4309 Beekman.
W. M. LANE, Room 324 C, World Building.

FOR RENT.
New hollow tile stucco house, 9 rooms and two baths; beautifully finished; best section Ridgewood; ½-acre plot; convenient to station; every convenience and improvement. Gordon & Forman, Ridgewood, N. J. Send for list of houses for sale and rent.

ACRES on the LACKAWANNA

Several parcels fertile farm land, 2½ to 5 acres each, $250 to $300 per acre; ½ mile to station; hour out; home community; loan made for building. E. E. Slocum, 141 B'way.

8 NEW SINGLE HOUSES, 7 rooms, tiled bath, sewers, steam heat, electric light and gas, parquet floors, hardwood trim; price $6,000; attractive terms; 42d Street ferry to Weehawken; Palisade trolley to 32d Street, walk west. Inquire 228. City 'phone, 526 Plaza.

For Sale—One-story frame building on 3 lots, 75x100, located at 368 6th St.; 484-486 Johnson Av., 2-story factory building on 2 lots, 40x100; Boulevard and Beach St., 2-story frame, private dwelling, 50x97. J. W. Connelly Co., 185½ Erie St., Jersey City.

Bungalows on monthly payments at Fanwood, N. J.; well built, year round homes on large shaded plots; near railroad station; $4,200 to $7,500; handsome designs; plans and full particulars sent you free. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

Put Hillsdale on your list. Visit at our expense. New houses ready for occupancy in most attractive town near New York. Easy commuting distance. All improvements. Near station and school. Johnson, 803 Singer Building.

$10 cash, balance monthly, buys a large building plot at Fanwood, N. J.; fine views and beautiful shade; near railroad station; free tickets to visit property. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway, N. Y.

LOTS, 50x150 AND LARGER; HOME Building or profitable investment; high and healthful; all facilities; Chatham, N. J., Lackawanna Road; hour out. William B. Brokaw, 100 Broadway, N. Y.

SUMMER COTTAGE.
Schooley's Mountain, N. J.; completely furnished; all improvements; $1,500 cash, balance mortgage. Address Owner, P. O. Box 1,431, New York City.

Write, better see—Lawrence Agency, South Norwalk, Conn., about
FARMS & LANDS WHY DELAY?

ACREAGES, bargains for profitable investment or development; high, healthful; Lackawanna Road; near station; hour out. William B. Brokaw, 100 Broadway, N. Y.

At Ridgewood Village, farm 6 acres; house 9 rooms; bath, barn, henneries; convenient; moderate price; particulars, photos. Quackenbush, 212 Broadway, New York.

BARGAINS, country homes; high and healthful section; low prices; good terms; Lackawanna Road; hour out. William B. Brokaw, 100 Broadway, N. Y.

AT PLAINFIELD.—Attractive dwelling, desirable location; 10 rooms, 3 baths, sun parlor, sleeping porch; $13,500. Room 527, 32 Nassau St.

Jersey City, N. J.—Three-story and basement brick dwelling; 10 rooms; will sell for actual cost, $7,500. J. A. D., 459 Washington Av., Brooklyn.

FARMS, a few desirable ones at low prices and good terms; Lackawanna Road; hour out. William B. Brokaw, 100 Broadway, N. Y.

Splendid opportunity for builder at Tuxedo Park, South Orange, N. J. John Caulliet & Co., Inc., Essex Bldg., Newark, N. J.

41 Park Row & 147 Nassau St.
Junction Park Row, Spruce & Nassau Sts., Opposite City Hall Park.
OFFICES TO LET, Bldg. 16 stories high. 3 sides open on 3 streets.
Modern Building. Continuous Service
Apply E. A. TREDWELL, on premises.

33 WATER STREET
Near Broad Street
Entire building to let, five-story and cellar; size 28' 7"x80; rent low.
POSSESSION AT ONCE.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

361 GREENWICH ST.
CLOSE TO HARRISON ST.,
five-story and basement;
Entire Building to let;
rent low; possession at once.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

LOFTS, skylight, 50x110, new bldg. 17th St., 7th Av.; $2,000.
DUROSS CO., 155 W. 14th.

LOFTS 50x100, 50 W. 21st St., light 4 sides; special inducements.
Duross Co., 155 West 14th St.

Lofts, with power, heat, elevator; immediate possession; light all sides. 231 William St., or apply H. Gilbert, 135 William St., N. Y.

$15 Up Month. Exceptionally light and cheerful OFFICES in Modern Fireproof Bldg. 109 Broad St

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN.

West Side.

Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

THE MIDLOTHIAN
353 West 117th St.
5 and 6 Rooms, $35.00 to $45.00.
Elevator, telephone, steam heat, hot water, tiled bath, uniform service, electric light; all rooms outside light and air. See janitor.

SEMIRAMIS 137 W. 110th St. **ZENOBIA** 217 W. 110th St.
High-class elevator apartments, facing Central Park; 5, 7, and 8 rooms; every convenience. Rents $780-$1,100. Concessions. Apply Superintendents on premises, or Louis Schlechter, 217 West 110th.

West Side.

IVY COURTS
230 West 107th St., off Broadway.
To sublet to October 1st, 1912,
One six-room apartment,
One seven-room apartment.
Southern exposure; large, bright rooms; unusual closets; first-class elevator apartment house; modern improvements.
Will rent at a sacrifice.

Washington and Jefferson,
818-828 WEST 51ST STREET.
Attractive apartments, six and eight large, light rooms; bath, elevator, and all modern improvements. Premises or Alexander Wilson, 489 5th Av.

301 WEST 46TH ST.
7 rooms and bath;
moderate rent.
ASHFORTH & CO., 11 East 42d St.

308 WEST 15TH ST.
ATTRACTIVE BACHELOR APARTMENTS.
2 rooms and bath, $32
ASHFORTH & CO., 11 East 42d St.

East Side.

THE CARLTON
157 EAST 81ST ST.
New fireproof elevator apartments, 8 extra large rooms, foyer halls, tiled bath with showers; separate maid's convenience. Rents $1,000 up. Supt.

FLATS OF SEVEN EXTRA LARGE,
light rooms and bath, in the
well-kept apartment houses,
720-728 Third Av., near 45th St.;
rents low; possession May 1st.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

THE CLEVELAND
126-130 East 24th St.
Apartments of 9 rooms, ample closets, etc.

Kingston—129 East 76th St.
Handsome apartment, 7 large, light rooms, $55.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

BEAUTIFUL APARTMENT
on Riverside Drive, sublet furnished or unfurnished.
SPECIAL INDUCEMENT
to right party.
M. H. Joseph, 587 Riverside Drive.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

PLAYER PIANOS $275
88 Note—Best in the World.
Lang System.
241 W. 42d St.

WINTERROTH PIANOS,
105 East 14th St. and 14 West 125th St.
Bargains, upright pianos, $75 up; $5 monthly. Chickering Grand, $100; player-pianos, $350 up.

Other "Furnished" and "Unfurnished" Apartments advertised on next to last page.

RESORTS.
1 time per line, 25c. 7 times, consecutively, $1.40. 30 times, consecutively or every other day, $5.00.

RESORTS.
1 time per line, 25c. 7 times, consecutively, $1.40. 30 times, consecutively or every other day, $5.00.

NEW ENGLAND. NEW ENGLAND.

White Mountains
OF NEW HAMPSHIRE

The most wonderful summer playground in America. We'd like to send you our *picture booklet about it.* Mailed free.

It tells of the unimaginable beauty of these mountains in summer; the joy of breathing the life-giving air; of mountain climbing, tramping, riding, golf, tennis, and every summer sport; of the endless

Social Life and Gayety;

of sumptuous hotels filled with people worth knowing; of charming little hotels and boarding places at moderate prices.

Famous Hotels

The Mount Washington, Bretton Woods, N. H. Capacity 600
Crawford House, Ent. Crawford Notch. Capacity 300
Twin Mountain House, Twin Mountain, N. H. Capacity 150
The Waumbeck & Cottages, Jefferson, N. H. Capacity 500
Sunset Hill House, Sugar Hill, N. H. Capacity 300
Intervale House, Intervale, N. H. Capacity 125
The Balsams, Dixville Notch, N. H. Capacity 200
The Mount Pleasant, Bretton Woods, N. H. Capacity 325
Fabyan House, Fabyan, N. H. Capacity 300
Maplewood Hotel & Inn, Bethlehem, N. H. Capacity 540
New Profile House, Franconia Notch, N. H. Capacity 500
The Sinclair, Bethlehem, N. H. Capacity 300
Mountain View House, Whitefield, N. H. Capacity 150
Mt. Madison House, Gorham, N. H. Capacity 200

A booklet worth reading in considering summer plans. Write for it to

THE NEW ENGLAND LINES
Room 818, So. Station, Boston, Mass.

THE NEW ENGLAND LINES
BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD — NEW YORK NEW HAVEN AND HARTFORD RAILROAD CO. — MAINE CENTRAL RAILROAD

NEW ENGLAND—Vermont.

LAKE BOMOSEEN.—The Prospect and 10 cottages; all outdoor sports; garage; booklet. H. B. Ellis, Castleton, Vt.

NEW JERSEY—Lakewood.

LAKEWOOD, N. J.

An attractive Fall, Winter and Spring resort among the Pines, offering a dry, healthful climate, social advantages and every opportunity for outdoor recreations. The ideal place to seek freedom from the cities' discomfort.

THE LAUREL HOUSE
Now Open. A. J. MURPHY, Mgr.
THE LAUREL IN THE PINES
Now Open. FRANK F. SHUTE, Mgr.
Booklets and Information on request.
Reached from New York City via
NEW JERSEY CENTRAL R. R.

Write for illustrated booklet and rates.
BARTLETT INN
THE ONLY EUROPEAN PLAN HOTEL IN LAKEWOOD, N. J.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

HOTEL DENNIS
DIRECTLY ON THE OCEAN FRONT.
ALWAYS OPEN.
WALTER J. BUSBY.

GRAND ATLANTIC
Virginia Av., near Beach, Atlantic City. Rooms en suite, with hot and cold sea water baths. Elevator from street level. $2.50 daily and up. Special weekly rates. Auto coach meets trains. Capacity, 500. Write for booklet. COOPER & LEEDS, Owners and Prop.

NEW ENGLAND—Connecticut.

OLD PEOPLE'S HOME
For old people, nervous or invalids. Overlooking the Sound. One hour from N. Y. Write for terms, Old People's Home, So. Norwalk, Conn.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

Marlborough-Blenheim
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
Josiah White & Sons Company.

BERKSHIRE INN Open all year. Virginia Av., [illegible] Hotel from Boardwalk; $9 to $17.50 weekly; [illegible] daily. Capacity 300. Elev. Sat to Mon., $8.50, [illegible] running water; private baths. J. E. DICKINSON.

HOTEL NEW ENGLAND
South Carolina Av. and Beach. Private baths, running water in rooms, sun parlor, etc. Capacity 350. Booklet. BRYAN & WILLIAMS.

NEW JERSEY—Montclair.

"On the mountain top"
Hotel MONTCLAIR
A true home, affording EVERY recreation advantage—and only 45 minutes from Broadway!
AUTO BUS MEETS ALL TRAINS.
T. EDMOND KRUMBHOLZ, MONTCLAIR, N. J.
Also: "The Sagamore" on Lake George

NEW YORK—Long Island.

The Hall, Glen Cove, L. I.
Commuting distance of N. Y.; private beach; no mosquitoes; new wing absolutely fireproof; private baths; opens June 1st. Address 53 Irving place, New York. References.

AUCTION SALES. AUCTION SALES.

EXHIBITION TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW
Clarke's Art Rooms
5 WEST 44TH ST. (Adjoining 5th Ave. Bank.)
"A dispersal of unusual interest."
The Entire Cella Stock
(Retiring from Business) of
Antiques and Reproductions
From 676 Madison Ave., N. Y. City. With additions from a large importer,
WILL BE SOLD AT UNRESTRICTED PUBLIC AUCTION
A Collection of Beautiful Examples
Of English, French and Italian Renaissance Furniture
A SUPERBLY CARVED
ITALIAN RENAISSANCE TABLE
(Size 12 feet in length x 5 feet wide.)
From the Antico Palazzo Amerighi, Florence. Believed to be the only one of its kind in existence. The finest specimen of Italian craftsmanship ever seen in this country.
Antique Refectory Tables, Chests, Italian and Flemish Wall Tapestries, Carrara Marbles and Italian Terra Cottas, Decorative Objects in large and small pieces, etc.
SALES DAYS APRIL 17, 18, 19, 20 At 2 P. M. Each Day.
Catalogs upon Application.
THE SALE WILL BE CONDUCTED BY MR. AUGUSTUS CLARKE.

Silk Mill at Auction
Clifton Silk Mill, Town of Union, N. J.
fully equipped, ready for operation, will be sold at foreclosure at
New County Court House
JERSEY CITY,
Thursday, April 18, at 2 P. M.
Terms: 10% cash, balance 30 days.
Rare Chance for a Bargain

VALUATION $37,500.00.
Latest Styles Novelty
DRESS TRIMMINGS
P. Finkelstein & Son, Auctioneers,
Sell Thursday, April 18th,
on premises 117 Hester Street,
Entire Stock and Fixtures of
JACOB DWORKOWITZ, (retiring.)

SURROGATE NOTICES.

MEYERS.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against SAMUEL HERMAN MEYERS, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at the office of their attorney, No. 149 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the 29th day of July next.—Dated New York, the 17th day of January, 1912. BLANCHE MEYERS, ABRAHAM LEWENGOOD, ABRAHAM SARTORIUS, Executors. JESSE S. EPSTEIN, Attorney for Executors, 149 Broadway, N. Y. City.

STEVENS, BYAM K.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against BYAM K. STEVENS, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at her place of transacting business, the office of her attorneys, Messrs. Dixon & Holmes, No. 32 Liberty Street, in the City of New York, on or before the 23d day of September next.—Dated New York the 12th day of March, 1912. ELIZA L. W. STEVENS, Executrix. DIXON & HOLMES, Attorneys for Executrix, 32 Liberty Street, New York.

BANKRUPT STOCK OF GALLAND BROS.
FORMERLY OF WILKESBARRE, PA.
LACES AND EMBROIDERIES,
LAWNS AND MUSLINS.
VALUATION $50,000.00.

Charles Shongood, Auctioneer, will sell at public auction on this day, Monday, April 15th, commencing at 10:30 A. M., at 113 Leonard St., N. Y. C.

These laces and embroideries represent the finest line of goods used in the making of ladies' high grade muslin underwear, and include the widest possible assortment of imported and domestic laces, insertions, embroideries, yokes, medallions, ribbons, flannels, crepe cloth, batiste, dotted swiss, lawns, silks, cambrics, muslins, &c.

The stock is being put up in lots suitable to manufacturers, retailers, and jobbers alike.

The sale is absolutely without reserve.

FOR SALE.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED
3 Months for $5
and upwards. Every machine is in fine working order, and will be kept so during term of rental. Initial payment allowed to apply if purchased. WE SELL rebuilt machines, guaranteed for one year, at a saving of 50% to 75%. Send for catalogue.
AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE CO.,
345 Broadway, Cor. of Leonard St. Tel. 5408 Franklin.
10 Barclay St., 7 Doors from B'way. Tel. 6353 Cortlandt.

MEN'S TAILORING WEEKLY PAYMENTS
SKILLFUL DESIGNERS and CUTTERS, superb fabrics, very latest fashions; absolutely confidential, no references referred to. DELIVERED ON SMALL DEPOSIT PAYMENT. Call and see
EXCHANGE CLOTHING CO.,
No. 19 Park Place. Near Broadway.

DESKS Roll and Flat Top. Chairs, Filing Cabinets. Office Partition. HAMBURGER, 33 E. 20th St.

TYPEWRITERS All makes repaired, sold, $10 to $65. Eagle T. Co., 312 Broadway.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—The western storm centre has moved to Southern Minnesota, but low pressure continues generally over interior districts, except in the Northwest. There will be local snows or rains Monday in the Northwest States and the northern upper lake region, and showers over the southern upper lake and the lower lake region, the Upper Ohio Valley, and the Atlantic and East Gulf States, followed by generally fair weather Tuesday, except in the Northeast districts, where showers will probably continue. Over the central portion of the country, the Southwest and extreme West, the weather will be generally fair Monday and Tuesday. It will be somewhat warmer Monday in the interior of New England and the Middle Atlantic States, followed by falling temperatures Tuesday or Tuesday night.

The winds along the New England Coast will be southeast and south, becoming brisk; Middle Atlantic Coast moderate to brisk, southeast to south; South Atlantic Coast moderate, east and southeast. Steamers departing Monday for European ports will have moderate to brisk southeast and south winds, with unsettled, showery weather to the Grand Banks.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY AND TUESDAY.

Eastern New York—Showers and warmer Monday; Tuesday showers, cooler by night. Moderate to brisk east to south winds.

New Jersey—Showers Monday or Monday night and probably Tuesday, slightly warmer Monday, moderate east to south winds.

Eastern Pennsylvania—Showers Monday or Monday night and probably Tuesday; slightly warmer Monday, cooler Tuesday, east and north portion; moderate east to south winds.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1911.	1912.		1911.	1912.
3 A. M.	49	40	4 P. M.	55	47
6 A. M.	50	40	6 P. M.	56	47
9 A. M.	52	48	9 P. M.	55	44
12 M.	57	45	12 P. M.	57	43

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 44; for the corresponding date last year it was 52; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 48.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 42; at 8 P. M. it was 46. Maximum temperature, 48 degrees at 5:15 P. M.; minimum, 40 degrees at 3 A. M. Humidity, 98 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 89 per cent. at 8 P. M.

FIRE RECORD.

A. M. Loss.
1:30—308 W. 27th St.; H. C. Meade & Co. ....Trifling
2:50—4,528 Richardson Av.; N. Lagina....$200
4:10—4,281 Broadway; Hubert Arm..Trifling
4:45—508 E 117th St.; Savoy Dress Co. ....Trifling
7:45—52 E. 99th St.; Ignatz Marz....Trifling
11:45—115 W. 136th St.; Nurses of Harlem Hospital ....Trifling
11:50—413 E. 160th St.; unknown.....Trifling
P M
1:05—120 Forsyth St.; M. Goldberg......$25
1:35—413 W. 56th St.; J. Curan.......Trifling
1:45—420 W. 56th St.; H. Goldberg..Trifling
3:10—66 W. 128th St.; A. Fisher.....Trifling
4:25—768 Westchester Av.; R. Levitus...$100
5:05—2,901 8th Av.; Lowenfeld & Grager. ....Trifling
5:05—252 Front St.; W. B. Daniels....$10,000
5:10—528 W. 125th St.; S. Shoemaker.Trifling
5:20—23 Suffolk St.; B. Bischoff......Trifling
6:30—213th St and Jerome Av.; Park Department ....Trifling
8:00—415 E. 15th St.; unknown.....Trifling
9:05—451 W. 52d St.; H. Ackelfberg..Trifling
9:15—128 E. 3d St.; unknown.......Trifling
10:15—487 E. 10th St.; unknown.....Trifling
10:50—125 Mangin St.; unknown....Unknown

Arrival of Buyers.

Arriving buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

Kaufman Bros., Pittsburgh, Penn.; Nathan Kaufman, infants' wear, muslin underwear, corsets; J. Baer, boy's clothing, sporting goods; J. Keller, children's dresses; 200 5th Av.

Dayton D. G. Co., Minneapolis, Minn.; M. R. Tromme, basement, ready to wear; 79 5th Av.; Prince George.

Duffy, Powers Co., Rochester, N. Y.; W. J. Beckton, cloaks, suits, childrens' garments; Beckton, cloaks, suits, children's garments; 45 E. 17th.

Lipman, Wolfe & Co., Portland, Ore.; L. N. Levinson, cloaks, suits, waists; 100 5th Av.

Snellenberg, N. & Co., Philadelphia, Penn.; L. Englander, ladies', misses', girls' coats; 1,261 Bwy.

Milner, W. L. & Co., Toledo, Ohio; Mr. Mason, laces, embroideries, neckwear, hdkfs., optical goods; Miss Jenssen, millinery; 20 W. 22d.

Famous, St. Louis, Mo.; Mr. S. Sincoff, shirt waists; 4 Washington Place.

Weinberg, M., & Co., Lincoln, Neb.; M. Weinberg, coats, suits, waists, lingerie, and dresses; 7 W. 22d.

Friedman, N., & Sons Cloak Co., St. Louis, Mo.; R. V. Friedman, cloaks and suits; 23 W. 24th.

United Cloak & Suit Co., Evansville, Ind.; Mr. Grossbaum, cloaks, suits, and dresses; 15 E. 26th.

Heymann Morris, Havana, Cuba, men's furn. goods; 260 W. B'way.

Kokomo D. G. Co., Kokomo, Ind.; I. Schnewind, general mdse.; Imperial.

Loveman, D. B., Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.; C. G. Walline, general mdse., (basement;) 148 W. 23d.

Fair, The, Chicago, Ill.; T. J. Madden, ladies' neckwear, laces, embroideries; P. Fleer, upholstery goods, curtains, bedding; 225 4th Av.

Neusteter Co., Denver, Col.; M. D. Neusteter, ladies' ready-to-wear; Miss E. Keene, ladies' ready-to-wear; 114 5th Av.

Healy Knitting Co., Detroit, Mich.; H. B. Sharkey, yarns, trimmings; 220 5th Av.

Frank & Seder, Pittsburgh, Penn.; L. Seder, cloaks, suits; Miss Upperman, children's and infants' wear; 225 4th Av.

United Cloak and Suit Co., Evansville, Ind.; W. Grossbaum, Spring coats, suits, dresses; 15 E. 26th.

Boston Store, Chicago, Ill.; Miss K. Leahy, laces, embroideries, ladies' neckwear; 114 5th Av.

Hurst, J. E., Co., Baltimore, Md.; J. H. Wells, cloaks, suits; 31 Union Square.

Field, Marshall, & Co., Chicago, Ill.; W. H. Miller, furniture; J. L. Dumaine, silks; 104 Worth

Siegel Cooper & Co., Chicago, Ill.; Miss M. E. Noonan waists, and sweaters; 6th Av. and 20th.

Strauss, H., & Sons Co., Louisville, Ky.; F. E. Flint, cloaks, suits, and waists; Breztell.

Rosenthal-Sloan Millinery Co., St. Louis, Mo.; M. Gwiener, silks, laces, and ornaments; 621 B'way.

Burke, FitzSimons, Hone, & Co., Rochester, N. Y.; J. H. Lambert, hosiery, gloves, and underwear; Imperial.

Stucky, Quest & Co., Louisville, Ky.; T. H. Stucky, dry goods; 121 Prince.

Miller & Rhodes, Richmond, Va.; G. S. Reeder, cloaks, suits, and waists; 55 White; Wolcott.

Mabley & Carew Co., Cincinnati, Ohio; R. G. Carew, boys' clothing and men's furn. goods; Wolcott.

Barr, William, D. G. Co., St. Louis, Mo.; Miss S. McKenna, laces, dress trimmings; 4 Washington Place; Great Northern.

Scruggs, Vandervoort & Barney D. G. Co., St. Louis, Mo.; Miss E. Genge, waists; 214 Church; Wolcott.

Meldrum, H. A., Co., Buffalo, N. Y.; Miss M. A. Murray, muslin underwear, corsets, infants' wear; 41 Union Square.

Levin Bros., Terre Haute, Ind.; I. P. Levin, paper, woodenware; Albert.

McConnell, S. E., Atlanta, Ga.; notions, fur. goods; Albert.

Miller-Daniel Co., Baltimore, Md.; W. M. Starkey, hosiery, gloves, furn. goods; J. D. Sultzer, corsets, laces, hdkfs., small wares; 48 Leonard; Hoffman House.

Boston Store, Chicago, Ill.; Miss R. Steiner, knit underwear; Miss Feldman, representing; 114 5th Av.; Wellington.

Field, Schlick & Co., St. Paul, Minn.; J. G. Morrisey, cloaks, suits; 45 E. 17th.

Brown, Thompson & Co., Hartford, Conn.; H. B. Strong, upholstery goods and clothing; 2 Walker St.

Garland, J. W., St. Louis, Mo.; cloaks, suits; 15 E. 26th.

Rosenthal-Sloan Millinery Co., St. Louis, Mo.; S. Block, hats, untrimmed; 621 Bway.

Kazanzian Bros., Louisville, Ky.; H. G. Kazanzian, rugs; Marlborough.

Woodward & Lothrop, Washington, D. C.; F. E. Woodward, books; 334 4th Av.; Herald Square.

Robertson-Sutherland Co., Lawrence, Mass.; Miss H. L. Snow, cloaks, suits; 55 White; Herald Square.

Blodgett, Ordway & Webber, Boston, Mass.; W. W. Webber, linens; 396 Bway.

Manheimer Bros., St. Paul, Minn.; B. L. Goodkind, pictures and china; 320 Church.

Schwartz Bros. & Co., New Orleans, La.; S. Schwartz, hosiery and furn. goods; 75 Leonard.

Fowler, Dick & Walker, Binghamton, N. Y.; A. Whitelaw, furn. goods; 104 5th Av.

Fowler, Dick & Walker, Wilkesbarre, Penn.; D. M. Fowler, dry goods; 104 5th Av.

Adam, Meldrum & Anderson Co., Buffalo, N. Y.; R. S Weymonth, millinery; 2 Walker.

H. FREIND, Chicago,
WANTS
2000 Coats and Suits
MUST BE BARGAINS.
Office, care Bonis & Co.,
FUR DEALERS,
131 WEST 27TH ST.

Fall serge dresses wanted. Write and state what goods manufacture. L 82 Times.

Lost

LOST—Liberal reward for part of diamond brooch, containing 32 diamonds, lost between Broadway Theatre and 82d St., near 5th Av., on Wednesday, April 10. Dreicer & Co., 560 5th Av.

LOST.—A silver meshbag, between Broadway Theatre and Hotel Navarre, ladies' dressing room. Return Lost Department, Times, Times Building. Reward.

LOST—Diamond horseshoe, near 50th St. Liberal reward if returned to Adele Covert, St. George Hotel, Brooklyn. No questions asked.

LOST.—Bank book No. 183,132, the New York Savings Bank. Payment stopped. Finder please return to bank.

Lost and Found, Cats, Dogs

LOST—On Wednesday, April 10, 5 P. M., an Airedale, last seen 8th Av., Brooklyn, near 3d St.; red collar, slit right ear, answering name Tabo. Finder please return to Merrill Bishop, 634 3d St., Brooklyn; reward.

LOST—On or around March 27, white French bull bitch on 3d Av. and 64th St. Twenty-five dollars reward and no questions asked if returned to 14 East 65th St.

LOST—Small white dog; collar and purple ribbon. Return to 107 Madison Av., N. Y.

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, 102d St. and East River, or the Ambulance House at 111 East 22d St. Owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons wishing to secure pets should apply at the Shelter.

Found

FOUND—April 13. POLICE DEPARTMENT. Apply 240 Centre St.: Public porter's Badge 11; traveling card, issued to Dr. Claudius R. P. Fisher, 3,437, by Mecca Temple; chauffeur license; lady's handbag, containing a small amount of money, &c.; purse, containing a small amount of money, &c.; open-face watch, with initials.

FOUND, April 12—HUDSON AND MANHATTAN RAILROAD COMPANY. HUDSON TUBES. Apply 137 Christopher St.: Pamphlets, pen, signs, card case, hat.

Business Opportunities

NOTICE.

A young man of refinement and with excellent recommendations as to general character, financial integrity, &c., has an option on a paying horse ranch in Southern New Mexico. He has had a seven-years' experience, and thorough grounding in horse and cattle raising in that country, and desires to act as a companion and partner to some one of means who could take the larger interest in such a ranch. He is particularly well qualified to take charge of some boy in ill health whose parents may have contemplated such a life for him, and yet who were not conversant enough with conditions in that part of the country to enable them to pick the proper locality or business. Telephone Plaza 206 for further information.

One of the best opportunities in New York State to become a partner in an established paying automobile business is offered to a man of unquestioned character, who can command capital of $15,000 to be used in handling a business growing beyond present facilities Every opportunity will be given for a thorough investigation. For particulars, address Y 20 Times.

A LIVE young man wanted to manage office and to become financially interested in a successful manufacturing concern, which will stand most rigid investigation; not less than $600 considered; real estate security given pending assurance of success and congeniality; send references for consideration. Exceptional Opportunity. 186 Times Downtown.

EXCEPTIONAL, good opening for thoroughly competent business man to invest some money in a rapidly growing manufacturing business, and take personal management of a factory, including purchases, shipments, labor, etc. Address A. B. Labory, 5,023 4th Av., Brooklyn, N. Y. Call 9 to 1.

A long-established manufacturer of staple goods requires $25,000 to $30,000 to further extend the business, which is already profitable; party may take an active part in management or can have absolute security for the investment. Address Charles O. Le Count, 290 B'way, N. Y.

Manufacturer of household specialties wants man to invest $5,000; money to be used to extend present advertising campaign; exceptional opportunity; enormous returns guaranteed; principals only. B 314 Times Downtown.

We want three to five thousand dollars to buy lemons. Anyone interested investigate thoroughly. Offer half profits. A good chance to make big money in our judgment. L 56 Times.

Thoroughly reliable and well established manufacturing firm wants high class man with few thousand dollars to take charge of New York office; investment safely secured. K 155 Times.

Young business man wishes to invest up to $10,000 with services in successful staple manufacturing business; no brokers; confidential. L 28 Times.

Wanted—Young man to manage one of our branch offices; salary, $1,000 a year and commission; cash security required. Call Room 408, 1,600 Broadway.

I am open for a good moving picture or vaudeville theatre. No agents. Suite 406, 1,451 Broadway, corner 41st St.

GROCERY BUSINESS, old established; retiring; also saloon and lease. Spencer, 41 Kossuth Place, Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN of good character, able to make small investment, can make advantageous connection. L 53 Times

Expert manufacturer wishes a partner; salesman preferred in the dress business. K 160 Times.

Business Notices

500 Multigraph typewritten letters, $1.50; 1,000, $2; addressing, printing, lowest prices; 1,000 letterheads, envelopes, $1.50. Royal Letter Company, 15 East 14th St.

LIFE INSURANCE.
Declined risks placed; no advance fee; principals preferred direct. Address Box H 157 Times.

Gray's Multigraph Typewritten Letters, $1.00 1,000. Samples submitted. Telephone 1332 Cortlandt. Gray, 93 Nassau.

Boarders Wanted

West Side.

5TH AV., 46.—Large and small rooms; gentlemen, couple; table guests accommodated; references.

11TH, 112 and 114 WEST.—Pleasant rooms; exceptional table and service; table boarders accommodated.

11TH ST., 23 WEST.—Comfortable furnished rooms; running water; telephone; with board.

44TH ST., 260 WEST.—Alliance House, "Quiet Place for Quiet People"; single rooms, including board, $10 per week; use of bath; suites, consisting parlor, sleeping apartments, private bathroom, $30 up per week, including board for two; other double rooms; steam heated throughout; elevator service. 'Phone 793 Bryant.

49TH ST., 68 WEST.—Established 24 years; rooms and suits; baths; telephones; superior table; moderate.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.—Large and small rooms; first-class references; table guests.

58TH ST., 37 WEST.—Large and small rooms; electric light, private bath; superior table; references.

64TH ST., 115 WEST.—Large, pleasant room, suitable for one or two; excellent table; moderate.

68TH, 56 WEST.—Beautiful room, elegantly furnished; electricity; adjoining bath; attentive service; Southern cooking.

70TH, 151 WEST.—Second-story room; private bath; hot water supply; room telephone; references.

269 WEST 70TH ST.
Attractive rooms; 'phone; Sub.; board optional.

71ST ST., 130 WEST.—Two large connecting rooms; every convenience; excellent table; Subway, "L."

120 WEST 71ST ST.
Attractive rooms; suite suitable doctor; baths, electricity.

72D ST., 122 WEST.—Attractive, large, small rooms; private bath; studio apartment; high-class accommodations.

72D, 152 WEST.—Room, board, piano, for young ladies studying music, art; references; moderate.

72D ST., 131 WEST.—Large and single rooms; southern exposure; private baths; table guests; references.

175 WEST 73D ST.
Pleasant rooms; telephone; subway; "L"; excellent board.

74TH ST., 149 WEST.—Attractive rooms; private bath; suitable one, two; board optional; reasonable; references.

76TH ST., 237 and 239 WEST.—Large, medium rooms; private bath; high-class house; excellent table.

76TH ST., 232-234 WEST.—Desirable large, small rooms, table guests; references.

76TH ST., 249 WEST.—Desirable rooms; parlor dining; table board; references.

78TH ST., 168 WEST.—Lovely rooms; improvements; excellent table; central location; private family; board optional.

78TH ST., 121 WEST.—For bachelors; medium-sized rooms, bath connecting; private family; reasonable.

80TH ST., 124 WEST.—Large and small rooms; private surroundings; exceptionally good table; very reasonable.

81ST ST., 156 WEST.—Unexpectedly vacated, double and single rooms, with board; table boarders accommodated.

82D ST, 128 WEST.—Every room bath, steam heat, electric lights, parquet floors; catering; telephone.

82D ST., 50-52 WEST.—Rooms, singly or en suite; baths; electricity. 'Phone Schuyler 8397.

83D ST., 11 WEST.—Delightful home for Southern people, near Central Park; special rates parties going; gentlemen or families; excellent board.

84TH ST., 37 WEST.—First-class accommodations for two, three gentlemen; excellent home cooking. Jewish family.

84TH, 53 WEST.—Summer prices; bright room; excellent board; suitable gentlemen; with Jewish family.

84TH ST., 55 WEST.—Large rooms, second floor; also hall room; parlor dining; Americans; references.

82D ST., 55 WEST.—Medium room; also hall room; bath, running water adjoining; moderate.

90TH, 12 WEST.—Elegant house; can accommodate select people; suitable physician's office; excellent table.

91ST ST., 55 WEST, near Park, (Taylor House.)—Handsomely furnished rooms; large parlor; dining rooms; excellent table; fine location. Telephone 2729 Riverside.

91ST ST., 48 WEST.—Large, small, elegant rooms; private baths; excellent home table; near parks.

92D, 54 WEST.—Desirable large rooms; piano; $10-$18; superior table. Telephone 9939 Riverside.

93D ST., 128-130 WEST.—Rooms in high-class boarding house; reasonable; table guests; telephone.

93D, 304 WEST.—Newly decorated, beautifully furnished double and single rooms; table a specialty.

93D ST., 122 WEST.—Desirable room with all conveniences; good board; references.

94TH ST., 16 WEST.—Large room, with board; table guests; convenient "L." Telephone 7442—Riverside.

(100TH ST.) 828 West End Av.—Delightful rooms; private bath; telephone; attractive board; table guests.

101ST ST., 215 WEST, Corner Broadway.—Corner room; private bath; southern exposure; single room, adjoining bath; Summer rates; home cooking; excellent table. Masline.

103D ST., (West End Av., 879.)—Large, bright rooms, bath; Subway; excellent cuisine; rates moderate.

104TH, 140 WEST.—Large room, running water; elevator apartment; private family; business man; reasonable.

110TH ST., 237 WEST.—Beautiful room; private bath; southern exposure; also a beautiful front room, facing Central Park, with electric light, telephone, and elevator service; board optional; reasonable.

113TH ST., 611 WEST, (Near Drive.)—Handsomely furnished room; excellent board; private family; $15 for one. Apt. 61. Tel. 7144 Morningside.

113TH ST., 544 WEST—Large front room suitable two, three, parlor dining, table guests, home cooking.

118TH ST., 417 WEST.—Newly decorated and furnished rooms; Southern cooking, daintily served; Subway; trolley.

123D ST., 519 WEST.—Acropolis Hotel, near Riverside; single rooms, suites; board optional; reasonable rates.

130TH ST., 250 WEST, (Near L Station.)—Medium-sized room, suitable for one or two.

137TH, 602 WEST.—(Broadway Subway); high class accommodations; front room, suitable two; excellent German cooking; refined private family; elevator. Apartment 43.

140TH, 455 WEST.—Large room; electric light; unexcelled cuisine; table guests. 'Phone Audubon 7217.

144TH ST., 472 WEST.—Private residence; exceptionally clean; desirable accommodations; excellent table board; reasonable rates.

145TH ST., 613 WEST.—Large room overlooking Hudson; running water; closets; good board; telephone; references.

149TH, 544 WEST, (near Broadway Subway, Riverside.)—No place more beautiful, no section more healthy to live; "The Audubon" offers first-class accommodations; large rooms $14 up, including excellent board for two; single, $8 up; electricity; private phone; bathroom adjoining every room.

LA PORTE HOTEL, 117th St. and Amsterdam Av.—First-class apartment hotel; elegant rooms, single, en suite; newly decorated; terms moderate; highest elevation in Manhattan; home cooking.

WAVERLEY PLACE, 101, The Park.—Large sunny rooms; private bath; single rooms; excellent table.

East Side.

54TH ST., 15 EAST.—Splendid inducements; Summer rates; unexcelled residential block; cuisine and service; references.

MADISON AV., 71.—Large and small rooms, with board; best accommodations; telephone; references exchanged.

MADISON AV., 839, (70th St.)—Large, handsome rooms, with board; breakfast in rooms; references.

Country Board

Staten Island.

THE GABLES, 999 Castleton Av.—Large grounds, piazzas; trolleys pass door; connect boats; references.

Country Board Wanted

WANTED—At Atlantic Highlands, N. J., board for single young man in strictly private family. Please write, stating terms and full particulars, K 60 Times.

Furnished Rooms

West Side.

8TH ST., 8 WEST.—Two rooms and bath; nicely furnished; board optional.

9TH ST., 17 WEST.—Private house; suites for bachelors; suitable two, three; electricity; telephone; transient facilities; unsurpassed; references.

12TH ST., 61 WEST.—Beautifully furnished, newly decorated, exceptionally bright rooms; telephone; single room, $3.

19TH ST., 237 WEST.—Large, light room; hot water; bath; suitable one or two gentlemen.

20TH, 428 WEST.—Furnished single, double rooms, all improvements; opposite campus of Chelsea Seminary.

22D ST., 426 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, sunny, back parlor and dressing room; running water; telephone.

23D, 431 WEST.—Newly furnished and decorated large front and back rooms, single, connecting.

42D, 322 WEST.—Beautifully furnished, clean, bright rooms; tiled bath; $2 upward; men. Hughes.

46TH ST., 43 WEST.—Large and small rooms; private bath; gentlemen; refined house; references.

46TH ST., 45 WEST.—Furnished rooms; gentlemen; references.

48TH ST., 115 WEST.—Large and small rooms; gentlemen only; references. Telephone 3796 Bryant.

49TH ST., 247 WEST.—Parlor, bedroom, connecting; modern; electric light; furnished; first class. MRS. LELONG.

56TH ST., 369 WEST.—Front parlor, connecting bedroom; nicely furnished; conveniences; private family. Stanton.

58TH ST., 120 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms; all conveniences; breakfast; select location; telephone 381 Columbus.

58TH ST., 17 WEST.—Magnificent parlor suite; private bath; electricity; suitable physician or family adults.

59TH ST., 208 WEST.—Facing Central Park; furnished rooms; all conveniences; electric light; $4 up; suitable for studio.

68TH ST., 38 WEST.—Bachelor apartments; exquisitely kept; unrivaled service; absolutely private; every modern convenience; breakfast if desired; highest references only.

130 WEST 69TH ST.
Attractive suite; private bath; small room; every convenience.

70TH ST., 130 WEST.—Fourth floor single room, hot water supply, bath adjoining; references.

70TH ST., 138 WEST.—Attractive room; private bath; steam heat; private house; gentleman only.

70TH, 267 WEST.—Front and back rooms, with dressing rooms; electricity, telephone; board optional.

71ST ST., 351 WEST.—Attractive single rooms, $4 up; suites; private bath; gentlemen. 2317 Columbus.

71ST ST., 141 WEST.—A large room; private house; men only; references.

72D ST., 302 WEST.—Extremely pleasant, nicely furnished, large, front room; smaller room; 'phone; gentlemen.

73D, 166 WEST.—Attractive rooms with every convenience; southern exposure; near Subway express.

74TH ST., 104 WEST.—Attractive room, dressing room attached; also small room; telephone; Summer rates.

74TH, 106 WEST.—Cosy, single room, southern exposure; running water.

76TH ST., 125 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms in first-class neighborhood; breakfast optional; telephone; references.

77TH ST., 116 WEST.—Large and small rooms; doctor's floor; Summer rates; references required.

77TH ST., 109 WEST.—Large front room, second floor; first-class house; accessible; telephone; reasonable.

77TH, 102 WEST.—Medium-sized, front room; running water; bath adjoining; private house.

79TH ST., 162 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms; Summer rates; also a parlor floor; doctor's office or musical studio.

79TH ST., 169 WEST.—Large and small rooms, adjoining bath; high-class house; references.

80TH ST., 132 WEST.—Large, nicely furnished room with bath; one flight; private house; references.

81ST ST., 108 WEST.—Nicely furnished, medium sized rooms; private house; all conveniences; reasonable; references.

82D ST., 146 WEST.—Attractive, light, clean rooms; select modern apartment; running water; large closets; private family; Subway, "L." 8706—Schuyler. Haskins.

83D ST., 121 WEST.—Nice room in small private house; electric light, all conveniences; reasonable.

82D ST., 327 WEST.—Private house, overlooking Drive; running hot, cold water; telephone; moderate. Campbell.

84TH, 160 WEST.—Large, pleasant front room, one or two ladies; board optional; Subway, elevated; reasonable; private family; references exchanged. Woodburn.

84TH ST., 54 WEST.—Ideal Summer room, dressing room; all conveniences; attractive private house; reasonable.

84TH ST., 64 WEST.—Nice front room; suitable for one or two; running water; moderate.

149 WEST 84TH ST.
Private family rent two exceptionally well-furnished, sunny rooms, adjoining bath; Subway, "L"; moderate terms to gentlemen. Arnold.

87TH, 176 WEST.—Two or three connecting rooms; running water; also small room. Bruns.

92D ST., 68 WEST.—Two nice rooms; private house; all conveniences; near elevated; reasonable; reference.

93D ST., 119 WEST.—Large and small attractive, clean rooms; running water; reasonable; private house.

94TH ST., 34 WEST.—Large, handsomely furnished room; quiet, refined surroundings. Owner. Reference.

(95TH ST.) 710 WEST END AVE.—Large, small, comfortable rooms; reasonable; Subway express, trolley. Dick.

95TH ST., 151 WEST.—Neatly furnished large rooms; references.

97TH, 150 WEST.—Large and small rooms; running water; Subway express; private family; owner.

97TH, 145 WEST.—Private family; large, sunny, second floor front room; handsomely furnished; bath.

101ST ST., 10 WEST.—Suite, large, light, every convenience, $5.50; or separate; two beds; use kitchen. Schmitz, Apartment 34.

103D ST., (58 Manhattan Av.)—Large front parlor and bedroom; also single room. Russell.

80 WEST 105TH ST.
Attractive front room; running water; "L," Subway.

107TH ST., 209 WEST.—Exceptionally large, beautifully furnished parlor and bedroom; all conveniences; telephone. Papenhausen.

107TH ST., 230 WEST.—High-class elevator apartment; attractive rooms, beautifully furnished; references. Gurnee.

113TH ST., 606 WEST.—Unusually light, attractive room; high-class apartment; Subway express; references. Smith.

114TH ST., 528 WEST.—Large, cool rooms; private house; telephone, bath; convenient transportation.

425 WEST 114TH ST.
Delightful, airy room; overlooking Columbia Campus. Sayward.

115TH ST., 403 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms in elevator apartment. 'Phone Morningside 8889. Meisner.

118TH ST., 414 WEST.—Artistically furnished, near Columbia; Subway; moderate; gas, electricity, elevator, telephone. Smith.

118TH ST., 430 WEST.—Large, comfortable front rooms; elevator, mail chute, telephone; subway. Robinson.

118TH ST., 405 WEST.—Attractive rooms; high-class elevator apartment; all conveniences. Apartment 41.

121ST, 506 WEST, (Apartment 52.)—Large, light, airy room; suitable one or two. Stokes.

122D ST., 540 WEST.—Large, small outside, sunny rooms. 'Phone, electricity, elevator. Apartment 51.

122D ST., 500 WEST.—Private family; elevator apartment; terms reasonable. Apartment 6B.

122D ST., 416 WEST.—Large, pleasant room; reasonable; private family. Apt. 31.

124TH ST., 534 WEST.—Beautiful large front; elevator, piano, 'phone; shower bath; "L," Subway. Morris.

155TH ST., 575 WEST.—Two large, sunny rooms, furnished, separate or en suite, in private home, near 157th Subway. A. Horton.

146TH ST., 600 WEST.—Attractive rooms, single or en suite; Hudson view; elevator; Subway. Apartment 62

148TH ST., 562 WEST.—Beautiful, large front room; lavatory; elevator; board optional. Apt. 22.

153D ST., 462 WEST.—Comfortable, airy room in private house; meals optional; reasonable; references.

155TH, 535 WEST, (Apartment 48.)—Couple would rent room to lady. Phone 437 Audubon.

COLUMBIA HEIGHTS.—Modern apartment; single, double, $3. 420 W. 121st St., apartment 35; evenings.

600 RIVERSIDE DRIVE,
Corner 137th, overlooking Hudson, parlor, bedroom, private bath, refrigerator, independent entrance; restaurant; exceptional. Apt. 34.

TWO WELL-FURNISHED rooms with bath, with or without meals. Y 11 Times.

East Side.

5TH AV., 2,074, (near 127th St.)—Neatly furnished rooms; Subway and Grand Central; homelike; moderate.

17TH ST., 130 EAST.—Well-furnished large room; couple or two gentlemen; small rooms.

29TH ST., 43 EAST.—Desirable room; private house; all conveniences; telephone; references.

37TH ST., 6 and 8 EAST.—Elegant, large front room with alcove; kitchenette; bath; elevator; eelctric lights; telephone. Chaffee Studio.

45TH ST., 16 EAST.—Handsome rooms, private bath; square room; running water; single room; references.

48TH ST., 24 EAST.—Handsomely furnished suites; private baths; second floor, front; select house; references.

58TH ST., 224 EAST.—Nicely furnished room for gentleman; private house; all conveniences; telephone.

76TH ST., 32 EAST.—Attractive rooms; ideal Summer location; board optional; Summer rates; telephone.

IRVING PLACE, 14, (Corner 15th St., Block East of Union Square.)—Front rooms; box spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

LEXINGTON AV., 809.—Physician's office, with large parlor, in private residence. Phone 6875 Plaza.

MADISON AV.,180.—Near Subway; large room; adjoining bath; newly furnished and decorated; telephone.

MADISON AV., 295.—Beautiful, large, front room, adjoining bath; phone; Subway; select.

PARK PLACE, 177.—Park Slope; private family desires to rent few large rooms to refined couple or gentlemen; quiet surroundings.

Unfurnished Rooms

46TH ST., 45 WEST.—Handsome, large, unfurnished room; gentlemen; reference.

Apartments to Let, Unfurnished

West Side.

For American adult family, 5 light rooms, flats, $26-$27; apartment 5 rooms, $23; steam, hot water supply, electric light; near churches, stores; Fordham "L" station. Phelps, Agt., 407 East 187th St and Webster Av., Bronx.

The Augusta, 255 West 92d St.—One block from Broadway cars; one block from Subway station; seven rooms, bath, two toilets; rent, $70; cheapest apartments below Harlem.

For Rent.—Very desirable apartment, 8 rooms, 3 baths; size 25x100; steam heat, hot water and electric lights; recently renovated; rent $65. 208 West 14th St., Hugh Slevin.

407 WEST 123D ST.
Single apartments, seven extra large rooms, shower baths; fronting Park; improvements; $45. Owner on premises.

Apartment to sublet, 6 rooms, top floor, elevator apartment; concessions. 2,400 7th Av., corner 140th St. Apartment 75.

47th St., 16 West.—Small kitchenette apartment, newly renovated; rooms all light; splendid neighborhood; moderate.

100th, 251 West, (between West End and Broadway.)—Apartment, 8 rooms; bath; butler's pantry.

16TH, 5 WEST, AT FIFTH AV.
Bachelor apartments; college men, &c.; references.

159th St., 478 West, cor. St. Nicholas Av.—Seven rooms; every improvement; $40-$42.

46 West 93d St.—Seven very light, large rooms and bath, $50.

East Side.

16-18 EAST 88TH STREET.
At extremely moderate rentals, 6-room apartments with bath, steam heat, hot water supply, and janitor service; near Fifth Avenue. Apply on premises.

Exceptionally desirable; four rooms, running through; healthful location; particular folk; $15. 327 Pleasant Av.

Unfurnished Apartments Wanted

Wanted.—A three room apartment; fair sized living room; must be in clean, well kept house south of 125th. L 55 Times.

For Sale

SLIGHTLY used office furniture, safes, typewriters, adding machines, cash registers, multigraphs, filing cabinets, desks, addressograph, wardrobes. Nathan's, West Broadway, corner White.

Invalid or boardwalk rolling chairs almost new; would exchange for furniture. 130 West 70th St.

Apartments to Let, Furnished

Morningside Park West, 54, corner 116th St.—Highest point on heights; elevated and Subway; handsomely furnished and most desirable seven-room apartment to sublet May or June till October, or for 16 months, $100; fifth floor, corner; delightfully cool, large, outside rooms; French window opening on park, east, south, and west exposure; luxurious house; elevator, mail chute, constant telephone and hall service; best references required. Telephone 4905 Morningside. Miss James.

A gentleman having opportunity to sublet, near Riverside Drive, an exceptionally attractive 4-room bachelor apartment, complete for Summer months, would be pleased to hear from gentleman caring to occupy same jointly and share expenses. Phone 1600 Audubon. Apt. 6D.

57 West 57th St.—Will sublet for Summer months bachelor apartment, three rooms and bathroom; completely furnished; every convenience; one flight; elevator; piano; restaurant below; maid service free; reasonable. Henry Fitzgerald.

St. Nicholas Av, 343, (Corner 127th.)—Handsomely, completely furnished four, five, six room elevator apartments; reduced Summer rates; $11 weekly upward; rooms adjoining bath, kitchen. $3-$6 weekly.

High class elevator apartment, 7 artistically furnished rooms, complete for housekeeping; near Riverside; immediate possession. 'Phone 3208 River. Winslow, 319 West 95th St.

Four outside, quiet rooms and shower bath complete to responsible, careful adults until October; elevator house. Apartment 66, 609 West 137th.

Account European tour, 620 Riverside Drive, (5th Av. coach, Subway, 139th,) eight rooms; pianola-piano, linens; superb view. Telephone 3130 Audubon.

Stable studio to rent furnished from May 1 to Oct. 15; four rooms and bath; in the Gramercy section. Address 53 Irving Place, New York City.

Beautiful elevator apartments, 4 and 6 rooms; handsomely furnished. Edgemere, 8 West 104th.

Pianos and Organs

Player piano; standard make; 88 note; bench, music; sell at sacrifice. 316 West 42d.

Help Wanted, Female

NURSE wanted for child 4 years; must be middle-aged, experienced, and have best personal references. Call, between 10 and 1 and 5 and 8 o'clock, Room 223, Hotel Savoy, 5th Av. and 59th St.

NURSE GIRL.—Wanted at once nurse girl, city references, for baby, 5 months only; do not apply unless having had experience with children. Benedict, 318 West 100th. Telephone 8642—River.

STANDARD FASHION CO. offers desirable positions, with good prospects of advancement, to young women skilled in designing and trimming fashionable dresses of all kinds; some knowledge of dressmaking is essential. Apply by letter, stating age and experience, to Standard Fashion Co., 12 Vandam St., New York.

UNDERGRADUATE NURSES for hospital work; salary $25 per month, and maintenance.

WANTED—Woman over 25, good education and address, as traveling saleswoman, meeting selected people; dignified work; reliable company. Mr. Spain, R. 528, 156 5th Av.

WOMEN of ability, who can bring brains and energy to the forwarding of a great movement for the protection of the American home; satisfactory financial arrangement; not a book or newspaper proposition; reference essential. B 318 Times Downtown.

Help Wanted, Male

ARE YOU after the money and willing to work hard and persistently to get it? If so we want you; hustlers paid $5 to $15 per day; steady employment. Mr. Hanaford, S. & H. Manufacturing Co., 82 Church St.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER; young man, bright, accurate, quick, neat writer; splendid chance for ambitious young man; salary to start, $9; state experience. L 39 Times.

CLEANER AND DYER.—Wanted, at once, first-class cleaner and dyer; steady work year round guaranteed; wages, $3.50 per day; only sober men need apply. Hillside Dye House, Bangor, Me.

ERRAND BOY wanted; reference required. Apply Monday, between 10 and 11, Room 1,106, 2 West 45th St.

LOCAL REPRESENTATIVE WANTED.—Splendid income assured right man to act as our representative after learning our business thoroughly by mail. Former experience unnecessary. All we require is honesty, ability, ambition, and willingness to learn a lucrative business. No soliciting or traveling. This is an exceptional opportunity for a man in your section to get into a big paying business without capital and become independent for life. Write at once for full particulars. Address E. R. Marden, Pres. The National Co-Operative Real Estate Company, L 202 Marden Building, Washington, D. C.

HELP WANTED.—Capable operators on Jones & Lamson, Potter & Johnson turret lathes, also hand screw machine operators, Brown & Sharpe, Landis and Norton grinding machine operators; vertical milling hands, also carriage trimmers and topmakers, to capable men there are good prospects of steady employment at good wages; state age, experience. Locomobile Company of America, Bridgeport, Conn.

SALES MANAGER, possessing organization and executive ability. Room 1,514, 303 5th Av.

SALESMAN.—Can earn good money representing a large corporation; steady paying position; personal instruction given by our successful men. Call Mr. Fricke, sixth floor, 277 Broadway.

SALESMEN to sell Waltham watches on installments; $1 down, $1 weekly; big money; experience unnecessary. United Watch Co., 154 Nassau St.

SALESMAN.—Experienced on ostrich feathers; must have established trade; good references. C 220 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, young man. Apply Room 4. 10 Wall St.

WANTED — THOROUGHLY COMPETENT GENTLEMAN, WITH GOOD CONNECTIONS, AS SALESMAN TO DISPOSE OF A LIMITED AMOUNT OF STOCK OF FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY JUST ORGANIZING; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY TO MAKE MONEY FOR THE RIGHT PARTY. B 296 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

WANTED FOR U. S. ARMY—Able-bodied unmarried men between ages of 18 and 35; citizens of United States of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read, and write the English language. For information apply to Recruiting Officer, 25 3d Av., 749 6th Av., New York City; 363 Fulton St., Brooklyn, N. Y.; 47 Montgomery St., Jersey City, N. J., or any recruiting station.

Wanted. — Experienced salesman for territory west of Pittsburgh, on cloaks and suits; one with established trade and good reference. Apply Sporkin Bros. & Co., Philadelphia, Penn.

WANTED—A man over 25, of good education and address to act as salesman first, then manager; dignified work; reliable company. Mr. Spain, R. 528, 156 5th Av.

YOUNG MAN, ABOUT 25, WELL CONNECTED AND CONVERSANT WITH STOCKS, WANTED IN STOCK BROKER'S OFFICE; GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT; GIVE DETAILS IN APPLICATION. B 317 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

Help Wanted

Employment Bureaus.

Commercial.

CREDENTIAL Employment Corporation, (1904); high-grade office, executive, and clerical positions. 253 Broadway, (Agency.)

FEMALE STENOGRAPHERS, Bookkeepers, and Clerks; positions open daily. Mutual Exchange, 19 Liberty St., (Agency.)

Situations Wanted

Employment Bureaus.

Commercial.

ACCOUNTANTS. High-Grade Office Helpers.
BOOKKEEPERS. Office Service Co., (Agency.)
STENOGRAPHERS. 149 B'way. Tel. 3499 Cort.

Domestic.

BOND $1,000, Old Dominion Agency, 83 West 134th St.; guarantee A1 colored help. 1,119 Harlem.

COMPETENT COLORED HELP of all trades supplied. Riverside Employment Agency, 12 West 99th St. Riverside 1538.

Cook, chambermaid, houseworkers, porters, elevator runners. Porter's Agency, 142 West 133d St. Telephone 94 Morningside.

COOK, $30; waitress, $25; houseworker, $25; nurse. Flaherty's Agency, 485 Columbus Av. Schuyler 4298.

COLORED HOUSEWORKERS.—Several neat girls, experienced, good references, (thoroughly investigated,) want places; other Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 59th St. Phone 4786—Columbus. Established 1899.

COUPLES.—Cook, general houseworkers; experienced; colored; city, country. Instant Relief Agency, Phone 7288 Morning.

EFFICIENT help furnished at short notice. Middlesex Employment Agency, 2,229 Fifth Av. 6570 Harlem.

SHEPHERD EMPLOYMENT.—Help supplied; day, week, month; male, female. 107 West 133d St. 6916 Morningside.

Situation Wanted Advertisements on following page.

Country Houses to Let, Furnished

For Rent Furnished.—In the foothills of Adirondacks, 7 miles from Saratoga, ¼ mile from trolley, large brick house and barns, back from road in maple grove. Address Mrs. Allen Gailor, Wilton, Saratoga Co., N. Y.

WYCHMERE SEASHORE COTTAGES.
Rented; completely furnished; bathrooms; hot water; booklet.
Box 55, South Harwich, Mass.

Purchase and Exchange

A.—A.—I always pay highest cash prices for furniture, bric-a-brac, paintings, pianos. Miller, 115 University Place. Tel. 2298 Stuyvesant.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

CHARLES SHONGOOD, U. S. AUCTIONEER for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, by direction of the Receiver and pendent to the order of this court, will sell the property of the bankrupt which is described below, at public auction on Thursday, April 25th, 1912, at 10:30 A. M., at the Cafe Madrid, 1,551 and 1,553 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan.

The property to be sold consists of all the right, title, and interest of the receiver in and to the assets of the above named bankrupt as follows:

A.—Leaseholds of premises at the northwest corner of Broadway and 46th Street—known as Nos. 1,551 and 1,553 Broadway—and 201¼ and 201½ West 46th Street, together with the building on the said premises.

B.—The unexpired term of about 8½ years, a lease of a certain part of the cellar or basement space of the building (known as the Globe Theatre) adjoining the aforementioned premises on the north.

C.—The furniture and furnishings, carpets, draperies, tables, ice boxes, ranges, kitchen utensils, crockery, glassware, linen, cash registers, and all chattels now in the restaurant known as the Cafe Madrid and belonging to the bankrupt; the large and assorted stock of imported and domestic wines, liquors, meats, groceries and miscellaneous supplies, and the unexpired term of the liquor tax certificate and the all-night license pertaining to said premises and the good will of the business lately conducted on the premises by the bankrupt.

The property may be inspected on the premises on any week day between 9 A. M. and 12 noon.

Further information regarding the terms of sale, &c., may be obtained from the undersigned receiver or his attorneys.

Dated New York, April 15th, 1912.
ROBERT C. MORRIS, Receiver,
135 Broadway, New York City.
YANKAUER & DAVIDSON, Attorneys for Receiver, 261 Broadway, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the District of New Jersey.—In the matter of the FAIR DRY GOODS COMPANY, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt:

Pursuant to an order duly made in this matter, the receiver of the estate of the bankrupt will sell property belonging thereto, consisting of the fixtures and merchandise in the department store formerly conducted by the bankrupt at 165 Main Street, Hackensack, N. J., at public auction on April 18, 1912, at ten A. M.

The merchandise is an up-to-date clean stock and consists of dry goods, men's and women's furnishings, and is of the same character as carried by the finest department stores in New York City.

The fixtures are practically brand new and are the finest contained in any store in Bergen County, New Jersey. The receiver reserves the right to withdraw any or all of the property from sale at public auction, unless it brings at least 75% of the appraised value.

The property may be inspected at the above address on April 15, 16, and 17, 1912, between the hours of 9 A. M. and 4 P. M. Further information may be obtained from ELGIN L. McBURNEY, Receiver, No. 1 Montgomery St., Jersey City, N. J., and at his New York office, 302 Broadway, Manhattan, New York City, or MYERS & GOLDSMITH, Attorneys for Receiver, 100 Broadway, Manhattan, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York. —In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of PHILIP FREED, bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York, in Bankruptcy, sells Monday, April 22, 1912, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 82 Division St., Borough of Manhattan, and immediately thereafter at 490 5th Av., assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of ladies' cloaks and suits, coats, waists, dresses, showcases, fine wax figures, safe, fixtures, &c.
LEONARD J. OBERMEIER, Receiver.
EDWARD B. LEVY, Attorney for Receiver, 346 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York. —In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SISKIND LEVIN, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Monday, April 15th, 1912, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 105 Bowery, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of agateware, hardware, tinware, knives, fixtures, &c.
BERNARD J. MacCORRY, Trustee.
ISAAC STEINHAUS, Attorney for Trustee, 261 Broadway, New York.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NO. 16,430.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JULIUS D. ALEXANDER, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Julius D. Alexander of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that on the 11th day of April, A. D. 1912, the said Julius D. Alexander was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Peter B. Olney, Esq., referee in bankruptcy, No. 68 William Street, City and County of New York, on the 25th day of April, A. D. 1912, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
PETER B. OLNEY,
April 13th, 1912. Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 16,253.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of THE P. & W. VACUUM CLEANER COMPANY, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of The P. & W. Vacuum Cleaner Company of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that on the 11th day of March, A. D. 1912, the said The P. & W. Vacuum Cleaner Company was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Peter B. Olney, Esq., referee in bankruptcy, No. 68 William Street, City and County of New York, on the 26th day of April, A. D. 1912, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
PETER B. OLNEY,
April 13th, 1912. Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 15,952.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JAMES E. MILLER, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of James E. Miller of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 22d day of December, A. D. 1911, the said James E. Miller was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Nathaniel A. Prentiss, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 2 Rector Street, City and County of New York, on the 25th day of April, A. D. 1912, at 12 o'clock noon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
NATHANIEL A. PRENTISS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
April 13, 1912.

NO. 16,432.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of FREDERICK H. D. GRAHAME, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Frederick H. D. Grahame of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 12th day of April, A. D. 1912, the said Frederick H. D. Grahame was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Peter B. Olney, Esq., referee in bankruptcy, No. 68 William Street, City and County of New York, on the 25th day of April, A. D. 1912, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
PETER B. OLNEY,
April 13th, 1912. Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of STANDARD TURPENTINE COMPANY, Bankrupt.—No. 16,146.

To the creditors of Standard Turpentine Company, of the City, County and State of New York, and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that on the twenty-sixth day of February, A. D., 1912, the said Standard Turpentine Co. was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County and State of New York, on the twenty-fifth day of April, A. D., 1912, at 11:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
Dated New York, April 11th, 1912.
SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

Get Splendid Results.
The New York Times:
I have used the Situation Wanted columns of The New York Times almost daily for about three years in procuring clients in my line of accountancy. I have received splendid results.
HARRY MITCHELL,
35 East 14th Street.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

CITY OF NEW YORK.
Board of Estimate and Apportionment.

Public notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Board of Estimate and Apportionment, held March 28, 1912, the following petition was received:

TO THE HONORABLE THE BOARD OF Estimate and Apportionment of the City of New York:

Gentlemen:

THE CONEY ISLAND AND BROOKLYN RAILROAD COMPANY, a street surface railroad corporation, duly incorporated and doing business under and by virtue of the laws of the State of New York, hereby makes application for a franchise to construct, operate, and maintain a street surface railroad for the transportation of persons and property, together with the necessary connections, switches and turnouts, appurtenances and appliances, to be operated by electricity conducted and supplied through the overhead single trolley system, along the routes in the Borough of Brooklyn, City of New York, described as follows:

Commencing at a point at or near the intersection of Ninth Street and Fourth Avenue, and running thence in a northeasterly direction along Fourth Avenue to Flatbush Avenue and continuing across Flatbush Avenue into and along Ashland Place to Fulton Street with double tracks, and continuing from thence with a single track northerly along Ashland Place to De Kalb Avenue, and also with a single track from a point at or near the intersection of Ashland Place and Fulton Street; running in a westerly direction along Fulton Street to a point at or near the intersection of Fulton Street, and Rockwell Place, and from thence northerly into and along Rockwell Place to De Kalb Avenue.

Dated March 11th, 1912.
THE CONEY ISLAND AND BROOKLYN RAILROAD COMPANY,
By S. W. HUFF, President.
[Seal]
Attest: JOHN A. THAKE, Asst. Sec'y.

State of New York, City of New York, County of Kings, ss.:

On the 11th day of March, 1912, before me personally came S. W. Huff, to me known, who, being by me duly sworn, did depose and say: That he resides in the Borough of Brooklyn, City of New York; that he is the President of the Coney Island and Brooklyn Railroad Company, the corporation described in and which executed the foregoing instrument; that he knew the seal of said corporation; that the seal affixed to said instrument was such corporate seal; that it was so affixed by order of the Board of Directors of said corporation, and that he signed his name thereto by like order.
GEORGE P. FORT,
Notary Public, Kings County.

and the following resolutions were thereupon adopted:

Whereas, the foregoing petition from the Coney Island and Brooklyn Railroad Company, dated March 11, 1912, was presented to the Board of Estimate and Apportionment at a meeting held March 28, 1912,

Resolved, That in pursuance of law this board sets Thursday, the 25th day of April, 1912, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, and Room 16 in the City Hall, Borough of Manhattan, as the time and place when and where such petition shall be first considered, and a public hearing be had thereon, at which citizens shall be entitled to appear and be heard; and be it further

Resolved, That the Secretary is directed to cause such petition and these resolutions to be published for at least fourteen (14) days in two daily newspapers in the City of New York, to be designated by the Mayor, and for at least ten (10) days in the "City Record" immediately prior to such date of public hearing. The expense of such publication to be borne by the petitioner.

The Times and the New York Press designated.
JOSEPH HAAG,
Secretary.
New York, March 28, 1912.

Pursuant to statutory requirement, notice is hereby given that an act, Senate 650, Int. 607, Assembly Reprint 1,999, has been passed by both branches of the Legislature, entitled,

AN ACT

to amend the Greater New York Charter in relation to payment to contractors by Comptroller.

Further notice is hereby given that a Public Hearing upon such bill will be held at the Mayor's office, in the City Hall in the City of New York, on Wednesday, April 17, 1912, at 10:30 o'clock A. M.

Dated City Hall, New York, April 13, 1912.
WILLIAM J. GAYNOR, Mayor.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

NEUMER, FERDINAND.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against FERDINAND NEUMER, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers at their place of transacting business, No. 135 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the 30th day of August next.—Dated New York, the 6th day of February, 1912. EDWIN HENES and PETER M. OHMEIS, Executors. EDWARD M. BURGHARD, Attorney for Executors, 135 Broadway, Manhattan.

BROWN, EDWARD B.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against EDWARD B. BROWN, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, at the office of White & Case, No. 31 Nassau St., Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 28th day of September next.
Dated New York, the 14th day of March, 1912.
CHARLES A. STONE, Executor.
WHITE & CASE, Attorneys for Executor, 31 Nassau St., Manhattan, New York City.

BOGERT, CAROLINE O.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Caroline O. Bogert, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at her place of transacting business, at the office of L. E. Warren, No. 261 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the 25th day of September next.
Dated New York, the 18th day of March, 1912. ANNA BOGERT, Executrix.
L. E. WARREN, Attorney for Executrix, 261 Broadway, New York City.

REEVES, DANIEL.—In pursuance to an order of the Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against DANIEL REEVES, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber at her place of transacting business at the office of Rose & Putzel, 128 Broadway, New York City, on or before the 15th day of June next.—Dated New York, the 25th day of November, one thousand nine hundred and eleven. NORA REEVES, Administratrix. ROSE & PUTZEL, Attorneys for Administratrix, 128 Broadway, New York City.

CARDOZO, EMILY R.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against EMILY R. CARDOZO, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, No. 128 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the 10th day of August next.—Dated New York, the 27th day of January, 1912.—ERNEST A. CARDOZO, Administrator.—CARDOZO & NATHAN, Attorneys for Administrator, 128 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

MARSHALL, JANET RUTHERFORD.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against JANET RUTHERFORD MARSHALL, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers at their place of transacting business, at the office of Whitehouse & Co., Room 401, Trinity Building, No. 111 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the thirty-first day of May next.—Dated New York, the 20th day of November, 1911. HENRY RUTHERFORD, CHARLES K. PHIPARD, Executors. CHARLES FOX, Attorney for Executors, No. 3 Broad Street, New York City.

STRAUSS, NATHAN F.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Nathan F. Strauss, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber at his place of transacting business at the office of his attorney, William Bondy, No. 149 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 20th day of July next.
Dated New York the 9th day of January, 1912. MAURICE S. BONDY, Executor.
WILLIAM BONDY, Attorney for Executor, 149 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

SUMMONSES.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, COUNTY of New York.—THE NORTHERN BANK OF NEW YORK, Plaintiff, against BESSIE M. McQUADE, Josephine Muller, Harry A. McDonough, Alexander Spiro, and "Jane" Spiro, his wife, the name "Jane" being fictitious, said defendant's true Christian name being unknown to plaintiff, Defendants.—Summons.—Trial desired in New York County.

To the above-named defendants:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorneys within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated January 23d, 1912.

BREED, ABBOTT & MORGAN, Plaintiff's Attorneys, Office and Post Office Address, 32 Liberty Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

To Josephine Muller, Alexander Spiro, and "Jane" Spiro, his wife, the name "Jane" being fictitious said defendant's true Christian name being unknown to plaintiff:

The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of Hon. Edward J. Gavegan, a Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the 28th day of March, 1912, and filed with the complaint herein in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York at the County Court House in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

Dated March 30th, 1912.

BREED, ABBOTT & MORGAN, Attorneys for Plaintiff, Office and Post Office Address, 32 Liberty Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

Situations Wanted

Female.

A POSITION as working housekeeper and companion, preferably to lady living alone; best reference as to character and ability. K 141 Times.

A REFINED young woman would chaperon girls or accompany party going abroad; experienced traveler; highest references; expenses only. L 48 Times.

COMPANION.—A lady of assured social and financial standing would like to go as companion and friend to lady. Refined, K 163 Times.

COOK AND WAITRESS.—Lady going abroad highly recommends both; free April 23. Seen 10-3 at 116 East 73d St.

EXPERIENCED LADIES' MAID.—German, very good traveler, also in Europe, good packer, &c., wishes position to go to Europe or stay in America; wages, $35. M. M., 1,235 Lexington Av., New York.

EXPERT TUTORS.—College entrance, civil service examinations; all branches. Apt. 21, 540 West 122d St.

GUARDIAN may secure services of English gentlewoman, accustomed to best London and Paris society, as chaperon-companion; experienced traveler, reader, musician, linguist. Reliable, 149 West 91st St.

HOUSEKEEPER or COMPANION.—Refined, capable woman; highest references. H., 337 East 57th St.

HOUSEKEEPER. — Refined American would like to take charge of apartment. C 219 Times Downtown.

LAUNDRESS wants family hamper washing at home; private house; open-air drying; fine references. Mrs. Reed, 862 East 224th St., city.

MASSAGE.—Swedish movements; $1 hour; ladies' residences; experienced lady. Address Osteo, 64 West 109th St.

MOTHER'S ASSISTANT, COMPANION.—Woman of refinement desires position. Write Miss M., 586 Lexington Av.

NURSE.—Experienced nurse wants position doctor's office. Mrs. Field, care of Anderson, 323 9th St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST, more than ordinary ability, seeks position with professional man or woman where initiative, willingness count; unquestionable references. L 10 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter, office work; bright girl, beginner; neat appearance, accurate, good speller; no agency; plain penman; $7. B 273 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, BOOKKEEPER. — Seven years' office experience; wishes steady position; $12. Telephone present employer, 3,208 Gramercy, or address Steno, 2,960 3d Av.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter, office work; bright beginner; rapid, accurate, good speller, plain penman, neat appearance; $6; no agency. C 203 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter; intelligent, energetic young lady; good references; terms reasonable. Stenographer, 89 Delancey St.

STENOGRAPHER, office assistant; 5 years' experience; high school graduate; excellent reference; $10. C. Hirsch, 9 West 112th St.

STENOGRAPHER, typist; wishes position with reliable firm; 18 months' experience. T. R., 229 East 95th St.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter, desires position; five years' experience; best references. Aarons, 11 East 116th St.

WOMAN STENOGRAPHER.—Expert; good bookkeeper and conversant with office details; experience in publication office; $15. Address Steno, 708 Columbus Av.

Situations Wanted, Male

A BRIGHT and ambitious, well-educated young man, familiar with all phases of office work, stenography, and bookkeeping, with extensive office training, commercial and mercantile work, desires responsible clerical or other position with well-established firm in advertising or sales department. Z 302 Times.

ACCOUNTANT (degree) desires connection with large concern; executive ability, absolute integrity; thoroughly efficient, capable, and ready to assume responsibilities; unquestionable credentials submitted at personal interview. C 207 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, balanced; systems; arrangements with firms not employing bookkeeper, $2.50 weekly. Accountant, Room 512, 621 Broadway. 'Phone 6626 Spring.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up; kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. 'Phone 2259 Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT. — Audits, adjusts, writes up books, $5 monthly up; financial statements, systems; reasonable. Mitchell, 25 East 14th St. Telephone, 1807—Stuyvesant.

A MAN of energy and executive ability, now and for some years the head of a manufacturing corporation employing about fifty people on the road, in the factory, and office, is open for an engagement; thoroughly competent to take charge of a business where technical knowledge is not essential; could bring a first-class office detail man if wanted. Possibilities, C 202 Times, Downtown.

A YOUNG MAN, graduate of college of Liege, Belgium, desires a position as draftsman or chemistry analizer. Answer, L. Barbash, 229 Pacific St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

BOOKKEEPER, familiar all phases corporation and modern accounting, foreign exchange, &c., rapid, accurate worker, accustomed to management, responsible man, with clean record, excellent personality, capable of handling large staff successfully, excellent correspondent, energetic, ambitious, loyal and devoted to work, desires opening with firm or corporation here or elsewhere; moderate salary to start; very highest credentials, fidelity, and ability. Edward B. Reece, 116 39th St., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, 23, competent, thoroughly experienced, desires responsible position; highly indorsed; energetic. B 319 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, (27,) competent; nine years 'experience; highest credentials; $22. Read, 125 East 23d.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant, six years' experience, wishes to connect with good house. A 305 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, (23,) competent; thoroughly experienced; energetic; highly indorsed. B 308 Times Downtown.

BOY, (17,) with the best of references, desires a position with a wholesale house. (H. H.) F. B., 197 East Broadway.

BUTLER, VALET.—Swede; first-class references; city or country. A. B., 141 East 33d St.

CARETAKER.—Elderly trustworthy couple desire position; small salary. L 4 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—Competent driver and mechanic, desires position. Levey, 1,073 Washington Av., Bronx.

COACHMAN and GARDENER desires position; single; knowledge of automobiles; chauffeur's license; references. Address C. Johnson, 201 East 72d St., care of Mrs. Peterson.

COMPANION.—Wanted, a position as gentleman's companion, by middle-aged man; honest and steady; capable of filling the position satisfactorily; well educated and refined; to travel or remain at home. Address Competent, 135 Times.

COUPLE, colored, wish positions with family in country; references. Adams, 216 West 30th St.

JANITOR.—Middle-aged German; strictly temperate; best references. A., 103 East 114th St.

JEWELRY.—Young man, 22; six years' experience wholesale house. Jack Feinberg, 1,327 5th Av.

LAWYER, 27, wants connection with mercantile or real estate firm. B 298 Times Downtown.

MAN, with thorough, all-around business experience past 12 years, desires permanent position at anything; best references. Y 30 Times.

MANAGER.—Concern needing manager or assistant please write; years of experience as salesman and manager; proved ability and best references. K 117 Times.

A1 PATTERNMAKER and general man ladies' waists and dresses desires a position; have long experience and best reference. K 159 Times.

STEWARD OR BUTLER.—RELIABLE MAN, 45, AT PRESENT DISENGAGED OWING TO DEATH OF FORMER EMPLOYER, WHOM HE HAS SERVED 20 YEARS IN ABOVE CAPACITY, SEEKS POSITION. K 123 TIMES.

TUTOR.—College student wants position in private family for the Summer; preparatory, elementary, and commercial studies; excellent references. B 265 Times Downtown.

USEFUL HOUSEMAN.—Private family; understands his duties; first-class references. L 14 Times.

WANTED—A permanent managerial position by a man qualified for a position of trust now engaged in efficiency work with a manufacturing concern; has had experience as manager of a factory, creating new business, handling salesmen, office staff, accounting, and systematizing; can furnish New York references. Address P. O. Box 1,197 Boston, Mass.

YOUNG man, 18, wishes position in office where advancement is assured to an earnest worker; best of reference as to character and ability; neat in appearance. Z 301 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 23 YEARS, COLLEGE EDUCATION, BUSINESS EXPERIENCE, SEEKS CLERICAL OR OTHER POSITION WITH COMMERCIAL CONCERN. Y 8 TIMES.

YOUNG MAN, (20,) WITH HIGH SCHOOL AND BUSINESS EDUCATION WOULD BEGIN WITH FIRM THAT WILL GIVE HIM CHANCE. GOLDSTEIN, 62 WEST 119TH ST.

YOUNG MAN now employed, seeks position with builder; 2 years' experience; conversant with plans, especially in carpentry line. K 91 Times.

Other Want Advertisements on Preceding Page.

HERE ARE FULL PLANS OF PULITZER SCHOOL

Curriculum of Four-Year Course Finally Prepared for Class to Open Sept. 25.

RALPH PULITZER ON BOARD

Admissibility of Women Is Left Open—Fees to be $180 a Year, and First Class Is to be Limited.

The Pulitzer School of Journalism of Columbia University will begin its career Sept. 25 next with a complete programme of study in all four years of the undergraduate work. The entrance requirements will be broad, successful completion of the full course of study will qualify students for the degree of Bachelor of Literature, and women, it is announced, will not be eligible to pursue the work, for this year at least.

These and other important features of the new educational venture at Columbia became known yesterday with the publication by the Administrative Board of the school's preliminary announcement. The course of study which has been adopted is essentially the one suggested by the late Joseph Pulitzer, who endowed the school with $2,000,000.

The curriculum will have two main objects in view, that is, "to give to the students a sound general education; and to give specialized technical training which will fit them for begining the practice of their profession." In general, the so-called technical subjects are to be offered principally in the third and fourth years, the subjects of the first two years being largely academic.

The Four-Year Course.

The following course, spoken of in the catalogue as a "typical curriculum," is announced as the programme of study:

FIRST YEAR.

	Hours a Week.
Introductory course in English	3
Newspaper French or German	3
Natural science (general course)	3
Epochs of history	3
American politics and government	3
Introduction to philosophy, or a language, or a science	3
	18

SECOND YEAR.

Journalism A (a practice course in writing)	3
Economics (introductory course)	3
General survey of English literature	3
General survey of American literature	2
Laboratory course in modern European history (based upon current European newspapers)	4
American history (general survey)	3
	18

THIRD YEAR.

Journalism B (continuation of Journalism A)	3
Newspaper technic (newsgathering and preparation of copy)	3
Modern European literature	3
Statistics, Government reports, &c., first half year; social and industrial history, second half year	3
American political parties and platforms	3
Special lectures	1
	16

FOURTH YEAR.

History of journalism	3
Newspaper technic and laboratory work	7
Elements of law (with special reference to the law of libel)	3
Labor and trust problems	3
	16

In future years it is intended to offer other advanced and specialized courses in municipal government, finance and banking, music, fine arts, literature, magazine work, religious, technical, and scientific journalism, and similar subjects.

All Students Must Use Typewriters.

A feature of the new school is the requirement that all students will be expected to do their exercises in the professional courses on the typewriter, and in the new building now being erected on South Field facilities for this purpose will be afforded. There also will be laboratory and practice rooms in connection with the technical courses. As at present planned, these will be on the first floor. The floor above will provide a reference library at the Broadway end of the building, and at the other end a newspaper reading room, in which the students will be given access to the leading journals of this country and of Europe.

It is announced that in the courses on politics, economics, and modern history extensive use will be made of newspapers as sources of information, and that newspaper reading will form an important part of the training in the French and German courses of the first year.

Test at Entrance on Second Year.

A test which every student will have to meet before he will be given his degree is an examination as to his ability to read a French and German newspaper. "In general," says the announcement, "this condition must be satisfied before the student enters on the professional studies of the second year.

How nearly the curriculum laid down by the Administrative Board proceeds along the lines suggested by Joseph Pulitzer may be seen from an essay by him published in May, 1904, in The North American Review. Therein he outlined the subjects that should be taught in his proposed school. He suggested a training in English style and the essentials of law, with special emphasis on the law of franchises, monopolies, common carriers, labor, and capital. He would have had courses also in ethics, history, with attention to political history and the history of journalism; a study of truth and accuracy, sociology, economics, arbitration, statistics, modern languages, especially French and German, the former for the training in lucid expression and the latter for value as a medium for all other languages and literatures, and, finally, as the climax of the course, he proposed a study of the news.

Admissibility of Women Left Open.

The much-mooted question of the admission of women to the school has not yet been finally determined, but enough has been done to bar women for the present from the regular undergraduate course which leads to the degree. The announcement disposes of the matter in this wise:

"Pending the completion of the building for the school, women can be accepted only for those courses which are open for graduate credit."

As the building will not be ready for use till the Fall of 1913, this means in effect the exclusion of women from the technical journalistic courses, at least until September, 1913.

Examinations for entrance to the School of Journalism will be similar to those now given by Columbia College. The prescribed subjects are English, history, and French or German, the total requirement being 14½ or 15 units of High School study. Discretionary power, however, has been given to the Director to admit as a non-matriculated student any one who submits evidence of maturity, experience, or marked fitness.

Two Main Classes of Undergraduates

There thus will be two main classes of undergraduates: (1) Matriculated students who have passed the entrance examinations and are following the regular programme of studies prescribed for the degree of Bachelor of Literature, and (2) non-matriculants admitted as of marked fitness under the discretionary power vested in the Director. It will be possible, however, for the non-matriculated students to become candidates for the degree by taking the prescribed work, and maintaining an average grade of B or higher for the first two years. Non-matriculated students will have the choice of doing this, or of taking special courses without reference to a degree, subject to the approval of the Director.

The announcement strongly recommends students who have the time to take the combined A. B. (or B. S.) and B. Lit. Such students will receive the degree of A. B. (or B. S.) after completing four years' academic work (two in the College and two in the School of Journalism). This is an arrangement similar to the combined college and professional courses offered in engineering, medicine and law.

Students who come to the School of Journalism after having taken a bachelor's degree at Columbia or another university in the course of which they passed with credit through courses which fit them for the final year's work, will be allowed to take the B. Lit. in one year, on the completion of such studies as may be necessary in the opinion of the Director, subject to the approval of the Administrative Board.

Students' Fees to be $180 a Year.

The regular fees for candidates for a degree, it is announced, will be reckoned on the same basis as in Columbia College, and will amount to about $180 a year; students taking partial work will pay $7.50 per weekly hour of instruction for each half year. It seems that the number of students admitted during the first year will have to be limited, because the school will be required to seek accommodations in various university buildings pending the erection of its own plant. Consequently, in admitting students during the first year special consideration will be given to men who have had practical experience before entering the school, and students, it is announced, will be urged to take advantage of the opportunities afforded for practical work by college and other newspapers.

The bulletin of the school states that, in addition to the Director, Dr. Talcott Williams, and the Associate Director, Dr. J. W. Cunliffe, several journalists of experience have accepted positions on the teaching staff, and that also occasional lectures will be given by members of the Advisory Board and other leaders in newspaper work in this country and in Europe.

Advisory and Administrative Boards

The Advisory Board and the Administrative Board, the two governing bodies of the Journalism School, as finally constituted, are as follows:

Advisory Board—Samuel Bowles, Springfield Republican; Nicholas Murray Butler, Columbia University; John L. Heaton, New York World; George S. Johns, St. Louis Post Dispatch; Victor F. Lawson, Chicago Daily News; St. Clair McKelway, Brooklyn Eagle; Charles R. Miller, NEW YORK TIMES; E. P. Mitchell, New York Sun; Ralph Pulitzer, New York World; Whitelaw Reid, (Chairman,) 451 Madison Avenue, New York; Melville E. Stone, Associated Press, New York; Charles H. Taylor, Boston Globe, and S. C. Wells, Philadelphia Press.

Administrative Board—Nicholas Murray Butler, President of the University; Talcott Williams, L.H.D., Director and Professor of Journalism; John W. Cunliffe, D.Lit., Professor of English and Associate Director; Frederick P. Keppel, Litt.D., Dean of Columbia College; William P. Trent, LL.D., D.C.L., Professor of English Literature; Henry R. Seager, Ph.D., Professor of Political Economy; James T. Shotwell, Ph.D., Professor of History; Ashley H. Thorndike, Ph.D., L.H.D., Professor of English, and Charles A. Beard, Ph.D., Associate Professor of Politics.

The Advisory Board was established and appointed in the will of Joseph Pulitzer. The name of Ralph Pulitzer, the donor's son, appears now for the first time in the board. Under the will only one representative was given to The New York World, but by a vote of the Advisory Board Ralph Pulitzer was admitted to membership. Neither The New York Herald nor The New York Evening Post is represented on the board, although by the terms of Mr. Pulitzer's will these papers could have been.

TAKES TWO BIG INTRUDERS.

Small Man, Notified by Burglar Alarm, Rejects a $25 Bribe.

The automatic alarm in Central Office No. 2, of the Holmes Electric Protective Company, at 518 Broadway, rang about 6 o'clock last night and Supt. John Baker read from the indicator that it came from the jewelry shop of the A. Singer Silversmiths Company, on the fourth floor of 177 Grand Street.

Most of the inspectors were out at dinner, but John Henderson, a rather small, slight chap, was in the office and Baker sent him to investigate the alarm. Henderson put a marker in the book he had been reading to record the place, and started out of the office. Half an hour later he returned ushering two big men ahead of him.

"Here's what was causing the trouble, Mr. Baker," he explained.

It was more from the men than from Henderson that Baker finally drew the story of their capture. They had been hard at work on the door leading into the jewelry shop when they started the alarm ringing in the office. They were still at work on the door when Henderson let himself into the building with a pass key and mounted the stairs so silently that neither man heard him until he flashed his electric pocket light in their faces and exclaimed:

"Hands up!"

The men looked around then, but gazing into the brilliant torch, they could get little idea of the size of the man behind it. There was no way to escape except to pass him. They had entered the place from the fire escape, which is in front of a window opening into the hall, and this they had broken.

"Can't we square this thing?" asked one of the men. "We'll give you $25."

"That alarm rang and you're the only excuse I'll have to offer for why it rang," responded Henderson. "You've got to come along with me."

The tone of his voice and the perfect assurance in his manner was enough to persuade the men that they would have to obey and they did.

Policemen were sent from Headquarters and they brought the men back with them. They said they were Harry Scharfman of 222 West Twenty-fourth Street, and Jacob Resnick of 22 West 118th Street. They were locked up charged with attempted burglary. Neither of the men has a criminal record.

HOUSEFURNISHING EXHIBITS.

Shows at Grand Central Palace Counted On to Increase Business.

Plans for the holding of semi-annual exhibitions of housefurnishings, crockery and glassware have taken definite form, and announcement is made that the first of these shows will be held at the New Grand Central Palace from Aug. 22 to 31. The exhibitions will be held in February and August of each year and will be strictly business shows. Admission in business hours will be limited to buyers and dealers in the associated lines, and the belief is prevalent in the trade that these exhibitions, coming at a time when Spring and Fall buying is heaviest, will mean materially increased business.

The convention of the recently organized National Housefurnishing, Crockery and Glass Association, composed of more than a thousand representative traders in these lines throughout the country, will be held while the Fall exhibition is in progress.

Miss Annie Fields Alden Dies.

Special to The New York Times.

METUCHEN, N. J., April 14.—Following an operation for cancer, Miss Annie Fields Alden, eldest daughter of Henry Mills Alden, the veteran editor of Harper's Magazine, died at her home here at 6:30 o'clock this morning. Miss Alden had been a prominent charities and church worker. She was an active member of St. Luke's Episcopal Church. Last summer she visited her friend, Mrs. Spencer Trask, at Lake George, and since that time had been constantly under the best medical aid in the country. The funeral service will be in St. Luke's Church on Tuesday at 2 P. M., and burial will be in the plot where her mother is buried in Hillside Cemetery.

Trout Season to Begin May 1.

ALBANY, N. Y., April 14.—The open season for brook trout, except on Long Island, hereafter will begin on May 1 instead of April 16. Gov. Dix has decided to sign to-morrow the Jones bill, which makes this and other important changes in the fish and game laws, according to a statement to-day by Seymour Van Santvoord, legal adviser to the Governor.

RELIGION FORWARD FIGHT COMMENCES

Great Hippodrome Throng Hears Raymond Robins Preach Gospel of Social Service.

THE CHURCHES MUST AWAKE

Will Lose Their Hold Unless They Join Battle to Better Industrial Conditions, He Declares.

A religion potent enough to save the lost, better existing social conditions, give to the people the natural resources that are being withheld from them, and bring to the workers a fair wage, was the message of Raymond Robins, miner, social worker, and preacher, the principal speaker at the opening meeting of the Men and Religion Forward Movement campaign in Manhattan. Three thousand men crowded the Hippodrome yesterday afternoon at the first meeting in this borough. President John H. Finley of the College of the City of New York presided, and on the great stage were seated more than 100 men interested in the movement.

The other speaker was J. Campbell White, long a worker in the foreign mission field. His subject was "The World's Call for the Gospel." Every time the speakers made some telling point the great audience would break into applause.

Raymond Robins spoke in the language of the street rather than in that of the pulpit. He described the Judgment Day, when the sheep will be placed at the right and the goats at the left. He told of a conversation between "Chicago" Louise, a character well known in the Chicago slums, in which she lived, for her many kindnesses, and God; her surprise in finding herself among the sheep, and the protest of the "Hon. John Johnson, President of the State National Bank and a church worker," upon finding himself herded with the goats.

He declared that religion was more than a belief in a beautiful condition to be followed by a reward some time hereafter. The Bible, he said, is to-day a power for a living good, and the Ten Commandments are as much in force as in the days when they were given to the people, he declared.

"Society will be redeemed," he said, "by the redemption of man, and everywhere men are waking up to the fact that they have a part to play in the bringing about of better conditions. I believe in a religion of social service. Jesus Christ did and he took his part in the affairs of our common life.

Strange Voices In the Land.

"This country is now under a greater strain than it ever endured before. The pillars of the Republic are bending with that strain. There are strange voices arising in the land, which call upon us to meet the problems of the day with hate and class division. I have known men, employers who in their bitter antagonism to labor were helping to engender this class hatred and the spirit of unrest and desperation. And again I have seen laboring men who because of their hatred for the employer and the conditions of labor give way to violence. I know, for I have worked at the hardest kind of work. Do you know what it is to be out of work? To be willing to work, to have strength, youth and skill to offer and find no market for them? Seeking for work and not finding it; willing to sell labor for bread? This condition if imposed upon a considerable number of men for a period of ten weeks will make more enemies for our institutions, more enemies of religion and the power of Jesus Christ than ten years of soap box oratory."

Mr. Robins said that religion should make one interested in pure food, sanitation in the tenements, edcuation and the police—indeed, in every question which affects the moral condition of the people. He touched upon the police as moral guardians of the children of the poor. He assailed "cold storage Christianity" and urged that unless the churches awake to the fact that they must make the fight for better industrial conditions in the Republic they will suffer. They are waking up and the men are beginning to come into the fight, he said.

"Unless the Church can come out," he declared, "with voice and power and patience enough to meet these problems, it cannot retain its hold. The problem today is this: Is there any power in our God, in our Christ, in our splendid churches, that can give to the men toiling in the steel factories, to the women in the sweatshops, forced to sell their bodies to live, any hope?

"We want to see it brought about that this Nation, under God, shall guarantee the opportunity of a decent life to every child born under the flag. It was for that purpose that the Master died. He wanted to save the world."

Awakening in Foreign Fields.

Mr. White told of the needs in India, Japan, and Asia, where he has traveled, and of the spiritual awakening going on in the foreign field. While the heathen has many gods, he said, unchristian religion is like the giving of salt water to a man dying of thirst. As he spoke he took up a prayer wheel he had bought from an Indian priest, and as he twirled it about he told his audience of praying by the wheel.

"Some people think that missions aren't succeeding," he said, "but the fact is it is the most successful enterprise carried on in the name of Christianity. Three thousand are converted every seven days, so that since last Sunday our missionaries have gathered in as many people as there are gathered here to-day. If that is failure, it is the kind of failure we want in America. The real problem isn't in China, or Japan, or Asia. It is in evangelizing the Christian."

In the evening mass meetings for men, with ten-minute addresses by "team experts," were held in the West Twenty-third Street Presbyterian Church, the Mount Morris Baptist Church, Fifth Avenue, near 116th Street, and the Prospect Avenue Methodist Episcopal Church in the Bronx.

As a part of the Men and Religion Forward Movement the relation and duty of the Church to the boy was discussed at the Madison Avenue Reformed Church, Madison Avenue and Fifty-seventh Street, last night. The speakers were William Alberti Whiting and Justice Willard Olmsted.

Fire Destroys Part of Beckley.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., April 14.—Fire of unknown origin destroyed a large part of Beckley, W. Va., county seat of Raleigh County, early to-day, causing a loss of more than $200,000. The fire swept the business section.

ARROW SHIRTS

INTRODUCED by the *Arrow Collar* makers await inspection at your dealers.

$1.50 and $2.00

CLUETT, PEABODY & CO., TROY, N. Y.

WOMAN CHOKED BY A TUBE.

Coroner's Physician Declares She Must Have Been Murdered.

Weary and a little bored from a whole day's play in the streets and feeling the need of a little petting after a hair's breadth escape from the wheels of a monster street car, at nightfall yesterday 4-year-old Annie Cucinello toiled up the four flights of stairs in the house at 232 East Twenty-ninth Street and cried for her mother. The whimpering of the child that soon rose to loud wailing attracted the attention of a neighbor, Mrs. Pollicido, who went to the dark flat, struck some matches, and a moment later was flying down the stairs, calling to the policeman at the corner that Rose Cucinello had been murdered.

The woman lay dead on her bed, with the sheet over her face. A slender length of rope was wound three times around her neck, with the knots at the back tightened by the insertion of the nose of a syringe. An empty water bag was fastened to the wall above, and the rubber tube was wound around the neck and clinched there by a Sicilian knot, so tight that it alone could explain the strangulation from which the woman died.

The theory that she had committed suicide, bolstered by testimony from several quarters that it had been her recently avowed intention to kill herself, was lavishly entertained at the East Thirty-fifth Street Station, but Coroner's Physician Lehane scouted the idea and could see nothing but murder in the case. She had been dead for several hours, he said.

The detectives learned that the woman's husband had left her several years ago, and that her son had gone his own way last Fall. They found this son, but neither he nor any of the neighbors could throw any light on the case, and all the Italians in the tenement house swore up and down that they had seen nothing and heard nothing.

Meanwhile, after the investigation had been going on for several hours, official attention was turned upon little Annie, who stood forlornly in the centre of the station floor, stolidly uncomforted by the proffered cuddling of the motherly matron, and refusing even to be diverted by the most zealous efforts to amuse on the part of Tom, the station cat. The Children's Society was waiting for her, and finally, with one grimy fist combating the tears that would come, she gave the other to a patrolman, who led her away down the street.

KILLS HIMSELF ON STAGE.

Michael Mintz, Bowery Theatre Manager, Puts Bullet Through Temple.

Michael Mintz, lessee and manager of the Lipzin Theatre in the Bowery, which is named after Mintz's wife, Mme. Lipzin, shot and killed himself on the stage between the matinée and the beginning of last night's performance at the theatre. Frank Coren, Treasurer of the theatre, said that the oppression of the Jewish Theatrical Union caused Mintz's suicide. It was learned, however, that Mintz was heavily in debt, and was unable to pay the salaries in the theatre, which closed for the season yesterday.

Mintz had been dining in the dressing room of Sarah Pearlman, as was his custom on Sundays, and left her at the table to see why some lights were left on the stage. She heard the report of a shot, and ran onto the stage, where she found him on a couch used by the night watchman. He was shot through the right temple and the bullet had torn out his left eye. He was hurried to Gouverneur Hospital, where he died.

Mintz came from Russia 31 year ago, and had been owner of The Jewish Daily Herald, which afterward became The Warheit. He lost control of it just as the paper began to make money. He had been at the Lipzin Theatre for three seasons and had made money. He lost most of it, however, when he brought the actress, Mme. Kaminsky, here. She was a failure.

Mintz was 54 years old and lived with his wife at 1,433 Madison Avenue.

MISSING TROY GIRL FOUND.

Policeman Arrests May Akins and Boy Companion in Brooklyn Park.

May Elizabeth Akins, 14 years old, who has been missing for the last two months, and for whom a general alarm was sent out on March 12, was found walking in Carl Schurz Park last night with a young man who said he was James Graffagino, 19 years old, of 123 Evergreen Avenue, Brooklyn. After the police had questioned the two they sent the girl to the Children's Society, and Graffagino was locked up on a charge of abduction.

The girl came to this city nine months ago from Troy with her parents, who took an apartment at 354 East Ninety-first Street. She got work as a nurse girl in the Bronx, but did not return to her home one night two months ago. Her parents could find no trace of her, and have since moved back to Troy.

Kitty Boyle, daughter of the matron of Carl Schurz Park, saw three or four youths walking with the missing girl yesterday. She recognized May, and told Arvid Nelson, a process server, to call a policeman. Nelson told Policeman Harris, and Harris arrested May and Graffagino, who appeared to be the oldest of her companions. Graffagino said he met her three weeks ago, and did not know a general alarm had been sent out for her.

APPROVES BELMONT PLAN.

Gov. Marshall of Indiana for Full Light on Campaign Expenditures.

Gov. Thomas R. Marshall of Indiana has written to Perry Belmont approving the latter's plan for publicity of campaign expenditures. The Governor says:

> It is now nearly three years since I said to you that I was in favor of the utmost publicity touching campaign expenses, and that, too, before the election. I desire to give whatever little aid my opinion may be worth toward your movement to require all candidates for the nomination for Presidency, and all political agents and instrumentalities working in their behalf, to publish, prior to the convention, a full, complete, and detailed statement of every dollar received, the source of such receipt and the way in which the money was expended.
>
> I should be glad to further second an effort to require a showing as to whether any promises had been made of official appointment, either by the candidate himself or by any persons connected with his candidacy. You could not make a law too stringent to suit me.

Stern, Barr & Tyler Attorneys, as Assignees of John Brown—formerly 481 5th Ave., sell us his entire stock.

A 5th Ave. Tailor's Stock at ⅓ Cost

$75 Fifth Ave. Suits to Order $25

John Brown, late Croney & Lent, was a 5th Ave. tailor of international reputation. He never charged less than $75 a suit, and at that, his price was right.

You never saw handsomer fabrics. There are unusual shades of blue, gray, brown, all this season's designs—exclusive patterns that actually sell themselves. You simply can't resist them. And each piece of goods imported. Even the linings and trimmings came from abroad.

And our tailoring and fitting is commensurate with the high quality of these materials.

Get busy today; they won't last long.

CLEMONS
INDIVIDUAL TAILORING
B'way & 39th St.
6 Av. & 24 St. 6 Av. & 31 St.

Mail orders have our best attention. Sample and Fashion Books on Request.

HIPPODROME
6th Av., 43d-44th. Daily Mats. 2. Best Seats $1. Eve. 8.
NEW DURBAR Circus | Around the World
Next Sunday Evening, April 21,
TETRAZZINI
SEATS NOW ON SALE.

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S Thea. 39th, bet. Broadway & 6th Av. TO-NIGHT AT 8:15.
MR. CHAS. HAWTREY in DEAR OLD CHARLIE.

William Collier's COMEDY 41 St., E. of B'way. Ev. 8:15. $1.50 Matinee To-m'w, 2:15.
BUNTY PULLS THE STRINGS

PLAYHOUSE 48th, E. of B'way. Phone 2628 Bryant. Eve. 8:15. MATINEES: Wed., Thurs. & Sat.
Bought and Paid For

39th St. Thea. 39th St., near B'way. Eve. 8:15. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
A BUTTERFLY ON THE WHEEL

WEST END 125th, W. of 8th Av. Eves. 8:15. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
THE BIRD OF PARADISE

DALY'S B'way and 30th St. Eve. 8:15. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
LEWIS WALLER in MONS. BEAUCAIRE

Winter Garden B'way & 50th St. Tel. 411 Columbus.
MAT. TO-M'W, 50c., 75c., & Best Seats $1.
WHIRL OF SOCIETY

CASINO B'way & 39th. Beginning Mon. Apr. 22 Seats Thurs.
JAMES T. POWERS in New Musical Production, "Two Little Brides."

Broadway Thea., B'way & 41st St. Eve. 8:15. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
Reserved Seats 75c., $1, $1.50. Best Seats $2.
Weber & Fields JUBILEE CO. OF 100 in "Hokey Pokey" and "Bunty Bulls & Strings."

LYRIC 42d St., West of B'way. Eve. 8:15. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
LITTLE BOY BLUE | Balcony $1.00. Fam. Circle 50c. | Orch. $2. LAST WEEK
Beginning Mon., Apr. 22, (Seats Thurs.),
FRENCH GRAND OPERA COMPANY | From the French Opera House, New Orleans, in Repertoire.

Manhattan OPERA HOUSE, 34th & 8th Av. Eve. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat.
JOHN MASON in AS A MAN THINKS.

THE MACDOWELL CHORUS
KURT SCHINDLER, Conductor
Assisted by
The Mendelssohn Glee Club
CLARENCE DICKINSON, Conductor.
SPECIAL SPRING CONCERT
CARNEGIE HALL
Wednesday Evening, April 17, at 8:15
TICKETS: 75c, $1.00, $1.50, $2.00. Boxes, $20.00, $25.00. On sale at Hall.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES

EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Eve. 8 sharp. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2 sharp.
The Liebler Co.'s BIG CAST Revival of OLIVER TWIST
Marie Doro, Constance Collier, Lyn Harding and Nat C. Goodwin.

LYCEUM THEATRE, 45th St., near B'way. Eve. 8:30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:30.
BEGINNING TO-NIGHT 25c. to $1. | PAUL J. RAINEY'S AFRICAN HUNT
SEEN AND DESCRIBED
With MARVELOUS MOTION PICTURES.

HUDSON 44 St., n'r B'way. Eve. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., at 2:30.
LAST WEEK THE RIGHT TO BE HAPPY
With Dorothy Donnelly & Edmund Breese.
Next Week—WHITESIDE—THE TYPHOON.

FULTON 46th St. W. of B'way. Eve. 8:25. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2:20.
WHITESIDE IN THE TYPHOON
MOVES NEXT WEEK TO HUDSON THEATRE.

HARRIS W. 42d Street. Eve. 8:30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:20.
THE TALKER

PARK 59th St., B'way, Col. Cir. Eve. 8:10. Wed. Mat. at 2:10—Best Seats, $1.50.
The Quaker Girl with CLIFTON CRAWFORD

CRITERION B'way & 44th St. Eve. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15.
LOUIS MANN in "ELEVATING A HUSBAND."

KNICKERBOCKER B'way & 38th St. Eve., 8 sharp. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2.
OTIS SKINNER IN AN ARABIAN NIGHT KISMET

New Amsterdam 42d St., near Broadway. Wed. Mat. 50c., $1.50.
LAST 6 NIGHTS. Last Mats. Wed. & Sat.
Klaw & Erlanger's New Musical Comedy
THE MAN FROM COOK'S

ZIEGFELD MOULIN ROUGE
Formerly New York Theatre. SMOKING.
Regular Mat. Sat. Pop. 50c. to $1.50 Mat. Wed.
"A WINSOME WIDOW"
75—A WONDERFUL CHORUS—75.
BIG CONCERT SUNDAY

LIBERTY 42d St., near B'way. Eve. 8:15. Wed. Mats., 2:15. Best Seats, 1.50.
HENRY MILLER in THE RAINBOW by A. E. THOMAS.

GAIETY B'way, 46 St. Eve. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
Another Cohan & Harris success "Cupid plays tag with this Cop."
OFFICER 666
with GEORGE NASH & WALLACE EDDINGER.

GLOBE B'way & 46th St. Eve. 8:20. Wed. Matinee Popular Prices.
LAST 8 TIMES EDDIE FOY OVER THE RIVER.

* * * NEXT MONDAY SEATS THURS.
WERBA & LUESCHER will present THE NEW OPERETTA
THE ROSE MAID
with A ROSEBUD GARDEN OF GIRLS

GEO. M. COHAN THEATRE. B'way, 43d St. Eve. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat.
BEGINNING TO-NIGHT, 8:15.
Blanche Ring in THE WALL STREET GIRL
A New Musical Comedy, with HARRY GILFOIL.

GRAND 23d St., 8th Av. | GET RICH QUICK WALLINGFORD. | Mat. Wed.

GARDEN THEATRE, Mad. Ave. at 27th St. Daily 2:30 & 8:30. Mats. 25c. & 50c.
DURBAR AND THE BURIAL OF THE MAINE IN KINEMACOLOR

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LAST WEEK | MADISON SQ. GARDEN
TWICE DAILY. 2:15 & 8:15. Doors Open One Hour Earlier.
CIRCUS
BARNUM AND BAILEY
& the new 1,250 Character Spectacle Success
CLEOPATRA
A World of Foreign Arenic Sensations.
ADMISSION TO EVERYTHING 25c & 50c Reserved Seats 75c., $1, $1.50.
PRIVATE BOX SEATS $2.50. Box Office open 9 A. M. to 9 P. M. Children under 10 years Half price to Afternoon Performances.
Branch Ticket Offices (Box Office Prices), Lehigh Valley Ticket Office, 1460 Broadway, N. Y. Central Ticket Office, 121 W. 125th St. Theo Lohr's (two stores), 104 Lenox Ave. & 286 Grand St., and Wanamaker's Store.

ASTOR B'way & 45th St. Eve. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. Wed. Mat. 50c-$1.50
THIRD BIG MONTH The Greyhound

THE GARDEN OF ALLAH
Century Thea., 62d St. & 8th Av. Phone 8800 Col. Eve. 8:10. Mat. Sat. 2:10. 50c to $2. Wed. Mat. 50c-$1.50

WALLACK'S B'way & 30th St. Eve. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20.
TO-NIGHT 248th TIME ARLISS in DISRAELI

THE Little THEATRE 44th St., W. of B'way. Tel. Bryant 3840. Every Eve. at 8:45. Mat. Sat. 2:30.
GALSWORTHY'S "THE PIGEON"
Special Mats. Tues., Wed. & Fri. at 2:30
Kennedy's "Terrible Meek" & "Palace of Han."
Edith Wynne Matthison in both plays.

BELASCO 44th St., near B'way. Eve. 8:15. Matinees Thurs. & Sat. at 2:15.
DAVID WARFIELD—LAST 3 WEEKS in THE RETURN OF PETER GRIMM

REPUBLIC 42d St., nr. B'way. Eve. at 8:15. Matinees Wed. & Sat. at 2:20.
LAST 8 TIMES THE WOMAN

Waldorf-Astoria, TO-NIGHT, at 8:15.
DESTINN
Assisted by Mr. DINH GILLY, EDOUARD DETHIER and ARTHUR HOCHMAN. Tickets $2 to $5 from Miss Doane, 18 West 34th St., and Tyson's.

Berkeley Theatre, Mon., April 15, 3 P. M. 9 W. 44th St.
Piano Recital by Miss
HARRIETTE CADY
Seats 75c. to $2.00, at Box Office.
STEINWAY PIANO USED.

COLONIAL Daily Mat. 25c. | Gus Edwards' Revue, Cressy & Dayne, Wish Wynne & 7 Big Acts.

ALHAMBRA Daily Mat. 25c. | 6th Big Anniversary 12—HEADLINERS—12

B. C. EMANUEL Offers ORLENEFF Week April 15, in Repertoire.
LIPZIN THEATRE | 235 Bowery. Phone Orchard 1488. Monday, Crime and Punishment.

Columbia B'way & 47th. Eve. & Sat. Mat. 25c-$1. | Burlesque SOCIAL MAIDS, with George Stone. | Smoking Matinee To-day 15c. 25c. & 50c.

HURTIG & SEAMON'S Matinee Daily. West 125th St.
Wrestling To-m'w Ev. | HARRY HASTINGS' BIG SHOW. Extra—DAISY HARCOURT.

OLYMPIC East 14th St. Phone 708 Stuyve. Home of High-Class Burlesque.
Mat. To-day. SEATS 25c. | TROCADERO BURLESQUERS. | Amateur Night Every Thurs.

"THE FATHER" BERKELEY THEATRE. 44th & 5th Av. Bry. 1860.
Seats in advance. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. Eve. 8:30.
"IT'S STRENGTH AWED US."—Alan Dale.

OLD MASTERS EXHIBITION FROM LONDON,
19 East 52d Street,
From 10 A. M. to 6 P. M.

HAMMERSTEIN'S—Big 17-Act Anniversary. Belle Baker, James J. Morton, Tempest & Sunshine, Bud Fisher, Yvette, & 14 others.

5th AVE. B'way, 28th St. Daily Mat. 25-50c. | Mabel Taliaferro, Everett Shinn's Mellerdramer, Edwin Stevens, & 7 Big Acts.

MURRAY HILL. Mat. To-day. Smoking. Eve. 8:15.
THE WORLD OF PLEASURE.

HANS KRONOLD 'CELLIST, assisted by well-known artists,
COOPER UNION, TO-NIGHT, 8:15 P. M.

Academy OF MUSIC. Pop. Prices. Mat. Daily.
PRETTY PEGGY.

BROOKLYN AMUSEMENTS.

ORPHEUM BROOKLYN. Mats. Daily, 25c. | R. A. ROBERTS, OLGA PETROVA, RYAN & RICHFIELD CO., JACK WILSON & CO., others.

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A NOVEL
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In addition to our famous Hungarian Orchestra and Singers from 6.30 each evening.
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BROADWAY & 41ST ST. THEATRE AND SHOPPING CENTRE.
SPECIAL LOW RATES
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100 rooms, $1.50 per day.
100 rooms and bath, $2.50 per day.

36TH ST., nr. 6th Av. HENRY'S Tel. 1588 Greeley.
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CHOP HOUSE AND RESTAURANT.
Shellfish, Steaks, and Chops a Specialty.
MUSIC EVENINGS. SERVICE A LA CARTE
A cozy retreat for lovers of good food.
Club Breakfasts. Business Men's Lunch, 50c.

GEORGE RECTOR'S, Broadway & 48th St.
Shore dinners de luxe, $1.25.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, BUREAU FOR THE COLLECTION OF TAXES, No. 57 CHAMBERS ST., BOROUGH OF MANHATTAN, NEW YORK, APRIL 1, 1912.

NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE assessment rolls of real estate and personal property in the City of New York for the year 1912 have been delivered to the undersigned and that all taxes on said assessment rolls are due and payable as follows:

All taxes on personal property and one-half of all taxes on real estate are due and payable on WEDNESDAY, MAY 1, 1912, and the remaining and final one-half of taxes on real estate shall be due and payable on the FIRST OF NOVEMBER, 1912. *All taxes become liens on the real estate affected thereby on the respective days when they become due and payable as hereinbefore provided and shall remain such liens until paid.*

The second half of the tax on real estate which is due as hereinbefore provided on the first day of November following the payment of the first half, may be paid on the first day of May or at any time thereafter providing the first half shall have been paid or shall be paid at the same time and on such payments of the second half as may be made in such manner prior to November first a discount shall be allowed from the date of payment to November first at the rate of *four per centum* per annum.

NO DISCOUNT IS ALLOWED ON PERSONAL TAX BILLS.

Penalty on unpaid taxes on real estate begins June 1 and December 1; on unpaid personal taxes June 1.

Taxes are payable at the office of the Receiver of Taxes, in the Borough where the property is located, as follows:

Borough of Manhattan, 57 Chambers st.
Borough of The Bronx, Municipal Building, corner 3d and Tremont aves.
Borough of Brooklyn, Municipal Building.
Borough of Queens, Court Square, Long Island City.
Borough of Richmond, Borough Hall, St. George.

FRED. H. E. EBSTEIN, Receiver of Taxes.